Distributed Solar Power (Solar Rooftop)

In 2015, AERC issued Regulations for Grid Interactive Solar PV Systems to promote the capacity of distributed solar generation in the state. As per the regulations, eligible consumers are allowed to set up solar rooftop systems up-to 40% of the sanctioned load, subject to the feasibility of interconnection. Existing solar rooftop capacity in Assam is ~1 MW. The state lacks subsidy and commercial models for promotion of de-centralized and distributed RE generation. With development of Guwahati as a smart city, penetration of solar rooftop plants is expected to increase significantly. Further, in-line with national target of 40 GW by 2022, MNRE has set a target of 250 MW of installed capacity of solar rooftop plants for the state.

Level 1

Level 1 assumes slow growth in rooftop sector which could be due to various challenges related to grid integration, network constraints and lack of required policy support. MNRE target of 250 MW will be achieved only by 2030. The penetration rate of households will reach only up to 1.3% by 2050 leading to total solar rooftop installed capacity of 0.6 GW.

Level 2

Level 2 assumes that a strong policy and regulatory support can increase the household penetration rate from existing level of almost zero to 1.9% by 2050, leading to total solar rooftop installed capacity of 0.9 GW by 2050. Measures like mandatory installation of solar rooftop plants in major cities can also be in place. Smart grid systems can be adopted to overcome the challenges of grid integration.

Level 3

Level 3 assumes slightly higher growth rate of solar rooftop systems, which could be because of fall in prices of solar modules and smart grid systems which can assist in overcoming the challenges of grid integration. MNRE target of 250 MW will be achieved by 2025 and thereafter the historical trend will continue which will increase the household penetration rate to 2.6% by 2050, resulting in increase in solar rooftop installed capacity to 1.2 GW.

Level

Level 4 is a heroic scenario, which assumes that there might not be any technical and regulatory constraints. Policies for mandatory installation of solar rooftop systems could be in place which may be supported by decrease in prices of solar modules. The penetration rate of households will reach up to 4.2% by 2050 leading to total solar rooftop installed capacity of rooftop to 2 GW.

Distributed Solar Power

