



# Rethinking Self-Supervised Correspondence Learning: A Video Frame-level Similarity Perspective

UC San Diego

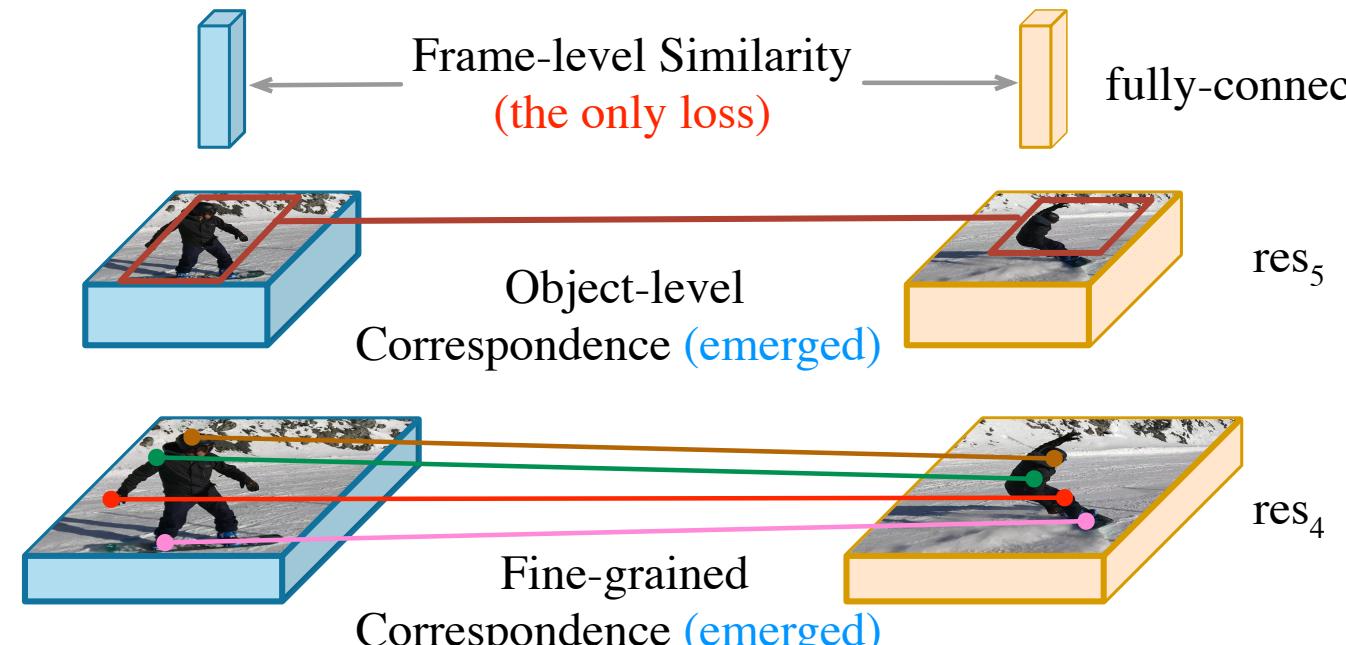
Jiarui Xu, Xiaolong Wang

**Goal:** Learn a representation for space-time correspondence by learning frame-level similarity. No tracking-based pretext task is required.

## Overview

Compare the fully-connected layer embeddings of frames from the same video for learning.

By minimizing the frame-level feature, the fine-grained and object-level correspondence emerges in  $\text{res}_4$  and  $\text{res}_5$

