LabRoboticsProject

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#### **Chapter 1**

# Namespace Index

#### 1.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:

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ClipperLib								 																	10
DW	 							 																	32
Planning								 																	33
timeutils .	 							 	 																52

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## Chapter 2

## **Hierarchical Index**

#### 2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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CalSettings	69
ClipperLib::ClipperBase	84
ClipperLib::Clipper	80
ClipperLib::ClipperOffset	
$Configuration 2 < T1 > \dots $	93
$\label{eq:configuration2} Configuration 2 < double > \ \ . \ \ \ \ . \ \ \ . \ \ \ \ . \ \ \ \ \ . \ \ \ \ \ \ . \$	93
$Configuration 2 < T > \ \dots \dots$	93
$Configuration 2 < T2 > \dots $	93
$Curve < T > \dots \dots$	106
Dubins < T >	113
$Curve {<} double {>} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$	106
$DubinsArc < T > \qquad \dots \qquad \dots \qquad \dots \qquad \dots \qquad \dots \qquad \dots \qquad \dots$	124
Curve < T2 >	106
DubinsArc< T1, T2 >	124
ClipperLib::DoublePoint	111
DubinsSet< T >	129
exception	
MyException< T >	172
exception	
ClipperLib::clipperException	90
Filter	138
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ClipperLib::IntPoint	152
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Mapp	158
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lipperLib::OutPt	. 181
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$pint2 < T > \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$	. 183
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$\operatorname{pint2}<\operatorname{int}>$	. 183
pint2< T1 >	. 183
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lipperLib::PolyNode	. 195
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obotProject	. 199
ettings	. 202
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$uple < T > \ \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$	. 220
$uple < Dubins < T > > \dots$	. 220
uple < string >	. 220
ideoCapture	
CameraCapture	78

## **Chapter 3**

## **Class Index**

#### 3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Angle
This class allows to save and handle angles. It supports DEG and RAD, operations such as
addition and subtraction with operators overloading, conversion from RAD to DEG and viceversa
and normalization of the angle
CalSettings
CameraCapture
ClipperLib::Clipper
ClipperLib::ClipperBase
ClipperLib::clipperException
ClipperLib::ClipperOffset
Configuration2< T1 >
This class stores a configuration, that is a point and an angle
Curve < T >
ClipperLib::DoublePoint
Dubins< T >
Class to store a Dubins curve. This class inherits from Curve and is composed of three
DubinsArc 113
DubinsArc< T1, T2 >
Class to store a maneuver of Dubins. It inherits from Curve. Since each Dubins is formed of
atmost 3 maneuvers, this class is meant to store one of this maneuver, which can be L, R or S
respectively Left, Right, Straight
DubinsSet< T >
Given a set of point, compute the shortest set of Dubins that allows to go from start to end
through all points
Filter
Gate
CameraCapture::input_options_t
Structure for store the input option for the class CameraCapture
ClipperLib::Int128
ClipperLib::IntersectNode
ClipperLib::IntPoint
ClipperLib::IntRect
ClipperLib::Join
ClipperLib::LocalMinimum
ClipperLib::LocMinSorter

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Mapp	15
$\label{eq:myException} \mbox{MyException} < \mbox{T} > \ \dots \dots$	17
Object	17
Obstacle	17
ClipperLib::OutPt	18
ClipperLib::OutRec	18
Point2< T >	
Class that stores two value to construct a point in 2D. The value is saved in a Tuple	18
ClipperLib::PolyNode	19
ClipperLib::PolyTree	19
RobotProject	19
Settings	20
ClipperLib::TEdge	21
$Tuple {} \ \ldots $	22
Victim	23

# **Chapter 4**

# File Index

## 4.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

src/calibration.cc	37
src/camera_capture.cc	41
src/clipper.cc	42
src/configure.cc	45
src/detection.cc	48
src/dubins.cc	54
src/map.cc	95
src/maths.cc	95
src/objects.cc	97
src/planning.cc	97
src/robotProject.cc	01
src/settings.cc	05
src/unwrapping.cc	06
src/utils.cc	09
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Library for calibration	56
src/include/camera_capture.hh	58
src/include/clipper.hh	59
src/include/configure.hh	62
src/include/detection.hh	64
src/include/draw.hh	70
src/include/dubins.hh	71
src/include/filter.hh	75
src/include/map.hh	76
src/include/maths.hh	77
src/include/objects.hh	83
src/include/planning.hh	83
src/include/robotProject.hh	86
src/include/settings.hh	87
src/include/unwrapping.hh	
src/include/utils.hh	91
src/run/calibration_run.cc	01
src/run/detection_run.cc	02
src/run/main.cc	03
src/run/planning_run.cc	04
src/run/unwrapping run.cc	04

8 File Index

# **Chapter 5**

# **Namespace Documentation**

## 5.1 CHRONO Namespace Reference

## **Enumerations**

enum TIME\_TYPE { SEC, MSEC, MUSEC, NSEC }

#### **Functions**

- string getType (TIME\_TYPE type, string ret="")
- double getElapsed (Clock::time\_point start, Clock::time\_point stop, TIME\_TYPE type=MUSEC)
- string getElapsed (Clock::time\_point start, Clock::time\_point stop, string ret, TIME\_TYPE type=MUSEC)

## 5.1.1 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 5.1.1.1 TIME\_TYPE

enum CHRONO::TIME\_TYPE

#### Enumerator

SEC	
MSEC	
MUSEC	
NSEC	

## 5.1.2 Function Documentation

## 5.2 ClipperLib Namespace Reference

## Classes

- class Clipper
- class ClipperBase
- · class clipperException
- · class ClipperOffset
- struct DoublePoint
- class Int128
- struct IntersectNode
- struct IntPoint
- struct IntRect
- struct Join
- struct LocalMinimum
- struct LocMinSorter
- struct OutPt
- struct OutRec
- class PolyNode
- class PolyTree
- struct TEdge

### **Typedefs**

- · typedef signed long long clnt
- · typedef signed long long long64
- typedef unsigned long long ulong64
- typedef std::vector< IntPoint > Path
- typedef std::vector< Path > Paths
- typedef std::vector< PolyNode \* > PolyNodes
- typedef std::vector< OutRec \* > PolyOutList
- typedef std::vector< TEdge \* > EdgeList
- typedef std::vector< Join \* > JoinList
- typedef std::vector< IntersectNode \* > IntersectList

#### **Enumerations**

- enum Direction { dRightToLeft, dLeftToRight }
- enum NodeType { ntAny, ntOpen, ntClosed }
- enum ClipType { ctIntersection, ctUnion, ctDifference, ctXor }
- enum PolyType { ptSubject, ptClip }
- enum PolyFillType { pftEvenOdd, pftNonZero, pftPositive, pftNegative }
- enum InitOptions { ioReverseSolution = 1, ioStrictlySimple = 2, ioPreserveCollinear = 4 }
- enum JoinType { jtSquare, jtRound, jtMiter }
- enum EndType {
   etClosedPolygon, etClosedLine, etOpenButt, etOpenSquare,
   etOpenRound }
- enum EdgeSide { esLeft = 1, esRight = 2 }

#### **Functions**

- cInt Round (double val)
- · cInt Abs (cInt val)
- Int128 Int128Mul (long64 lhs, long64 rhs)
- bool Orientation (const Path &poly)
- double Area (const Path &poly)
- double Area (const OutPt \*op)
- double Area (const OutRec &outRec)
- bool PointIsVertex (const IntPoint &Pt, OutPt \*pp)
- int PointInPolygon (const IntPoint &pt, const Path &path)
- int PointInPolygon (const IntPoint &pt, OutPt \*op)
- bool Poly2ContainsPoly1 (OutPt \*OutPt1, OutPt \*OutPt2)
- bool SlopesEqual (const TEdge &e1, const TEdge &e2, bool UseFullInt64Range)
- · bool SlopesEqual (const IntPoint pt1, const IntPoint pt2, const IntPoint pt3, bool UseFullInt64Range)
- bool SlopesEqual (const IntPoint pt1, const IntPoint pt2, const IntPoint pt3, const IntPoint pt4, bool UseFull
   —
   Int64Range)
- bool IsHorizontal (TEdge &e)
- double GetDx (const IntPoint pt1, const IntPoint pt2)
- void SetDx (TEdge &e)
- void SwapSides (TEdge &Edge1, TEdge &Edge2)
- void SwapPolyIndexes (TEdge &Edge1, TEdge &Edge2)
- clnt TopX (TEdge &edge, const clnt currentY)
- void IntersectPoint (TEdge &Edge1, TEdge &Edge2, IntPoint &ip)
- void ReversePolyPtLinks (OutPt \*pp)
- void DisposeOutPts (OutPt \*&pp)

- void InitEdge (TEdge \*e, TEdge \*eNext, TEdge \*ePrev, const IntPoint &Pt)
- void InitEdge2 (TEdge &e, PolyType Pt)
- TEdge \* RemoveEdge (TEdge \*e)
- · void ReverseHorizontal (TEdge &e)
- void SwapPoints (IntPoint &pt1, IntPoint &pt2)
- bool GetOverlapSegment (IntPoint pt1a, IntPoint pt1b, IntPoint pt2a, IntPoint pt2b, IntPoint &pt1, IntPoint &pt2, IntPoint &pt2, IntPoint &pt2, IntPoint &pt2, IntPoint &pt2, IntPoint &pt3, IntPoint &pt3,
- bool FirstIsBottomPt (const OutPt \*btmPt1, const OutPt \*btmPt2)
- OutPt \* GetBottomPt (OutPt \*pp)
- bool Pt2IsBetweenPt1AndPt3 (const IntPoint pt1, const IntPoint pt2, const IntPoint pt3)
- bool HorzSegmentsOverlap (clnt seg1a, clnt seg1b, clnt seg2a, clnt seg2b)
- void RangeTest (const IntPoint &Pt, bool &useFullRange)
- TEdge \* FindNextLocMin (TEdge \*E)
- OutRec \* GetLowermostRec (OutRec \*outRec1, OutRec \*outRec2)
- bool OutRec1RightOfOutRec2 (OutRec \*outRec1, OutRec \*outRec2)
- bool IsMinima (TEdge \*e)
- bool IsMaxima (TEdge \*e, const clnt Y)
- bool IsIntermediate (TEdge \*e, const clnt Y)
- TEdge \* GetMaximaPair (TEdge \*e)
- TEdge \* GetMaximaPairEx (TEdge \*e)
- TEdge \* GetNextInAEL (TEdge \*e, Direction dir)
- void GetHorzDirection (TEdge &HorzEdge, Direction &Dir, cInt &Left, cInt &Right)
- bool IntersectListSort (IntersectNode \*node1, IntersectNode \*node2)
- bool EdgesAdjacent (const IntersectNode &inode)
- int PointCount (OutPt \*Pts)
- void SwapIntersectNodes (IntersectNode &int1, IntersectNode &int2)
- bool E2InsertsBeforeE1 (TEdge &e1, TEdge &e2)
- bool GetOverlap (const clnt a1, const clnt a2, const clnt b1, const clnt b2, clnt &Left, clnt &Right)
- void UpdateOutPtldxs (OutRec &outrec)
- OutPt \* DupOutPt (OutPt \*outPt, bool InsertAfter)
- bool JoinHorz (OutPt \*op1, OutPt \*op1b, OutPt \*op2, OutPt \*op2b, const IntPoint Pt, bool DiscardLeft)
- static OutRec \* ParseFirstLeft (OutRec \*FirstLeft)
- DoublePoint GetUnitNormal (const IntPoint &pt1, const IntPoint &pt2)
- · void ReversePath (Path &p)
- void ReversePaths (Paths &p)
- void SimplifyPolygon (const Path &in poly, Paths &out polys, PolyFillType fillType)
- void SimplifyPolygons (const Paths &in\_polys, Paths &out\_polys, PolyFillType fillType)
- void SimplifyPolygons (Paths &polys, PolyFillType fillType)
- double DistanceSqrd (const IntPoint &pt1, const IntPoint &pt2)
- double DistanceFromLineSqrd (const IntPoint &pt, const IntPoint &In1, const IntPoint &In2)
- bool SlopesNearCollinear (const IntPoint &pt1, const IntPoint &pt2, const IntPoint &pt3, double distSqrd)
- bool PointsAreClose (IntPoint pt1, IntPoint pt2, double distSqrd)
- OutPt \* ExcludeOp (OutPt \*op)
- void CleanPolygon (const Path &in\_poly, Path &out\_poly, double distance)
- void CleanPolygon (Path &poly, double distance)
- void CleanPolygons (const Paths &in\_polys, Paths &out\_polys, double distance)
- void CleanPolygons (Paths &polys, double distance)
- void Minkowski (const Path &poly, const Path &path, Paths &solution, bool isSum, bool isClosed)
- void MinkowskiSum (const Path &pattern, const Path &path, Paths &solution, bool pathlsClosed)
- void TranslatePath (const Path &input, Path &output, const IntPoint delta)
- · void MinkowskiSum (const Path &pattern, const Paths &paths, Paths &solution, bool pathIsClosed)
- · void MinkowskiDiff (const Path &poly1, const Path &poly2, Paths &solution)
- void AddPolyNodeToPaths (const PolyNode &polynode, NodeType nodetype, Paths &paths)
- void PolyTreeToPaths (const PolyTree &polytree, Paths &paths)
- void ClosedPathsFromPolyTree (const PolyTree &polytree, Paths &paths)

- void OpenPathsFromPolyTree (PolyTree &polytree, Paths &paths)
- std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const IntPoint &p)
- std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Path &p)</li>
- std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Paths &p)</li>
- Path & operator<< (Path &poly, const IntPoint &p)</li>
- Paths & operator<< (Paths &polys, const Path &p)</li>

#### **Variables**

- static double const pi = 3.141592653589793238
- static double const two\_pi = pi \*2
- static double const def\_arc\_tolerance = 0.25
- static int const Unassigned = -1
- static int const Skip = -2
- static clnt const loRange = 0x3FFFFFF
- static clnt const hiRange = 0x3FFFFFFFFFFFFLL

## 5.2.1 Typedef Documentation

#### 5.2.1.1 clnt

typedef signed long long ClipperLib::cInt

## 5.2.1.2 EdgeList

typedef std::vector< TEdge\* > ClipperLib::EdgeList

#### 5.2.1.3 IntersectList

typedef std::vector< IntersectNode\* > ClipperLib::IntersectList

#### 5.2.1.4 JoinList

typedef std::vector< Join\* > ClipperLib::JoinList

## 5.2.1.5 long64

typedef signed long long ClipperLib::long64

#### 5.2.1.6 Path

typedef std::vector< IntPoint > ClipperLib::Path

#### 5.2.1.7 Paths

typedef std::vector< Path > ClipperLib::Paths

## 5.2.1.8 PolyNodes

typedef std::vector< PolyNode\* > ClipperLib::PolyNodes

## 5.2.1.9 PolyOutList

typedef std::vector< OutRec\* > ClipperLib::PolyOutList

## 5.2.1.10 ulong64

typedef unsigned long long ClipperLib::ulong64

## 5.2.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 5.2.2.1 ClipType

enum ClipperLib::ClipType

## Enumerator

ctIntersection	
ctUnion	
ctDifference	
ctXor	

## 5.2.2.2 Direction

enum ClipperLib::Direction

#### Enumerator

dRightToLeft	
dLeftToRight	

## 5.2.2.3 EdgeSide

enum ClipperLib::EdgeSide

## Enumerator

ool oft	
esLeft	
esRight	

## 5.2.2.4 EndType

enum ClipperLib::EndType

## Enumerator

etClosedPolygon	
etClosedLine	
etOpenButt	
etOpenSquare	
etOpenRound	

## 5.2.2.5 InitOptions

enum ClipperLib::InitOptions

#### Enumerator

ioReverseSolution	
ioStrictlySimple	
ioPreserveCollinear	

## 5.2.2.6 JoinType

enum ClipperLib::JoinType

## Enumerator

jtSquare	
jtRound	
jtMiter	

## 5.2.2.7 NodeType

enum ClipperLib::NodeType

#### Enumerator

ntAny	
ntOpen	
ntClosed	

## 5.2.2.8 PolyFillType

enum ClipperLib::PolyFillType

### Enumerator

pftEvenOdd	
pftNonZero	
pftPositive	
pftNegative	

#### 5.2.2.9 PolyType

```
enum ClipperLib::PolyType
```

#### Enumerator

ptSubject	
ptClip	

#### 5.2.3 Function Documentation

## 5.2.3.1 Abs()

## 5.2.3.2 AddPolyNodeToPaths()

## **5.2.3.3 Area()** [1/3]

#### **5.2.3.4 Area()** [2/3]

```
5.2.3.5 Area() [3/3]
double ClipperLib::Area (
            const OutRec & outRec )
5.2.3.6 CleanPolygon() [1/2]
void ClipperLib::CleanPolygon (
             const Path & in_poly,
             Path & out_poly,
             double distance )
5.2.3.7 CleanPolygon() [2/2]
void ClipperLib::CleanPolygon (
            Path & poly,
             double distance )
5.2.3.8 CleanPolygons() [1/2]
void ClipperLib::CleanPolygons (
             const Paths & in_polys,
             Paths & out_polys,
             double distance )
5.2.3.9 CleanPolygons() [2/2]
void ClipperLib::CleanPolygons (
             Paths & polys,
             double distance )
5.2.3.10 ClosedPathsFromPolyTree()
void ClipperLib::ClosedPathsFromPolyTree (
            const PolyTree & polytree,
             Paths & paths )
```

#### 5.2.3.11 DisposeOutPts()

```
void ClipperLib::DisposeOutPts (
    OutPt *& pp )
```

## 5.2.3.12 DistanceFromLineSqrd()

#### 5.2.3.13 DistanceSqrd()

## 5.2.3.14 DupOutPt()

## 5.2.3.15 E2InsertsBeforeE1()

#### 5.2.3.16 EdgesAdjacent()

## 5.2.3.17 ExcludeOp()

```
OutPt* ClipperLib::ExcludeOp (
            OutPt * op )
5.2.3.18 FindNextLocMin()
TEdge* ClipperLib::FindNextLocMin (
            TEdge *E)
5.2.3.19 FirstIsBottomPt()
bool ClipperLib::FirstIsBottomPt (
           const OutPt * btmPt1,
            const OutPt * btmPt2 )
5.2.3.20 GetBottomPt()
OutPt* ClipperLib::GetBottomPt (
             OutPt * pp )
5.2.3.21 GetDx()
double ClipperLib::GetDx (
            const IntPoint pt1,
             const IntPoint pt2 ) [inline]
5.2.3.22 GetHorzDirection()
void ClipperLib::GetHorzDirection (
             TEdge & HorzEdge,
             Direction & Dir,
             cInt & Left,
             cInt & Right )
```

#### 5.2.3.23 GetLowermostRec()

```
OutRec* ClipperLib::GetLowermostRec (
          OutRec * outRec1,
          OutRec * outRec2 )
```

#### 5.2.3.24 GetMaximaPair()

#### 5.2.3.25 GetMaximaPairEx()

#### 5.2.3.26 GetNextInAEL()

#### 5.2.3.27 GetOverlap()

## 5.2.3.28 GetOverlapSegment()

#### 5.2.3.29 GetUnitNormal()

```
DoublePoint ClipperLib::GetUnitNormal (
            const IntPoint & pt1,
             const IntPoint & pt2 )
5.2.3.30 HorzSegmentsOverlap()
bool ClipperLib::HorzSegmentsOverlap (
             cInt segla,
             cInt seg1b,
             cInt seg2a,
             cInt seg2b )
5.2.3.31 InitEdge()
void ClipperLib::InitEdge (
             TEdge * e,
             TEdge * eNext,
             TEdge * ePrev,
             const IntPoint & Pt ) [inline]
5.2.3.32 InitEdge2()
void ClipperLib::InitEdge2 (
             TEdge & e,
             PolyType Pt )
5.2.3.33 Int128Mul()
Int128 ClipperLib::Int128Mul (
             long64 lhs,
             long64 rhs )
5.2.3.34 IntersectListSort()
bool ClipperLib::IntersectListSort (
             IntersectNode * node1,
             IntersectNode * node2 )
```

#### 5.2.3.35 IntersectPoint()

#### 5.2.3.36 IsHorizontal()

#### 5.2.3.37 IsIntermediate()

#### 5.2.3.38 IsMaxima()

#### 5.2.3.39 IsMinima()

#### 5.2.3.40 JoinHorz()

```
bool ClipperLib::JoinHorz (
    OutPt * op1,
    OutPt * op1b,
    OutPt * op2,
    OutPt * op2b,
    const IntPoint Pt,
    bool DiscardLeft )
```

#### 5.2.3.41 Minkowski()

### 5.2.3.42 MinkowskiDiff()

#### **5.2.3.43** MinkowskiSum() [1/2]

## **5.2.3.44** MinkowskiSum() [2/2]

## 5.2.3.45 OpenPathsFromPolyTree()

```
5.2.3.46 operator <<() [1/5]
Path& ClipperLib::operator<< (</pre>
             Path & poly,
             const IntPoint & p ) [inline]
5.2.3.47 operator <<() [2/5]
Paths& ClipperLib::operator<< (</pre>
             Paths & polys,
             const Path & p ) [inline]
5.2.3.48 operator << () [3/5]
std::ostream & ClipperLib::operator<< (</pre>
             std::ostream & s,
             const IntPoint & p )
5.2.3.49 operator << () [4/5]
std::ostream & ClipperLib::operator<< (</pre>
             std::ostream & s,
             const Path & p )
5.2.3.50 operator << () [5/5]
std::ostream & ClipperLib::operator<< (</pre>
            std::ostream & s,
             const Paths & p )
5.2.3.51 Orientation()
bool ClipperLib::Orientation (
            const Path & poly )
```

## 5.2.3.52 OutRec1RightOfOutRec2()

```
bool ClipperLib::OutRec1RightOfOutRec2 (
             OutRec * outRec1,
             OutRec * outRec2 )
5.2.3.53 ParseFirstLeft()
static OutRec* ClipperLib::ParseFirstLeft (
            OutRec * FirstLeft ) [static]
5.2.3.54 PointCount()
int ClipperLib::PointCount (
             OutPt * Pts )
5.2.3.55 PointlnPolygon() [1/2]
int ClipperLib::PointInPolygon (
            const IntPoint & pt,
             const Path & path )
5.2.3.56 PointlnPolygon() [2/2]
int ClipperLib::PointInPolygon (
             const IntPoint & pt,
             OutPt * op )
5.2.3.57 PointlsVertex()
bool ClipperLib::PointIsVertex (
             const IntPoint & Pt,
             OutPt * pp )
```

#### 5.2.3.58 PointsAreClose()

#### 5.2.3.59 Poly2ContainsPoly1()

```
bool ClipperLib::Poly2ContainsPoly1 (
          OutPt * OutPt1,
          OutPt * OutPt2 )
```

## 5.2.3.60 PolyTreeToPaths()

#### 5.2.3.61 Pt2IsBetweenPt1AndPt3()

#### 5.2.3.62 RangeTest()

## 5.2.3.63 RemoveEdge()

#### 5.2.3.64 ReverseHorizontal()

## 5.2.3.65 ReversePath()

## 5.2.3.66 ReversePaths()

#### 5.2.3.67 ReversePolyPtLinks()

```
void ClipperLib::ReversePolyPtLinks ( {\tt OutPt} \ * \ pp \ )
```

### 5.2.3.68 Round()

#### 5.2.3.69 SetDx()

## 5.2.3.70 SimplifyPolygon()

```
5.2.3.71 SimplifyPolygons() [1/2]
void ClipperLib::SimplifyPolygons (
             const Paths & in_polys,
             Paths & out_polys,
             PolyFillType fillType )
5.2.3.72 SimplifyPolygons() [2/2]
void ClipperLib::SimplifyPolygons (
             Paths & polys,
             PolyFillType fillType )
5.2.3.73 SlopesEqual() [1/3]
bool ClipperLib::SlopesEqual (
             const TEdge & e1,
             const TEdge & e2,
             bool UseFullInt64Range )
5.2.3.74 SlopesEqual() [2/3]
bool ClipperLib::SlopesEqual (
             const IntPoint pt1,
             const IntPoint pt2,
             const IntPoint pt3,
             bool UseFullInt64Range )
5.2.3.75 SlopesEqual() [3/3]
bool ClipperLib::SlopesEqual (
             const IntPoint pt1,
             const IntPoint pt2,
             const IntPoint pt3,
             const IntPoint pt4,
             bool UseFullInt64Range )
```

#### 5.2.3.76 SlopesNearCollinear()

#### 5.2.3.77 SwapIntersectNodes()

#### 5.2.3.78 SwapPoints()

#### 5.2.3.79 SwapPolyIndexes()

#### 5.2.3.80 SwapSides()

## 5.2.3.81 TopX()

#### 5.2.3.82 TranslatePath()

#### 5.2.3.83 UpdateOutPtldxs()

## 5.2.4 Variable Documentation

#### 5.2.4.1 def\_arc\_tolerance

```
double const ClipperLib::def_arc_tolerance = 0.25 [static]
```

#### 5.2.4.2 hiRange

```
cInt const ClipperLib::hiRange = 0x3FFFFFFFFFFFFFFLL [static]
```

### 5.2.4.3 loRange

```
cInt const ClipperLib::loRange = 0x3FFFFFFF [static]
```

#### 5.2.4.4 pi

```
double const ClipperLib::pi = 3.141592653589793238 [static]
```

## 5.2.4.5 Skip

```
int const ClipperLib::Skip = -2 [static]
```

#### 5.2.4.6 two\_pi

```
double const ClipperLib::two_pi = pi *2 [static]
```

#### 5.2.4.7 Unassigned

```
int const ClipperLib::Unassigned = -1 [static]
```

## 5.3 DW Namespace Reference

## **Functions**

- void init (x, y, GLfloat \*vertices\_buffer={0.0f})
- void changeBuffer (GLfloat \*vertices\_buffer, uint dim)

#### **Variables**

- GLFWwindow \* window
- GLuint map\_buffer

#### 5.3.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.3.1.1 changeBuffer()

#### 5.3.1.2 init()

### 5.3.2 Variable Documentation

#### 5.3.2.1 map\_buffer

```
GLuint DW::map_buffer
```

#### 5.3.2.2 window

GLFWwindow\* DW::window

## 5.4 Planning Namespace Reference

#### **Functions**

vector< Point2< int > > convertToVP (const vector< vector< Point2< int > > & arr)

Convert a vector of vector of points into a vector of points (AKA collapse everything).

vector < Point2 < int > > convertToVP (const vector < vector < Configuration2 < double > > > &arr)

Convert a vector of vector of configurations into a vector of points (AKA collapse everything).

vector< Configuration2< double > > convertToVC (const vector< vector< Configuration2< double > > > &arr)

Convert a vector of vector of configurations into a vector of configurations (AKA collapse everything).

vector< Configuration2< double >> convertToVC (const vector< Point2< int >> > &arr)

Convert a vector of vector of points into a vector of configurations (AKA collapse everything).

void draw (const vector< vector< Point2< int >>> &vv, string name)

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the points and segment taken from the parameters.

void draw (const vector< vector< Configuration2< double >>> &vv, string name)

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the configurations and segment taken from the parameters.

• void draw (const vector< vector< Configuration2< double >>> &vv, const vector< Configuration2< double >>> &left, const vector< Configuration2< double >>> &right, string name)

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the configurations and segment taken from the parameters. Plus a set of grey points (left vector) and black points (right vector).

vector< Configuration2< double > > planning (const Mat &img)

The function plan a route from the actual position of the robot up to the final gate through all the victims.

void createMapp ()

The goal is to load, all the neccessary data, from files and create a Mapp that store everything.

void loadVVP (vector< vector< Point2< int > > &vvp, FileNode fn)

The function load from the given fileNode a vector of vectors of Point2<int>.

void loadVP (vector< Point2< int > > &vp, FileNode fn)

The function load from the given fileNode a vector of Point2<int>.

• int getNPoints ()

Get the numper of points needed for the function sampleNpoints.

int \*\* allocateAAInt (const int a, const int b)

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of int.

int \*\*\* allocateAAAInt (const int a, const int b, const int c)

Allocate a dynamic 3D array of int.

int \*\*\*\* allocateAAAAInt (const int a, const int b, const int c, const int d)

Allocate a dynamic 4D array of int.

double \*\* allocateAADouble (const int a, const int b)

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of int.

double \*\*\* allocateAAADouble (const int a, const int b, const int c)

Allocate a dynamic 3D array of double.

double \*\*\*\* allocateAAAADouble (const int a, const int b, const int c, const int d)

Allocate a dynamic 4D array of double.

Point2< int > \*\* allocateAAPointInt (const int a, const int b)

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of Points.

vector< vector< Point2< int > > minPathNPointsWithChoice (const vector< Point2< int > > &vp, const double bonus, const bool angle)

Given couples of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

- vector< Point2< int > > minPathNPoints (const vector< Point2< int > > &vp, const bool angle)
   Given couples of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA
- vector< Point2< int > > minPathTwoPoints (const Point2< int > &p0, const Point2< int > &p1, const bool angle)

Given a couple of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

 vector< Point2< int > > minPathTwoPointsInternal (const Point2< int > &startP, const Point2< int > &endP, double \*\*distances, Point2< int > \*\*parents)

Given a couple of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

• int angleSector (const double &d)

Compute the sector of an angle.

- vector< Point2< int > > minPathTwoPointsInternalAngles (const Point2< int > &startP, const Point2< int > &endP, double \*\*\*distances, int \*\*\*\*parents, const double initialDir)
- void intToVect (int c, vector< int > &v)

Converts an integer into the vector of its digits. The result is inverse respect to the given integer.

void resetDistanceMap (double \*\*distances, const double value)

It reset, to the given value, the matrix of distances given, to compute again the minPath search.

void resetDistanceMap (double \*\*\*distances, const double value)

It reset, to the given value, the matrix of distances given, to compute again the minPath search.

vector< Point2< int > > sampleNPoints (const vector< vector< Point2< int > > &vvp, const int n)

It extracts from the given vector of vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one of each vector.

vector < Point2 < int > > sampleNPoints (const vector < Point2 < int > > &points, const int n)

It extracts from the given vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one.

vector< Point2< int > > samplePointsEachNCells (const vector< Point2< int > > &points, const int step)

It extracts from the given vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one.

void fromVcToPath (vector < Configuration2 < double > > &vc, Path &path)

Convert a vector of point to a path, from Enrico's notation to Paolo's notation.

