ICN and Video Distribution

ICN capabilities for optimizing video selection and reception based on link management procedures

Daniel Corujo dcorujo@av.it.pt

ICN and Video

- There are different studies indicating video as the upcoming most consumed type of online content
- Video content reception provides many different requirements, which directly impact the Quality of Experience of the user
 - Realtime vs. Stream
 - Wireless vs. Wired
 - Networking Conditions

— ...

ICN and Video [2]

- Although ICN aims for a generic content centric approach
 - Optimization mechanisms targeting video aspects can be reutilized in other kinds of content
 - Voice, gaming, M2M, etc...
- As such, it is worthwhile to consider different interactions between ICN and video content handling

Aspects Considered

- Link conditions of the receiver
 - I. Which "face" to use, or request content from?
 - I. What if the best face changes over time?
 - II. How does the video source know about this and other network status?
- II. When different "flavors" of the content are available, which best suits the requester(s)?
- III. Can these factors be combined to best decide how to forward content to the user?
- IV. Moreover, can intrinsic ICN procedures be used to support these actions?

I - Optimized Face Selection

- Considerations for study:
 - Not just blind terminal decision, but actual optimization from the network
 - Neither the terminal nor the video server know the network conditions, leading to starvation of resources or selfish behavior
 - Provide feedback to the source (or to the network) about reception quality
 - And also advertise other link possibilities (e.g., more available "faces)

II - Content Reception Optimization

- Considerations for study:
 - Pre-setup of link/network procedures according to the content requested in, e.g., handovers
 - Provision of feedback about content reception to the source and/or network, when necessary

III - Content Adaptation Optimization

- Considerations for study:
 - Provide network/terminal events or actions, allowing dynamic adaptions for video selection (i.e., nearby cache or source)
 - Provide link information/choice in a mediaindependent way

Challenge

- Manage these aspects (I, II, III and others)
 - Using intrinsic ICN mechanisms
 - In a common way to different ICN instantiations
 - E.g., analysis of the impact in different environments
 - In different heterogeneous systems
 - Both wired and wireless
 - Using different degrees of integration
 - Clean-slate vs. overlay

Conclusion

- Video-related mechanisms are useful for ICN research
- The high degree of interest (and impact) in the video topic can actually raise the general interest for ICN mechanisms
- ICN can provide extensible procedures for supporting and optimizing video
- ICN thus becomes exposed to new extended scenarios, furthering its usefulness

Daniel Corujo < dcorujo (at) av (dot) it (dot) pt > Instituto de Telecomunicações, Aveiro, Portugal http://atnog.av.it.pt

THANK YOU