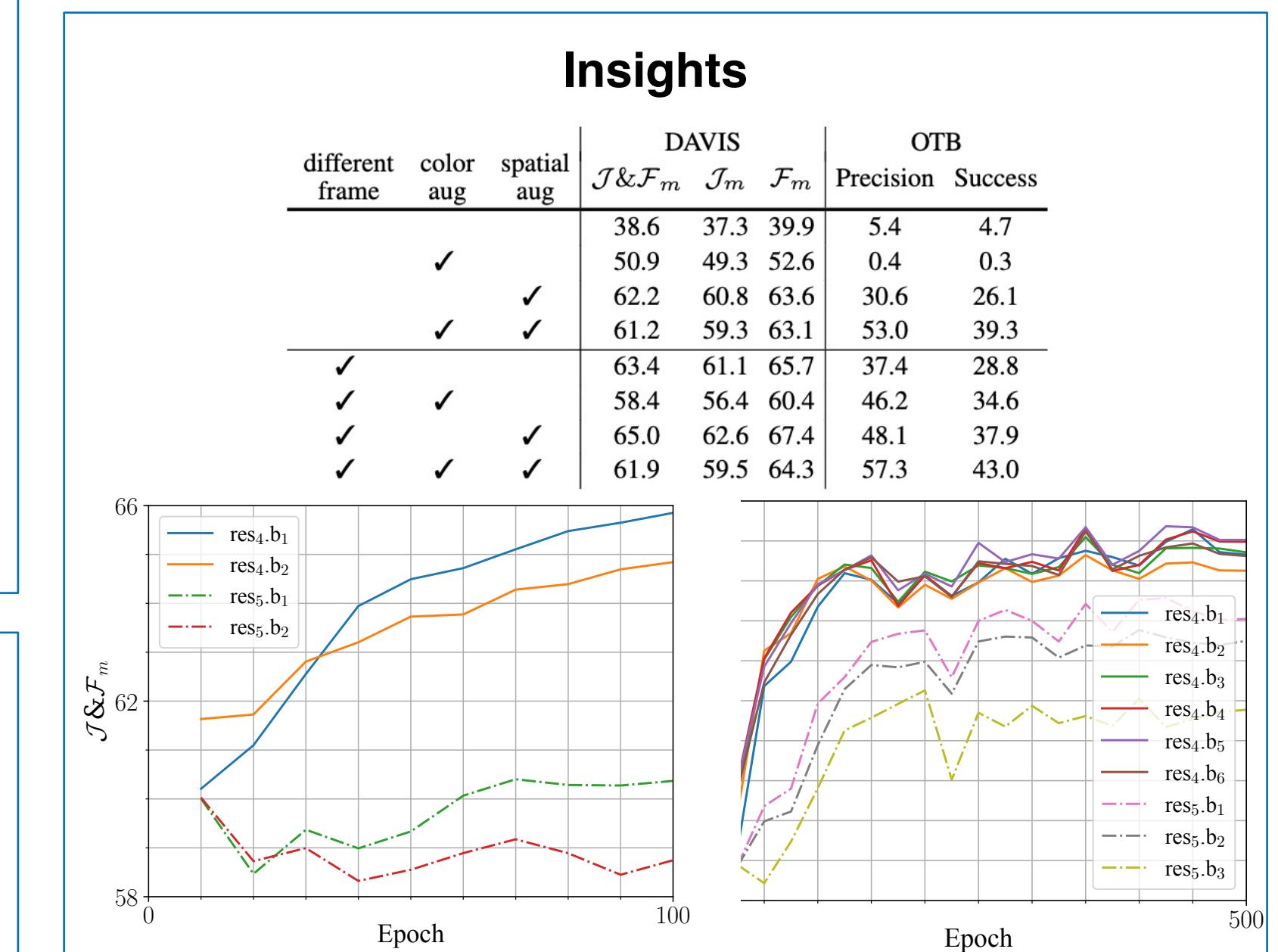
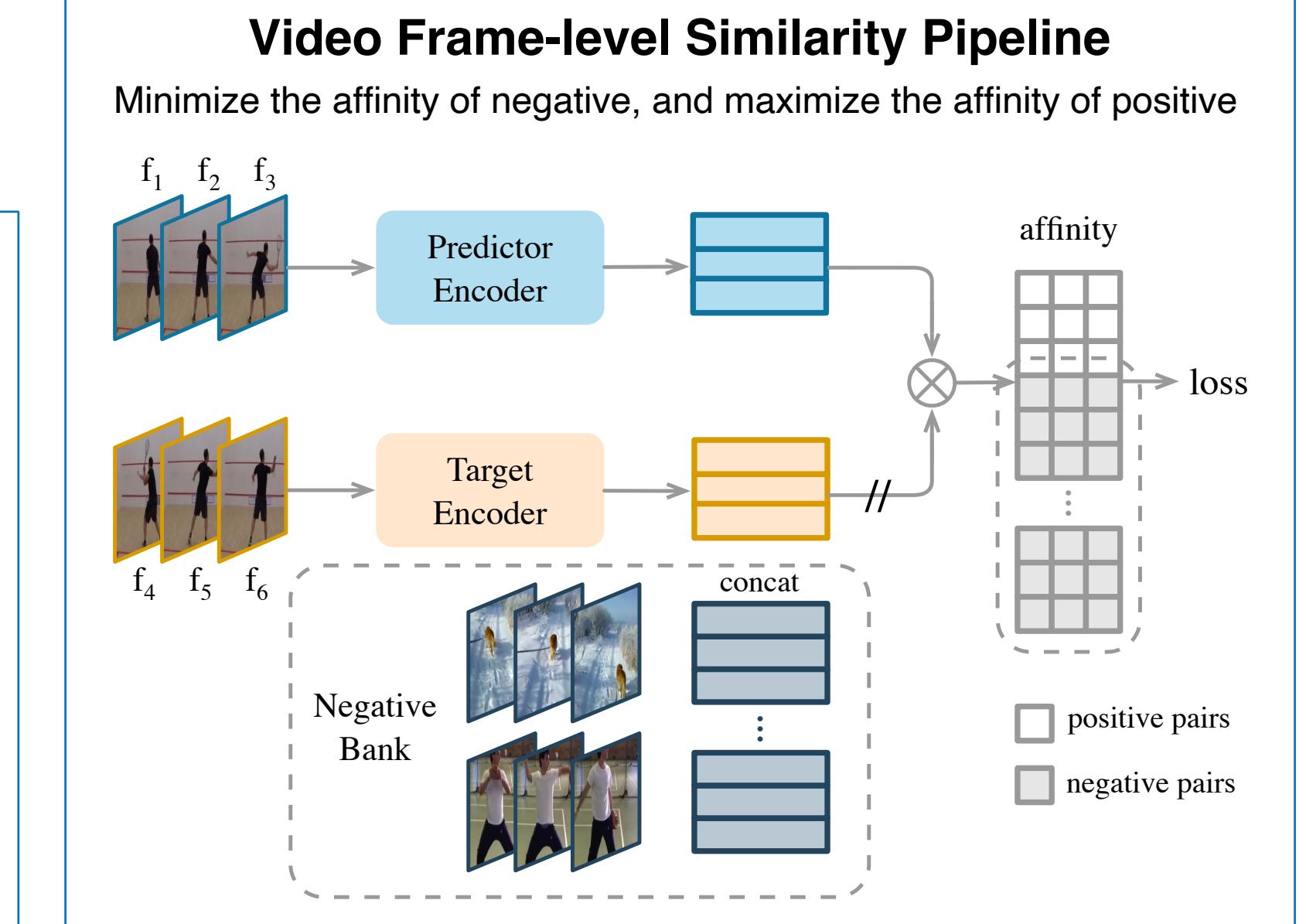