• template<class T >

bool check dubins D (Dubins < T > &D)

• template<class T >

bool check dubins DS (DubinsSet< T > &DS)

- bool compute\_roundabout\_dubins (DubinsSet< double > &new\_DS, Configuration2< double > \_start, const vector< Configuration2< double > > &vC, uint &vC\_id, bool gate=false)
- template < class T >

 $\label{eq:const_dubins} \begin{tabular}{ll} DubinsSet < double > victims\_dubins (const vector < Configuration2 < T > > &vC1, const vector < Configuration2 < T > > &vC2, uint &vC1\_pos, uint &vC2\_pos) \end{tabular}$ 

template<class T >

 $\label{lem:const} \begin{tabular}{ll} DubinsSet < double > start\_end\_dubins (const Configuration2 < double > & anchorPoint, const vector < Configuration2 < T >> & vConfs, uint & pos, const bool start) \end{tabular}$ 

- vector< Configuration2< double >> vvCtovC (Tuple< Tuple< Configuration2< double >> > vv)
- vector< Configuration2< double > > vvvCtovC (Tuple< Tuple< Tuple< Configuration2< double > > > vvv)
- Angle compute\_final\_angle (Configuration2< double > gate)
- void inter\_victims (vector< vector< Configuration2< double > > &vvConfs, vector< int > &vl,
   DubinsSet< double > &path, vector< DubinsSet< double >> &victimV)
- template < class T >
   void deleteAA (T \*\*arr, const int a)
- template < class T >
   void deleteAAA (T \*\*\*arr, const int a, const int b)
- template < class T > void deleteAAAA (T \*\*\*\*arr, const int a, const int b, const int c)

#### **Variables**

- Mapp \* map
- Configuration2< double > conf
- const double angleRange = 12\*M\_PI/180
- const int nAngles = 90
- const int range = 3
- const double DEGTORAD
- static constexpr double baseDistance = -1.0
- static constexpr double baseDir = -1.0
- const int foundLimit = 20
- const int foundLimitAngles = 40
- static const int nPoints = 50
- constexpr double initialDistAllowed = 20.0

#### 5.4.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.4.1.1 allocateAAAADouble()

Allocate a dynamic 4D array of double.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	The first dimension.
in	b	The second dimension.
in	С	The third dimension.
in	d	The fourth dimension.

#### Returns

The allocated array.

## 5.4.1.2 allocateAAAAInt()

Allocate a dynamic 4D array of int.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	The first dimension.
in	b	The second dimension.
in	С	The third dimension.
in	d	The fourth dimension.

#### Returns

The allocated array.

## 5.4.1.3 allocateAAADouble()

Allocate a dynamic 3D array of double.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	The first dimension.
in	b	The second dimension.
in	С	The third dimension.

## Returns

The allocated array.

#### 5.4.1.4 allocateAAAInt()

Allocate a dynamic 3D array of int.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	The first dimension.
in	b	The second dimension.
in	С	The third dimension.

#### Returns

The allocated array.

## 5.4.1.5 allocateAADouble()

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of int.

## Parameters

in	а	The first dimension.
in	b	The second dimension.

#### Returns

The allocated array.

#### 5.4.1.6 allocateAAInt()

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of int.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	The first dimension.
in	b	The second dimension.

#### Returns

The allocated array.

## 5.4.1.7 allocateAAPointInt()

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of Points.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	The first dimension.
in	b	The second dimension.

#### Returns

The allocated array.

## 5.4.1.8 angleSector()

```
int Planning::angleSector ( const double & d )
```

Compute the sector of an angle.

#### **Parameters**

in	d	The initial angle in radiants. \rreturn The sector of the angle

## 5.4.1.9 check\_dubins\_D()

#### 5.4.1.10 check\_dubins\_DS()

#### 5.4.1.11 compute\_final\_angle()

#### 5.4.1.12 compute\_roundabout\_dubins()

#### **5.4.1.13** convertToVC() [1/2]

Convert a vector of vector of configurations into a vector of configurations (AKA collapse everything).

## Parameters

in	The	vector of vector of configurations that needs to be collapsed

### Returns

The new vector of configurations.

#### **5.4.1.14** convertToVC() [2/2]

Convert a vector of vector of points into a vector of configurations (AKA collapse everything).

#### **Parameters**

	in	The	vector of vector of points that needs to be collapsed	]
--	----	-----	---	---

#### Returns

The new vector of configurations.

```
5.4.1.15 convertToVP() [1/2]
```

Convert a vector of vector of points into a vector of points (AKA collapse everything).

#### **Parameters**

ir	The	vector of vector of points that needs to be collapsed
----	-----	---

#### Returns

The new vector of points.

```
5.4.1.16 convertToVP() [2/2]
```

Convert a vector of vector of configurations into a vector of points (AKA collapse everything).

#### **Parameters**

in	The	vector of vector of configurations that needs to be collapsed
----	-----	---

#### Returns

The new vector of points.

#### 5.4.1.17 createMapp()

```
void Planning::createMapp ( )
```

The goal is to load, all the neccessary data, from files and create a Mapp that store everything.

#### Returns

The created mapp.

#### 5.4.1.18 deleteAA()

## 5.4.1.19 deleteAAA()

#### 5.4.1.20 deleteAAAA()

#### **5.4.1.21** draw() [1/3]

```
void Planning::draw (  \mbox{const vector} < \mbox{vector} < \mbox{Point2} < \mbox{int } > > \& \ vv, \\ \mbox{string } name \mbox{)}
```

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the points and segment taken from the parameters.

#### **Parameters**

in	vv	A vector of vector of points that will be added to the map.
in	name	The name of the window that will be created.

```
5.4.1.22 draw() [2/3]  \begin{tabular}{ll} void Planning::draw ( & const vector< vector< Configuration2< double >>> & vv, \\ & string name ) \end{tabular}
```

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the configurations and segment taken from the parameters.

#### **Parameters**

in	VV	A vector of vector of configurations that will be added to the map.
in	name	The name of the window that will be created.

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the configurations and segment taken from the parameters. Plus a set of grey points (left vector) and black points (right vector).

#### **Parameters**

in	VV	A vector of vector of configurations that will be added to the map.
in	left	A set of grey points will be added to the map.
in	right	A set of bleck points will be added to the map.
in	name	The name of the window that will be created.

#### 5.4.1.24 fromVcToPath()

```
void Planning::fromVcToPath (  \mbox{vector} < \mbox{Configuration2} < \mbox{double} >> \& \ vc, \\ \mbox{Path } \& \ path \ )
```

#### **Parameters**

in	vp	The sorce vector.
out	path	The destination path.

#### 5.4.1.25 getNPoints()

```
int Planning::getNPoints ( )
```

Get the numper of points needed for the function sampleNpoints.

#### Returns

The number of points.

#### 5.4.1.26 inter\_victims()

```
void Planning::inter_victims (  vector < vector < Configuration 2 < double >>> \& vvConfs, \\ vector < int > \& vI, \\ DubinsSet < double > \& path, \\ vector < DubinsSet < double >> & victimV )
```

## 5.4.1.27 intToVect()

Converts an integer into the vector of its digits. The result is inverse respect to the given integer.

## **Parameters**

in	С	The to split into the vector.	
out	V	The vector where the split will be saved.	

## 5.4.1.28 loadVP()

```
void Planning::loadVP (
```

```
vector< Point2< int > > & vp,
FileNode fn )
```

The function load from the given fileNode a vector of Point2<int>.

#### **Parameters**

out	vp	The location where to save the loaded vector.
in fn The file		The fileNode from which to load the vector.

## 5.4.1.29 loadVVP()

```
void Planning::loadVVP ( \label{eq:vector} \mbox{vector} < \mbox{Point2} < \mbox{int} \ > \ > \ \& \ vvp \mbox{,} FileNode fn )
```

The function load from the given fileNode a vector of vectors of Point2<int>.

#### **Parameters**

	out	vvp	The location where to save the loaded vector of vectors.
ſ	in	fn	The fileNode from which to load the vector of vectors.

#### 5.4.1.30 minPathNPoints()

```
vector< vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathNPoints ( const vector< Point2< int > > & vp, const bool angle )
```

Given couples of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

The function is based on a Breadth-first search (BFS).

#### **Parameters**

in	p0	The source point.	
in	p1	The destination point.	
in	angle	It is a boolean flag that says if (for the first segment) call the angle version of the minPath or not.	

#### Returns

A vector of vector of points along the path (one for each cell of the grid of the map). Each vector is the best path for one connection, given n points there are n-1 connections.

#### 5.4.1.31 minPathNPointsWithChoice()

```
vector< vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathNPointsWithChoice ( const vector< Point2< int > > & vp, const double bonus, const bool angle)
```

Given couples of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

The function is based on a Breadth-first search (BFS). In addittion, the function considered the bonus choose if it is convinient to collect all the victims or only some of them, the bonus is given for each saved victim.

#### **Parameters**

in	vp	The n points that need to be connected.
in	bonus	It is the time in second as reward for each victim saved.
in	angle	It is a boolean flag that says if (for the segment starting from the robot) call the angle version of the minPath or not.

#### Returns

A vector of vector of points along the path (one for each cell of the grid of the map). Each vector is the best path for one connection, given n points there are n-1 connections.

## 5.4.1.32 minPathTwoPoints()

Given a couple of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

The function is based on a Breadth-first search (BFS).

#### **Parameters**

in	p0	The source point.	
in	p1	The destination point.	
in	angle	It is a boolean flag that says if call the angle version of the minPath or not.	

## Returns

A vector of points along the path (one for each cell of the grid of the map).

#### 5.4.1.33 minPathTwoPointsInternal()

Given a couple of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

The function is based on a Breadth-first search (BFS).

#### **Parameters**

in	startP	The source point.	
in	endP	The destination point.	
in	distances	A matrix that is needed to store the distances of the visited cells.	
in	parents	A matrix that is needed to store the parent of each cell (AKA the one that have discovered that cell with the minimum distance).	

#### Returns

A vector of points along the path (one for each cell of the grid of the map).

#### 5.4.1.34 minPathTwoPointsInternalAngles()

## 5.4.1.35 plan\_dubins()

Function to compute Dubins between the various points in the path.

in start Configuration2 that is the starting configuration.		start	Configuration2 that is the starting configuration.
		[in/out]	vvConfs Vector of vectors of Configuration2 that are the points of the path.

#### 5.4.1.36 planning()

The function plan a route from the actual position of the robot up to the final gate through all the victims.

All the data about the objects are loaded from the files previously saved. Then a Mapp is created and on that structure, thanks to a minPath function and a lot of dubin curves, the best route is computed.

#### **Parameters**

Ī	in	img	It is a raw image of the scene that will be used from the localize function to find the starting sta	
			of the robot.	

#### Returns

Two elements are returned: a pointer to the Mapp where all data are stored and a vector of points placed on the computed route.

## **5.4.1.37** resetDistanceMap() [1/2]

It reset, to the given value, the matrix of distances given, to compute again the minPath search.

#### **Parameters**

out	distances	It is the array that need to be initialized.
in	value	The value to be set.

## 5.4.1.38 resetDistanceMap() [2/2]

It reset, to the given value, the matrix of distances given, to compute again the minPath search.

#### **Parameters**

out	distances	It is the array that need to be initialized.
in	value	The value to be set.

#### **5.4.1.39** sampleNPoints() [1/2]

```
vector< Point2< int >> Planning::sampleNPoints ( const vector< vector< Point2< int >> & vvp, const int n )
```

It extracts from the given vector of vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one of each vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	n	The n number of points to sample.
in	points	The vector of vector of points to be selected.

#### Returns

The vector containing the subset of n points.

## **5.4.1.40** sampleNPoints() [2/2]

```
vector< Point2< int > > Planning::sampleNPoints ( const vector< Point2< int > > & points, const int n)
```

It extracts from the given vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one.

#### **Parameters**

in	n	The number of points to select exept the extremes, it must be greater or equal than 2.	
in	points	The vector of points to be selected.	

#### Returns

The vector containing the subset of n points.

#### 5.4.1.41 samplePointsEachNCells()

```
vector< Point2< int > > Planning::samplePointsEachNCells ( const vector< Point2< int > > & points, const int step )
```

It extracts from the given vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	step	The distance (counted as cells) from the previous to the next cell, it must but >=2 to have a	
			reason.	
ĺ	in	points	The vector of points to be selected.	

#### Returns

The vector containing the subset of points, each step cells.

#### 5.4.1.42 start\_end\_dubins()

#### 5.4.1.43 victims\_dubins()

#### 5.4.1.44 vvCtovC()

```
\label{lem:configuration2} $$ \ensuremath{\sf vector}$<$$ \ensuremath{\sf Configuration2}$< double $> > vv $$ )
```

#### 5.4.1.45 vvvCtovC()

```
\label{lem:configuration2} $$ \ensuremath{\sf vector}$ < $$ \ensuremath{\sf Configuration2}$ < $$ \ensuremath{\sf configuration2}$ < $$ \ensuremath{\sf double}$ > > > $$ \ensuremath{\sf vvv}$ > > $$ \ensuremath{\sf vvvv}$ > > $$ \ensuremath{\sf vvvvv}$ > > $$ \ensuremath{\sf vvvvvv}$ > > $$ \ensuremath{\sf vvvvvv}$ > > $$ \ensuremath{\sf vvvvvv}$ > > $$ \ensuremath{\sf v
```

## 5.4.2 Variable Documentation

## 5.4.2.1 angleRange

```
const double Planning::angleRange = 12*M_PI/180
```

#### 5.4.2.2 baseDir

```
constexpr double Planning::baseDir = -1.0 [static]
```

#### 5.4.2.3 baseDistance

```
constexpr double Planning::baseDistance = -1.0 [static]
```

#### 5.4.2.4 conf

Configuration2< double > Planning::conf

## 5.4.2.5 DEGTORAD

const double Planning::DEGTORAD

## 5.4.2.6 foundLimit

```
const int Planning::foundLimit = 20
```

#### 5.4.2.7 foundLimitAngles

```
5.4.2.0 initialDistAllowed

5.4.2.9 map

Mapp * Planning::map

5.4.2.10 nAngles

const int Planning::nAngles = 90
```

#### 5.4.2.11 nPoints

```
const int Planning::nPoints = 50 [static]
```

#### 5.4.2.12 range

```
const int Planning::range = 3
```

## 5.5 timeutils Namespace Reference

#### **Functions**

- int64\_t timespecDiff (struct timespec \*timeA\_p, struct timespec \*timeB\_p)
- double getTimeS ()

#### 5.5.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.5.1.1 getTimeS()

```
double timeutils::getTimeS ( )
```

#### 5.5.1.2 timespecDiff()

## **Chapter 6**

## **Class Documentation**

## 6.1 Angle Class Reference

This class allows to save and handle angles. It supports DEG and RAD, operations such as addition and subtraction with operators overloading, conversion from RAD to DEG and viceversa and normalization of the angle.

```
#include <maths.hh>
```

## **Public Types**

enum ANGLE\_TYPE { DEG, RAD, INVALID }

### **Public Member Functions**

• Angle ()

A void constructor to create an angle.

Angle (double \_th, ANGLE\_TYPE \_type=RAD)

This constructor takes the angle value and the type of angle and stores them. It also normalize the angle in case is above 2pi (360°) or below 0.

• double get () const

Returns the dimension of the angle.

ANGLE\_TYPE getType () const

Returns the type of the angle.

- string getTypeName () const
- template < class T >

void set (const T \_th)

Set the value of the angle.

void setType (ANGLE\_TYPE \_type)

Set the type of the angle.

• double degToRad ()

Convert and store the angle from DEG to RAD.

double radToDeg ()

Converts and stores the angle from RAD to DEG.

• double toRad () const

Converts but does not store the value of the angle from DEG to RAD.

double toDeg () const

Converts but does not store the value of the angle from RAD to DEG.

• void normalize ()

Normalize the angle, that is to set it in  $[0, 2\pi)$  or [0, 360). Moreover it check if the value is infinite or NaN. In this case the type is set to INVALID.

Angle add (const Angle phi)

Sums and angle to this one. In the process a new angle is created so normalize () is also called.

• Angle sub (const Angle phi)

Subtracts and angle to this one. In the process a new angle is created so normalize () is also called.

template < class T1 >

Angle mul (const T1 A)

Multiply and angle by a costant. In the process a new angle is created so normalize () is also called.

template<class T1 >

Angle div (const T1 A)

Divide and angle by a costant. In the process a new angle is created so normalize() is also called.

Angle copy (const Angle phi)

Copies an angle to this one. In the process a new angle is created so normalize () is also called.

- Angle operator+ (const Angle phi)
- Angle operator- (const Angle phi)
- template<class T1 >

Angle operator \* (const T1 A)

template<class T1 >

Angle operator/ (const T1 A)

- Angle operator= (const Angle phi)
- Angle operator= (const double phi)
- Angle & operator+= (const Angle phi)
- Angle & operator-= (const Angle phi)
- template < class T >

Angle & operator \*= (const T A)

• template<class T >

Angle & operator/= (const T A)

- bool equal (const Angle &phi)
- bool less (const Angle &phi)
- bool greater (const Angle &phi)
- bool operator== (const Angle &phi)
- bool operator!= (const Angle &phi)
- bool operator< (const Angle &phi)</li>
- bool operator> (const Angle &phi)
- bool operator<= (const Angle &phi)
- bool operator>= (const Angle &phi)
- · double cos () const

Compute the cosine of the angle.  $\ \ \text{Netunrs A double that is the cosine of the angle.}$ 

double sin () const

Compute the sine of the angle. \returns A double that is the sine of the angle.

· double tan () const

Compute the tangent of the angle.  $\mbox{\it Netunrs A double that is the tangent of the angle. } \\$ 

· operator int () const

Cast to int.

• operator double () const

Cast to double.

· operator float () const

Cast to float.

• operator long () const

Cast to long.

• stringstream to\_string (ANGLE\_TYPE \_type=INVALID) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

• static bool checkValue (const double th)

#### **Friends**

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &out, const Angle &data)

## 6.1.1 Detailed Description

This class allows to save and handle angles. It supports DEG and RAD, operations such as addition and subtraction with operators overloading, conversion from RAD to DEG and viceversa and normalization of the angle.

#### 6.1.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

## 6.1.2.1 ANGLE\_TYPE

```
enum Angle::ANGLE_TYPE
```

## Enumerator

DEG	
RAD	
INVALID	

## 6.1.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.1.3.1 Angle() [1/2]
Angle::Angle ( ) [inline]
```

A void constructor to create an angle.

This constructor takes the angle value and the type of angle and stores them. It also normalize the angle in case is above 2pi (360°) or below 0.

#### **Parameters**

in	_th	The dimension of the angle.
in	_type	The type of the angle.

#### 6.1.4 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.1.4.1 add()

Sums and angle to this one. In the process a new angle is created so normalize () is also called.

#### **Parameters**

in phi The angle to be summed
-------------------------------

#### **Returns**

The angle summed.

#### 6.1.4.2 checkValue()

#### 6.1.4.3 copy()

Copies an angle to this one. In the process a new angle is created so  ${\tt normalize}$  () is also called.

in	Α	The angle to be copied.

#### Returns

The new angle.

## 6.1.4.4 cos()

```
double Angle::cos ( ) const [inline]
```

Compute the cosine of the angle. \returns A double that is the cosine of the angle.

#### 6.1.4.5 degToRad()

```
double Angle::degToRad ( ) [inline]
```

Convert and store the angle from DEG to RAD.

#### Returns

The value of the angle.

#### 6.1.4.6 div()

Divide and angle by a costant. In the process a new angle is created so normalize () is also called.

## **Template Parameters**

The type of the dividend.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	The costant to use to divide.

#### Returns

The angle divided.

#### 6.1.4.7 equal()

This function takes an angle to copare, an using the equal function for doubles calculates if it is equal or not to this.

#### **Parameters**

in <i>phi</i>	The angle to compare.
---------------	-----------------------

#### Returns

true if the two angle are equal, false otherwise.

#### 6.1.4.8 get()

```
double Angle::get ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the dimension of the angle.

## 6.1.4.9 getType()

```
ANGLE_TYPE Angle::getType ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the type of the angle.

#### 6.1.4.10 getTypeName()

```
string Angle::getTypeName ( ) const [inline]
```

<Returns a string that tells the type of angle.

## 6.1.4.11 greater()

This function takes the value in radiants of an angle and compares it with this.

#### **Parameters**

in ,	phi	The angle to compare.
------	-----	-----------------------

#### Returns

true if this is more than phi, false otherwise.

## 6.1.4.12 less()

This function takes the value in radiants of an angle and compares it with this.

#### **Parameters**

```
in phi The angle to compare.
```

#### Returns

true if this is less than phi, false otherwise.

#### 6.1.4.13 mul()

Multiply and angle by a costant. In the process a new angle is created so normalize () is also called.

## **Template Parameters**

The	type of the coefficient.

#### **Parameters**

in	phi	The costant to use to multiply.

#### Returns

The angle multiplied.

#### 6.1.4.14 normalize()

```
void Angle::normalize ( ) [inline]
```

Normalize the angle, that is to set it in  $[0,2\pi)$  or [0,360). Moreover it check if the value is infinite or NaN. In this case the type is set to <code>INVALID</code>.

## 6.1.4.15 operator \*()

This function overload the operator \*. It simply calls the mul () function.

#### **Template Parameters**

The	type of the coefficient.
-----	--------------------------

#### **Parameters**

in   A   The coefficient.
---------------------------

#### Returns

The angle multiplied.

## 6.1.4.16 operator \*=()

This function overload the operator \*=. It simply calls the mul () function and then assign the result to this.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	The coefficient.

#### Returns

this.

#### 6.1.4.17 operator double()

```
Angle::operator double ( ) const [inline]
```

Cast to double.

Returns

The value in RAD of the angle casted to double

#### 6.1.4.18 operator float()

```
Angle::operator float ( ) const [inline]
```

Cast to float.

Returns

The value in RAD of the angle casted to float

#### 6.1.4.19 operator int()

```
Angle::operator int ( ) const [inline]
```

Cast to int.

Returns

The value in RAD of the angle casted to int

#### 6.1.4.20 operator long()

```
Angle::operator long ( ) const [inline]
```

Cast to long.

Returns

The value in RAD of the angle casted to long

## 6.1.4.21 operator"!=()

This function overload the operator ==. It simply calls the equal () function.

#### **Parameters**

in phi The second angle	<del>)</del> .
-------------------------	----------------

#### Returns

true if the two angle are equal, false otherwise.

This function overload the operator ==. It simply calls the equal () function and negates it.

#### **Parameters**

in	phi	The second angle.
----	-----	-------------------

#### Returns

false if the two angle are equal, true otherwise.

## 6.1.4.22 operator+()

This function overload the operator +. It simply calls the add () function.

#### **Parameters**

in	phi	The angle to be summed.

## Returns

The angle summed.

## 6.1.4.23 operator+=()

This function overload the operator +=. It simply calls the add () function and then assign the result to this.

in	phi	The angle to be summed.

#### Returns

this.

## 6.1.4.24 operator-()

This function overload the operator -. It simply calls the sub () function.

#### **Parameters**

in	phi	The angle to be subtracted.
----	-----	-----------------------------

#### Returns

The angle subtracted.

## 6.1.4.25 operator-=()

This function overload the operator -=. It simply calls the sub () function and then assign the result to this.

#### **Parameters**

```
in phi The angle to be subtracted.
```

## Returns

this.

## 6.1.4.26 operator/()

This function overload the operator /. It simply calls the  ${\tt div}$  () function.

## **Template Parameters**

The	type of the dividend.
-----	-----------------------

#### **Parameters**

```
in A The dividend.
```

#### Returns

The angle divided.

#### 6.1.4.27 operator/=()

This function overload the operator /=. It simply calls the  ${\tt div}$  () function and then assign the result to this.

#### **Parameters**

```
in A The dividend.
```

#### Returns

this.

## 6.1.4.28 operator<()

#### 6.1.4.29 operator<=()

## **6.1.4.30** operator=() [1/2]

This function overload the operator =. It simply calls the copy () function.

#### **Parameters**

in	phi	The angle to be copied.
----	-----	-------------------------

#### Returns

The new angle.

#### **6.1.4.31** operator=() [2/2]

#### 6.1.4.32 operator==()

This function overload the operator ==. It simply calls the equal () function.

#### **Parameters**

in <i>phi</i>	The second angle.
---------------	-------------------

## Returns

 $\verb|true| if the two angle are equal|, \verb|false| otherwise|.$ 

## 6.1.4.33 operator>()

## 6.1.4.34 operator>=()

## 6.1.4.35 radToDeg()

```
double Angle::radToDeg ( ) [inline]
```

Converts and stores the angle from RAD to DEG.

## Returns

The value of the angle.

## 6.1.4.36 set()

Set the value of the angle.

## **Template Parameters**

T | The programming type for the value to be stored. It's then cast to double.

#### **Parameters**

in	$\leftarrow$	The dimension of the angle to be stored.
	_←	
	th	

## 6.1.4.37 setType()

Set the type of the angle.

in	$\leftarrow$	The type of the angle to be stored.
	_← th	

#### 6.1.4.38 sin()

```
double Angle::sin ( ) const [inline]
```

Compute the sine of the angle. \returns A double that is the sine of the angle.

#### 6.1.4.39 sub()

Subtracts and angle to this one. In the process a new angle is created so normalize () is also called.

#### **Parameters**

in	phi	The angle to be subtracted.	
----	-----	-----------------------------	--

#### Returns

The angle subtracted.

#### 6.1.4.40 tan()

```
double Angle::tan ( ) const [inline]
```

Compute the tangent of the angle. \returns A double that is the tangent of the angle.

## 6.1.4.41 to\_string()

This function create a strinstream object containing the most essential info, that is the dimension and the type of angle.

in	The	type of values to be printed. Default is set to INVALID and it'll print the data of the Angle a	
		was saved.	

#### Returns

A string stream.

## 6.1.4.42 toDeg()

```
double Angle::toDeg ( ) const [inline]
```

Converts but does not store the value of the angle from RAD to DEG.

#### Returns

The value of the angle

## 6.1.4.43 toRad()

```
double Angle::toRad ( ) const [inline]
```

Converts but does not store the value of the angle from DEG to RAD.

#### Returns

The value of the angle

#### 6.1.5 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 6.1.5.1 operator <<

This function overload the << operator so to print with std::cout the most essential info, that is the dimension and the type of angle.

in	out	The out stream.
in	data	The angle to print.

#### Returns

An output stream to be printed.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

src/include/maths.hh

## 6.2 CalSettings Class Reference

```
#include <calibration.hh>
```

## **Public Types**

- enum Pattern { NOT\_EXISTING =0, CHESSBOARD =1 }
- enum InputType { INVALID =0, IMAGE\_LIST =3 }

## **Public Member Functions**

· CalSettings ()

Constructor that sets goodInput to false.

void write (FileStorage &fs) const

Write serialization.

• void read (const FileNode &node)

Read serialization.

• void validate ()

This function validate the content of the file.

· Mat nextImage ()

Get next image from list.

## **Static Public Member Functions**

• static bool readStringList (const string &filename, vector< string > &I)

Read from file a list of images.

• static bool isListOflmages (const string &filename)

Check if the file from which is trying to retrive a list is a valid format (xml or yaml).

#### **Public Attributes**

Size boardSize

The size of the board -> Number of items by width and height.

Pattern calibrationPattern = CHESSBOARD

One of the Chessboard, circles, or asymmetric circle pattern.

float squareSize

The size of a square in your defined unit (point, millimeter,etc).

· int nrFrames

The number of frames to use from the input for calibration.

float aspectRatio

The aspect ratio.

· int delay

In case of a video input.

bool writePoints

Write detected feature points.

· bool writeExtrinsics

Write extrinsic parameters.

· bool calibZeroTangentDist

Assume zero tangential distortion.

· bool calibFixPrincipalPoint

Fix the principal point at the center.

bool flipVertical

Flip the captured images around the horizontal axis.

· string outputFileName

The name of the file where to write.

· bool showUndistorsed

Show undistorted images after calibration.

string input

The input.

• bool useFisheye = false

use fisheye camera model for calibration

bool fixK1

fix K1 distortion coefficient

bool fixK2

fix K2 distortion coefficient

bool fixK3

fix K3 distortion coefficient

· bool fixK4

fix K4 distortion coefficient

• bool fixK5

fix K5 distortion coefficient

- int cameralD
- vector< string > imageList
- size\_t atlmageList
- VideoCapture inputCapture
- InputType inputType = IMAGE\_LIST
- bool goodInput
- int flag

## 6.2.1 Member Enumeration Documentation

## 6.2.1.1 InputType

```
enum CalSettings::InputType
```

#### Enumerator

INVALID	
IMAGE_LIST	

## 6.2.1.2 Pattern

```
enum CalSettings::Pattern
```

#### Enumerator

NOT_EXISTING	
CHESSBOARD	

## 6.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 6.2.2.1 CalSettings()

```
CalSettings::CalSettings ( ) [inline]
```

Constructor that sets goodInput to false.

## 6.2.3 Member Function Documentation

## 6.2.3.1 isListOfImages()

Check if the file from which is trying to retrive a list is a valid format (xml or yaml).

#### **Parameters**

in filename	The name of the file to check for validity.
-------------	---

#### Returns

false is the file is not xml or yaml true otherwise.

## 6.2.3.2 nextImage()

```
Mat CalSettings::nextImage ( )
```

Get next image from list.

#### Returns

A matrix containing the next image to consider.

#### 6.2.3.3 read()

Read serialization.

This function read data from a file and stores each node in their corresponding variables.

#### **Parameters**

in	node	The node of the file to consider.
----	------	-----------------------------------

## 6.2.3.4 readStringList()

Read from file a list of images.

#### **Parameters**

	in	filename	The name of the file from which to read.
Γ	out	1	A vector which will contain the names of the file from the list.

#### Returns

false if the file could not be opened or if the file doesn't contain a list true otherwise.

#### 6.2.3.5 validate()

```
void CalSettings::validate ( )
```

This function validate the content of the file.

Even though this function doesn't return anything nor has any parameters for output, it sets a variable of the CalSettings class, that is <code>googInput</code>, to <code>false</code> if some infos were wrong. <code>true</code> otherwise. The options it takes in consideration are the following:

- · Size must be positive.
- Cells must be greater than  $10^{-6}$ .
- The number of frames considered, that is images, must be greater than 0.
- Check for valid input, that is a valid list of images.
- · Else a list of image is being used.
- Check the field pattern: if it doesn't correspond to a known one than it's invalid.

#### 6.2.3.6 write()

Write serialization.

This function write data to a file.

in fs The filename where to	write.
-----------------------------	--------

## 6.2.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.2.4.1 aspectRatio

float CalSettings::aspectRatio

The aspect ratio.

## 6.2.4.2 atlmageList

size\_t CalSettings::atImageList

#### 6.2.4.3 boardSize

Size CalSettings::boardSize

The size of the board -> Number of items by width and height.

## 6.2.4.4 calibFixPrincipalPoint

bool CalSettings::calibFixPrincipalPoint

Fix the principal point at the center.

### 6.2.4.5 calibrationPattern

Pattern CalSettings::calibrationPattern = CHESSBOARD

One of the Chessboard, circles, or asymmetric circle pattern.

## 6.2.4.6 calibZeroTangentDist

bool CalSettings::calibZeroTangentDist

Assume zero tangential distortion.

# 6.2.4.7 cameralD int CalSettings::cameraID 6.2.4.8 delay int CalSettings::delay In case of a video input. 6.2.4.9 fixK1 bool CalSettings::fixK1 fix K1 distortion coefficient 6.2.4.10 fixK2 bool CalSettings::fixK2 fix K2 distortion coefficient 6.2.4.11 fixK3 bool CalSettings::fixK3 fix K3 distortion coefficient 6.2.4.12 fixK4

#### Generated by Doxygen

bool CalSettings::fixK4

fix K4 distortion coefficient

# 6.2.4.13 fixK5 bool CalSettings::fixK5 fix K5 distortion coefficient 6.2.4.14 flag int CalSettings::flag 6.2.4.15 flipVertical $\verb|bool CalSettings::flipVertical|\\$ Flip the captured images around the horizontal axis. 6.2.4.16 goodInput bool CalSettings::goodInput 6.2.4.17 imageList vector<string> CalSettings::imageList 6.2.4.18 input string CalSettings::input The input. 6.2.4.19 inputCapture

VideoCapture CalSettings::inputCapture

#### 6.2.4.20 inputType

