# CSV Tables in Markdown — Pandoc Filter for CSV Tables

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Warning: Currently pantable only support pandoc < 2.10. This is because there's a new AST change related to table spans. See more in https://github.com/ickc/pantable/issues/51. Until that is resolved, please stick with 2.9.2.1 or below.

The pantable package comes with 2 pandoc filters, pantable and pantable2csv. pantable is the main filter, introducing a syntax to include CSV table in markdown source. pantable2csv complements pantable, is the inverse of pantable, which convert native pandoc tables into the CSV table format defined by pantable.

Some example uses are:

- 1. You already have tables in CSV format.
- 2. You feel that directly editing markdown table is troublesome. You want a spreadsheet interface to edit, but want to convert it to native pandoc table for higher readability. And this process might go back and forth.
- 3. You want lower-level control on the table and column widths.
- 4. You want to use all table features supported by the pandoc's internal AST table format, which is not possible in markdown for pandoc <= 1.18.<sup>1</sup>

#### 1 Installation

pip install -U pantable

## 1.1 Supported versions

pantable v0.12 drop Python 2 support. You need to install pantable<0.12 if you need to run it on Python 2.

To enforce using Python 3, depending on your system, you may need to specify python3 and pip3 explicitly.

pandoc versioning semantics is MAJOR.MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH and pantable/panflute's is MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH. Below we shows matching versions of pandoc that pantable and panflute supports, in descending order. Only major version is shown as long as the minor versions doesn't matter.

pantable	panflute version	supported pandoc versions	supported pandoc API versions
TBA	2.0	2.11.0.4—2.11.x	1.22
-	not supported	2.10	1.21
0.12	1.12	2.7-2.9	1.17.5 – 1.20

Note: pandoc 2.10 is short lived and 2.11 has minor API changes comparing to that, mainly for fixing its shortcomings. Please avoid using pandoc 2.10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In pandoc 1.19, grid-tables is improved to support all features available to the AST too.

To use pantable with pandoc < 2.10, install pantable 0.12 explicitly by pip install pantable~=0.12.4.

#### 2 pantable

This allows CSV tables, optionally containing markdown syntax (disabled by default), to be put in markdown as a fenced code blocks.

## 2.1 Example

Also see the README in GitHub Pages. There's a LaTeX output too.

```
caption: '*Awesome* **Markdown** Table'
alignment: RC
table-width: 2/3
markdown: True
---
First row,defaulted to be header row,can be disabled
1,cell can contain **markdown**,"It can be aribrary block element:
- following standard markdown syntax
- like this"
2,"Any markdown syntax, e.g.",$$E = mc^2$$
```

becomes

Table 2: Awesome Markdown Table

First row	defaulted to be header row	can be disabled			
1	cell can contain markdown	It can be aribrary block element:			
		<ul><li>following standard markdown syntax</li><li>like this</li></ul>			
2	Any markdown syntax, e.g.	$E = mc^2$			

(The equation might not work if you view this on PyPI.)

### 2.2 Usage

```
pandoc -F pantable -o README.html README.md
```

### 2.3 Syntax

Fenced code blocks is used, with a class table. See Example.

Optionally, YAML metadata block can be used within the fenced code block, following standard pandoc YAML metadata block syntax. 7 metadata keys are recognized:

caption the caption of the table. If omitted, no caption will be inserted. Default: disabled.

alignment a string of characters among L,R,C,D, case-insensitive, corresponds to Left-aligned, Right-aligned, Center-aligned, Default-aligned respectively. e.g. LCRD for a table with 4 columns. Default: DDD...

width a list of relative width corresponding to the width of each columns. e.g.

```
- width
```

- 0.1
- 0.2
- 0.3
- 0.4

Default: auto calculated from the length of each line in table cells.

table-width the relative width of the table (e.g. relative to \linewidth). default: 1.0

header If it has a header row or not. True/False/yes/NO are accepted, case-insensitive. default: True

markdown If CSV table cell contains markdown syntax or not. Same as above. Default: False

include the path to an CSV file, can be relative/absolute. If non-empty, override the CSV in the CodeBlock, default: None

**include-encoding** if specified, the file from **include** will be decoded according to this encoding, else assumed to be UTF-8.

csv-kwargs If specified, should be a dictionary passed to csv.reader as options. e.g.

```
csv-kwargs:
dialect: unix
key: value...
```

pipe\_tables If True, a pipe table will be constructed directly in markdown syntax instead of via AST. markdown is implied to be True. header will be overridden as true because pipe\_tables must have header in pandoc.

This trades correctness for speed. It won't be correct if any of the cell is multiline for example, resulting in an invalid pipe table. However, it is much faster comparing to previous markdown: True case because previously per cell a subprocess to execute pandoc the parse the markdown to AST is needed.

grid\_tables If True, a grid table will be constructed directly in markdown syntax instead of via AST. markdown is implied to be True. header can be used together with this.

This trades correctness for speed. This should be more robust than pipe\_tables since the grid\_tables syntax supports everything the pandoc AST supports. This however depends on an external dependency. Install it by either pip install terminaltables or conda install terminaltables.

raw\_markdown If True, force output the table as a pipe table (which is tab-delimited.) This is sometimes useful if pandoc is very stubborn to not emit a pipe table even if markdown-grid\_tables... is used. Note that this should only be used if the output format is markdown.

When the metadata keys is invalid, the default will be used instead. Note that width and table-width accept fractions as well.

#### 3 pantable2csv

This one is the inverse of pantable, a panflute filter to convert any native pandoc tables into the CSV table format used by pantable.

Effectively, pantable forms a "CSV Reader", and pantable2csv forms a "CSV Writer". It allows you to convert back and forth between these 2 formats.

For example, in the markdown source:

+	+	++
	defaulted to be header row	can be disabled
1		It can be aribrary block     element:
2	Any markdown   syntax, e.g.	\$\$E = mc^2\$\$

<sup>: \*</sup>Awesome\* \*\*Markdown\*\* Table

```
"`` {.table}
---
alignment: DDD
caption: '*Awesome* **Markdown** Table'
header: true
markdown: true
table-width: 0.8055555555555556
width: [0.125, 0.3055555555555555555]
---
First row,defaulted to be header row,can be disabled
1,cell can contain **markdown**,"It can be aribrary block element:
- following standard markdown syntax
- like this
"
2,"Any markdown syntax, e.g.",$$E = mc^2$$
```

running pandoc -F pantable2csv -o output.md input.md, it becomes

#### 4 Related Filters

The followings are pandoc filters written in Haskell that provide similar functionality. This filter is born after testing with theirs.

- baig/pandoc-csv2table: A Pandoc filter that renders CSV as Pandoc Markdown Tables.
- mb21/pandoc-placetable: Pandoc filter to include CSV data (from file or URL)
- sergiocorreia/panflute/csv-tables.py

		pandoc-	panflute	
	pandoc-csv2table	placetable	example	pantable
caption	caption	caption	title	caption
aligns	aligns = LRCD	aligns =		aligns = LRCD
_	_	LRCD		_
width		widths =		width: [0.5, 0.2, 0.3]
		$"0.5 \ 0.2 \ 0.3"$		
table-				table-width: 1.0
width				
header	$header = yes \mid no$	header = yes	has_header:	header: True   False   yes
		l no	True   False	NO
markdov	vn	inlinemarkdown		markdown: True   False   yes
				NO
source	source	file	source	include
others	$type = simple \mid$			
	multiline   grid   pipe			

	pandoc-csv2table	pandoc- placetable	panflute example	pantable
		delimiter quotechar id (wrapped by div)		
Notes				width are auto-calculated when width is not specified