Predictor Encoder

Target Encoder

## Contributions:

- Large frame gaps and multiple frame pairs helps
- Color augmentation is harmful for fine-grained correspondence, but beneficial for object-level one
- Deep networks significantly improves



## Fine-grained correspondence on DAVIS Object-level correspondence on OTB

Method	Backbone	J&F	J	F	Prec.	Succ.
Supervise	ResNet-18	62.9	60.6	65.2	61.4	43.0
SimSiam	ResNet-18	62.0	60.0	64.0	58.8	42.9
MoCo	ResNet-18	60.8	58.6	63.1	62.0	47.0
VINCE	ResNet-18	60.4	57.9	62.8	62.9	46.5
CRW	ResNet-18	67.6	64.8	70.2	52.6	40.1
VFS	ResNet-18	<b>66.7</b>	<b>64.0</b>	<b>69.4</b>	<b>68.9</b>	<b>52.2</b>
Supervise	ResNet-50	66.0	63.7	68.4	65.8	45.5
SimSiam	ResNet-50	66.3	64.5	68.2	61.0	43.2
MoCo	ResNet-50	65.4	63.2	67.6	63.7	46.5
VFS	ResNet-50	<b>68.9</b>	<b>66.5</b>	<b>71.3</b>	<b>68.9</b>	<b>52.2</b>