```
InputType CalSettings::inputType = IMAGE_LIST
```

## 6.2.4.21 nrFrames

```
int CalSettings::nrFrames
```

The number of frames to use from the input for calibration.

## 6.2.4.22 outputFileName

string CalSettings::outputFileName

The name of the file where to write.

#### 6.2.4.23 showUndistorsed

bool CalSettings::showUndistorsed

Show undistorted images after calibration.

#### 6.2.4.24 squareSize

```
float CalSettings::squareSize
```

The size of a square in your defined unit (point, millimeter,etc).

## 6.2.4.25 useFisheye

bool CalSettings::useFisheye = false

use fisheye camera model for calibration

#### 6.2.4.26 writeExtrinsics

```
bool CalSettings::writeExtrinsics
```

Write extrinsic parameters.

#### 6.2.4.27 writePoints

```
bool CalSettings::writePoints
```

Write detected feature points.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/calibration.hh
- src/calibration.cc

## 6.3 CameraCapture Class Reference

```
#include <camera_capture.hh>
```

Inherits VideoCapture.

#### **Classes**

struct input\_options\_t

Structure for store the input option for the class CameraCapture.

#### **Public Member Functions**

- CameraCapture (input\_options\_t options)
- bool grab (cv::Mat &img, double &timestamp)
- bool isOpened ()
- bool isAlive ()
- ∼CameraCapture ()
- bool startCamera ()
- bool loadCoefficients (std::string const &filename)

## 6.3.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 6.3.1.1 CameraCapture()

Initializer of the camera capture class

**Parameters** 

```
options for the class
```

Returns

6.3.1.2 ∼CameraCapture()

```
{\tt CameraCapture::}{\sim}{\tt CameraCapture~(~)}
```

release the resource

### 6.3.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.3.2.1 grab()

Grab the first frame available and store it in frame variable

Returns

success if a frame is grabbed, false if not

### 6.3.2.2 isAlive()

```
bool CameraCapture::isAlive ( )
```

Check if the videostream is alive

Returns

true if open, false if not

### 6.3.2.3 isOpened()

```
bool CameraCapture::isOpened ( )
```

Check if the videostream is opened

Returns

true if open, false if not

### 6.3.2.4 loadCoefficients()

### 6.3.2.5 startCamera()

```
bool CameraCapture::startCamera ( )
```

get time in ns

Returns

time in ns

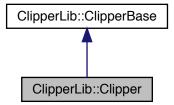
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/camera\_capture.hh
- src/camera\_capture.cc

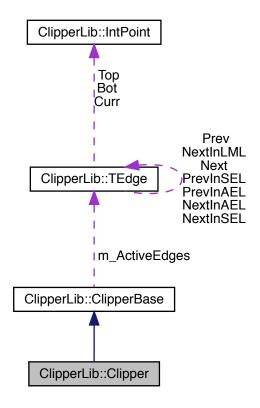
# 6.4 ClipperLib::Clipper Class Reference

```
#include <clipper.hh>
```

Inheritance diagram for ClipperLib::Clipper:



Collaboration diagram for ClipperLib::Clipper:



### **Public Member Functions**

- Clipper (int initOptions=0)
- bool Execute (ClipType clipType, Paths &solution, PolyFillType fillType=pftEvenOdd)
- bool Execute (ClipType clipType, Paths &solution, PolyFillType subjFillType, PolyFillType clipFillType)
- bool Execute (ClipType clipType, PolyTree &polytree, PolyFillType fillType=pftEvenOdd)
- bool Execute (ClipType clipType, PolyTree &polytree, PolyFillType subjFillType, PolyFillType clipFillType)
- bool ReverseSolution ()
- void ReverseSolution (bool value)
- bool StrictlySimple ()
- void StrictlySimple (bool value)

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• virtual bool ExecuteInternal ()

### **Additional Inherited Members**

### 6.4.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 6.4.1.1 Clipper()

```
ClipperLib::Clipper::Clipper (
    int initOptions = 0 )
```

#### 6.4.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.4.2.1 Execute() [1/4]
bool ClipperLib::Clipper::Execute (
             ClipType clipType,
             Paths & solution,
             PolyFillType fillType = pftEvenOdd )
6.4.2.2 Execute() [2/4]
bool ClipperLib::Clipper::Execute (
             ClipType clipType,
             Paths & solution,
             PolyFillType subjFillType,
             PolyFillType clipFillType )
6.4.2.3 Execute() [3/4]
bool ClipperLib::Clipper::Execute (
             ClipType clipType,
             PolyTree & polytree,
             PolyFillType fillType = pftEvenOdd )
6.4.2.4 Execute() [4/4]
bool ClipperLib::Clipper::Execute (
             ClipType clipType,
             PolyTree & polytree,
             PolyFillType subjFillType,
             PolyFillType clipFillType )
```

### 6.4.2.5 ExecuteInternal()

```
bool ClipperLib::Clipper::ExecuteInternal ( ) [protected], [virtual]
6.4.2.6 ReverseSolution() [1/2]
bool ClipperLib::Clipper::ReverseSolution ( ) [inline]
6.4.2.7 ReverseSolution() [2/2]
\verb"void ClipperLib::Clipper::ReverseSolution" (
            bool value ) [inline]
6.4.2.8 StrictlySimple() [1/2]
bool ClipperLib::Clipper::StrictlySimple ( ) [inline]
6.4.2.9 StrictlySimple() [2/2]
void ClipperLib::Clipper::StrictlySimple (
            bool value ) [inline]
```

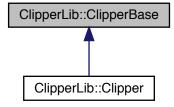
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/clipper.hh
- src/clipper.cc

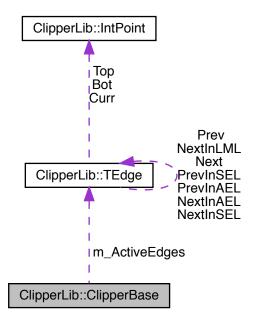
# 6.5 ClipperLib::ClipperBase Class Reference

#include <clipper.hh>

Inheritance diagram for ClipperLib::ClipperBase:



Collaboration diagram for ClipperLib::ClipperBase:



### **Public Member Functions**

- ClipperBase ()
- virtual ∼ClipperBase ()
- virtual bool AddPath (const Path &pg, PolyType PolyTyp, bool Closed)

- bool AddPaths (const Paths &ppg, PolyType PolyTyp, bool Closed)
- virtual void Clear ()
- IntRect GetBounds ()
- bool PreserveCollinear ()
- void PreserveCollinear (bool value)

### **Protected Types**

- typedef std::vector< LocalMinimum > MinimaList
- typedef std::priority\_queue < cInt > ScanbeamList

#### **Protected Member Functions**

- void DisposeLocalMinimaList ()
- TEdge \* AddBoundsToLML (TEdge \*e, bool IsClosed)
- virtual void Reset ()
- TEdge \* ProcessBound (TEdge \*E, bool IsClockwise)
- void InsertScanbeam (const clnt Y)
- bool PopScanbeam (cInt &Y)
- bool LocalMinimaPending ()
- bool PopLocalMinima (cInt Y, const LocalMinimum \*&locMin)
- OutRec \* CreateOutRec ()
- void DisposeAllOutRecs ()
- void DisposeOutRec (PolyOutList::size\_type index)
- void SwapPositionsInAEL (TEdge \*edge1, TEdge \*edge2)
- void DeleteFromAEL (TEdge \*e)
- void UpdateEdgeIntoAEL (TEdge \*&e)

### **Protected Attributes**

- MinimaList::iterator m CurrentLM
- · MinimaList m MinimaList
- bool m\_UseFullRange
- EdgeList m\_edges
- bool m\_PreserveCollinear
- bool m\_HasOpenPaths
- PolyOutList m\_PolyOuts
- TEdge \* m\_ActiveEdges
- ScanbeamList m\_Scanbeam

### 6.5.1 Member Typedef Documentation

#### 6.5.1.1 MinimaList

typedef std::vector<LocalMinimum> ClipperLib::ClipperBase::MinimaList [protected]

```
6.5.1.2 ScanbeamList
```

```
typedef std::priority_queue<cInt> ClipperLib::ClipperBase::ScanbeamList [protected]
```

#### 6.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.5.2.1 ClipperBase()
```

```
ClipperLib::ClipperBase::ClipperBase ( )
```

### 6.5.2.2 ∼ClipperBase()

```
ClipperLib::ClipperBase::~ClipperBase ( ) [virtual]
```

### 6.5.3 Member Function Documentation

### 6.5.3.1 AddBoundsToLML()

### 6.5.3.2 AddPath()

### 6.5.3.3 AddPaths()

```
6.5.3.4 Clear()
void ClipperLib::ClipperBase::Clear ( ) [virtual]
6.5.3.5 CreateOutRec()
OutRec * ClipperLib::ClipperBase::CreateOutRec ( ) [protected]
6.5.3.6 DeleteFromAEL()
void ClipperLib::ClipperBase::DeleteFromAEL (
             TEdge * e ) [protected]
6.5.3.7 DisposeAllOutRecs()
void ClipperLib::ClipperBase::DisposeAllOutRecs ( ) [protected]
6.5.3.8 DisposeLocalMinimaList()
void ClipperLib::ClipperBase::DisposeLocalMinimaList ( ) [protected]
6.5.3.9 DisposeOutRec()
void ClipperLib::ClipperBase::DisposeOutRec (
             PolyOutList::size_type index ) [protected]
6.5.3.10 GetBounds()
IntRect ClipperLib::ClipperBase::GetBounds ( )
```

```
6.5.3.11 InsertScanbeam()
```

```
void ClipperLib::ClipperBase::InsertScanbeam (
            const cInt Y ) [protected]
6.5.3.12 LocalMinimaPending()
bool ClipperLib::ClipperBase::LocalMinimaPending ( ) [protected]
6.5.3.13 PopLocalMinima()
bool ClipperLib::ClipperBase::PopLocalMinima (
             const LocalMinimum *& locMin ) [protected]
6.5.3.14 PopScanbeam()
bool ClipperLib::ClipperBase::PopScanbeam (
             cInt & Y ) [protected]
6.5.3.15 PreserveCollinear() [1/2]
bool ClipperLib::ClipperBase::PreserveCollinear ( ) [inline]
6.5.3.16 PreserveCollinear() [2/2]
void ClipperLib::ClipperBase::PreserveCollinear (
             bool value ) [inline]
6.5.3.17 ProcessBound()
TEdge * ClipperLib::ClipperBase::ProcessBound (
             TEdge * E,
             \verb|bool| IsClockwise|) | [\verb|protected|] \\
```

```
6.5.3.18 Reset()
```

```
void ClipperLib::ClipperBase::Reset ( ) [protected], [virtual]
```

### 6.5.3.19 SwapPositionsInAEL()

### 6.5.3.20 UpdateEdgeIntoAEL()

#### 6.5.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.5.4.1 m\_ActiveEdges

```
TEdge* ClipperLib::ClipperBase::m_ActiveEdges [protected]
```

### 6.5.4.2 m\_CurrentLM

```
\label{limit} {\tt MinimaList::iterator~ClipperLib::ClipperBase::m\_CurrentLM} \quad [protected]
```

### 6.5.4.3 m\_edges

```
EdgeList ClipperLib::ClipperBase::m_edges [protected]
```

### 6.5.4.4 m\_HasOpenPaths

```
bool ClipperLib::ClipperBase::m_HasOpenPaths [protected]
```

#### 6.5.4.5 m\_MinimaList

```
MinimaList ClipperLib::ClipperBase::m_MinimaList [protected]
```

### 6.5.4.6 m\_PolyOuts

```
PolyOutList ClipperLib::ClipperBase::m_PolyOuts [protected]
```

### 6.5.4.7 m\_PreserveCollinear

```
bool ClipperLib::ClipperBase::m_PreserveCollinear [protected]
```

#### 6.5.4.8 m\_Scanbeam

```
ScanbeamList ClipperLib::ClipperBase::m_Scanbeam [protected]
```

### 6.5.4.9 m\_UseFullRange

```
bool ClipperLib::ClipperBase::m_UseFullRange [protected]
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/clipper.hh
- src/clipper.cc

# 6.6 ClipperLib::clipperException Class Reference

```
#include <clipper.hh>
```

Inherits exception.

### **Public Member Functions**

- clipperException (const char \*description)
- virtual ∼clipperException () throw ()
- virtual const char \* what () const throw ()

#### 6.6.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 6.6.1.1 clipperException()

#### 6.6.1.2 ∼clipperException()

```
virtual ClipperLib::clipperException::~clipperException ( ) throw ( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

#### 6.6.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.6.2.1 what()

```
virtual const char* ClipperLib::clipperException::what ( ) const throw ( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/include/clipper.hh

# 6.7 ClipperLib::ClipperOffset Class Reference

```
#include <clipper.hh>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- ClipperOffset (double miterLimit=2.0, double roundPrecision=0.25)
- ∼ClipperOffset ()
- void AddPath (const Path &path, JoinType joinType, EndType endType)
- void AddPaths (const Paths &paths, JoinType joinType, EndType endType)
- void Execute (Paths &solution, double delta)
- void Execute (PolyTree &solution, double delta)
- void Clear ()

### **Public Attributes**

- double MiterLimit
- double ArcTolerance

### 6.7.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.7.1.1 ClipperOffset()
```

### 6.7.1.2 ∼ClipperOffset()

```
ClipperLib::ClipperOffset::~ClipperOffset ( )
```

### 6.7.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.7.2.1 AddPath()

### 6.7.2.2 AddPaths()

## 6.7.2.3 Clear()

```
void ClipperLib::ClipperOffset::Clear ( )
```

# 

double *delta* )

### 6.7.3 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.7.3.1 ArcTolerance

```
double ClipperLib::ClipperOffset::ArcTolerance
```

### 6.7.3.2 MiterLimit

```
double ClipperLib::ClipperOffset::MiterLimit
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/clipper.hh
- src/clipper.cc

# 6.8 Configuration2 < T1 > Class Template Reference

This class stores a configuration, that is a point and an angle.

```
#include <maths.hh>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Configuration2 ()

Default constructor that use as point (0,0) and as angle 0 RAD.

Configuration2 (const T1 \_x, const T1 \_y, const Angle \_th)

Default constructor that takes the coordinates, the angle, and stores them.

Configuration2 (const Point2 < T1 > P, const Angle \_th)

Default constructor that takes the point, the angle, and stores them.

template < class T2 >

```
Configuration2 (const Point2 < T2 > P, const Angle _th)
```

Default constructor that takes the point, the angle, and stores them.

- Point2< T1 > point () const
- T1 x () const
- T1 y () const
- Angle angle () const
- int x (const T1 \_x)

This function stores a new value for the abscissa.

int y (const T1 y)

This function stores a new value for the ordinate.

void angle (const Angle \_th)

This function stores a new value for the angle.

template < class T2 >

```
int offset (const T2 _offset, const Angle phi, const Angle _th)
```

This function compute the offset of the point given a vector, that is the length of the vector and its angle. The angle must be an Angle variable. It takes also another Angle to change the Angle in the configuration.

int offset (Configuration2< T1 > p)

This function compute the offset of the point given another Configuration2.

int offset (Point2< T1 > p, const Angle \_th=Angle())

This function compute the offset of the point given a <code>Point2</code> containing the offsets for the abscissa and the ordinate and an <code>Angle</code> to change the <code>Angle</code> in the configuration.

int offset\_x (const T1 \_offset)

Function to add an offset to the abscissa.

• int offset\_y (const Angle \_offset)

Function to add an offset to the ordinate.

void offset\_angle (const Angle \_th)

Function to add an offset to the angle.

template < class T2 >

```
Tuple < double > distance (Configuration2 < T2 > B, DISTANCE TYPE dist type=EUCLIDEAN)
```

Wrapper to compute different distances. \tag{tparan T2 The type of the elements in the second Configuration2.}

template < class T2 >

```
Tuple < double > EuDistance (Configuration2 < T2 > B)
```

Function that compute the Euclidean Distance between two configurations. \tparan T2 The type of the elements in the second Configuration2.

template < class T2 >

```
Tuple < double > MaDistance (Configuration2 < T2 > B)
```

Function that compute the Manhattan Distance between two configurations. \tag{tparan T2 The type of the elements in the second Configuration2.}

• stringstream to\_string () const

Function to create a stringstream containing the detail of the configuration.

template < class T2 >

```
operator Point2< T2 > () const
```

Cast of Configuration to Point2.

• Configuration2< T1 > copy (const Configuration2< T1 > &A)

Copy a configuration into another one.

Configuration2< T1 > operator= (const Configuration2< T1 > &A)

Overload of the = operatore. Just calls copy.

bool equal (const Configuration2< T1 > &A)

Equalize two configurations.

bool operator== (const Configuration2< T1 > &A)

Overload of the == operator. Just calls equal.

• bool operator!= (const Configuration2< T1 > &A)

Overload of the != operator. Just calls equal and negates it.

- operator Point2< T1 > ()
- template<class T2 >

operator Configuration2< T2 > () const

• void invert ()

Invert the x and y of the point, and even the angle of the configuration.

### **Friends**

ostream & operator << (ostream &out, const Configuration2 < T1 > &data)
 Overload of operator << to output the content of a Configuration2.</li>

### 6.8.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T1> class Configuration2< T1>
```

This class stores a configuration, that is a point and an angle.

**Template Parameters** 

```
T1 The type of the coordinates.
```

#### 6.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### **6.8.2.1 Configuration2()** [1/4]

```
template<class T1>
Configuration2< T1 >::Configuration2 ( ) [inline]
```

Default constructor that use as point (0,0) and as angle 0 RAD.

### 6.8.2.2 Configuration2() [2/4]

Default constructor that takes the coordinates, the angle, and stores them.

#### **Parameters**

in	$\leftarrow$	The abscissa coordinate.
	_←	
	X	
in	$\leftarrow$	The ordinate coordinate.
	_←	
	У	
in	$\leftarrow$	The angle.
	_~	
	th	

### **6.8.2.3 Configuration2()** [3/4]

Default constructor that takes the point, the angle, and stores them.

### **Parameters**

in	Р	The coordinates.
in	$\leftarrow$	The angle.
	_← th	

### **6.8.2.4** Configuration2() [4/4]

Default constructor that takes the point, the angle, and stores them.

### **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

in	Р	The coordinates.
in	$\leftarrow$	The angle.
	_← th	

### 6.8.3 Member Function Documentation

```
6.8.3.1 angle() [1/2]
```

```
template<class T1>
Angle Configuration2< T1 >::angle ( ) const [inline]
```

### Returns

The angle.

```
6.8.3.2 angle() [2/2]
```

This function stores a new value for the angle.

#### **Parameters**

in	$\leftarrow$	The value to be stored.
	_←	
	th	

### Returns

1 if everything went ok, 0 otherwise.

#### 6.8.3.3 copy()

Copy a configuration into another one.

### **Parameters**

in A Configuration to	o be coppied.
-----------------------	---------------

#### Returns

this.

### 6.8.3.4 distance()

 $\label{thm:compute} Wrapper\ to\ compute\ different\ distances.\ \ \ \ \ \ T2\ The\ type\ of\ the\ elements\ in\ the\ second\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ Configuration 2.$ 

# Parameters

in	В	The second Configuration2 to use for computing the distance.
in	dist	The type of distance to be computed.

### Returns

The distance between the two configurations.

### 6.8.3.5 equal()

Equalize two configurations.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Configuration to be equalized.
----	---	--------------------------------

### Returns

true if the two configurations are equal.

#### 6.8.3.6 EuDistance()

Function that compute the Euclidean Distance between two configurations. \tparan T2 The type of the elements in the second Configuration2.

#### **Parameters**

```
in B the second Configuration2 to use for computing the distance.
```

### Returns

The Euclidean distance between the two configurations.

### 6.8.3.7 invert()

```
template<class T1>
void Configuration2< T1 >::invert ( ) [inline]
```

Invert the x and y of the point, and even the angle of the configuration.

### 6.8.3.8 MaDistance()

Function that compute the Manhattan Distance between two configurations.  $\t T2$  The type of the elements in the second  $\t Configuration 2$ .

#### **Parameters**

in B the second Configuration2 to use for computing the distance.

### Returns

The Manhattan distance between the two configurations.

This function compute the offset of the point given a vector, that is the length of the vector and its angle. The angle must be an Angle variable. It takes also another Angle to change the Angle in the configuration.

#### **Template Parameters**

This function compute the offset of the point given another Configuration2.

### **Parameters**

in p The configuration containing the offsets.

#### Returns

1 if everything went fine, 0 otherwise.

```
6.8.3.11 offset() [3/3]

template<class T1>
int Configuration2< T1 >::offset (
```

```
Point2< T1 > p,
const Angle _th = Angle() ) [inline]
```

This function compute the offset of the point given a Point2 containing the offsets for the abscissa and the ordinate and an Angle to change the Angle in the configuration.

#### **Parameters**

in	р	The point containing the offsets.
in	$\leftarrow$	The offset for the Angle in the configuration. It's set to 0 as default so to easily change just the
	_←	coordinates.
	th	

### Returns

1 if everything went fine, 0 otherwise.

#### 6.8.3.12 offset\_angle()

Function to add an offset to the angle.

#### **Parameters**

in	_offset	The offset.

#### Returns

1 if everything went fine, 0 otherwise.

### 6.8.3.13 offset\_x()

Function to add an offset to the abscissa.

### **Parameters**

in	_offset	The offset.

#### Returns

1 if everything went fine, 0 otherwise.

### 6.8.3.14 offset\_y()

Function to add an offset to the ordinate.

#### **Parameters**

```
in _offset The offset.
```

#### Returns

1 if everything went fine, 0 otherwise.

### 6.8.3.15 operator Configuration2 < T2 >()

```
template<class T1>
template<class T2 >
Configuration2< T1 >::operator Configuration2< T2 > ( ) const [inline]
```

#### 6.8.3.16 operator Point2< T1 >()

```
template<class T1>
Configuration2< T1 >::operator Point2< T1 > ( ) [inline]
```

### 6.8.3.17 operator Point2 < T2 >()

```
template<class T1>
template<class T2 >
Configuration2< T1 >::operator Point2< T2 > ( ) const [inline]
```

Cast of Configuration to Point2.

### **Template Parameters**

```
T2 Type of Point2 to be casted to.
```

#### Returns

A Point2 of type T2.

### 6.8.3.18 operator"!=()

Overload of the != operator. Just calls equal and negates it.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Configuration to be equalized.
----	---	--------------------------------

#### Returns

true if the two configurations are different, false otherwise.

#### 6.8.3.19 operator=()

Overload of the = operatore. Just calls copy.

### **Parameters**

in   A   Configuration to be coppied.
---------------------------------------

### Returns

this.

#### 6.8.3.20 operator==()

Overload of the == operator. Just calls equal.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Configuration to be equalized.
----	---	--------------------------------

#### Returns

true if the two configurations are equal.

#### 6.8.3.21 point()

```
template<class T1>
Point2<T1> Configuration2< T1 >::point ( ) const [inline]
```

#### Returns

A Point 2 variable containing the coordinates.

### 6.8.3.22 to\_string()

```
template<class T1>
stringstream Configuration2< T1 >::to_string ( ) const [inline]
```

Function to create a stringstream containing the detail of the configuration.

#### Returns

A stringstream.

```
6.8.3.23 x() [1/2]

template<class T1>
T1 Configuration2< T1 >::x ( ) const [inline]
```

#### Returns

The abscissa coordinate.

This function stores a new value for the abscissa.

### **Parameters**

in	$\leftarrow$	The value to be stored.
	_←	
	X	

### Returns

1 if everything went ok, 0 otherwise.

```
6.8.3.25 y() [1/2]
template<class T1>
T1 Configuration2< T1 >::y ( ) const [inline]
```

### Returns

The ordinate coordinate.

This function stores a new value for the ordinate.

### **Parameters**

in	$\leftarrow$	The value to be stored.
	_←	
	У	

### Returns

 ${\bf 1}$  if everything went ok,  ${\bf 0}$  otherwise.

### 6.8.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 6.8.4.1 operator <<

Overload of operator << to output the content of a Configuration2.

#### **Parameters**

in	out	The output stream.
in	data	The Configuration2 to print.

### Returns

An output stream to be printed.

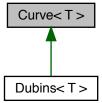
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/include/maths.hh

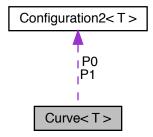
# 6.9 Curve < T > Class Template Reference

```
#include <dubins.hh>
```

Inheritance diagram for Curve< T >:



Collaboration diagram for Curve < T >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Curve ()

Default plain constructor which creates two plain Configuration2s.

- Curve (const Configuration2< T > \_P0, const Configuration2< T > \_P1)
- Curve (const Point2< T > \_P0, const Point2< T > \_P1, const Angle \_th0, const Angle \_th1)
- Curve (const T x0, const T y0, const Angle \_th0, const T x1, const T y1, const Angle \_th1)
- Configuration2< T > begin () const

Returns the starting Configuration 2 of the Curve.

• Configuration2< T > end () const

Returns the ending Configuration2 of the Curve.

- void begin (Configuration2< T > \_P0)
- void end (Configuration2< T > P1)
- stringstream to\_string () const

### **Protected Attributes**

• Configuration2< T > P0

Start Configuration2.

Configuration2< T > P1

End Configuration2.

#### **Friends**

ostream & operator<< (ostream &out, const Curve &data)</li>

#### 6.9.1 Detailed Description

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm template}{<}{\rm class} \ {\rm T}{>} \\ {\rm class} \ {\rm Curve}{<} \ {\rm T}{>} \\ \end{array}$ 

Class that defines a general curve. It just containes a start Configuration2 and an end Configuration2.

### **Template Parameters**

```
T | The type of the Configuration2s
```

#### 6.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.9.2.1 Curve() [1/4]

template<class T>
Curve< T >::Curve ( ) [inline]
```

Default plain constructor which creates two plain Configuration2s.

Constructor that takes two  ${\tt Configuration2s}$  and stores them.

#### **Parameters**

in	_P0	Start Configuration2.
in	_P1	End Configuration2.

const Angle \_th0,

const Angle \_th1 ) [inline]

Constructor that takes two Point2s and two Angles and stores them as Configuration2s.

#### **Parameters**

in	_P0	Start Point 2.
in	_P1	End Point2.
in	_th0	Starting Angle
in	_th1	Ending Angle

# 

Constructor that takes the bare coordinates of two points and their Angles and stores them as Configuration2s.

#### **Parameters**

in	х0	Start abscissa coordinate.
in	y0	Start ordinate coordinate.
in	_th0	Start Angle.
in	x1	End abscissa coordinate.
in	y1	End ordinate coordinate.
in	_th1	End Angle.

### 6.9.3 Member Function Documentation

```
6.9.3.1 begin() [1/2]

template<class T>
Configuration2<T> Curve< T >::begin ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the starting Configuration2 of the Curve.

Function that stores the starting Configuration2.

#### **Parameters**

in	_P0	Starting Configuration2.

```
6.9.3.3 end() [1/2]

template<class T>
Configuration2<T> Curve< T >::end ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the ending Configuration2 of the Curve.

Function that stores the ending Configuration2.

#### **Parameters**

```
in P0 Ending Configuration2.
```

### 6.9.3.5 to\_string()

```
template<class T>
stringstream Curve< T >::to_string ( ) const [inline]
```

This function create a strinstream object containing infos about the Curve.

Returns

A string stream.

### 6.9.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 6.9.4.1 operator <<

This function overload the << operator so to print with std::cout the values of the Curve.

#### **Parameters**

in	out	The out stream.
in	data	The Curve to print.

### Returns

An output stream to be printed.

### 6.9.5 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.9.5.1 P0

```
template<class T>
Configuration2<T> Curve< T >::P0 [protected]
```

Start Configuration2.

### 6.9.5.2 P1

```
template<class T>
Configuration2<T> Curve< T >::P1 [protected]
```

End Configuration2.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

src/include/dubins.hh

# 6.10 ClipperLib::DoublePoint Struct Reference

```
#include <clipper.hh>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- DoublePoint (double x=0, double y=0)
- DoublePoint (IntPoint ip)

### **Public Attributes**

- double X
- double Y

### 6.10.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 6.10.2 Member Data Documentation

### 6.10.2.1 X

double ClipperLib::DoublePoint::X

### 6.10.2.2 Y

double ClipperLib::DoublePoint::Y

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

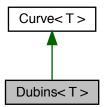
• src/include/clipper.hh

# 6.11 Dubins < T > Class Template Reference

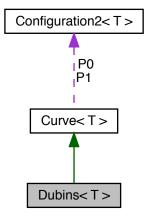
Class to store a Dubins curve. This class inherits from Curve and is composed of three DubinsArc.

#include <dubins.hh>

Inheritance diagram for Dubins < T >:



Collaboration diagram for Dubins < T >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- Dubins ()
- Dubins (const Configuration2< T > \_P0, const Configuration2< T > \_P1, const double \_K=KMAX)
- Dubins (const Point2< T > \_P0, const Point2< T > \_P1, const Angle \_th0, const Angle \_th1, const double \_K=KMAX)
- Dubins (const T x0, const T y0, const Angle \_th0, const T x1, const T y1, const Angle \_th1, const double \_K=KMAX)
- double getKmax () const

Returns the maximum curvature of the Dubins.

· double length () const

Returns the length of the Dubins.

• double getId ()

Returns the id of the Dubins, that is the set of three maneuvers that creates the curve.

- Configuration2< T > begin () const
- Configuration2< T > end () const
- DubinsArc< T > getA1 () const

Returns the first DubinsArc.

DubinsArc< T > getA2 () const

Returns the second DubinsArc.

DubinsArc< T > getA3 () const

Returns the third DubinsArc.

- double \* LSL (double th0, double th1, double \_kmax)
- double \* RSR (double th0, double th1, double kmax)
- double \* LSR (double th0, double th1, double \_kmax)
- double \* RSL (double th0, double th1, double \_kmax)
- double \* RLR (double th0, double th1, double \_kmax)
- double \* LRL (double th0, double th1, double \_kmax)
- Tuple < double > scaleToStandard ()

Function to compute standardize the parameters. This function computes the initial and final angles as if the reference system is P0(-1,0), P1(0,1). This allows to simplify the calculations to find the best set of maneuvers.

- Tuple< double > scaleFromStandard (double lambda, double sc\_s1, double sc\_s2, double sc\_s3)
- int shortest path ()

This function computes the shortest path for the <u>Dubins</u> constructed. First the values are scaled. Then the six sets of maneuvers are computed and their lengths are stored. Once the set that gives the <u>Dubins</u> with the minimum length is found, the lengths are rescaled and the <u>DubinsArc</u> are created. In the process length is also computed.

- bool check (double s1, double k0, double s2, double k1, double s3, double k2, Angle th0, Angle th1) const
- Tuple < Tuple < Configuration 2 < double >>> splitlt (double L=PIECE LENGTH, int arch=0)
- stringstream to\_string () const
- void draw (double dimX, double dimY, double inc, Scalar scl, Mat &image, double SHIFT=0)
- bool is on dubins (Configuration2< T > C)

#### Static Public Member Functions

static double rangeSymm (double ang)

### **Friends**

ostream & operator<< (ostream &out, const Dubins &data)</li>

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 6.11.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T> class Dubins < T >
```

Class to store a Dubins curve. This class inherits from Curve and is composed of three DubinsArc.

# **Template Parameters**

```
The type of the classes Curve and DubinsArc.
```

### 6.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.11.2.1 Dubins() [1/4]

template<class T>
Dubins< T >::Dubins ( ) [inline]
```

Plain constructor for Dubins that calls the plain constructor of Curve and DubinsArc.

Constructor that takes an initial and a final Configuration2, a curvature and compute the Dubins that connect the two configurations.

## **Parameters**

in	_P0	Initial Configuration2.
in	_P1	Final Configuration2.
in	_K	Curvature.

## **6.11.2.3** Dubins() [3/4]

Constructor that takes an initial and a final Point2, the two respectively Angles and the curvature and computes the Dubins.

# **Parameters**

in	_P0	Initial Point2.
in	_P1	Final Point2.
in	_th0	Initial Angle
in	_th1	Final Angle
in	_K	Curvature.

# **6.11.2.4** Dubins() [4/4]

Constructor that takes the initial and final coordinates, the respective Angles and the curvature and compute a Dubins.

### **Parameters**

in	x0	Initial abscissa coordinate.
in	y0	Initial ordinate coordinate.
in	_th0	Initial Angle.
in	x1	Final abscissa coordinate.
in	y1	Final ordinate coordinate.
in	_th1	Final Angle.
in	_K	Curvature of the curve.

# 6.11.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.11.3.1 begin()

```
template<class T>
Configuration2<T> Dubins< T >::begin ( ) const [inline]
```

### 6.11.3.2 check()

Function that checks that the values got in shortest\_path() are right.

### **Parameters**

in	s1	Length for the first DubinsArc.	
in	k0	Curvature for the first DubinsArc.	
in	s2	Length for the second DubinsArc.	
in	k1	Curvature for the second DubinsArc.	
in	s3	Length for the third DubinsArc.	
in	k2	Curvature for the third DubinsArc.	
in	th0	Initial angles (standardised).	
in	th1	Final angles (standardised).	

#### Returns

true if the values where correct, false otherwise.

# 6.11.3.3 draw()

Function to draw the Dubins.

# **Parameters**

in	dimX	The dimension X of the Mat.	
in	dimY	The dimension Y of the Mat.	
in	inc	The value to scale each point.	
in	scl	The Scalar that defines the color to use.	
in	image	The Mat where to draw the points.	
in	SHIFT	The value to use to shift the points to make them stay inside the matrix.	

```
6.11.3.4 end()
{\tt template}{<}{\tt class} \ {\tt T}{>}
Configuration2<T> Dubins< T >::end ( ) const [inline]
6.11.3.5 getA1()
template<class T>
DubinsArc<T> Dubins< T >::getA1 ( ) const [inline]
Returns the first DubinsArc.
6.11.3.6 getA2()
template<class T>
DubinsArc<T> Dubins< T >::getA2 ( ) const [inline]
Returns the second DubinsArc.
6.11.3.7 getA3()
template < class T >
DubinsArc<T> Dubins< T >::getA3 ( ) const [inline]
Returns the third DubinsArc.
6.11.3.8 getId()
{\tt template}{<}{\tt class} \ {\tt T}{>}
double Dubins< T >::getId ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the id of the Dubins, that is the set of three maneuvers that creates the curve.

### 6.11.3.9 getKmax()

```
template<class T>
double Dubins< T >::getKmax ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the maximum curvature of the **Dubins**.

# 6.11.3.10 is\_on\_dubins()

Function to check if a Configuration 2 is on a Dubins.

### Returns

true if the Configuration2 is on the Dubins, false otherwise.

# 6.11.3.11 length()

```
template<class T>
double Dubins< T >::length ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the length of the Dubins.

## 6.11.3.12 LRL()

Function to compute the set of maneuvers Left Right Left.

## **Parameters**

in	th0	The initial angle standardized.
in	th1	The final angle standardized.
in	_kmax	The maximum curvature.

### Returns

An array of dimension 3 containing the length of the 3 maneuvers.

# 6.11.3.13 LSL()

Function to compute the set of maneuvers Left Straight Left.

#### **Parameters**

in	th0	The initial angle standardized.
in	th1	The final angle standardized.
in	_kmax	The maximum curvature.

# Returns

An array of dimension 3 containing the length of the 3 maneuvers.

# 6.11.3.14 LSR()

Function to compute the set of maneuvers Left Straight Right.

## **Parameters**

	in	th0	The initial angle standardized.
	in	th1	The final angle standardized.
ſ	in	_kmax	The maximum curvature.

# Returns

An array of dimension 3 containing the length of the 3 maneuvers.

# 6.11.3.15 rangeSymm()

Normalize an angular difference  $(-\pi, \pi]$ .

#### **Parameters**

in	ang	The value of the angle to be normalized.	
----	-----	--	--

### Returns

The normalized angle.

# 6.11.3.16 RLR()

Function to compute the set of maneuvers Right Left Right.

#### **Parameters**

in	th0	The initial angle standardized.
in	th1	The final angle standardized.
in	_kmax	The maximum curvature.

# Returns

An array of dimension 3 containing the length of the 3 maneuvers.

# 6.11.3.17 RSL()

Function to compute the set of maneuvers Right Straight Left.

### **Parameters**

in	th0	The initial angle standardized.
in	th1	The final angle standardized.
in	_kmax	The maximum curvature.

### Returns

An array of dimension 3 containing the length of the 3 maneuvers.

### 6.11.3.18 RSR()

Function to compute the set of maneuvers Right Straight Right.

### **Parameters**

in	th0	The initial angle standardized.
in	th1	The final angle standardized.
in	_kmax	The maximum curvature.

## Returns

An array of dimension 3 containing the length of the 3 maneuvers.

# 6.11.3.19 scaleFromStandard()

Function that scales from a given system to another through a parameter lambda.

# **Parameters**

in	lambda	Coefficient to be applied to restore original system.
in	sc_s1	Angle or value to be scaled.
in	sc_s1	Angle or value to be scaled.
in	sc_s1	Angle or value to be scaled.

#### Returns

a Tuple containing the value scaled.

### 6.11.3.20 scaleToStandard()

```
template<class T>
Tuple<double> Dubins< T >::scaleToStandard ( ) [inline]
```

Function to compute standardize the parameters. This function computes the initial and final angles as if the reference system is P0(-1,0), P1(0,1). This allows to simplify the calculations to find the best set of maneuvers.

# Returns

A Tuple of duoble containing the standardised initial and final angle, the new curvature and the parameter lambda that allows to compute the real dimension lengths.

### 6.11.3.21 shortest\_path()

```
template<class T>
int Dubins< T >::shortest_path ( ) [inline]
```

This function computes the shortest path for the Dubins constructed. First the values are scaled. Then the six sets of maneuvers are computed and their lengths are stored. Once the set that gives the Dubins with the minimum length is found, the lengths are rescaled and the DubinsArc are created. In the process length is also computed.

# Returns

The id of the set of maneuvers.

#### 6.11.3.22 splitlt()

Function to split a Dubins in points.

#### **Parameters**

	in	_arch	If defined returns only the points for a single DubinsArc.
Ī	in	L	The distance from one point to another.

#### Returns

A Tuple containing three Tuple of Point2 (one for each arc) containing the computed points.

# 6.11.3.23 to\_string()

```
template<class T>
stringstream Dubins< T >::to_string ( ) const [inline]
```

This function create a strinstream object containing infos about the Dubins.

### Returns

A string stream.

# 6.11.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

### 6.11.4.1 operator < <

This function overload the << operator so to print with std::cout the values of the Dubins, that is printing the 3 DubinsArcs.

# **Parameters**

in	out	The out stream.
in	data	The Dubins to print.

## Returns

An output stream to be printed.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

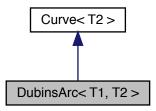
• src/include/dubins.hh

# 6.12 DubinsArc< T1, T2 > Class Template Reference

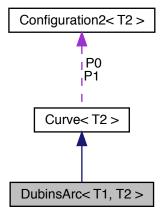
Class to store a maneuver of Dubins. It inherits from Curve. Since each Dubins is formed of atmost 3 maneuvers, this class is meant to store one of this maneuver, which can be L, R or S respectively Left, Right, Straight.

#include <dubins.hh>

Inheritance diagram for DubinsArc< T1, T2 >:



Collaboration diagram for DubinsArc< T1, T2 >:



# **Public Member Functions**

- DubinsArc ()
- DubinsArc (const Configuration2< T2 > \_P0, const T1 \_k, const T1 \_l)
- T1 getK () const

Returns the curvature of the arc.

• T1 length () const

Returns the length of the arc.

Tuple < Configuration 2 < T2 > > splitt (double \_L=PIECE\_LENGTH)

Splits the <code>DubinsArc</code> in pieces of <code>\_L</code> length. This function starts from the begining of the arc and computes n new arcs through the <code>circline()</code> function using the curvature of the <code>DubinsArc</code> and <code>\_L</code> as the length.

- stringstream to\_string () const
- void draw (double dimX, double dimY, double inc, Scalar scl, Mat &image, double SHIFT=D\_SHIFT)
- bool is\_on\_dubinsArc (Configuration2< T2 > C)

### **Friends**

ostream & operator<< (ostream &out, const DubinsArc &data)</li>

### **Additional Inherited Members**

# 6.12.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T1 = double, class T2 = double > class DubinsArc < T1, T2 >
```

Class to store a maneuver of <u>Dubins</u>. It inherits from <u>Curve</u>. Since each <u>Dubins</u> is formed of atmost 3 maneuvers, this class is meant to store one of this maneuver, which can be L, R or S respectively Left, Right, Straight.

# **Template Parameters**

T1	The type of Length and Curvature.
T2	The type of the class Curve.

### 6.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## **6.12.2.1** DubinsArc() [1/2]

```
template<class T1 = double, class T2 = double>
DubinsArc< T1, T2 >::DubinsArc ( ) [inline]
```

Plain constructor of DubinsArc that sets L and K to 0 and creates a plain Curve.

### **6.12.2.2 DubinsArc()** [2/2]

Creates a new DubinsArc given a start Configuration2, the curvature and the length of the arc calling circline().

## **Parameters**

in	_P0	The starting Configuration2.	
in	_k	The curvature of the DubinsArc.	
in	_1	The length of the DubinsArc.	

### 6.12.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.12.3.1 draw()

This function draws the DubinsArc.

### **Parameters**

in	dimX	The dimension X of the Mat.	
in	dimY	Y The dimension Y of the Mat.	
in	inc	The value to scale each point.	
in	scl	The Scalar that defines the color to use.	
in	image	The Mat where to draw the points.	
in	SHIFT	The value to use to shift the points to make them stay inside the matrix.	

# 6.12.3.2 getK()

```
template<class T1 = double, class T2 = double>
T1 DubinsArc< T1, T2 >::getK ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the curvature of the arc.

## 6.12.3.3 is on dubinsArc()

Function that given a Configuration2 says if the point is on the DubinsArc, or not.

If the arc has 0 curvature, than the arc is a line and so the configuration needs to have the same direction as the start configuration, have the same angle from start than the angle from start to end and be inside the extremities of the segment. If the curvature is not 0, then we are on a circle and the function is\_on\_circarc is called.

#### **Parameters**

in	С	The Configuration2 to be checked.
----	---	-----------------------------------

### Returns

true if the configuration is on the arc, false otherwise.

# 6.12.3.4 length()

```
template<class T1 = double, class T2 = double>
T1 DubinsArc< T1, T2 >::length ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the length of the arc.

# 6.12.3.5 splitlt()

Splits the DubinsArc in pieces of \_L length. This function starts from the begining of the arc and computes n new arcs through the circline () function using the curvature of the DubinsArc and \_L as the length.

## **Parameters**

in	$\leftarrow$	The length that each points should have.
	_← L	

### Returns

A Tuple of Configuration2s representing the points along the arc.

# 6.12.3.6 to\_string()

```
template<class T1 = double, class T2 = double>
stringstream DubinsArc< T1, T2 >::to_string ( ) const [inline]
```

This function create a strinstream object containing infos about the DubinsArc.

# Returns

A string stream.

### 6.12.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 6.12.4.1 operator <<

This function overload the << operator so to print with std::cout the values of the DubinsArc, that is Curve values more the length and the curvature.

#### **Parameters**

in	out	The out stream.
in	data	The DubinsArc to print.

#### Returns

An output stream to be printed.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/include/dubins.hh

# 6.13 DubinsSet < T > Class Template Reference

Given a set of point, compute the shortest set of Dubins that allows to go from start to end through all points.

```
#include <dubins.hh>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- DubinsSet ()
- DubinsSet (Tuple < Dubins < T > > \_dubinses, double \_kmax=KMAX)
- DubinsSet (Tuple < Configuration2 < T > > confs, double kmax=KMAX)
- DubinsSet (Configuration2< T > start, Configuration2< T > end, Tuple< Point2< T > \_points, double \_kmax=KMAX)

Constructor that given a start Configuration2, an end Configuration2 and a Tuple of Point2, computes the best path from start to end through all points by brute forcing all possible angles. Since this approach is based on a brute force algorithm, it's best not to use this on too many points.

DubinsSet (Tuple < Point2 < T > > \_points, double \_kmax=KMAX)

Constructor that computes a series of <u>Dubins</u> given only <u>Point2</u> points via brute force. Since this approach is based on a brute force algorithm, it's best not to use this on too many points.

void find\_best (Tuple< Point2< T > > \_points, Tuple< Angle > &\_angles, Angle area=A\_2PI, double tries=4.0, double \_kmax=KMAX)

• double getLength ()

Returns the Length of the set of Dubins.

· double getKmax ()

Returns the maximum curvature.

· double getSize ()

Returns the number of Dubins stored.

Tuple < Dubins < T > > getDubinses ()

Returns a Tuple containing all the Dubins.

Configuration2< T > getBegin ()

Returns the starting Configuration 2 of the DubinsSet.

Configuration2< T > getEnd ()

Returns the ending Configuration2 of the DubinsSet

- Dubins < T > getDubins (int id)
- Tuple< Dubins< T >> getDubinsFrom (int id)
- Dubins< T > \* getDubinsPtr (int id)
- void clean ()
- int is\_on\_dubinsSet (Configuration2< T > C)

Function that checks whether a Configuration 2 is on the DubinsSet or not.

bool addDubins (Dubins < T > \*D)

Function to add a Dubins at the end of the DubinsSet.

void removeDubins ()

Remove the last Dubins from the set.

- DubinsSet< T > copy (DubinsSet< T > \*DS)
- DubinsSet< T > operator= (DubinsSet< T > \*DS)
- DubinsSet< T > join (DubinsSet< T > \*DS, int startPos=-1)

Function to join two DubinsSet.

- Tuple < Tuple < Tuple < Configuration 2 < T > > > splitlt (double length=PIECE LENGTH)
- stringstream to\_string ()

### **Friends**

ostream & operator<< (ostream &out, DubinsSet &data)</li>

## 6.13.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{split} \text{template} &< \text{class T}> \\ \text{class DubinsSet} &< \text{T}> \end{split}
```

Given a set of point, compute the shortest set of Dubins that allows to go from start to end through all points.

### **Template Parameters**

```
T Type for class Dubins.
```

### 6.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 6.13.2.1 DubinsSet() [1/5]

```
template<class T>
DubinsSet< T >::DubinsSet ( ) [inline]
```

Plain constructor for DubinsSet.

## 6.13.2.2 DubinsSet() [2/5]

Constructor that given a Tuple of Dubins computes stores all of them.

#### **Parameters**

iı	n	_dubinses	The Tuple of Dubins.
iı	n	_kmax	The maximum curvature.

# 6.13.2.3 DubinsSet() [3/5]

Constructor that takes a Tuple of Configuration2s and computes the Dubins between them.

#### **Parameters**

in	_confs	The Tuple of Configuration2s.
in	_kmax	The maximum curvature to be used.

# 6.13.2.4 DubinsSet() [4/5]

Constructor that given a start Configuration2, an end Configuration2 and a Tuple of Point2, computes the best path from start to end through all points by brute forcing all possible angles. Since this approach is based on a brute force algorithm, it's best not to use this on too many points.

#### **Parameters**

in	start	Configuration2 of start.
in	end	Configuration2 of end.
in	_points	Tuple of Point2 containing all the intermediate points.
in	_kmax	The maximum curvature of the system.

# 6.13.2.5 DubinsSet() [5/5]

```
template<class T>
DubinsSet< T >::DubinsSet (
            Tuple< Point2< T > _points,
            double _kmax = KMAX ) [inline]
```

Constructor that computes a series of Dubins given only Point2 points via brute force. Since this approach is based on a brute force algorithm, it's best not to use this on too many points.

### **Parameters**

in	_points	s A Tuple containing all points.	
in	_kmax	The maximum curvature to be used for all Dubins.	

# 6.13.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.13.3.1 addDubins()

Function to add a Dubins at the end of the DubinsSet.

The Dubins to be added must respect some conditions such as the same curvature as the DubinsSet, the initial Configuration2 must be on the path of the DubinsSet.

## **Parameters**

```
D The Dubins to add.
```

# Returns

true if the Dubins could be added, false otherwise.

### 6.13.3.2 clean()

```
template<class T>
void DubinsSet< T >::clean ( ) [inline]
```

Function to remove all <code>Dubins</code>, set curvature to 0 and L to  $\infty$ 

# 6.13.3.3 copy()

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{template}$<$class T>$ $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{DubinsSet}$<$ T>::copy ( $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{DubinsSet}$<$ T>* DS ) [inline] $$ $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{template}$} $
```

Function to copy a DubinsSet on to this.

#### **Parameters**

```
DS The DubinsSet to be copied on this
```

#### Returns

this, that is DS.

# 6.13.3.4 find\_best()

Function to compute the best path. This function calls disp() in order to calculate all possible angles, and then creates a Dubins for each possibility choosing the one with the minimum length.

# **Parameters**

in	_points	_points   A Tuple of Point2 through which the path should flow	
in	_angles A Tuple of Angle containing all base Angle.		
in	area This is the angle around each angle to be "scanned".		
in	in <i>tries</i> The number of discretizations that should be made. in _kmax The maximum curvature to be used.		
in			

# 6.13.3.5 getBegin()

```
template<class T>
Configuration2<T> DubinsSet< T >::getBegin ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the starting Configuration2 of the DubinsSet.

# 6.13.3.6 getDubins()

This functions returns a specific Dubins from the set.

#### **Parameters**

ir	id	The position of the Dubins in the set.	]
----	----	--	---

# Returns

The id-th Dubins.

# 6.13.3.7 getDubinses()

```
template<class T>
Tuple<Dubins<T> > DubinsSet< T >::getDubinses ( ) [inline]
```

Returns a Tuple containing all the Dubins.

# 6.13.3.8 getDubinsFrom()

# 6.13.3.9 getDubinsPtr()

This functions returns a specific Dubins from the set.

#### **Parameters**

```
in id The position of the Dubins in the set.
```

### Returns

The id-th Dubins.

### 6.13.3.10 getEnd()

```
template<class T>
Configuration2<T> DubinsSet< T >::getEnd ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the ending Configuration 2 of the DubinsSet

### 6.13.3.11 getKmax()

```
template<class T>
double DubinsSet< T >::getKmax ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the maximum curvature.

# 6.13.3.12 getLength()

```
template<class T>
double DubinsSet< T >::getLength ( ) [inline]
```

Returns the Length of the set of Dubins.

### 6.13.3.13 getSize()

```
template<class T>
double DubinsSet< T >::getSize () [inline]
```

Returns the number of Dubins stored.

## 6.13.3.14 is\_on\_dubinsSet()

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{template}$}$ int DubinsSet < T >::is_on_dubinsSet ($$ Configuration2 < T > C ) [inline]
```

Function that checks whether a Configuration2 is on the DubinsSet or not.

#### **Parameters**

```
C The Configuration 2 to be checked.
```

### Returns

The id of the  ${\tt Dubins}$  on which the point is.

### 6.13.3.15 join()

Function to join two DubinsSet.

This function joins two DubinsSet. If this is empty, than stores the Dubins from the DubinsSet to join. If it is not, then checks whether the Configuration2 of the ending Dubins coincides with the starting Configuration2 of the Dubins to join. If they do then the two sets can be merged, otherwise they cannot.

#### **Parameters**

DS	The DubinSet to join to this.	
startPos	If this value is negative, then all Dubins in DS are going to be merged, otherwise only the	
	Dubins from this position onwards.	

# Returns

this, that is the merged DubinsSet.

# 6.13.3.16 operator=()

Overload of operator =. It calls the function copy.

# **Parameters**

DS The DubinsSet to copy to this	
----------------------------------	--

#### Returns

this, that is DS.

# 6.13.3.17 removeDubins()

```
template<class T>
void DubinsSet< T >::removeDubins ( ) [inline]
```

Remove the last Dubins from the set.

# 6.13.3.18 splitlt()

Function to split a Dubins in points.

#### **Parameters**

in   _length   The distance from one point to another.
--

#### Returns

A Tuple containing a Tuple containing three Tuple of Configuration2 for each Dubins in the DubinsSet.

# 6.13.3.19 to\_string()

```
template<class T>
stringstream DubinsSet< T >::to_string ( ) [inline]
```

This function create a strinstream object containing infos about the  ${\tt DubinsSet}.$ 

# Returns

A string stream.

# 6.13.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

### 6.13.4.1 operator < <

This function overload the << operator so to print with std::cout the values of the DubinsSet, that is printing all the Dubins stored.

### **Parameters**

in	out	The out stream.
in	data	The DubinsSet to print.

### Returns

An output stream to be printed.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/include/dubins.hh

# 6.14 Filter Class Reference

```
#include <filter.hh>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

• Filter ()

Default constructor: it set all values to 0.

• Filter (int \_low\_h, int \_low\_s, int \_low\_v, int \_high\_h, int \_high\_s, int \_high\_v)

Constructor that sets all the values.

Filter (vector < int > v)

Constructor from a vector.

• Scalar Low ()

Returns a Scalar containing the lower boudary.

• Scalar High ()

Returns a Scalar containing the lower boudary.

• stringstream to\_string () const

Save value in a stringstream.

• Filter copy (const Filter &fil)

A function to copy a filter to this.

• Filter operator= (const Filter &filt)

Overload of operator =. It just calls the copy function.

operator vector< int > () const

Overload of operator cast to vector<int>.

6.14 Filter Class Reference 139

# **Public Attributes**

```
• int low_h
```

Lower value for hue.

• int low\_s

Lower value for saturation.

• int low\_v

Lower value for value.

• int high\_h

Higher value for hue.

• int high\_s

Higher value for saturation.

int high\_v

Higher value for value.

### **Friends**

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &out, const Filter &data)

# 6.14.1 Detailed Description

A class to store the values for an HSV filter with lower and higher boundary.

# 6.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.14.2.1 Filter() [1/3]
Filter::Filter ( ) [inline]
```

Default constructor: it set all values to 0.

```
Filter::Filter (
    int _low_h,
    int _low_s,
    int _low_v,
```

int \_high\_h,
int \_high\_s,
int \_high\_v ) [inline]

Constructor that sets all the values.

**6.14.2.2 Filter()** [2/3]

# **Parameters**

_low← h	Lower value for hue
 _low← _s	Lower value for saturation
 _low↔ v	Lower value for value
_high← _h	Higher value for hue
_high← _s	Higher value for saturation
_high← _v	Higher value for value

Constructor from a vector.

#### **Parameters**

v The vector containing the 6 values. Mind that they must be 6.

# 6.14.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.14.3.1 copy()

A function to copy a filter to this.

## **Parameters**

fil The filter to be copied.

## Returns

this filter with the new values copied.

6.14 Filter Class Reference 141

# 6.14.3.2 High()

```
Scalar Filter::High ( ) [inline]
```

Returns a Scalar containing the lower boudary.

### 6.14.3.3 Low()

```
Scalar Filter::Low ( ) [inline]
```

Returns a Scalar containing the lower boudary.

# 6.14.3.4 operator vector < int >()

```
Filter::operator vector< int > ( ) const [inline]
```

Overload of operator cast to vector<int>.

## Returns

A vector containing the 6 values.

# 6.14.3.5 operator=()

Overload of operator =. It just calls the copy function.

# **Parameters**

```
filt The filter to be copied.
```

# Returns

this filter with the new values copied.

### 6.14.3.6 to\_string()

```
stringstream Filter::to_string ( ) const [inline]
```

Save value in a stringstream.

### Returns

A stringstream containing the values of both boundaries.

# 6.14.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

```
6.14.4.1 operator <<
```

This function overload the << operator so to print with std::cout.

# **Parameters**

in	out	The out stream.
in	data	The filter to print.

# Returns

An output stream to be printed.

# 6.14.5 Member Data Documentation

```
6.14.5.1 high_h
```

```
int Filter::high_h
```

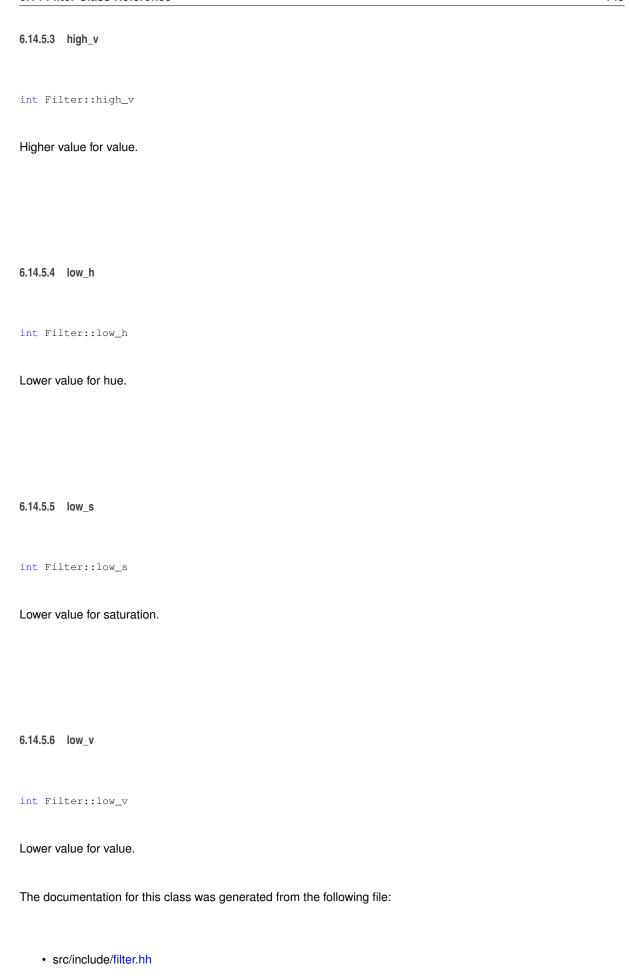
Higher value for hue.

```
6.14.5.2 high_s
```

```
int Filter::high_s
```

Higher value for saturation.

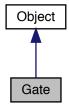
6.14 Filter Class Reference 143



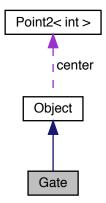
# 6.15 Gate Class Reference

#include <objects.hh>

Inheritance diagram for Gate:



Collaboration diagram for Gate:



# **Public Member Functions**

• Gate (vector< Point2< int > > &vp)

Constructor of the gate class and automatically compute center and radius.

• string toString ()

Generate a string that describe the gate.

• void print ()

Print the describing string of the gate.

6.15 Gate Class Reference 145

# **Additional Inherited Members**

# 6.15.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 6.15.1.1 Gate()

```
Gate::Gate ( \label{eq:continuous} \mbox{ vector} < \mbox{ Point2} < \mbox{ int } > > \& \mbox{ } \mb
```

Constructor of the gate class and automatically compute center and radius.

#### **Parameters**

in	vp	Vector of points that is the convex hull of the gate.
----	----	---

### Returns

Return the created gate.

# 6.15.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.15.2.1 print()
```

```
void Gate::print ( )
```

Print the describing string of the gate.

# 6.15.2.2 toString()

```
string Gate::toString ( )
```

Generate a string that describe the gate.

# Returns

The generated string.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/objects.hh
- src/objects.cc

# 6.16 CameraCapture::input\_options\_t Struct Reference

Structure for store the input option for the class CameraCapture.

```
#include <camera_capture.hh>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

- input\_options\_t ()
- input\_options\_t (const uint32\_t frameHeight\_px\_, const uint32\_t frameWidth\_px\_, const uint32\_t cameraF←
   PS , const uint32\_t cameraId )
- input\_options\_t (const input\_options\_t &inpOpt)

### **Public Attributes**

- uint32\_t frameHeight\_px
- uint32\_t frameWidth\_px
- · uint32 t cameraFPS
- char nameCamera [20]

# 6.16.1 Detailed Description

Structure for store the input option for the class CameraCapture.

frameHeight\_px desidered height of the camera

frameWidth\_px desidered width of the frame of the camera

cameraFPS desidered FPS of the camera

nameCamera is the camera filedescriptor (max 20 char)

## 6.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.16.2.3 input_options_t() [3/3]
```

# 6.16.3 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.16.3.1 cameraFPS

```
uint32_t CameraCapture::input_options_t::cameraFPS
```

### 6.16.3.2 frameHeight\_px

```
uint32_t CameraCapture::input_options_t::frameHeight_px
```

# 6.16.3.3 frameWidth\_px

```
uint32_t CameraCapture::input_options_t::frameWidth_px
```

# 6.16.3.4 nameCamera

```
char CameraCapture::input_options_t::nameCamera[20]
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- src/include/camera\_capture.hh
- src/camera\_capture.cc

# 6.17 ClipperLib::Int128 Class Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

- Int128 (long64 \_lo=0)
- Int128 (const Int128 &val)
- Int128 (const long64 &\_hi, const ulong64 &\_lo)
- Int128 & operator= (const long64 &val)
- bool operator== (const Int128 &val) const
- bool operator != (const Int128 &val) const
- bool operator > (const Int128 &val) const
- bool operator< (const Int128 &val) const
- bool operator >= (const Int128 &val) const
- bool operator<= (const Int128 &val) const</li>
- Int128 & operator+= (const Int128 &rhs)
- Int128 operator+ (const Int128 &rhs) const
- Int128 & operator -= (const Int128 &rhs)
- Int128 operator (const Int128 &rhs) const
- Int128 operator- () const
- · operator double () const

## **Public Attributes**

- · ulong64 lo
- long64 hi

### 6.17.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 6.17.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.17.2.1 operator "!=()
bool ClipperLib::Int128::operator != (
             const Int128 & val ) const [inline]
6.17.2.2 operator -()
Int128 ClipperLib::Int128::operator - (
             const Int128 & rhs ) const [inline]
6.17.2.3 operator -=()
Int128& ClipperLib::Int128::operator -= (
             const Int128 & rhs ) [inline]
6.17.2.4 operator >()
bool ClipperLib::Int128::operator > (
             const Int128 & val ) const [inline]
6.17.2.5 operator >=()
bool ClipperLib::Int128::operator >= (
             const Int128 & val ) const [inline]
6.17.2.6 operator double()
ClipperLib::Int128::operator double ( ) const [inline]
```

6.17.2.7 operator+()

```
Int128 ClipperLib::Int128::operator+ (
           const Int128 & rhs ) const [inline]
6.17.2.8 operator+=()
Int128& ClipperLib::Int128::operator+= (
           const Int128 & rhs ) [inline]
6.17.2.9 operator-()
Int128 ClipperLib::Int128::operator- ( ) const [inline]
6.17.2.10 operator<()
bool ClipperLib::Int128::operator< (</pre>
           const Int128 & val ) const [inline]
6.17.2.11 operator<=()
bool ClipperLib::Int128::operator<= (</pre>
           const Int128 & val ) const [inline]
6.17.2.12 operator=()
Int128& ClipperLib::Int128::operator= (
           const long64 & val ) [inline]
6.17.2.13 operator==()
bool ClipperLib::Int128::operator== (
            const Int128 & val ) const [inline]
```

### 6.17.3 Member Data Documentation

### 6.17.3.1 hi

long64 ClipperLib::Int128::hi

#### 6.17.3.2 lo

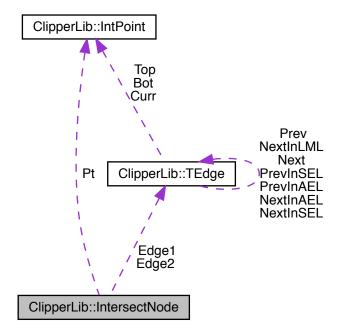
ulong64 ClipperLib::Int128::lo

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/clipper.cc

# 6.18 ClipperLib::IntersectNode Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for ClipperLib::IntersectNode:



# **Public Attributes**

- TEdge \* Edge1
- TEdge \* Edge2
- IntPoint Pt

### 6.18.1 Member Data Documentation

# 6.18.1.1 Edge1

```
TEdge* ClipperLib::IntersectNode::Edge1
```

# 6.18.1.2 Edge2

```
TEdge* ClipperLib::IntersectNode::Edge2
```

# 6.18.1.3 Pt

```
IntPoint ClipperLib::IntersectNode::Pt
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/clipper.cc

# 6.19 ClipperLib::IntPoint Struct Reference

```
#include <clipper.hh>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

• IntPoint (cInt x=0, cInt y=0)

### **Public Attributes**

- clnt X
- clnt Y

# **Friends**

- bool operator== (const IntPoint &a, const IntPoint &b)
- bool operator!= (const IntPoint &a, const IntPoint &b)

#### 6.19.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 6.19.1.1 IntPoint()

### 6.19.2 Friends And Related Function Documentation

### 6.19.2.1 operator"!=

# 6.19.2.2 operator==

# 6.19.3 Member Data Documentation

# 6.19.3.1 X

```
cInt ClipperLib::IntPoint::X
```

# 6.19.3.2 Y

```
cInt ClipperLib::IntPoint::Y
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/include/clipper.hh

# 6.20 ClipperLib::IntRect Struct Reference

```
#include <clipper.hh>
```

# **Public Attributes**

- clnt left
- clnt top
- · clnt right
- cInt bottom

# 6.20.1 Member Data Documentation

# 6.20.1.1 bottom

```
cInt ClipperLib::IntRect::bottom
```

### 6.20.1.2 left

```
cInt ClipperLib::IntRect::left
```

# 6.20.1.3 right

cInt ClipperLib::IntRect::right

#### 6.20.1.4 top

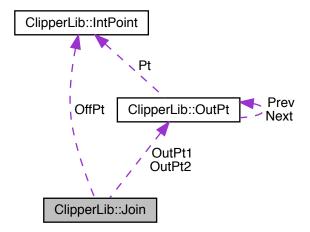
```
cInt ClipperLib::IntRect::top
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/include/clipper.hh

# 6.21 ClipperLib::Join Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for ClipperLib::Join:



### **Public Attributes**

- OutPt \* OutPt1
- OutPt \* OutPt2
- IntPoint OffPt

# 6.21.1 Member Data Documentation

### 6.21.1.1 OffPt

IntPoint ClipperLib::Join::OffPt

#### 6.21.1.2 OutPt1

```
OutPt* ClipperLib::Join::OutPt1
```

#### 6.21.1.3 OutPt2

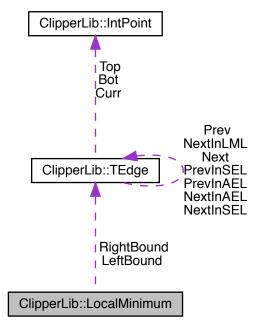
```
OutPt* ClipperLib::Join::OutPt2
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/clipper.cc

# 6.22 ClipperLib::LocalMinimum Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for ClipperLib::LocalMinimum:



# **Public Attributes**

- clnt Y
- TEdge \* LeftBound
- TEdge \* RightBound

### 6.22.1 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.22.1.1 LeftBound

```
TEdge* ClipperLib::LocalMinimum::LeftBound
```

# 6.22.1.2 RightBound

```
TEdge* ClipperLib::LocalMinimum::RightBound
```

#### 6.22.1.3 Y

```
cInt ClipperLib::LocalMinimum::Y
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/clipper.cc

# 6.23 ClipperLib::LocMinSorter Struct Reference

# **Public Member Functions**

• bool operator() (const LocalMinimum &locMin1, const LocalMinimum &locMin2)

### 6.23.1 Member Function Documentation

### 6.23.1.1 operator()()

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/clipper.cc

# 6.24 Mapp Class Reference

```
#include <map.hh>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

Mapp (const int \_lengthX=1000, const int \_lengthY=1500, const int \_pixX=cellSize, const int \_pixY=cellSize, c

Constructor of the class.

• ∼Mapp ()

Destructor of the class.

void addObject (const vector < Point2 < int > > &vp, const OBJ\_TYPE type)

Given an object it is added to the map.

void addObjects (const vector< vector< Point2< int > > &vvp, const OBJ\_TYPE type)

Given a vector objects it is added them to the map.

void addObjects (const vector < Obstacle > &objs)

Given a vector of obstacles adds them to the map.

void addObjects (const vector < Victim > &objs)

Given a vector of victims adds them to the map.

void addObjects (const vector < Gate > &objs)

Given a vector of gates (tipically this vector contain only one element) adds it to the map.

void getVictimCenters (vector< Point2< int > > &vp)

Add to the given vector the set of centers of the victims of the map.

void getGateCenter (vector < Point2 < int > > &vp)

Add to the given vector the center of the gate of the map.

OBJ\_TYPE getPointType (const Point2< int > &p)

Given a point return the type (status) of the cell in the map that contain it.

OBJ TYPE getCellType (const int i, const int j)

Given a cell return its type.

bool checkSegment (const Point2< int > &p0, const Point2< int > &p1)

Given a segment, the function answer if that segment cross a cell with obstacles.

bool checkSegmentCollisionWithType (const Point2< int > &p0, const Point2< int > &p1, const OBJ\_TYPE type)

Given a segment and a type, the function answer if that segment cross a cell with the given type.

bool checkPointInMap (Point2< int > P)

Given a point, the function answer if that point is inside the map.

bool checkPointInActualMap (Point2< int > P)

Given a point, the function answer if that point is inside the actual map. This means that the border of the map also consider the offsetting due to the robot and not only the point.

bool checkCellInMap (const int i, const int j)

Given a cell(defined with its row and column), the function answer if that cell is inside the cell representation of the map.

Mat createMapRepresentation ()

The function create an image (Mat) with the dimensions of the Mapp and all its objects inside.

void imageAddSegments (Mat &image, const vector< Point2< int >> &v, const int thickness=3)

It add to the given image a set of (n-1) segments specified by the n points given.

 $\bullet \ \ void\ image Add Segments\ (Mat\ \&image,\ const\ vector < Configuration 2 < \ double > > \&v,\ const\ int\ thickness = 3)$ 

It add to the given image a set of (n-1) segments specified by the n points given.

 void imageAddSegment (Mat &image, const Point2< int > &p0, const Point2< int > &p1, const int thickness=3, const Scalar color=Scalar(0, 255, 255))

It add to the given image the segment defined from p0 to p1.

- $\bullet \ \ \text{void imageAddPoints (Mat \&image, const vector} < \ \ \text{Configuration2} < \ \ \text{double} >> \&v, \ \ \text{const int radius=7)}$ 
  - It add to the given image a vector of points.
- void imageAddPoints (Mat &image, const vector< Point2< int > > &vp, const int radius=7)
  - It add to the given image a vector of points.
- void imageAddPoint (Mat &image, const Point2< int > &p, const int radius=7, const Scalar color=Scalar(0, 255, 255))

It add to the given image a point.

void printMap ()

Print to the terminal the main informations of the Map, and its grid representation.

• string matrixToString ()

Generate a string (a grid of pixels) that represent the matrix.

· void printDimensions ()

Print to the terminal the main informations of the Map.

- int getOffsetValue ()
- · int getBorderSizeDefault ()
- int getCellSize ()
- int getLengthX ()
- int getLengthY ()
- int getActualLengthX ()
- int getActualLengthY ()
- int getDimX ()
- · int getDimY ()
- int getPixX ()
- int getPixY ()
- int getBorderSize ()

#### **Protected Member Functions**

set< pair< int, int > > cellsFromSegment (const Point2< int > &p0, const Point2< int > &p1)
 Given a segment (from p0 to p1) it return a set of all the cells that are partly cover from that segment.

#### **Protected Attributes**

- OBJ\_TYPE \*\* map
- const int offsetValue = 75
- · int lengthX
- · int lengthY
- int dimX
- int dimY
- int pixX
- int pixY
- · int borderSize
- vector < Obstacle > vObstacles
- vector < Victim > vVictims
- vector < Gate > vGates

# **Static Protected Attributes**

- static const int borderSizeDefault = 10
- static const int cellSize = 5

#### 6.24.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 6.24.1.1 Mapp()

Constructor of the class.

#### **Parameters**

in	vvp	It is a vector, of vector, of point that delimit, as a convex hull, a set of obstacles in the map.
in	_borderSize	It is the dimension (defined based on cells of the map) of the border of each obstascles.
in	_pixY	It is the vertical granularity of a cell (how many pixels for each cell).
in	_pixX	It is the horizontal granularity of a cell (how many pixels for each cell).
in	_lengthY	It is the size in pixel of the vertical dimension.
in	_lengthX	It is the size in pixel of the horizontal dimension.

```
6.24.1.2 \sim Mapp()
```

Mapp::∼Mapp ( )

Destructor of the class.

### 6.24.2 Member Function Documentation

# 6.24.2.1 addObject()

Given an object it is added to the map.

This means that all the cells of the map that are partly cover from this obstacle will be set to its type.

#### **Parameters**

	in	vp	It is the vector of points (convex hull) that delimit the object of interest.
ſ	in	type	It is the type of the given object. Defined as a OBJ_TYPE.

Given a vector objects it is added them to the map.

This means that all the cells of the map that are partly cover from these obstacles will be set to its type. It is a wrapper function of addObject.

#### **Parameters**

in	vvp	It is the vector of vector of points (set of convex hull) that delimit the objects of interest	
in	type	It is the type of the given object. Defined as a OBJ_TYPE.	

```
6.24.2.3 addObjects() [2/4]  \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} void Mapp::addObjects ( & const vector < Obstacle > & objs ) \end{tabular}
```

Given a vector of obstacles adds them to the map.

This means that all the cells of the map that are partly cover from these obstacles will be set to its type. It is a wrapper function of addObject.

#### **Parameters**

```
in objs It is the vector of obstacles to be loaded in the map structure.
```

Given a vector of victims adds them to the map.

This means that all the cells of the map that are partly cover from these victims will be set to its type. It is a wrapper function of addObject.

#### **Parameters**

in	objs	It is the vector of victims to be loaded in the map structure.	
----	------	--	--

Given a vector of gates (tipically this vector contain only one element) adds it to the map.

This means that all the cells of the map that are partly cover from this gate will be set to its type. It is a wrapper function of addObject.

#### **Parameters**

in	objs	It is the vector of gates to be loaded in the map structure.	_
----	------	--	---

#### 6.24.2.6 cellsFromSegment()

```
set< pair< int, int > > Mapp::cellsFromSegment ( const Point2< int > & p0, const Point2< int > & p1 ) [protected]
```

Given a segment (from p0 to p1) it return a set of all the cells that are partly cover from that segment.

#### **Parameters**

in	p0	First point of the segment.
in	p1	Second point of the segment.

### Returns

A set containing all the cells, identified by their row(i or y) and column(j or x).

### 6.24.2.7 checkCellInMap()

```
bool Mapp::checkCellInMap (  \label{eq:const}  \mbox{const int } i, \\ \mbox{const int } j \; )
```

Given a cell(defined with its row and column), the function answer if that cell is inside the cell representation of the map.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	The i=row of the cell.
in	j	The j=column of the cell.

#### Returns

True if the cell is inside the cell representation of the map, false otherwise.

### 6.24.2.8 checkPointInActualMap()

```
bool Mapp::checkPointInActualMap (  Point2 < \  \, \text{int} \  \, > P \ )
```

Given a point, the function answer if that point is inside the actual map. This means that the border of the map also consider the offsetting due to the robot and not only the point.

#### **Parameters**

	in	р	The point that need to be checked.	
--	----	---	------------------------------------	--

#### Returns

True if the point is inside the actual map, false otherwise.

### 6.24.2.9 checkPointInMap()

```
bool Mapp::checkPointInMap (  Point2 < int > P )
```

Given a point, the function answer if that point is inside the map.

### **Parameters**

in	р	The point that need to be checked.
----	---	------------------------------------

#### Returns

True if the point is inside the map, false otherwise.

#### 6.24.2.10 checkSegment()

```
bool Mapp::checkSegment (  {\rm const~Point2<~int~>~\&~p0,} \\ {\rm const~Point2<~int~>~\&~p1~)}
```

Given a segment, the function answer if that segment cross a cell with obstacles.

It is a wrapper for the function 'checkSegmentCollisionWithType'.

#### **Parameters**

in	p0	First point of the segment.
in	p1	Second point of the segment.

#### Returns

True if the obstacles were crossed, false otherwise.

# 6.24.2.11 checkSegmentCollisionWithType()

Given a segment and a type, the function answer if that segment cross a cell with the given type.

#### **Parameters**

in	p0	First point of the segment.
in	p1	Second point of the segment.
in	type	The type to be detected.

#### Returns

True if the type was found, false otherwise.

### 6.24.2.12 createMapRepresentation()

```
Mat Mapp::createMapRepresentation ( )
```

The function create an image (Mat) with the dimensions of the Mapp and all its objects inside.

# Returns

The generated image is returned.

# 6.24.2.13 getActualLengthX()

```
int Mapp::getActualLengthX ( ) [inline]
```

# 6.24.2.14 getActualLengthY()

```
int Mapp::getActualLengthY ( ) [inline]
```

### 6.24.2.15 getBorderSize()

```
int Mapp::getBorderSize ( ) [inline]
```

### 6.24.2.16 getBorderSizeDefault()

```
int Mapp::getBorderSizeDefault ( ) [inline]
```

# 6.24.2.17 getCellSize()

```
int Mapp::getCellSize ( ) [inline]
```

# 6.24.2.18 getCellType()

Given a cell return its type.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	The row of the cell.
in	j	The column of the cell.

### Returns

The type (OBJ\_TYPE) of the requested cell.

# 6.24.2.19 getDimX()

```
int Mapp::getDimX ( ) [inline]
```

# 6.24.2.20 getDimY()

```
int Mapp::getDimY ( ) [inline]
```

# 6.24.2.21 getGateCenter()

```
void Mapp::getGateCenter ( \label{eq:contor} \mbox{vector} < \mbox{Point2} < \mbox{int} \mbox{ } > \mbox{ & } \mbox{\it vp} \mbox{ )}
```

Add to the given vector the center of the gate of the map.

#### **Parameters**

out	vp	A vector where the requested center will be added.
-----	----	--

# 6.24.2.22 getLengthX()

```
int Mapp::getLengthX ( ) [inline]
```

# 6.24.2.23 getLengthY()

```
int Mapp::getLengthY ( ) [inline]
```

### 6.24.2.24 getOffsetValue()

```
int Mapp::getOffsetValue ( ) [inline]
```

# 6.24.2.25 getPixX()

```
int Mapp::getPixX ( ) [inline]
```

# 6.24.2.26 getPixY()

```
int Mapp::getPixY ( ) [inline]
```

### 6.24.2.27 getPointType()

```
OBJ_TYPE Mapp::getPointType ( {\tt const\ Point2} < {\tt int} \ > \& \ p \ )
```

Given a point return the type (status) of the cell in the map that contain it.

#### **Parameters**

in	p	The point of which we want to know the informations.
----	---	--

#### Returns

The type (OBJ\_TYPE) of the cell.

### 6.24.2.28 getVictimCenters()

```
void Mapp::getVictimCenters ( \label{eq:vector} \mbox{vector} < \mbox{Point2} < \mbox{int} \mbox{ > } \mbox{\& } \mbox{\it vp} \mbox{\ )}
```

Add to the given vector the set of centers of the victims of the map.

# **Parameters**

```
out | vp | A vector where the requested centers will be added.
```

#### 6.24.2.29 imageAddPoint()

```
const Point2< int > & p,
const int radius = 7,
const Scalar color = Scalar(0, 255, 255) )
```

It add to the given image a point.

#### **Parameters**

	[in/out]	map The image where the points will be added.
in	р	The point to add.
in	radius	The radius of the point to be drawn.
in	color	The color of the point to be drawn.

# **6.24.2.30** imageAddPoints() [1/2]

It add to the given image a vector of points.

#### **Parameters**

	[in/out]	map The image where the point will be added.
in	V	The vecotor of points to add.
in	radius	The radius of the points to be drawn.

### **6.24.2.31** imageAddPoints() [2/2]

It add to the given image a vector of points.

#### **Parameters**

	[in/out]	map The image where the point will be added.
in	v	The vecotor of points to add.
in	radius	The radius of the points to be drawn.

#### 6.24.2.32 imageAddSegment()

It add to the given image the segment defined from p0 to p1.

#### **Parameters**

	[in/out]	map The image where the segment will be added.
in	p0	The first point of the segment.
in	p1	The end point of the segment.
in	thickness	The thickness of the line to be drawn.
in	colot	The color of the line to be drawn.

# **6.24.2.33** imageAddSegments() [1/2]

```
void Mapp::imageAddSegments (  \mbox{Mat \& image,} \\ \mbox{const vector} < \mbox{Point2} < \mbox{int } > > \& \ v, \\ \mbox{const int } thickness = 3 \ )
```

It add to the given image a set of (n-1) segments specified by the n points given.

### **Parameters**

	[in/out]	map The image where the segments will be added.
in	V	The vector of points that identify the segments.
in	thickness	The thickness of the lines to be drawn.

# **6.24.2.34** imageAddSegments() [2/2]

It add to the given image a set of (n-1) segments specified by the n points given.

#### **Parameters**

	[in/out]	map The image where the segments will be added.
in	V	The vector of points that identify the segments.
Generated	ь <b>‡/biskyges</b> s	The thickness of the lines to be drawn.

# 6.24.2.35 matrixToString()

```
string Mapp::matrixToString ( )
```

Generate a string (a grid of pixels) that represent the matrix.

#### Returns

The generated string.

# 6.24.2.36 printDimensions()

```
void Mapp::printDimensions ( )
```

Print to the terminal the main informations of the Map.

### 6.24.2.37 printMap()

```
void Mapp::printMap ( )
```

Print to the terminal the main informations of the Map, and its grid representation.

### 6.24.3 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.24.3.1 borderSize

```
int Mapp::borderSize [protected]
```

### 6.24.3.2 borderSizeDefault

```
const int Mapp::borderSizeDefault = 10 [static], [protected]
```

### 6.24.3.3 cellSize

```
const int Mapp::cellSize = 5 [static], [protected]
```

#### 6.24.3.4 dimX

```
int Mapp::dimX [protected]
```

# 6.24.3.5 dimY

```
int Mapp::dimY [protected]
```

### 6.24.3.6 lengthX

```
int Mapp::lengthX [protected]
```

# 6.24.3.7 lengthY

```
int Mapp::lengthY [protected]
```

### 6.24.3.8 map

```
OBJ_TYPE** Mapp::map [protected]
```

# 6.24.3.9 offsetValue

```
const int Mapp::offsetValue = 75 [protected]
```

# 6.24.3.10 pixX

```
int Mapp::pixX [protected]
```

### 6.24.3.11 pixY

```
int Mapp::pixY [protected]
```

#### 6.24.3.12 vGates

```
vector<Gate> Mapp::vGates [protected]
```

#### 6.24.3.13 vObstacles

```
vector<Obstacle> Mapp::vObstacles [protected]
```

#### 6.24.3.14 vVictims

```
vector<Victim> Mapp::vVictims [protected]
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/map.hh
- src/map.cc

# 6.25 MyException < T > Class Template Reference

```
#include <utils.hh>
```

Inherits exception.

#### **Public Member Functions**

- MyException (EXCEPTION\_TYPE \_type, T \_a, int \_b, string \_s="???")
- const char \* what () const throw ()

# **Public Attributes**

- EXCEPTION\_TYPE type
- Ta
- int b
- string s

# 6.25.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 6.25.1.1 MyException()

### 6.25.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.25.2.1 what()

```
template<class T > const char* MyException< T >::what ( ) const throw ( ) [inline]
```

# 6.25.3 Member Data Documentation

### 6.25.3.1 a

```
template<class T >
T MyException< T >::a
```

### 6.25.3.2 b

```
template<class T >
int MyException< T >::b
```

## 6.25.3.3 s

```
template<class T >
string MyException< T >::s
```

# 6.25.3.4 type

```
template<class T >
EXCEPTION_TYPE MyException< T >::type
```

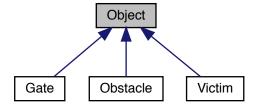
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/include/utils.hh

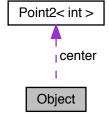
# 6.26 Object Class Reference

```
#include <objects.hh>
```

Inheritance diagram for Object:



Collaboration diagram for Object:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• string toString ()

Generate a string that describe the object.

• unsigned int size ()

Return the number of points of the object.

unsigned int nPoints ()

Return the number of points of the object.

vector< Point2< int > > getPoints ()

Return the of points of the object.

Point2< int > getCenter ()

Retrieve the center of the object.

• double getRadius ()

Retrieve the radius of the object.

void computeCenter ()

Find the representative center of the object.

void computeRadius ()

Compute the radius of the object.

void offsetting (const int offset, const int limitX, const int limitY)

Enlarge the object of the given offset (defined as pixels=mm in our scenario).

bool insidePolyApprox (Point2< int > pt)

Check if the given point is inside the approximation shape of the object (a circle).

bool insidePoly (Point2< int > pt)

Exact check if a point is inside the object (no approximation).

### **Protected Attributes**

- vector< Point2< int > > points
- Point2< int > center
- · double radius

#### 6.26.1 Member Function Documentation

```
6.26.1.1 computeCenter()
```

```
void Object::computeCenter ( )
```

Find the representative center of the object.

The center is computed as the mean of the minimum and maximum x and y.

# 6.26.1.2 computeRadius()

```
void Object::computeRadius ( )
```

Compute the radius of the object.

This function assume that the center of the object is already computed and consistent.

```
6.26.1.3 getCenter()
```

```
Point2< int > Object::getCenter ( )
```

Retrieve the center of the object.

Returns

The center.

# 6.26.1.4 getPoints()

```
vector< Point2< int > > Object::getPoints ( )
```

Return the of points of the object.

Returns

The vector of points.

# 6.26.1.5 getRadius()

```
double Object::getRadius ( )
```

Retrieve the radius of the object.

Returns

The radius.

# 6.26.1.6 insidePoly()

Exact check if a point is inside the object (no approximation).

#### **Parameters**

in	pt	The point to be checked.
----	----	--------------------------

#### Returns

True if the point is inside the object, false otherwise.

### 6.26.1.7 insidePolyApprox()

```
bool Object::insidePolyApprox ( \label{eq:point2} \mbox{Point2} < \mbox{int} > pt \mbox{ )}
```

Check if the given point is inside the approximation shape of the object (a circle).

#### **Parameters**

in	pt	The point to be checked.
----	----	--------------------------

### Returns

True if the point is inside the object, false otherwise.

### 6.26.1.8 nPoints()

```
unsigned int Object::nPoints ( )
```

Return the number of points of the object.

#### Returns

The number of points.

### 6.26.1.9 offsetting()

Enlarge the object of the given offset (defined as pixels=mm in our scenario).

The function automatically update even the center and the radius.

#### **Parameters**

in	offset	The size of the offset.
in	limitX	The the maximum x that the point can have.
Generated	ь∮Ю́́́ру́́́ру́ge	n The the maximum y that the point can have.

```
6.26.1.10 size()
unsigned int Object::size ( )
Return the number of points of the object.
Returns
     The number of points.
6.26.1.11 toString()
string Object::toString ( )
Generate a string that describe the object.
Returns
     The generated string.
6.26.2 Member Data Documentation
6.26.2.1 center
Point2<int> Object::center [protected]
6.26.2.2 points
vector<Point2<int> > Object::points [protected]
6.26.2.3 radius
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

• src/include/objects.hh

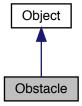
double Object::radius [protected]

• src/objects.cc

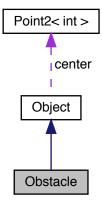
# 6.27 Obstacle Class Reference

#include <objects.hh>

Inheritance diagram for Obstacle:



Collaboration diagram for Obstacle:



### **Public Member Functions**

• Obstacle (vector< Point2< int > > &vp)

Constructor of the obstacle class and automatically compute center and radius.

• string toString ()

Generate a string that describe the obstacle.

• void print ()

Print the describing string of the obstacle.

# **Additional Inherited Members**

### 6.27.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 6.27.1.1 Obstacle()

```
Obstacle::Obstacle ( \label{eq:point2} \mbox{vector} < \mbox{Point2} < \mbox{int} \mbox{ } > \mbox{\& } \mbox{\it vp} \mbox{ })
```

Constructor of the obstacle class and automatically compute center and radius.

#### **Parameters**

in	vp	Vector of points that is the convex hull of the obstacle.
----	----	---

#### Returns

Return the created obstacle.

### 6.27.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.27.2.1 print()
```

```
void Obstacle::print ( )
```

Print the describing string of the obstacle.

#### 6.27.2.2 toString()

```
string Obstacle::toString ( )
```

Generate a string that describe the obstacle.

# Returns

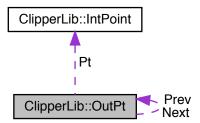
The generated string.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/objects.hh
- src/objects.cc

# 6.28 ClipperLib::OutPt Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for ClipperLib::OutPt:



### **Public Attributes**

- int ldx
- IntPoint Pt
- OutPt \* Next
- OutPt \* Prev

# 6.28.1 Member Data Documentation

### 6.28.1.1 ldx

int ClipperLib::OutPt::Idx

### 6.28.1.2 Next

OutPt\* ClipperLib::OutPt::Next

# 6.28.1.3 Prev

OutPt\* ClipperLib::OutPt::Prev

### 6.28.1.4 Pt

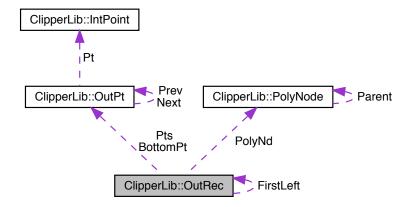
IntPoint ClipperLib::OutPt::Pt

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/clipper.cc

# 6.29 ClipperLib::OutRec Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for ClipperLib::OutRec:



### **Public Attributes**

- int ldx
- bool IsHole
- bool IsOpen
- OutRec \* FirstLeft
- PolyNode \* PolyNd
- OutPt \* Pts
- OutPt \* BottomPt

#### 6.29.1 Member Data Documentation

# 6.29.1.1 BottomPt

OutPt\* ClipperLib::OutRec::BottomPt

### 6.29.1.2 FirstLeft

OutRec\* ClipperLib::OutRec::FirstLeft

### 6.29.1.3 ldx

int ClipperLib::OutRec::Idx

### 6.29.1.4 IsHole

bool ClipperLib::OutRec::IsHole

### 6.29.1.5 IsOpen

bool ClipperLib::OutRec::IsOpen

# 6.29.1.6 PolyNd

PolyNode\* ClipperLib::OutRec::PolyNd

### 6.29.1.7 Pts

OutPt\* ClipperLib::OutRec::Pts

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/clipper.cc

# $\hbox{6.30 Point2$<$T$} > \hbox{Class Template Reference}$

Class that stores two value to construct a point in 2D. The value is saved in a Tuple.

#include <maths.hh>

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Point2 ()

Default constructor to build an empty Tuple.

Point2 (const T \_x, const T \_y)

Constructor that taked to elements and builds a point.

Point2 (const cv::Point p)

Constructor that takes a cv::Point and returns a Point2.

- Tx() const
- Ty()const
- void x (const T \_x)

Set the abscissa value.

void y (const T \_y)

Set the ordinate value.

template<class T1 >

```
Point2< T > offset (const T1 _offset, const Angle th)
```

This function compute the offset of the point given a vector, that is the length of the vector and its angle. The angle must be an Angle variable.

Point2< T > offset (const Point2< T > p)

This function compute an offset given another point made of the abscissa offset and the ordinate offset.

Point2< T > offset (const Tuple< T > p)

This function compute an offset given a Tuple made of the abscissa offset and the ordinate offset.

Point2< T > offset x (const T offset)

This function compute an offset for the abscissa.

Point2< T > offset\_y (const T \_offset)

This function compute an offset for the ordinate.

template<class T1 >

```
double distance (Point2< T1 > B, DISTANCE_TYPE dist=EUCLIDEAN)
```

Wrapper to compute different distances. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Point 2.

template<class T1 >

```
double MaDistance (Point2< T1 > B)
```

Function that compute the Manhattan Distance between two points. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Point2.

template < class T1 >

```
double EuDistance (Point2< T1 > B)
```

Function that compute the Euclidean Distance between two points. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Point2.

- stringstream to\_string () const
- Point2< T > copy (const Point2< T > &A)

Copy a point into another one.

Point2< T > operator= (const Point2< T > &A)

Overload of the = operatore. Just calls copy.

bool equal (const Point2< T > &A)

Equalize two points.

bool operator== (const Point2< T > &A)

Overload of the == operator. Just calls equal.

bool operator!= (const Point2< T > &A)

Overload of the != operator. Just calls equal and negates it.

· operator cv::Point () const

Cast to cv::Point.

- bool operator< (const Point2< T > &A)
- template<class T1 >

Angle th (Point2< T1 > P1, Angle::ANGLE\_TYPE type=Angle::RAD) const

```
    template < class T1 > operator Point2 < T1 > () const
    void invert ()
    Invert the x and y of the point.
```

# **Friends**

ostream & operator << (ostream &out, const Point2 < T > &data)
 Overload of operator << to output the content of a Point2.</li>

# 6.30.1 Detailed Description

```
\begin{array}{l} {\rm template}{<}{\rm class}~{\rm T}{>}\\ {\rm class}~{\rm Point2}{<}~{\rm T}{>} \end{array}
```

Class that stores two value to construct a point in 2D. The value is saved in a Tuple.

## **Template Parameters**

The type of the coordinates to be stored.

### 6.30.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.30.2.1 Point2() [1/3]

template<class T>
Point2< T >::Point2 ( ) [inline]
```

Default constructor to build an empty Tuple.

Constructor that taked to elements and builds a point.

### **Parameters**

in	$\leftarrow$	The abscissa coordinate.
	_←	
	X	
in	$\leftarrow$	The ordinate coordinate.
	_←	
	y	

```
6.30.2.3 Point2() [3/3]
```

Constructor that takes a cv::Point and returns a Point2.

### **Parameters**

in	р	The cv::Point to be copied.
----	---	-----------------------------

# 6.30.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.30.3.1 copy()

Copy a point into another one.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	point to be coppied.
----	---	----------------------

Returns

this.

### 6.30.3.2 distance()

Wrapper to compute different distances. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Point2.

#### **Parameters**

in	В	The second Point 2 to use for computing the distance	
in	dist	The type of distance to be computed.	

### Returns

The distance between the two points. If something went wrong the return is -1.0.

#### 6.30.3.3 equal()

Equalize two points.

### **Parameters**

in	Α	point to be compared to.
----	---	--------------------------

### Returns

true if the two points are equal.

### 6.30.3.4 EuDistance()

Function that compute the Euclidean Distance between two points. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Point 2.

#### **Parameters**

|--|

### Returns

The Euclidean distance between the two points.

### 6.30.3.5 invert()

```
template<class T>
void Point2< T >::invert ( ) [inline]
```

Invert the x and y of the point.

### 6.30.3.6 MaDistance()

Function that compute the Manhattan Distance between two points. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Point 2.

#### **Parameters**

```
in B the second Point2 to use for computing the distance.
```

### Returns

The Manhattan distance between the two points.

This function compute the offset of the point given a vector, that is the length of the vector and its angle. The angle must be an Angle variable.

### **Template Parameters**

```
6.30.3.8 offset() [2/3]

template<class T>
Point2<T> Point2< T >::offset (
```

const Point2< T > p ) [inline]

This function compute an offset given another point made of the abscissa offset and the ordinate offset.

#### **Parameters**

in	p	The point with the offsets.

### Returns

1 if everything went fine, 0 otherwise.

This function compute an offset given a Tuple made of the abscissa offset and the ordinate offset.

#### **Parameters**

```
in p The Tuple with the offsets. Its dimension must be 2.
```

### Returns

1 if everything went fine, 0 otherwise.

### 6.30.3.10 offset\_x()

This function compute an offset for the abscissa.

### **Parameters**

in _offse	The offset.
-----------	-------------

### Returns

1 if everything went fine, 0 otherwise.

### 6.30.3.11 offset\_y()

This function compute an offset for the ordinate.

### **Parameters**

in _offset	The offset.
------------	-------------

#### Returns

1 if everything went fine, 0 otherwise.

### 6.30.3.12 operator cv::Point()

```
template<class T>
Point2< T >::operator cv::Point ( ) const [inline]
```

Cast to cv::Point.

### Returns

The value casted to point

### 6.30.3.13 operator Point2< T1 >()

```
template<class T>
template<class T1 >
Point2< T >::operator Point2< T1 > ( ) const [inline]
```

### 6.30.3.14 operator"!=()

Overload of the != operator. Just calls equal and negates it.

### **Parameters**

in .	Α	point to be compared to.
------	---	--------------------------

### Returns

true if the two configurations are different.

### 6.30.3.15 operator<()

### 6.30.3.16 operator=()

Overload of the = operatore. Just calls copy.

### **Parameters**

in	Α	point to be coppied.
----	---	----------------------

### Returns

this.

### 6.30.3.17 operator==()

Overload of the == operator. Just calls equal.

in	Δ	point to be compared to.
T11	А	point to be compared to.

### Returns

true if the two configurations are equal.

### 6.30.3.18 th()

```
template<class T>
template<class T1 >
Angle Point2< T >::th (
          Point2< T1 > P1,
          Angle::ANGLE_TYPE type = Angle::RAD ) const [inline]
```

### 6.30.3.19 to\_string()

```
template<class T>
stringstream Point2< T >::to_string ( ) const [inline]
```

### **6.30.3.20 x()** [1/2]

```
template<class T>
T Point2< T >::x ( ) const [inline]
```

### Returns

The abscissa coordinate

### **6.30.3.21 x()** [2/2]

Set the abscissa value.

-			
	in	$\leftarrow$	The new abscissa value
		_←	
		X	

### Returns

1 if it was successful, 0 otherwise.

```
6.30.3.22 y() [1/2]

template < class T >
T Point2 < T >::y ( ) const [inline]
```

### Returns

The ordinate coordinate

Set the ordinate value.

### Parameters

in	$\leftarrow$	The new ordinate value
	_←	
	X	

### Returns

1 if it was successful, 0 otherwise.

### 6.30.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

Overload of operator << to output the content of a Point 2.

### **Parameters**

in	out	The output stream.
in	data	The Point 2 to print.

### Returns

An output stream to be printed.

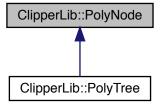
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/include/maths.hh

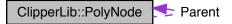
# 6.31 ClipperLib::PolyNode Class Reference

#include <clipper.hh>

Inheritance diagram for ClipperLib::PolyNode:



Collaboration diagram for ClipperLib::PolyNode:



### **Public Member Functions**

- PolyNode ()
- virtual ∼PolyNode ()
- PolyNode \* GetNext () const
- bool IsHole () const
- bool IsOpen () const
- int ChildCount () const

### **Public Attributes**

- Path Contour
- PolyNodes Childs
- PolyNode \* Parent

### **Friends**

- · class Clipper
- class ClipperOffset

### 6.31.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.31.1.1 PolyNode()
ClipperLib::PolyNode::PolyNode ( )
6.31.1.2 ~PolyNode()
virtual ClipperLib::PolyNode::~PolyNode ( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

### 6.31.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.31.2.1 ChildCount()
```

```
int ClipperLib::PolyNode::ChildCount ( ) const
```

### 6.31.2.2 GetNext()

```
PolyNode * ClipperLib::PolyNode::GetNext ( ) const
```

### 6.31.2.3 IsHole()

```
bool ClipperLib::PolyNode::IsHole ( ) const
```

### 6.31.2.4 IsOpen()

```
bool ClipperLib::PolyNode::IsOpen ( ) const
```

### 6.31.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation

### 6.31.3.1 Clipper

```
friend class Clipper [friend]
```

### 6.31.3.2 ClipperOffset

```
friend class ClipperOffset [friend]
```

### 6.31.4 Member Data Documentation

### 6.31.4.1 Childs

```
PolyNodes ClipperLib::PolyNode::Childs
```

### 6.31.4.2 Contour

```
Path ClipperLib::PolyNode::Contour
```

### 6.31.4.3 Parent

```
PolyNode* ClipperLib::PolyNode::Parent
```

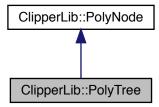
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/clipper.hh
- src/clipper.cc

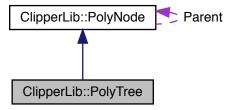
# 6.32 ClipperLib::PolyTree Class Reference

#include <clipper.hh>

Inheritance diagram for ClipperLib::PolyTree:



Collaboration diagram for ClipperLib::PolyTree:



### **Public Member Functions**

- $\sim$ PolyTree ()
- PolyNode \* GetFirst () const
- void Clear ()
- int Total () const

### **Friends**

• class Clipper

### **Additional Inherited Members**

### 6.32.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.32.1.1 ∼PolyTree()
ClipperLib::PolyTree::~PolyTree ( ) [inline]
6.32.2 Member Function Documentation
6.32.2.1 Clear()
void ClipperLib::PolyTree::Clear ( )
6.32.2.2 GetFirst()
PolyNode * ClipperLib::PolyTree::GetFirst ( ) const
6.32.2.3 Total()
int ClipperLib::PolyTree::Total ( ) const
6.32.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation
6.32.3.1 Clipper
friend class Clipper [friend]
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/clipper.hh
- src/clipper.cc

## 6.33 RobotProject Class Reference

#include <robotProject.hh>

### **Public Member Functions**

RobotProject (CameraCapture \*camera, double &frame\_time)

A not used constructor of the class.

∼RobotProject ()

The destructor of the class.

• bool preprocessMap (const Mat &img)

Taken an image this function elaborate it in order to detect the foundamental elements and store them on files.

• bool planPath (const Mat &img, Path &path)

Taken an image this function try to compute (and return) a path on it, that will bring the robot from its actual position through all the victims and in the end up to the gate.

bool localize (const Mat &img, vector< double > &state)

Taken an image this function try to localize the position and the orientation of the robot. It also apply the neccessary transformation matrix to solve the problem of the different planes.

#### 6.33.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 6.33.1.1 RobotProject()

A not used constructor of the class.

### Parameters

```
in
```

### 6.33.1.2 ∼RobotProject()

```
RobotProject::~RobotProject ( )
```

The destructor of the class.

### 6.33.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.33.2.1 localize()

Taken an image this function try to localize the position and the orientation of the robot. It also apply the neccessary transformation matrix to solve the problem of the different planes.

#### **Parameters**

in	img	The immage that will be processed.
out	state	The state that acts as the return value of the function.

### Returns

A true value if everything goes well. False otherwise.

### 6.33.2.2 planPath()

Taken an image this function try to compute (and return) a path on it, that will bring the robot from its actual position through all the victims and in the end up to the gate.

### **Parameters**

in	img	The immage that will be processed.
out	path	The path that acts as the return value of the function.

### Returns

A true value if everything goes well. False otherwise.

### 6.33.2.3 preprocessMap()

Taken an image this function elaborate it in order to detect the foundamental elements and store them on files.

### **Parameters**

in	ima	The immage that will be processed.
111	iiig	The ininage that will be processed.

### Returns

A true value if everything goes well. False otherwise.

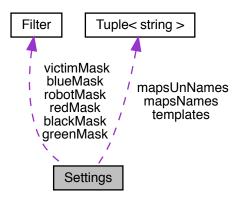
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/robotProject.hh
- src/robotProject.cc

### 6.34 Settings Class Reference

#include <settings.hh>

Collaboration diagram for Settings:



### **Public Types**

enum COLOR {
 BLACK, RED, GREEN, VICTIMS,
 BLUE, ROBOT }

### **Public Member Functions**

• Settings (string \_baseFolder="data/", string \_mapsFolder="map", string \_templatesFolder="num\_template/", vector< string > \_mapsNames={}, vector< string > \_mapsUnNames={}, string \_intrinsicCalibration ← File="intrinsic\_calibration.xml", string \_calibrationFile="calib\_config.xml", Filter \_blackMask=Filter(0, 0, 0, 179, 255, 70), Filter \_redMask=Filter(15, 100, 140, 160, 255, 255), Filter \_greenMask=Filter(54, 74, 25, 119, 255, 88), Filter \_victimMask=Filter(0, 0, 0, 179, 255, 80), Filter \_blueMask=Filter(100, 100, 40, 140, 200, 170), Filter \_roboteMask=Filter(100, 100, 40, 140, 200, 170), int \_kernelSide=9, string \_convexHull ← File="convexHull.xml", vector< string > \_templates={})

Constructor of class Settings. The value are all set by default. The constructor does NOT read from or write to file.

∼Settings ()

Destructor.

Function to change values. The value are all set by default. This function does NOT read from or write to file.

void writeToFile (string path="")

Function to write settings to file. Default is data/settings.xml.

void readFromFile (string \_path="")

Function to read from file. The data found is going to be added to the settings. Default file is data/settings.xml.

• void clean ()

Function to clean all settings: number types are set to 0, string are set to "", Tuples are set to Tuple<>() and Filter are set to all 0s.

void cleanAndRead (string path="")

Function to clean all settings and then read from file. If no path is given the baseFolder is used.

Tuple< string > maps (Tuple< int > ids=Tuple< int >())

Function to return the paths of maps. If ids are not specified all maps are returned.

Tuple < string > maps (int id=-1)

Function to return the path of a map. If id is negative all maps are returned.

string maps (string mapName)

A function to return the path of a given map.

Tuple < string > maps (Tuple < string > \_mapNames)

A function to return the paths of a given Tuple of maps.

- bool addUnMap (string unMap)
- Tuple < string > unMaps (Tuple < int > ids=Tuple < int >())

Function to return the paths of undistorted maps. If ids are not specified all undistorted maps are returned.

Tuple < string > unMaps (int id=-1)

Function to return the path of an undistorted map. If id is negative all undistorted maps are returned.

string unMaps (string unMapName)

A function to return the path of a given undistorted map.

Tuple < string > unMaps (Tuple < string > unMapNames)

A function to return the paths of a given Tuple of undistorted maps.

Tuple < string > getTemplates (int id=-1)

Function to return the path of a template. If id is negative all templates are returned.

string getTemplates (string \_template)

A function to return the path of a given template.

Tuple < string > getTemplates (Tuple < string > \_templates)

A function to return the paths of a given Tuple of templates.

- void changeMask (Tuple < COLOR > color, Tuple < Filter > fil)

Change the values of Tuple of filters. Mind that no write function is called.

· void changeMask (COLOR color, Filter fil)

Change the values of a filter. Mind that no write function is called.

• stringstream to\_string () const

A function that creates a stringstream to print the values stored in settings.

### **Public Attributes**

· string baseFolder

A string containing the path for the base dir of data.

string mapsFolder

A string containing the name for maps folder. No certainty is given about the form of this string.

Tuple < string > mapsNames

A Tuple containing the names of the maps. These are not paths but just names.

Tuple < string > mapsUnNames

A Tuple containing the names of the undistorted maps. These are not paths but just names.

· string intrinsicCalibrationFile

A string containing the name to the file containing the values of the matrix for the calibration.

string calibrationFile

A string containing the name to the file containing the data for the calibration.

Filter blackMask

Filter for black.

Filter redMask

Filter for red.

Filter greenMask

Filter for green.

Filter victimMask

Filter for the victims.

· Filter blueMask

Filter for blue.

Filter robotMask

Filter for the triangle above the robot.

- · int kernelSide
- · string convexHullFile

AString containing the name to file containing the points of the elements in the arena.

· string templatesFolder

A String containing the name of the folder containing the number templates.

• Tuple < string > templates

A Tuple containing the names of the templates. These are not paths but just names.

### **Friends**

ostream & operator<< (ostream &out, const Settings &data)</li>

### 6.34.1 Detailed Description

Class that stores settings for the projects such as location of files, name of maps and filters to use. Mind that when created it does not read from file by default but the function must be invoked.

### 6.34.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

### 6.34.2.1 COLOR

enum Settings::COLOR

### **Enumerator**

BLACK	
RED	
GREEN	
VICTIMS	
BLUE	
ROBOT	

### 6.34.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 6.34.3.1 Settings()

```
Settings::Settings (
            string _baseFolder = "data/",
             string _mapsFolder = "map",
             string _templatesFolder = "num_template/",
             vector< string > _mapsNames = {},
             vector< string > _mapsUnNames = {},
             string _intrinsicCalibrationFile = "intrinsic_calibration.xml",
             string _calibrationFile = "calib_config.xml",
             Filter _blackMask = Filter(0, 0, 0, 179, 255, 70),
             Filter _redMask = Filter(15, 100, 140, 160, 255, 255),
             Filter _greenMask = Filter(54, 74, 25, 119, 255, 88),
             Filter _victimMask = Filter(0, 0, 0, 179, 255, 80),
             Filter _blueMask = Filter(100, 100, 40, 140, 200, 170),
             Filter _robotMask = Filter(100, 100, 40, 140, 200, 170),
             int _kernelSide = 9,
             string _convexHullFile = "convexHull.xml",
             vector< string > _templates = {} )
```

Constructor of class Settings. The value are all set by default. The constructor does NOT read from or write to file.

in         baseFolder         A string containing the path for the base dir of data.           in         mapsFolder         A string containing the name for maps folder. No certainty is given about the form of this string.           in         _templatesFolder         A String containing the name of the folder containing the number templates.           in         _mapsVames         A Tuple containing the names of the maps. These are not paths but just names.           in         _mapsUnNames         A Tuple containing the names of the undistorted maps. These are not paths but just names.           in         _calibrationFile         A string containing the name to the file containing the data for the calibration.           in         _intrinsicCalibrationFile         A string containing the name to the file containing the values of the matrix for the calibration.           in         _blackMask         Filter for black.           in         _redMask         Filter for red.           in         _greenMask         Filter for green.           in         _victimMask         Filter for the victims.           in         _blueMask         Filter for the triangle above the robot.           in         _cennelSide           in         _cennelSide           in         _cennelSide           in         _cennelSide           in         _			
in _templatesFolder	in	baseFolder	A string containing the path for the base dir of data.
in _mapsNames	in	mapsFolder	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
names.  in _mapsUnNames	in	_templatesFolder	A String containing the name of the folder containing the number templates.
but just names.  in _calibrationFile	in	_mapsNames	
inintrinsicCalibrationFile	in	_mapsUnNames	
the calibration.  in _blackMask	in	_calibrationFile	A string containing the name to the file containing the data for the calibration.
in _redMask Filter for red.  in _greenMask Filter for green.  in _victimMask Filter for the victims.  in _blueMask Filter for blue.  in _robotMask Filter for the triangle above the robot.  in _kernelSide  in _convexHullFile A String containing the name to file containing the points of the elements in the arena.  in _templates A Tuple containing the names of the templates. These are not paths but just names.  mapsFolder A string containing the path for mapsFolder. No certainty is given about the form of this string	in	_intrinsicCalibrationFile	
in _greenMask Filter for green.  in _victimMask Filter for the victims.  in _blueMask Filter for blue.  in _robotMask Filter for the triangle above the robot.  in _kernelSide  in _convexHullFile A String containing the name to file containing the points of the elements in the arena.  in _templates A Tuple containing the names of the templates. These are not paths but just names.  mapsFolder A string containing the path for mapsFolder. No certainty is given about the form of this string	in	_blackMask	Filter for black.
in _victimMask	in	_redMask	Filter for red.
in _blueMask	in	_greenMask	Filter for green.
in _robotMask	in	_victimMask	Filter for the victims.
in _kernelSide  in _convexHullFile  A String containing the name to file containing the points of the elements in the arena.  in _templates  A Tuple containing the names of the templates. These are not paths but just names.  mapsFolder  A string containing the path for mapsFolder. No certainty is given about the form of this string	in	_blueMask	Filter for blue.
in _convexHullFile	in	_robotMask	Filter for the triangle above the robot.
the arena.  in _templates	in	_kernelSide	
names.  **MapsFolder**  A string containing the path for mapsFolder. No certainty is given about the form of this string	in	_convexHullFile	
form of this string	in	_templates	
_templatesFolder A String containing the path of the folder containing the number templates.		mapsFolder	
		_templatesFolder	A String containing the path of the folder containing the number templates.

### **Parameters**

_mapsNames	A Tuple containing the names of the maps. These are not paths but just
	names.
_mapsUnNames	A Tuple containing the names of the undistorted maps. These are not paths
	but just names.
_calibrationFile	A string containing the path to the file containing the data for the calibration.
_intrinsicCalibrationFile	A string containing the path to the file containing the values of the matrix for
	the calibration.
_blackMask	Filter for black.
_redMask	Filter for red.
_greenMask	Filter for green.
_victimMask	Filter for the victims.
_blueMask	Filter for blue.
_robotMask	Filter for the triangle above the robot.
_kernelSide	
_convexHullFile	A String containing the path to file containing the points of the elements in
	the arena.
_templates	A Tuple containing the names of the templates. These are not paths but just
	names.

### 6.34.3.2 ∼Settings()

```
Settings::\simSettings ( )
```

Destructor.

### 6.34.4 Member Function Documentation

### 6.34.4.1 addUnMap()

### **6.34.4.2 changeMask()** [1/2]

Change the values of Tuple of filters. Mind that no write function is called.

### **Parameters**

color	A Tuple containing the colors of the filters to change.
fil	The new filters to be stored.

# **6.34.4.3 changeMask()** [2/2]

Change the values of a filter. Mind that no write function is called.

### **Parameters**

color	The filter to change.
fil	The new filter to be stored.

### 6.34.4.4 clean()

```
void Settings::clean ( )
```

Function to clean all settings: number types are set to 0, string are set to "", Tuples are set to Tuple<>() and Filter are set to all 0s.

### 6.34.4.5 cleanAndRead()

```
void Settings::cleanAndRead (
    string _path = """ )
```

Function to clean all settings and then read from file. If no path is given the baseFolder is used.

Function to clean all settings and then read from file. Default is data/settings.xml.

in	_path	Path to the file. Mind that it doesn't require the name of the file.
----	-------	--

### 6.34.4.6 getTemplates() [1/3]

```
Tuple< string > Settings::getTemplates (
int id = -1)
```

Function to return the path of a template. If id is negative all templates are returned.

Function to return the path of a template. If id is not specified all templates are returned.

#### **Parameters**

id The positions in this.templates of the template to be retrieved

### Returns

A Tuple containing the paths of the templates.

### 6.34.4.7 getTemplates() [2/3]

A function to return the path of a given template.

### Parameters

_templateName   The name of the template to check in the Tuple.
---

### Returns

The path to the template if it is found, an empty string otherwise.

### **6.34.4.8 getTemplates()** [3/3]

A function to return the paths of a given Tuple of templates.

template	A Tuple containing the names of the templates to check in the Tuple.

#### Returns

The paths to the templates if they are found, an empty Tuple otherwise.

Function to return the paths of maps. If ids are not specified all maps are returned.

### **Parameters**

ids | A Tuple containing the ids (that is the positions in this.mapsNames) of the maps to be retrieved.

### Returns

A Tuple containing the paths of the maps.

Function to return the path of a map. If id is negative all maps are returned.

Function to return the path of a map. If id is not specified all maps are returned.

### **Parameters**

id The positions in this.mapsNames of the map to be retrieved

### Returns

A Tuple containing the paths of the maps.

#### **Parameters**

id A the positions in this.mapsNames of the map to be retrieved

### Returns

A Tuple containing the paths of the maps.

A function to return the path of a given map.

### **Parameters**

_mapName	The name of the map to check in the Tuple.
----------	--

### Returns

The path to the map if the map is found, an empty string otherwise.

A function to return the paths of a given Tuple of maps.

### **Parameters**

_mapNames	A Tuple containing the names of the maps to check in the Tuple.
-----------	---

### Returns

The paths to the maps if they are found, an empty Tuple otherwise.

### 6.34.4.13 readFromFile()

```
void Settings::readFromFile (
    string _path = """ )
```

Function to read from file. The data found is going to be added to the settings. Default file is data/settings.xml.

in	_path	Path to the file. Mind that it doesn't require the name of the file.	
·	_path	The path of file to read from.	

### 6.34.4.14 save()

```
void Settings::save (
            string _baseFolder = "data/",
            string _mapsFolder = "map/",
            string _templatesFolder = "num_template/",
            vector< string > _mapsNames = {},
            vector< string > _mapsUnNames = {},
            string _intrinsicCalibrationFile = "intrinsic_calibration.xml",
            string _calibrationFile = "calib_config.xml",
            Filter _blackMask = Filter(0, 0, 0, 179, 255, 70),
            Filter _redMask = Filter(15, 100, 140, 160, 255, 255),
             Filter _greenMask = Filter(54, 74, 25, 119, 255, 88),
             Filter _victimMask = Filter(0, 0, 0, 179, 255, 80),
            Filter _blueMask = Filter(100, 100, 40, 140, 200, 170),
            Filter _robotMask = Filter(100, 100, 40, 140, 200, 170),
            int _kernelSide = 9,
            string _convexHullFile = "convexHull.xml",
             vector< string > _templates = {} )
```

Function to change values. The value are all set by default. This function does NOT read from or write to file.

in	baseFolder	A string containing the path for the base dir of data.	
in	mapsFolder	A string containing the name for mapsFolder. No certainty is given about the form of this string	
in	_templatesFolder	A String containing the name of the folder containing the number templates.	
in _mapsUnNames		A Tuple containing the names of the maps. These are not paths but just names.  A Tuple containing the names of the undistorted maps. These are not paths but just names.	
in	_intrinsicCalibrationFile	A string containing the name to the file containing the values of the matrix for the calibration.	
in	_blackMask	Filter for black.	
in	_redMask	Filter for red.	
in	_greenMask	Filter for green.	
in	_victimMask	Filter for the victims.	
in	_blueMask	Filter for blue.	
in	_robotMask	Filter for the triangle above the robot.	
in	_kernelSide		
in	_convexHullFile	A String containing the name to file containing the points of the elements in the arena.	
in	_templates	A Tuple containing the names of the templates. These are not paths but just names.	
	mapsFolder	A string containing the path for mapsFolder. No certainty is given about the form of this string	
	_templatesFolder	A String containing the path of the folder containing the number templates.	
	_mapsNames	A Tuple containing the names of the maps. These are not paths but just names.	
	_mapsUnNames	A Tuple containing the names of the undistorted maps. These are not paths but just names.	
	_intrinsicCalibrationFile	A string containing the path to the file containing the values of the matrix for the calibration.	

### **Parameters**

_calibrationFile	A string containing the path to the file containing the data for the calibration.
_blackMask	Filter for black.
_redMask	Filter for red.
_greenMask	Filter for green.
_victimMask	Filter for the victims.
_blueMask	Filter for blue.
_robotMask	Filter for the triangle above the robot.
_kernelSide	
_convexHullFile	A String containing the path to file containing the points of the elements in
	the arena.
_templates	A Tuple containing the names of the templates. These are not paths but just
	names.

### 6.34.4.15 to\_string()

```
stringstream Settings::to_string ( ) const [inline]
```

A function that creates a stringstream to print the values stored in settings.

### Returns

A strinstream containing the settings values.

### **6.34.4.16** unMaps() [1/4]

Function to return the paths of undistorted maps. If ids are not specified all undistorted maps are returned.

### **Parameters**

ids	A Tuple containing the ids (that is the positions in this.mapsUnNames) of the undistorted maps to be
	retrieved.

### Returns

A Tuple containing the paths of the undistorted maps.

```
6.34.4.17 unMaps() [2/4]
```

```
Tuple< string > Settings::unMaps (
int id = -1)
```

Function to return the path of an undistorted map. If id is negative all undistorted maps are returned.

Function to return the path of an undistorted map. If id is not specified all undistorted maps are returned.

#### **Parameters**

id The positions in this.mapsUnNames of the undistorted map to be retrieved

### Returns

A Tuple containing the paths of the undistorted maps.

#### **Parameters**

id A the positions in this.mapsUnNames of the undistorted map to be retrieved

### Returns

A Tuple containing the paths of the undistorted maps.

# 

A function to return the path of a given undistorted map.

#### **Parameters**

\_unMapName The name of the undistorted map to check in the Tuple.

### Returns

The path to the undistorted map if it is found, an empty string otherwise.

A function to return the paths of a given Tuple of undistorted maps.

#### **Parameters**

### Returns

The paths to the undistorted maps if they are found, an empty Tuple otherwise.

### 6.34.4.20 writeToFile()

Function to write settings to file. Default is data/settings.xml.

### **Parameters**

in	_path	Path to the file. Mind that it doesn't require the name of the file.	
	_path	The path of the file to write to.	

### 6.34.5 Friends And Related Function Documentation

### 6.34.5.1 operator <<

This function overload the << operator so to print with  $\mathtt{std}$ :  $\mathtt{cout}$ .

### **Parameters**

in	out	The out stream.
in	datThe	settings to print.

### Returns

An output stream to be printed.

### 6.34.6 Member Data Documentation

### 6.34.6.1 baseFolder

```
string Settings::baseFolder
```

A string containing the path for the base dir of data.

#### 6.34.6.2 blackMask

```
Filter Settings::blackMask
```

Filter for black.

### 6.34.6.3 blueMask

```
Filter Settings::blueMask
```

Filter for blue.

### 6.34.6.4 calibrationFile

```
string Settings::calibrationFile
```

A string containing the name to the file containing the data for the calibration.

### 6.34.6.5 convexHullFile

```
string Settings::convexHullFile
```

AString containing the name to file containing the points of the elements in the arena.

### 6.34.6.6 greenMask

Filter Settings::greenMask

Filter for green.

### 6.34.6.7 intrinsicCalibrationFile

```
string Settings::intrinsicCalibrationFile
```

A string containing the name to the file containing the values of the matrix for the calibration.

### 6.34.6.8 kernelSide

int Settings::kernelSide

### 6.34.6.9 mapsFolder

string Settings::mapsFolder

A string containing the name for maps folder. No certainty is given about the form of this string.

### 6.34.6.10 mapsNames

Tuple<string> Settings::mapsNames

A Tuple containing the names of the maps. These are not paths but just names.

### 6.34.6.11 mapsUnNames

Tuple<string> Settings::mapsUnNames

A Tuple containing the names of the undistorted maps. These are not paths but just names.

### 6.34.6.12 redMask

Filter Settings::redMask

Filter for red.

### 6.34.6.13 robotMask

Filter Settings::robotMask

Filter for the triangle above the robot.

### 6.34.6.14 templates

Tuple<string> Settings::templates

A Tuple containing the names of the templates. These are not paths but just names.

### 6.34.6.15 templatesFolder

string Settings::templatesFolder

A String containing the name of the folder containing the number templates.

#### 6.34.6.16 victimMask

Filter Settings::victimMask

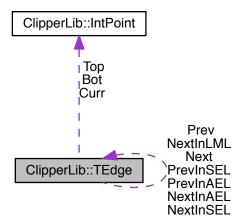
Filter for the victims.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/settings.hh
- src/settings.cc

### 6.35 ClipperLib::TEdge Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for ClipperLib::TEdge:



### **Public Attributes**

- IntPoint Bot
- IntPoint Curr
- IntPoint Top
- double Dx
- PolyType PolyTyp
- EdgeSide Side
- int WindDelta
- int WindCnt
- int WindCnt2
- int Outldx
- TEdge \* Next
- TEdge \* Prev
- TEdge \* NextInLML
- TEdge \* NextInAEL
- TEdge \* PrevInAEL
- TEdge \* NextInSEL
- TEdge \* PrevInSEL

### 6.35.1 Member Data Documentation

### 6.35.1.1 Bot

IntPoint ClipperLib::TEdge::Bot

### 6.35.1.2 Curr

IntPoint ClipperLib::TEdge::Curr

### 6.35.1.3 Dx

double ClipperLib::TEdge::Dx

### 6.35.1.4 Next

TEdge\* ClipperLib::TEdge::Next

```
6.35.1.5 NextInAEL
TEdge* ClipperLib::TEdge::NextInAEL
6.35.1.6 NextInLML
TEdge* ClipperLib::TEdge::NextInLML
6.35.1.7 NextInSEL
TEdge* ClipperLib::TEdge::NextInSEL
6.35.1.8 Outldx
int ClipperLib::TEdge::OutIdx
6.35.1.9 PolyTyp
PolyType ClipperLib::TEdge::PolyTyp
6.35.1.10 Prev
TEdge* ClipperLib::TEdge::Prev
6.35.1.11 PrevInAEL
TEdge* ClipperLib::TEdge::PrevInAEL
6.35.1.12 PrevinSEL
TEdge* ClipperLib::TEdge::PrevInSEL
```

### 6.35.1.13 Side

EdgeSide ClipperLib::TEdge::Side

### 6.35.1.14 Top

IntPoint ClipperLib::TEdge::Top

### 6.35.1.15 WindCnt

int ClipperLib::TEdge::WindCnt

### 6.35.1.16 WindCnt2

int ClipperLib::TEdge::WindCnt2

### 6.35.1.17 WindDelta

int ClipperLib::TEdge::WindDelta

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/clipper.cc

# 6.36 Tuple < T > Class Template Reference

#include <maths.hh>

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Tuple ()

Defualt constructor.

• Tuple (int n,...)

Constructors that takes the number of objectes to be stored, the objects and then stores them. For compatibility problem we strongly suggest to use this constructor only with standard types or types that can be promotted to one of the standard ones. For any other type we suggest to use an empty constructor and then use the add() function.

- Tuple (std::vector< T > v)
- · int size () const
- T get (const int n) const

Gets the n-th element.

- Tuple < T > get (const uint start, const uint end)
- T front ()
- T back ()
- int find (T \_el)
- void add (const T new)

Adds a value at the end of the list.

- void addlfNot (T \_el, bool \_throw=false)
- bool remove (const uint pos)

Removes a value from the list.

- bool remove\_from (const uint pos)
- · void eraseAll ()

Removes all values from the Tuple.

• int set (const int pos, const T \_new)

Set a value in a certain position, or adds the element if the position equals the number of elements.

- void ahead (const T \_new)
- Tuple < T > copy (const Tuple < T > &A)

Copy a Tuple into another one.

Tuple < T > operator= (const Tuple < T > &A)

Overload of the = operator. Just calls copy.

- bool equal (Tuple < T > t)
- bool operator== (Tuple < T > \_t)
- Tuple < T > sum (Tuple < T > t)
- Tuple < T > sum (T inc)
- Tuple < T > operator+ (T inc)
- Tuple < T > & operator+= (T inc)
- Tuple < T > mul (Tuple < T > t)
- Tuple < T > mul (T inc)
- Tuple < T > operator \* (T inc)
- Tuple < T > & operator \*= (T inc)
- template<class T1 >

double EuDistance (const Tuple < T1 > B)

Function that compute the Euclidean Distance between two tuples. They must have the same number of elements. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Tuple.

• template<class T1 >

```
double MaDistance (const Tuple < T1 > B)
```

Function that compute the Manhattan Distance between two tuples. They must have the same number of elements. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Tuple.

template<class T1 >

```
double distance (const Tuple < T1 > B, const DISTANCE TYPE dist=EUCLIDEAN)
```

Wrapper to compute different distances. They must have the same number of elements. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Tuple.

• stringstream to\_string (string \_prefix="") const

- string to\_std\_string () const
- · operator std::string () const
- operator vector< T > () const

Overload of cast to vector of same type.

template<class T1 >

```
operator vector< T1 > () const
```

Overload of cast to vector of different type.

• T & operator[] (int index)

Overloading [] operator to access elements in array style.

• tupleIter begin ()

Iterator.

· tupleConstIter begin () const

Const iterator.

• tupleIter end ()

Iterator.

• tupleConstIter end () const

Const iterator.

### **Friends**

ostream & operator << (ostream &out, const Tuple < T > &data)
 Overload of operator << to output the content of the tuple.</li>

### 6.36.1 Detailed Description

```
\begin{array}{l} {\rm template}{<}{\rm class}~{\rm T}{>}\\ {\rm class}~{\rm Tuple}{<}~{\rm T}{>} \end{array}
```

\bried This class allows the definition and storage of tuples of different dimensions. Functions to compute distance between tuples are also available.

**Template Parameters** 

```
The type of elements to be stored.
```

### 6.36.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.36.2.1 Tuple() [1/3]

template<class T>
Tuple< T >::Tuple ( ) [inline]
```

Defualt constructor.

#### **6.36.2.2 Tuple()** [2/3]

Constructors that takes the number of objectes to be stored, the objects and then stores them. For compatibility problem we strongly suggest to use this constructor only with standard types or types that can be promotted to one of the standard ones. For any other type we suggest to use an empty constructor and then use the add () function.

#### **Parameters**

in	$\leftarrow$	Number of obejctes to store.
	_←	
	n	
in		Objects to store.

#### **6.36.2.3 Tuple()** [3/3]

## 6.36.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.36.3.1 add()

Adds a value at the end of the list.

#### **Parameters**

|--|

## 6.36.3.2 addlfNot()

```
template < class T >
void Tuple < T >::addIfNot (
```

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```
T _el,
             bool _throw = false ) [inline]
6.36.3.3 ahead()
template<class T>
void Tuple< T >::ahead (
             const T _new ) [inline]
6.36.3.4 back()
template<class T>
T Tuple < T >::back ( ) [inline]
6.36.3.5 begin() [1/2]
template<class T>
tupleIter Tuple< T >::begin ( ) [inline]
Iterator.
Returns
     the elements.begin() iterator.
6.36.3.6 begin() [2/2]
template<class T>
tupleConstIter Tuple< T >::begin ( ) const [inline]
Const iterator.
Returns
     the elements.begin() iterator.
6.36.3.7 copy()
template<class T>
```

Copy a Tuple into another one.

Tuple<T> Tuple< T >::copy (

const Tuple< T > & A ) [inline]

## **Parameters**

in A Tuple to be coppied.
---------------------------

## Returns

this.

## 6.36.3.8 distance()

Wrapper to compute different distances. They must have the same number of elements. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Tuple.

#### **Parameters**

in	В	The second Tuple to use for computing the distance.	
in	dist	The type of distance to be computed.	

#### Returns

The distance between the two Tuple.

```
6.36.3.9 end() [1/2]

template<class T>
tupleIter Tuple< T >::end ( ) [inline]
```

#### Iterator.

#### Returns

the elements.end() iterator.

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```
6.36.3.10 end() [2/2]

template<class T>
tupleConstIter Tuple< T >::end ( ) const [inline]
```

Const iterator.

#### Returns

the elements.begin() iterator.

#### 6.36.3.11 equal()

#### 6.36.3.12 eraseAll()

```
template<class T>
void Tuple< T >::eraseAll ( ) [inline]
```

Removes all values from the  ${\tt Tuple}$ .

## 6.36.3.13 EuDistance()

Function that compute the Euclidean Distance between two tuples. They must have the same number of elements. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Tuple.

#### **Parameters**

```
in B the second Tuple to use for computing the distance.
```

#### Returns

The Euclidean distance between the two Tuple.

#### 6.36.3.14 find()

#### 6.36.3.15 front()

```
template<class T>
T Tuple< T >::front ( ) [inline]
```

```
6.36.3.16 get() [1/2]
```

Gets the n-th element.

#### **Parameters**

in	$\leftarrow$	The position of the element to retrieve.
	_←	
	n	

## Returns

The element in the n-th position or an empty costructor if \_n is greater then n or less than 0.

## 6.36.3.18 MaDistance()

const uint end ) [inline]

Function that compute the Manhattan Distance between two tuples. They must have the same number of elements. \tparan T1 The type of the elements in the second Tuple.

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#### **Parameters**

in B the second Tuple to use for computing the distance.

#### Returns

The Manhattan distance between the two Tuple.

```
6.36.3.19 mul() [1/2]
template<class T>
{\tt Tuple}{<\tt T>}\ {\tt Tuple}{<\tt}\ {\tt T>}{\tt ::mul}\ (
              Tuple T > t) [inline]
6.36.3.20 mul() [2/2]
{\tt template}{<}{\tt class} \ {\tt T}{>}
Tuple<T> Tuple< T >::mul (
              T inc ) [inline]
6.36.3.21 operator *()
template<class T>
Tuple<T> Tuple< T >::operator * (
             T inc ) [inline]
6.36.3.22 operator *=()
{\tt template}{<}{\tt class} \ {\tt T}{>}
Tuple<T>& Tuple< T >::operator *= (
               T inc ) [inline]
6.36.3.23 operator std::string()
template<class T>
Tuple< T >::operator std::string ( ) const [inline]
```

#### 6.36.3.24 operator vector < T >()

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\texttt{T}}$ = $$ $$ $$ \ensuremath{\texttt{T}}$ > ::operator vector< T > ( ) const [inline]
```

Overload of cast to vector of same type.

#### Returns

A vector containing the values of elements.

#### 6.36.3.25 operator vector< T1 >()

```
template<class T>
template<class T1 >
Tuple< T >::operator vector< T1 > ( ) const [inline]
```

Overload of cast to vector of different type.

#### **Template Parameters**

```
Type of vector to cast to.
```

## Returns

A vector containing the values of elements.

## 6.36.3.26 operator+()

## 6.36.3.27 operator+=()

## 6.36.3.28 operator=()

Overload of the = operator. Just calls copy.

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## **Parameters**

in	Α	Tuple to be coppied.
----	---	----------------------

## Returns

this.

## 6.36.3.29 operator==()

## 6.36.3.30 operator[]()

```
template<class T>
T& Tuple< T >::operator[] (
         int index ) [inline]
```

Overloading [] operator to access elements in array style.

## **Parameters**

in <i>index</i>	ld of value to get.
-----------------	---------------------

#### Returns

Value at id position.

## 6.36.3.31 remove()

Removes a value from the list.

#### **Parameters**

in	pos	The position of the value to be removed.
----	-----	--

#### Returns

true if verything went fine, false otherwise.

## 6.36.3.32 remove\_from()

## 6.36.3.33 set()

Set a value in a certain position, or adds the element if the position equals the number of elements.

#### **Parameters**

in	pos	Must be in $[0, n-1]$ . If $\operatorname{pos} = n$ then the element is added at the end of the vector.	
in	_new	The new element to be set.	

## Returns

1 if everything went right, 0 if the position was greater than n or less the 0.

## 6.36.3.34 size()

```
template<class T>
int Tuple< T >::size ( ) const [inline]
```

#### Returns

The number of stored elements. -1 if the Tuple has a different number of elements.

# 6.36.3.35 sum() [1/2]

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This function create a strinstream object containing the values of the Tuple.

## Returns

A string stream.

## 6.36.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

Overload of operator << to output the content of the tuple.

#### **Parameters**

in	out	The output stream.
in	data	The Tuple to print.

## Returns

An output stream to be printed.

6.37 Victim Class Reference 233

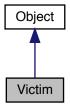
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/include/maths.hh

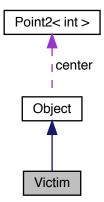
## 6.37 Victim Class Reference

#include <objects.hh>

Inheritance diagram for Victim:



Collaboration diagram for Victim:



## **Public Member Functions**

Victim (vector< Point2< int > > &vp, int \_value)

Constructor of the victim class and automatically compute center and radius.

• string toString ()

Generate a string that describe the victim.

• void print ()

Print the describing string of the victim.

- int getValue ()
- void setValue (int v)

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## **Protected Attributes**

• int value

## 6.37.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 6.37.1.1 Victim()

```
Victim::Victim (  \mbox{vector} < \mbox{Point2} < \mbox{int} >> \& \mbox{\it vp,} \\ \mbox{int} \mbox{\it \_value} \mbox{\it )}
```

Constructor of the victim class and automatically compute center and radius.

#### **Parameters**

in	vp Vector of points that is the convex hull of the vict	
in	_value	The representative number of the victim.

#### Returns

Return the created victim.

## 6.37.2 Member Function Documentation

## 6.37.2.1 getValue()

```
int Victim::getValue ( ) [inline]
```

## 6.37.2.2 print()

```
void Victim::print ( )
```

Print the describing string of the victim.

#### 6.37.2.3 setValue()

```
void Victim::setValue ( \inf \ v \ ) \quad [inline]
```

6.37 Victim Class Reference 235

## 6.37.2.4 toString()

```
string Victim::toString ( )
```

Generate a string that describe the victim.

## Returns

The generated string.

## 6.37.3 Member Data Documentation

## 6.37.3.1 value

```
int Victim::value [protected]
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/objects.hh
- src/objects.cc

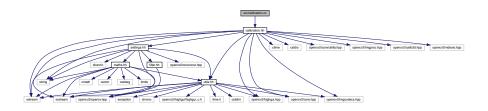
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# **Chapter 7**

# **File Documentation**

## 7.1 src/calibration.cc File Reference

#include "calibration.hh"
Include dependency graph for calibration.cc:



#### **Functions**

- int calibration (string inputFile)
  - Function to run the complete calibration.
- static void read (const FileNode &node, CalSettings &x, const CalSettings &default value)
  - Reads CalSettings from file. If there is none then initiate a new CalSettings.
- static double computeReprojectionErrors (const vector< vector< Point3f >> &objectPoints, const vector< vector< Point2f >> &imagePoints, const vector< Mat > &rvecs, const vector< Mat > &tvecs, const Mat &cameraMatrix, const Mat &distCoeffs, vector< float > &perViewErrors, bool fisheye)
  - Compute the errors of the projection.
- void calcBoardCornerPositions (Size boardSize, float squareSize, vector < Point3f > &corners)
  - This function compute the position of the upper corners of every cell.

This function run the calibration creating the matrixed for the camera and the distorsion coefficients.

static void saveCameraParams (const CalSettings &s, const Size &imageSize, const Mat &cameraMatrix, const Mat &distCoeffs, const vector< Mat > &rvecs, const vector< Mat > &tvecs, const vector< float > &reprojErrs, const vector< vector< Point2f > > &imagePoints, const double totalAvgErr)

Function to save the computed parameters to a file.

bool runCalibrationAndSave (CalSettings &s, Size imageSize, Mat &cameraMatrix, Mat &distCoeffs, vector < vector < Point2f > > imagePoints)

Reads CalSettings from file. If there is none then initiate a new CalSettings.

## 7.1.1 Function Documentation

## 7.1.1.1 calcBoardCornerPositions()

This function compute the position of the upper corners of every cell.

#### **Parameters**

in	boardSiz	The dimension of the chess board.
in	squareSize	The dimension of the edge of a cell.
out corners A vector of Point3fs which equals to the corners of the		A vector of Point3fs which equals to the corners of the cells.

## 7.1.1.2 calibration()

Function to run the complete calibration.

#### **Parameters**

iı	inputFile	Name of the setting.xml file. It's set to default to default.xml
----	-----------	--

## Returns

- -2 if the CalSettings file could be load but the input was not well-formed
- -1 if the CalSettings file could not be opened.
- 0 if everything went fine.

## 7.1.1.3 computeReprojectionErrors()

```
const Mat & distCoeffs,
vector< float > & perViewErrors,
bool fisheye ) [static]
```

Compute the errors of the projection.

#### **Parameters**

in	objectPoints	The real image points which will be projected
in	rvecs	Input vector of rotation vectors estimated for each pattern view.
in	tvecs	Input vector of translation vectors estimated for each pattern view.
in	cameraMatrix	The matrix containing the parameters for the camera
in	distCoeffs	The matrix containing the distortion coefficients.
in	fisheye	A variable which says if a fish eye correction should be applied or no.
out	perViewErrors	A vector containing the error for each image.
out	imagePoints	The projected points for each image.

#### Returns

The total error.

## 7.1.1.4 read()

Reads CalSettings from file. If there is none then initiate a new CalSettings.

## **Parameters**

in	node	node to consider for getting CalSettings;
in	X	CalSettings to configure;
in	default_value	CalSettings default value. Setted to CalSettings().

## 7.1.1.5 runCalibration()

```
vector< Mat > & tvecs,
vector< float > & reprojErrs,
double & totalAvgErr ) [static]
```

This function run the calibration creating the matrixed for the camera and the distorsion coefficients.

#### **Parameters**

in	s	The CalSettings read from the file and memorized.
in	imageSize	The size of the image used in calibrateCamera() to initialize the camera
		matrix.
in	imagePoints	The projected points for each image.
in	reprojErrs	The re-projection error, that is a geometric error corresponding to the image distance
		between a projected point and a measured one.
out	cameraMatrix	The matrix of the camera parameters
out	distCoeffs	The matrix of the distorsion coefficients.
out	rvecs	Output vector of rotation vectors estimated for each pattern view.
out	tvecs	Output vector of translation vectors estimated for each pattern view.
out	totalAvgErr	The total avarage error given from distorsion.

#### Returns

 ${\tt false} \ \ \textit{if one or more elements in the} \ {\tt cameraMatrix} \ \ \textit{and} \ {\tt distCoeffs} \ \ \textit{are invalid}.$   ${\tt true} \ \ \textit{if all the elements are valid}.$ 

## 7.1.1.6 runCalibrationAndSave()

Reads CalSettings from file. If there is none then initiate a new CalSettings.

#### **Parameters**

in	s	The CalSettings being used during the execution.
in	imageSize	The dimensions of the images.
in	imagePoints	The projected points for each image.
out	cameraMatrix	The matrix which is used to store the values for the camera parameters.
out	distCoeffs	The matrix which is used to store the distortion coefficients.

## Returns

true if the calibration succeded. false otherwise.

#### 7.1.1.7 saveCameraParams()

Function to save the computed parameters to a file.

#### **Parameters**

in	s	Use the CalSettings got at the beginning for information as the output file name, image and board size.
in	imageSize	The size of the imgage.
in	cameraMatrix	The camera matrix.
in	distCoeffs	The distorsion coefficient matrix.
	[int]	rvecs Vector of rotation vectors estimated for each pattern view.
in	tvecs	Vector of translation vectors estimated for each pattern view.
in	reprojErrs	The re-projection error, that is a geometric error corresponding to the image distance between a projected point and a measured one.
in	imagePoints	The projected points for each image.
in	totalAvgErr	The total avarage error given from distorsion.

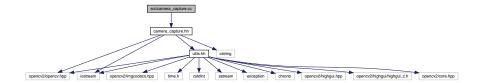
Open file for writing

Stores time of calibration

Store infos about the images

## 7.2 src/camera\_capture.cc File Reference

```
#include <camera_capture.hh>
Include dependency graph for camera_capture.cc:
```



## **Macros**

#define SDEBUG(X) {}

## 7.2.1 Macro Definition Documentation

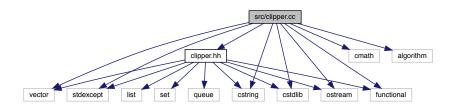
#### 7.2.1.1 SDEBUG

```
#define SDEBUG(
             X ) {}
```

#### src/clipper.cc File Reference 7.3

```
#include "clipper.hh"
#include <cmath>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include <stdexcept>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <ostream>
#include <functional>
```

Include dependency graph for clipper.cc:



## Classes

- struct ClipperLib::TEdge
- struct ClipperLib::IntersectNode
- struct ClipperLib::LocalMinimum
- struct ClipperLib::OutRec
- struct ClipperLib::OutPt
- struct ClipperLib::Join
- struct ClipperLib::LocMinSorter
- class ClipperLib::Int128

## **Namespaces**

ClipperLib

#### **Macros**

- #define HORIZONTAL (-1.0E+40)
- #define TOLERANCE (1.0e-20)
- #define NEAR\_ZERO(val) (((val) > -TOLERANCE) && ((val) < TOLERANCE))

#### **Enumerations**

- enum ClipperLib::Direction { ClipperLib::dRightToLeft, ClipperLib::dLeftToRight }
- enum ClipperLib::NodeType { ClipperLib::ntAny, ClipperLib::ntOpen, ClipperLib::ntClosed }

#### **Functions**

- cInt ClipperLib::Round (double val)
- cInt ClipperLib::Abs (cInt val)
- Int128 ClipperLib::Int128Mul (long64 lhs, long64 rhs)
- bool ClipperLib::Orientation (const Path &poly)
- double ClipperLib::Area (const Path &poly)
- double ClipperLib::Area (const OutPt \*op)
- double ClipperLib::Area (const OutRec &outRec)
- bool ClipperLib::PointlsVertex (const IntPoint &Pt, OutPt \*pp)
- int ClipperLib::PointInPolygon (const IntPoint &pt, const Path &path)
- int ClipperLib::PointInPolygon (const IntPoint &pt, OutPt \*op)
- bool ClipperLib::Poly2ContainsPoly1 (OutPt \*OutPt1, OutPt \*OutPt2)
- bool ClipperLib::SlopesEqual (const TEdge &e1, const TEdge &e2, bool UseFullInt64Range)
- bool ClipperLib::SlopesEqual (const IntPoint pt1, const IntPoint pt2, const IntPoint pt3, bool UseFullInt64
   Range)
- bool ClipperLib::SlopesEqual (const IntPoint pt1, const IntPoint pt2, const IntPoint pt3, const IntPoint pt4, bool UseFullInt64Range)
- bool ClipperLib::IsHorizontal (TEdge &e)
- double ClipperLib::GetDx (const IntPoint pt1, const IntPoint pt2)
- void ClipperLib::SetDx (TEdge &e)
- void ClipperLib::SwapSides (TEdge &Edge1, TEdge &Edge2)
- void ClipperLib::SwapPolyIndexes (TEdge &Edge1, TEdge &Edge2)
- clnt ClipperLib::TopX (TEdge &edge, const clnt currentY)
- void ClipperLib::IntersectPoint (TEdge &Edge1, TEdge &Edge2, IntPoint &ip)
- void ClipperLib::ReversePolyPtLinks (OutPt \*pp)
- void ClipperLib::DisposeOutPts (OutPt \*&pp)
- void ClipperLib::InitEdge (TEdge \*e, TEdge \*eNext, TEdge \*ePrev, const IntPoint &Pt)
- void ClipperLib::InitEdge2 (TEdge &e, PolyType Pt)
- TEdge \* ClipperLib::RemoveEdge (TEdge \*e)
- void ClipperLib::ReverseHorizontal (TEdge &e)
- void ClipperLib::SwapPoints (IntPoint &pt1, IntPoint &pt2)
- bool ClipperLib::GetOverlapSegment (IntPoint pt1a, IntPoint pt1b, IntPoint pt2a, IntPoint pt2b, IntPoint &pt1, IntPoint &pt2)
- bool ClipperLib::FirstIsBottomPt (const OutPt \*btmPt1, const OutPt \*btmPt2)
- OutPt \* ClipperLib::GetBottomPt (OutPt \*pp)
- bool ClipperLib::Pt2IsBetweenPt1AndPt3 (const IntPoint pt1, const IntPoint pt2, const IntPoint pt3)
- bool ClipperLib::HorzSegmentsOverlap (clnt seg1a, clnt seg1b, clnt seg2a, clnt seg2b)
- void ClipperLib::RangeTest (const IntPoint &Pt, bool &useFullRange)
- TEdge \* ClipperLib::FindNextLocMin (TEdge \*E)
- OutRec \* ClipperLib::GetLowermostRec (OutRec \*outRec1, OutRec \*outRec2)
- bool ClipperLib::OutRec1RightOfOutRec2 (OutRec \*outRec1, OutRec \*outRec2)

- bool ClipperLib::IsMinima (TEdge \*e)
- bool ClipperLib::IsMaxima (TEdge \*e, const clnt Y)
- bool ClipperLib::IsIntermediate (TEdge \*e, const clnt Y)
- TEdge \* ClipperLib::GetMaximaPair (TEdge \*e)
- TEdge \* ClipperLib::GetMaximaPairEx (TEdge \*e)
- TEdge \* ClipperLib::GetNextInAEL (TEdge \*e, Direction dir)
- void ClipperLib::GetHorzDirection (TEdge &HorzEdge, Direction &Dir, cInt &Left, cInt &Right)
- bool ClipperLib::IntersectListSort (IntersectNode \*node1, IntersectNode \*node2)
- bool ClipperLib::EdgesAdjacent (const IntersectNode &inode)
- int ClipperLib::PointCount (OutPt \*Pts)
- void ClipperLib::SwapIntersectNodes (IntersectNode &int1, IntersectNode &int2)
- bool ClipperLib::E2InsertsBeforeE1 (TEdge &e1, TEdge &e2)
- bool ClipperLib::GetOverlap (const clnt a1, const clnt a2, const clnt b1, const clnt b2, clnt &Left, clnt &Right)
- void ClipperLib::UpdateOutPtldxs (OutRec &outrec)
- OutPt \* ClipperLib::DupOutPt (OutPt \*outPt, bool InsertAfter)
- bool ClipperLib::JoinHorz (OutPt \*op1, OutPt \*op1b, OutPt \*op2, OutPt \*op2b, const IntPoint Pt, bool DiscardLeft)
- static OutRec \* ClipperLib::ParseFirstLeft (OutRec \*FirstLeft)
- DoublePoint ClipperLib::GetUnitNormal (const IntPoint &pt1, const IntPoint &pt2)
- void ClipperLib::ReversePath (Path &p)
- void ClipperLib::ReversePaths (Paths &p)
- void ClipperLib::SimplifyPolygon (const Path &in poly, Paths &out polys, PolyFillType fillType)
- void ClipperLib::SimplifyPolygons (const Paths &in\_polys, Paths &out\_polys, PolyFillType)
- void ClipperLib::SimplifyPolygons (Paths &polys, PolyFillType fillType)
- double ClipperLib::DistanceSqrd (const IntPoint &pt1, const IntPoint &pt2)
- double ClipperLib::DistanceFromLineSqrd (const IntPoint &pt, const IntPoint &In1, const IntPoint &In2)
- bool ClipperLib::SlopesNearCollinear (const IntPoint &pt1, const IntPoint &pt2, const IntPoint &pt3, double distSqrd)
- bool ClipperLib::PointsAreClose (IntPoint pt1, IntPoint pt2, double distSqrd)
- OutPt \* ClipperLib::ExcludeOp (OutPt \*op)
- void ClipperLib::CleanPolygon (const Path &in poly, Path &out poly, double distance)
- void ClipperLib::CleanPolygon (Path &poly, double distance)
- void ClipperLib::CleanPolygons (const Paths &in polys, Paths &out polys, double distance)
- void ClipperLib::CleanPolygons (Paths &polys, double distance)
- void ClipperLib::Minkowski (const Path &poly, const Path &path, Paths &solution, bool isSum, bool isClosed)
- void ClipperLib::MinkowskiSum (const Path &pattern, const Path &path, Paths &solution, bool pathIsClosed)
- void ClipperLib::TranslatePath (const Path &input, Path &output, const IntPoint delta)
- void ClipperLib::MinkowskiSum (const Path &pattern, const Paths &paths, Paths &solution, bool pathls
   — Closed)
- void ClipperLib::MinkowskiDiff (const Path &poly1, const Path &poly2, Paths &solution)
- void ClipperLib::AddPolyNodeToPaths (const PolyNode &polynode, NodeType nodetype, Paths &paths)
- void ClipperLib::PolyTreeToPaths (const PolyTree &polytree, Paths &paths)
- void ClipperLib::ClosedPathsFromPolyTree (const PolyTree &polytree, Paths &paths)
- void ClipperLib::OpenPathsFromPolyTree (PolyTree &polytree, Paths &paths)
- std::ostream & ClipperLib::operator<< (std::ostream &s, const IntPoint &p)</li>
- std::ostream & ClipperLib::operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Path &p)</li>
- std::ostream & ClipperLib::operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Paths &p)

#### **Variables**

- static double const ClipperLib::pi = 3.141592653589793238
- static double const ClipperLib::two pi = pi \*2
- static double const ClipperLib::def\_arc\_tolerance = 0.25
- static int const ClipperLib::Unassigned = -1
- static int const ClipperLib::Skip = -2

## 7.3.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 7.3.1.1 HORIZONTAL

```
#define HORIZONTAL (-1.0E+40)
```

#### 7.3.1.2 NEAR\_ZERO

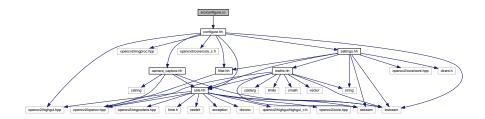
```
#define NEAR_ZERO( val \ ) \ (((val) \ > \ - TOLERANCE) \ \&\& \ ((val) \ < \ TOLERANCE))
```

#### 7.3.1.3 TOLERANCE

```
#define TOLERANCE (1.0e-20)
```

## 7.4 src/configure.cc File Reference

#include <configure.hh>
Include dependency graph for configure.cc:



## **Functions**

- void on\_low\_h\_thresh\_trackbar (int, void \*)
- void on\_high\_h\_thresh\_trackbar (int, void \*)
- void on\_low\_s\_thresh\_trackbar (int, void \*)
- void on\_high\_s\_thresh\_trackbar (int, void \*)
- void on\_low\_v\_thresh\_trackbar (int, void \*)
- void on\_high\_v\_thresh\_trackbar (int, void \*)
- void update\_trackers ()
- void configure (Mat &img, bool deploy, int img\_id)

It acqire a frame from the default camera of the pc.

bool show\_all\_conditions (const Mat &frame)

## **Variables**

```
• Filter filter = Filter(30, 30, 30, 100, 100, 100)
```

#### 7.4.1 Function Documentation

## 7.4.1.1 configure()

It acqire a frame from the default camera of the pc.

#### **Parameters**

in	save	If save, or not, the acquired image to a file.
----	------	--

## Returns

The Mat of the acquired frame.

If DEPLOY is defined then takes a photo from the camera, shows tha various filters and asks if they are visually correct. If not then it allows to set the various filters through trackbars. If DEPLOY is not defined then it takes a map from the folder set in Settings and ask for visual confirmation.

## 7.4.1.2 on\_high\_h\_thresh\_trackbar()

```
void on_high_h_thresh_trackbar (
          int ,
          void * )
```

@function on\_high\_h\_thresh\_trackbar

## 7.4.1.3 on\_high\_s\_thresh\_trackbar()

```
void on_high_s_thresh_trackbar (
          int ,
          void * )
```

@function on\_high\_s\_thresh\_trackbar

#### 7.4.1.4 on\_high\_v\_thresh\_trackbar()

@function on\_high\_v\_thresh\_trackbar

#### 7.4.1.5 on\_low\_h\_thresh\_trackbar()

```
void on_low_h_thresh_trackbar (
          int ,
          void * )
```

@function on\_low\_h\_thresh\_trackbar

#### 7.4.1.6 on\_low\_s\_thresh\_trackbar()

```
void on_low_s_thresh_trackbar (
          int ,
          void * )
```

@function on\_low\_s\_thresh\_trackbar

## 7.4.1.7 on\_low\_v\_thresh\_trackbar()

```
void on_low_v_thresh_trackbar (
          int ,
          void * )
```

@function on\_low\_v\_thresh\_trackbar

## 7.4.1.8 show\_all\_conditions()

```
bool show_all_conditions ( {\tt const\ Mat\ \&\ \it frame\ )}
```

Function to show a picture with various filters taken from Settings. It then asks for visual confirmation.

#### **Parameters**

```
frame The image to show.
```

#### Returns

True if the filters are okay, false otherwise.

#### 7.4.1.9 update\_trackers()

```
void update_trackers ( )
```

Function to update trackers with filter

#### 7.4.2 Variable Documentation

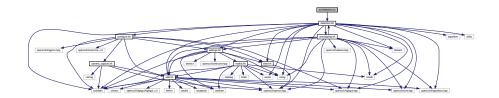
#### 7.4.2.1 filter

```
Filter filter = Filter(30, 30, 30, 100, 100, 100)
```

## 7.5 src/detection.cc File Reference

#include "detection.hh"

Include dependency graph for detection.cc:



## Macros

- #define EPS CURVE 5
  - Given an image, in black/white format, identify all the borders that delimit the shapes.
- #define MIN AREA SIZE 1000

## **Functions**

- int detection (const bool \_imgRead, const Mat \*img)
  - Loads some images and detects shapes according to different colors.
- void getConversionParameters (Mat &transf, const bool get)

The function simply store the value of the given matrix and allow the access to it from different function location.

- Configuration2< double > localize (const Mat &img, const bool raw)
  - Identify the location of the robot respect to the given image.
- void load\_number\_template ()
  - Load some templates and save them in the global variable 'templates'.
- void shape detection (const Mat &img, const COLOR TYPE color)
  - Detect shapes inside the image according to the variable 'color'.
- void erode\_dilation (Mat &img, const COLOR\_TYPE color)

It apply some filtering function for isolate the subject and remove the noise.

- bool \_compare (const pair< int, int > &a, const pair< int, int > &b)
- void find\_contours (const Mat &img, const Mat &original, const COLOR\_TYPE color)

Given an image, in black/white format, identify all the borders that delimit the shapes.

void save\_convex\_hull (const vector< vector< Point >> &contours, const COLOR\_TYPE color)

Given some vector save it in a xml file.

int number\_recognition (Rect blob, const Mat &base)

Detect a number on an image inside a region of interest.

void crop\_number\_section (Mat &ROI)

Given an image identify the region of interest(ROI) and crop it out.

## **Variables**

- vector< Mat > templates
- vector< Point > robotShape

Identify the loation of the robot by acquiring the image from the default camera of the environment.

## 7.5.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 7.5.1.1 EPS\_CURVE

#define EPS\_CURVE 5

Given an image, in black/white format, identify all the borders that delimit the shapes.

#### **Parameters**

in	img	It is an image in HSV format at the base of the elaboration process.
out	original	It is the original source of 'img', it is used for showing the detected contours, in the victim
		number recognition.
in	color	It is the type of reference color.

#### 7.5.1.2 MIN\_AREA\_SIZE

#define MIN\_AREA\_SIZE 1000

## 7.5.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.5.2.1 \_compare()

```
bool _compare (  \mbox{const pair} < \mbox{int, int} > \& \ a, \\ \mbox{const pair} < \mbox{int, int} > \& \ b \ )
```

## 7.5.2.2 crop\_number\_section()

```
void crop_number_section ( \label{eq:mat_approx} \text{Mat \& } ROI \text{ )}
```

Given an image identify the region of interest(ROI) and crop it out.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	ROI	Is the image that the function will going to elaborate.
--------	-----	---

#### 7.5.2.3 detection()

Loads some images and detects shapes according to different colors.

## **Parameters**

in	_imgRead	Boolean flag that says if load or not the image from file or as a function parameter.  True=load from file.
in	img	The imgage that eventually is loaded from the function.

#### Returns

Return 0 if the function reach the end.

## 7.5.2.4 erode\_dilation()

It apply some filtering function for isolate the subject and remove the noise.

An example of the sub functions called are: GaussianBlur, Erosion, Dilation and Threshold.

#### **Parameters**

	in,out	img	Is the image on which the function apply the filtering.
Ī	in	color	It is the type of reference color. According to the color the filtering functions apply can
			change in the type and in the order.

#### 7.5.2.5 find\_contours()

Given an image, in black/white format, identify all the borders that delimit the shapes.

#### **Parameters**

in	img	Is an image in HSV format at the base of the elaboration process.
out	original	It is the original source of 'img', it is used for showing the detected contours.
in	color	It is the type of reference color.

## 7.5.2.6 getConversionParameters()

```
void getConversionParameters (  \begin{tabular}{ll} Mat & transf, \\ & const bool $get$ ) \end{tabular}
```

The function simply store the value of the given matrix and allow the access to it from different function location.

The transformation matrix are computed in the unwrapping phase and taken from the localization.

#### **Parameters**

in	transf	It is the matrix that can be stored but also retrieved.
in	get	It is the flag that says if the given matrix need to be stored or retrieved.

## 7.5.2.7 load\_number\_template()

```
void load_number_template ( )
```

Load some templates and save them in the global variable 'templates'.

#### 7.5.2.8 localize()

```
Configuration2<double> localize (
          const Mat & img,
          const bool raw )
```

Identify the location of the robot respect to the given image.

Identify the loation of the robot by acquiring the image from the default camera of the environment.

#### **Parameters**

in	img	It is the image where the robot need to be located.	
in	raw	It is a boolean flag that says if the img is raw and need filters or not.	

#### Returns

Configuration of the robot in this exactly moment, according to the image.

## 7.5.2.9 number\_recognition()

Detect a number on an image inside a region of interest.

#### **Parameters**

in	in blob Identify the region of interest inside the image 'base'.	
in	base	Is the image where the function will going to search the number.

## Returns

The number recognise, '-1' otherwise.

#### 7.5.2.10 save\_convex\_hull()

Given some vector save it in a xml file.

#### **Parameters**

	in	contours	Is a vector that is saved in a xml file.
in color It is the type of reference color, according to which the function decide if saved		It is the type of reference color, according to which the function decide if saved	
		('color==GREEN') or not ('otherwise') the vector 'victims'.	

## 7.5.2.11 shape\_detection()

Detect shapes inside the image according to the variable 'color'.

## **Parameters**

in	img	Image on which the research will done.
in	color	It is the type of reference color. These color identify the possible spectrum that the function
		search on the image.

## 7.5.3 Variable Documentation

## 7.5.3.1 robotShape

```
vector<Point> robotShape
```

Identify the loation of the robot by acquiring the image from the default camera of the environment.

## Returns

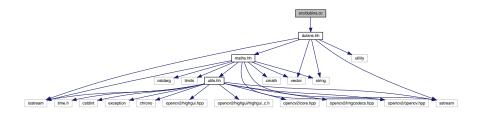
The configuration of the robot in this exactly moment.

## 7.5.3.2 templates

 $\verb|vector<Mat>| templates|$ 

## 7.6 src/dubins.cc File Reference

#include "dubins.hh"
Include dependency graph for dubins.cc:



#### **Functions**

- Configuration2< double > circline (double \_L, Configuration2< double > \_P0, double \_K)
- Tuple < Angle > toBase (Tuple < Angle > z, int n, int base, const Angle &inc, int startPos, int endPos)

  Convert a value in base 10 to base base in a Tuple. To each value an inc is multiplied and the initial Angle is
- void disp (Tuple < Tuple < Angle > > &t, Tuple < Angle > &z, int N, const Angle &inc, int startPos, int endPos)
   Compute the arrangements. Since each arrangement can be computed as n<sub>parts</sub>, where each values is then multiplied for the increment and is added to the initial values.

## 7.6.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.6.1.1 circline()

```
Configuration2<double> circline (
          double _L,
          Configuration2< double > _P0,
          double _K )
```

Computes an arrival point from an initial configuration through an arc of length \_L and curvature \_K.

#### **Parameters**

i	n	_L	The length of the arch.
i	n	_P0	The starting Configuration2 of the arc.
i	n	_ <i>K</i>	The curvature of the arc.

#### Returns

The ending Configuration2 of the arc.

#### 7.6.1.2 disp()

Compute the arrangements. Since each arrangement can be computed as  $n_{parts}$ , where each values is then multiplied for the increment and is added to the initial values.

#### **Parameters**

out	t	A Tuple containing all the Tuples containing the Angles.
in	Z	A Tuple containing all the initial Angles.
in	N	The number of iterations. Each iteration is going to be converted in base parts.
in	inc	The increment to give each initial Angle.
in	startPos	The initial position to consider in Tuple.
in	endPos	The final position to consider in Tuple.

## 7.6.1.3 toBase()

Convert a value in base 10 to base base in a Tuple. To each value an inc is mulltiplied and the initial Angle is added.

## **Parameters**

in	Z	A Tuple containing all the initial Angles.
in	n	The value to be converted.
in	base	The base.
in	inc	The increment.
in	startPos	The starting position of the Tuple of Angles.
in	endPos	The ending position of the Tuple of Angles.

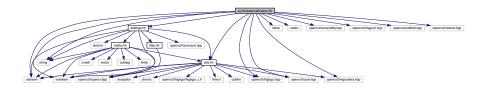
## Returns

A vector containing the digits of the number converted to the specified base.

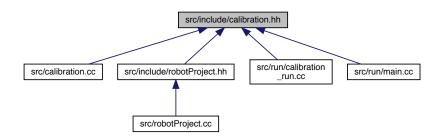
## 7.7 src/include/calibration.hh File Reference

## Library for calibration.

```
#include <utils.hh>
#include <settings.hh>
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include <string>
#include <ctime>
#include <ctdio>
#include <opencv2/core.hpp>
#include <opencv2/core/utility.hpp>
#include <opencv2/imgproc.hpp>
#include <opencv2/calib3d.hpp>
#include <opencv2/imgcodecs.hpp>
#include <opencv2/imgcodecs.hpp>
#include <opencv2/imgcodecs.hpp>
#include <opencv2/imgcodecs.hpp>
#include <opencv2/imgcodecs.hpp>
#include <opencv2/ingdgui.hpp>
Include dependency graph for calibration.hh:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### Classes

• class CalSettings

## **Enumerations**

enum { DETECTION = 0, CAPTURING = 1, CALIBRATED = 2 }

## **Functions**

int calibration (string inputFile="")

Function to run the complete calibration.

bool runCalibrationAndSave (CalSettings &s, Size imageSize, Mat &cameraMatrix, Mat &distCoeffs, vector
 vector< Point2f >> imagePoints)

Reads CalSettings from file. If there is none then initiate a new CalSettings.

## **Variables**

• Settings \* sett

## 7.7.1 Detailed Description

Library for calibration.

## 7.7.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 7.7.2.1 anonymous enum

```
anonymous enum
```

## Enumerator

DETECTION	
CAPTURING	
CALIBRATED	

## 7.7.3 Function Documentation

## 7.7.3.1 calibration()

Function to run the complete calibration.

## **Parameters**

in	inputFile	Name of the setting.xml file. It's set to default to default.xml
----	-----------	--

#### Returns

- -2 if the CalSettings file could be load but the input was not well-formed
- -1 if the CalSettings file could not be opened.
- 0 if everything went fine.

## 7.7.3.2 runCalibrationAndSave()

Reads CalSettings from file. If there is none then initiate a new CalSettings.

#### **Parameters**

in	s	The CalSettings being used during the execution.
in	imageSize	The dimensions of the images.
in	imagePoints	The projected points for each image.
out	cameraMatrix	The matrix which is used to store the values for the camera parameters.
out	distCoeffs	The matrix which is used to store the distortion coefficients.

#### Returns

true if the calibration succeded. false otherwise.

#### 7.7.4 Variable Documentation

## 7.7.4.1 sett

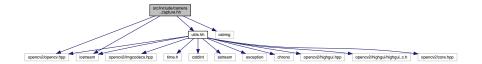
Settings\* sett

## 7.8 src/include/camera\_capture.hh File Reference

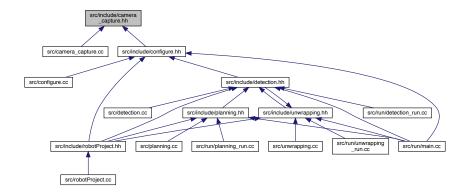
```
#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
```

#include <utils.hh>

Include dependency graph for camera\_capture.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Classes**

- class CameraCapture
- struct CameraCapture::input\_options\_t

Structure for store the input option for the class CameraCapture.

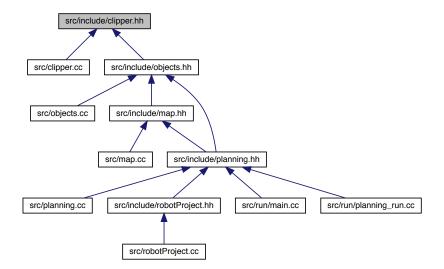
# 7.9 src/include/clipper.hh File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include <list>
#include <set>
#include <stdexcept>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <ostream>
#include <functional>
#include <queue>
```

Include dependency graph for clipper.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### Classes

- struct ClipperLib::IntPoint
- struct ClipperLib::DoublePoint
- · class ClipperLib::PolyNode
- class ClipperLib::PolyTree
- struct ClipperLib::IntRect
- · class ClipperLib::ClipperBase
- class ClipperLib::Clipper
- · class ClipperLib::ClipperOffset
- · class ClipperLib::clipperException

# **Namespaces**

· ClipperLib

## **Macros**

- #define CLIPPER\_VERSION "6.4.2"
- #define use\_lines

## **Typedefs**

- typedef signed long long ClipperLib::cInt
- typedef signed long long ClipperLib::long64
- typedef unsigned long long ClipperLib::ulong64
- typedef std::vector< IntPoint > ClipperLib::Path
- typedef std::vector< Path > ClipperLib::Paths
- typedef std::vector< PolyNode \* > ClipperLib::PolyNodes
- typedef std::vector< OutRec \* > ClipperLib::PolyOutList
- typedef std::vector< TEdge \* > ClipperLib::EdgeList
- typedef std::vector< Join \* > ClipperLib::JoinList
- $\bullet \ \ typedef \ std::vector < IntersectNode \ * > ClipperLib::IntersectList$

#### **Enumerations**

- enum ClipperLib::ClipType { ClipperLib::ctIntersection, ClipperLib::ctUnion, ClipperLib::ctXor}
- enum ClipperLib::PolyType { ClipperLib::ptSubject, ClipperLib::ptClip }
- enum ClipperLib::PolyFillType { ClipperLib::pftEvenOdd, ClipperLib::pftNonZero, ClipperLib::pftPositive, ClipperLib::pftNegative }
- enum ClipperLib::InitOptions { ClipperLib::ioReverseSolution = 1, ClipperLib::ioStrictlySimple = 2, ClipperLib::ioPreserveCollinear = 4}
- enum ClipperLib::JoinType { ClipperLib::jtSquare, ClipperLib::jtRound, ClipperLib::jtMiter }
- enum ClipperLib::EndType {
   ClipperLib::etClosedPolygon, ClipperLib::etClosedLine, ClipperLib::etOpenButt, ClipperLib::etOpenSquare, ClipperLib::etOpenRound }
- enum ClipperLib::EdgeSide { ClipperLib::esLeft = 1, ClipperLib::esRight = 2 }

#### **Functions**

- Path & ClipperLib::operator<< (Path &poly, const IntPoint &p)</li>
- Paths & ClipperLib::operator<< (Paths &polys, const Path &p)</li>
- std::ostream & ClipperLib::operator<< (std::ostream &s, const IntPoint &p)</li>
- std::ostream & ClipperLib::operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Path &p)</li>
- std::ostream & ClipperLib::operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Paths &p)</li>
- bool ClipperLib::Orientation (const Path &poly)
- double ClipperLib::Area (const Path &poly)
- int ClipperLib::PointInPolygon (const IntPoint &pt, const Path &path)
- void ClipperLib::SimplifyPolygon (const Path &in\_poly, Paths &out\_polys, PolyFillType fillType)
- void ClipperLib::SimplifyPolygons (const Paths &in polys, Paths &out polys, PolyFillType fillType)
- void ClipperLib::SimplifyPolygons (Paths &polys, PolyFillType fillType)
- void ClipperLib::CleanPolygon (const Path &in poly, Path &out poly, double distance)
- void ClipperLib::CleanPolygon (Path &poly, double distance)
- void ClipperLib::CleanPolygons (const Paths &in\_polys, Paths &out\_polys, double distance)
- void ClipperLib::CleanPolygons (Paths &polys, double distance)
- void ClipperLib::MinkowskiSum (const Path &pattern, const Path &path, Paths &solution, bool pathIsClosed)
- void ClipperLib::MinkowskiSum (const Path &pattern, const Paths &paths, Paths &solution, bool pathls
   — Closed)
- void ClipperLib::MinkowskiDiff (const Path &poly1, const Path &poly2, Paths &solution)
- void ClipperLib::PolyTreeToPaths (const PolyTree &polytree, Paths &paths)
- void ClipperLib::ClosedPathsFromPolyTree (const PolyTree &polytree, Paths &paths)
- void ClipperLib::OpenPathsFromPolyTree (PolyTree &polytree, Paths &paths)
- void ClipperLib::ReversePath (Path &p)
- void ClipperLib::ReversePaths (Paths &p)

### **Variables**

- static clnt const ClipperLib::loRange = 0x3FFFFFF
- static clnt const ClipperLib::hiRange = 0x3FFFFFFFFFFFFLL

### 7.9.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 7.9.1.1 CLIPPER\_VERSION

```
#define CLIPPER_VERSION "6.4.2"
```

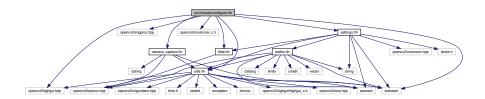
### 7.9.1.2 use\_lines

#define use\_lines

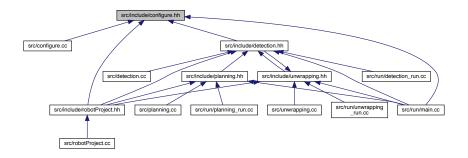
# 7.10 src/include/configure.hh File Reference

```
#include <iostream>
#include <opencv2/imgproc.hpp>
#include <opencv2/highgui.hpp>
#include <opencv2/core/core_c.h>
#include <utils.hh>
#include <filter.hh>
#include <camera_capture.hh>
#include <settings.hh>
```

Include dependency graph for configure.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Functions**

- void configure (Mat &img, bool deploy=true, int img\_id=0)

  It acqire a frame from the default camera of the pc.
- bool show\_all\_conditions (const Mat &frame)

### **Variables**

Settings \* sett

### 7.10.1 Function Documentation

## 7.10.1.1 configure()

It acqire a frame from the default camera of the pc.

#### **Parameters**

i	n	save	If save, or not, the acquired image to a file.
---	---	------	--

#### Returns

The Mat of the acquired frame.

If deploy is true then takes a photo from the camera, shows tha various filters and asks if they are visually correct. If not then it allows to set the various filters through trackbars. If deploy is false then it takes the imd\_id-th maps from the folder set in Settings and ask for visual confirmation.

### **Parameters**

in	save	If save, or not, the acquired image to a file.
----	------	--

#### Returns

The Mat of the acquired frame.

If DEPLOY is defined then takes a photo from the camera, shows tha various filters and asks if they are visually correct. If not then it allows to set the various filters through trackbars. If DEPLOY is not defined then it takes a map from the folder set in Settings and ask for visual confirmation.

### 7.10.1.2 show\_all\_conditions()

Function to show a picture with various filters taken from Settings. It then asks for visual confirmation.

#### **Parameters**

frame T	he image to show.
---------	-------------------

## Returns

True if the filters are okay, false otherwise.

Function to show a picture with various filters taken from Settings. It then asks for visual confirmation.

### **Parameters**

frame	The image to show.
-------	--------------------

### Returns

True if the filters are okay, false otherwise.

## 7.10.2 Variable Documentation

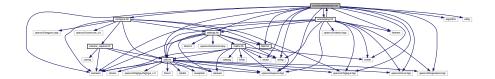
# 7.10.2.1 sett

Settings\* sett

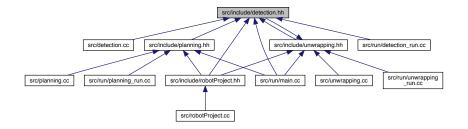
## 7.11 src/include/detection.hh File Reference

```
#include <utils.hh>
#include <settings.hh>
#include <filter.hh>
#include <configure.hh>
#include <unwrapping.hh>
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <cmath>
#include <algorithm>
#include <utility>
#include <opencv2/highgui.hpp>
#include <opencv2/core.hpp>
#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
```

#include <opencv2/imgcodecs.hpp>
Include dependency graph for detection.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Enumerations**

enum COLOR\_TYPE {
 RED, GREEN, BLUE, CYAN,
 BLACK }

### **Functions**

- int detection (const bool \_imgRead=true, const Mat \*img=nullptr)
- Loads some images and detects shapes according to different colors.

   void getConversionParameters (Mat &transf, const bool get=true)

The function simply store the value of the given matrix and allow the access to it from different function location.

• Configuration2< double > localize (const Mat &img, const bool raw=true)

Identify the loation of the robot by acquiring the image from the default camera of the environment.

void shape detection (const Mat &img, const COLOR TYPE color)

Detect shapes inside the image according to the variable 'color'.

void erode\_dilation (Mat &img, const COLOR\_TYPE color)

It apply some filtering function for isolate the subject and remove the noise.

void find\_contours (const Mat &img, const Mat &original, const COLOR\_TYPE color)

Given an image, in black/white format, identify all the borders that delimit the shapes.

• int number\_recognition (Rect blob, const Mat &base)

Detect a number on an image inside a region of interest.

void save\_convex\_hull (const vector< vector< Point >> &contours, const COLOR\_TYPE color)

Given some vector save it in a xml file.

void load\_number\_template ()

Load some templates and save them in the global variable 'templates'.

void crop\_number\_section (Mat &processROI)

Given an image identify the region of interest(ROI) and crop it out.

# 7.11.1 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 7.11.1.1 COLOR\_TYPE

```
enum COLOR_TYPE
```

## Enumerator

RED	
GREEN	
BLUE	
CYAN	
BLACK	

# 7.11.2 Function Documentation

## 7.11.2.1 crop\_number\_section()

Given an image identify the region of interest(ROI) and crop it out.

## **Parameters**

in,out	ROI	Is the image that the function will going to elaborate.

## 7.11.2.2 detection()

Loads some images and detects shapes according to different colors.

## **Parameters**

in	_imgRead	Boolean flag that says if load or not the image from file or as a function parameter. True=load from file.
in	img	The imgage that eventually is loaded from the function.

#### Returns

Return 0 if the function reach the end.

## 7.11.2.3 erode\_dilation()

It apply some filtering function for isolate the subject and remove the noise.

An example of the sub functions called are: GaussianBlur, Erosion, Dilation and Threshold.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	img	Is the image on which the function apply the filtering.
in	color	It is the type of reference color. According to the color the filtering functions apply can
		change in the type and in the order.

### 7.11.2.4 find\_contours()

Given an image, in black/white format, identify all the borders that delimit the shapes.

### **Parameters**

in	img	Is an image in HSV format at the base of the elaboration process.
out	original	It is the original source of 'img', it is used for showing the detected contours.
in	color	It is the type of reference color.

# 7.11.2.5 getConversionParameters()

The function simply store the value of the given matrix and allow the access to it from different function location.

The transformation matrix are computed in the unwrapping phase and taken from the localization.

### **Parameters**

in	transf	It is the matrix that can be stored but also retrieved.
in	get	It is the flag that says if the given matrix need to be stored or retrieved.

### 7.11.2.6 load\_number\_template()

```
void load_number_template ( )
```

Load some templates and save them in the global variable 'templates'.

## 7.11.2.7 localize()

```
Configuration2<double> localize (
          const Mat & img,
          const bool raw )
```

Identify the loation of the robot by acquiring the image from the default camera of the environment.

## Returns

The configuration of the robot in this exactly moment.

Identify the location of the robot respect to the given image.

### **Parameters**

in	img	It is the image where the robot need to be located.
in	raw	It is a boolean flag that says if the img is raw and need filters or not.

### Returns

Configuration of the robot in this exactly moment, according to the image.

Identify the loation of the robot by acquiring the image from the default camera of the environment.

### **Parameters**

in	img	It is the image where the robot need to be located.
in	raw	It is a boolean flag that says if the img is raw and need filters or not.

### Returns

Configuration of the robot in this exactly moment, according to the image.

## 7.11.2.8 number\_recognition()

Detect a number on an image inside a region of interest.

### **Parameters**

in	blob	Identify the region of interest inside the image 'base'.	]
in	base	Is the image where the function will going to search the number.	1

### Returns

The number recognise, '-1' otherwise.

## 7.11.2.9 save\_convex\_hull()

Given some vector save it in a xml file.

## **Parameters**

	in	contours	Is a vector that is saved in a xml file.
Ī	in	color	It is the type of reference color, according to which the function decide if saved
			('color==GREEN') or not ('otherwise') the vector 'victims'.

## 7.11.2.10 shape\_detection()

Detect shapes inside the image according to the variable 'color'.

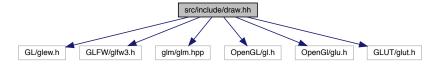
### **Parameters**

in	img	Image on which the research will done.
in	color	It is the type of reference color. These color identify the possible spectrum that the function
		search on the image.

## 7.12 src/include/draw.hh File Reference

```
#include <GL/glew.h>
#include <GLFW/glfw3.h>
#include <glm/glm.hpp>
#include <OpenGL/gl.h>
#include <OpenGl/glu.h>
#include <GLUT/glut.h>
```

Include dependency graph for draw.hh:



## **Namespaces**

• DW

## **Typedefs**

• typedef uint unsigned int

## **Functions**

- void DW::init (x, y, GLfloat \*vertices\_buffer={0.0f})
- void DW::changeBuffer (GLfloat \*vertices\_buffer, uint dim)

## **Variables**

- GLFWwindow \* DW::window
- GLuint DW::map\_buffer

# 7.12.1 Typedef Documentation

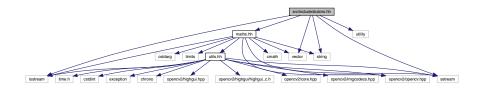
## 7.12.1.1 int

typedef uint unsigned int

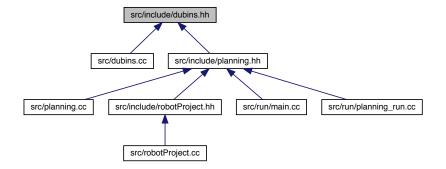
# 7.13 src/include/dubins.hh File Reference

```
#include <maths.hh>
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <utility>
```

Include dependency graph for dubins.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

- class Curve< T >
- class DubinsArc< T1, T2 >

Class to store a maneuver of <u>Dubins</u>. It inherits from <u>Curve</u>. Since each <u>Dubins</u> is formed of atmost 3 maneuvers, this class is meant to store one of this maneuver, which can be L, R or S respectively Left, Right, Straight.

class Dubins < T >

Class to store a Dubins curve. This class inherits from Curve and is composed of three DubinsArc.

class DubinsSet< T >

Given a set of point, compute the shortest set of Dubins that allows to go from start to end through all points.

## **Macros**

- #define PIECE LENGTH 2
- #define PREC 100000
- #define KMAX 0.01

#### **Functions**

- double sinc (double t)
- Configuration2< double > circline (double \_L, Configuration2< double > \_P0, double \_K)
- template<class T >

```
bool is on circarc (Point2< T> p0, Point2< T> pi, Point2< T> pf, Point2< T> p)
```

Function that computes a circle given 3 points and check if a point is on the circle arc.

- $\bullet \ \, \text{Tuple} < \text{Angle} > \text{toBase} \, \, \text{(Tuple} < \text{Angle} > \text{z, int n, int base, const Angle \&inc, int startPos, int endPos)} \\$ 
  - Convert a value in base 10 to base base in a Tuple. To each value an inc is mulltiplied and the initial Angle is added.
- void disp (Tuple < Tuple < Angle > > &t, Tuple < Angle > &z, int N, const Angle &inc, int startPos=0, int endPos=0)

Compute the arrangements. Since each arrangement can be computed as  $n_{parts}$ , where each values is then multiplied for the increment and is added to the initial values.

### 7.13.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 7.13.1.1 KMAX

```
#define KMAX 0.01
```

### 7.13.1.2 PIECE\_LENGTH

```
#define PIECE_LENGTH 2
```

## 7.13.1.3 PREC

#define PREC 100000

## 7.13.2 Function Documentation

### 7.13.2.1 circline()

```
Configuration2<double> circline (
          double _L,
          Configuration2< double > _P0,
          double _K )
```

Computes an arrival point from an initial configuration through an arc of length \_L and curvature \_K.

#### **Parameters**

in	_L	The length of the arch.
in	_P0	The starting Configuration2 of the arc.
in	_K	The curvature of the arc.

#### Returns

The ending Configuration2 of the arc.

### 7.13.2.2 disp()

Compute the arrangements. Since each arrangement can be computed as  $n_{parts}$ , where each values is then multiplied for the increment and is added to the initial values.

### **Parameters**

out	t	A Tuple containing all the Tuples containing the Angles.
in	Z	A Tuple containing all the initial Angles.
in	N	The number of iterations. Each iteration is going to be converted in base parts.
in	inc	The increment to give each initial Angle.
in	startPos	The initial position to consider in Tuple.
in	endPos	The final position to consider in Tuple.

## 7.13.2.3 is\_on\_circarc()

Function that computes a circle given 3 points and check if a point is on the circle arc.

This function computes the 3 parameters a,b,c for a circle with equation  $x^2+y^2+ax+by+c=0$  using Cramer method. Then checks if the given point is on the circle: if it's not then returns false, otherwise checks the angle with respect to the initial point and the final point to see if the point is on the arc.

## **Template Parameters**

T	The type of the point.
,	The type of the point.

### **Parameters**

p0	The initial point of the arc.
pi	An intermediate point of the arc.
pf	The final point of the arc.
р	The point to verify if it's on the arc or not.

### Returns

true if the point is on the arc, false otherwise.

### 7.13.2.4 sinc()

Compute the sinc of the function defined as:

$$sinc(t) = \frac{sin(t)}{t} \quad t \neq 01 \quad t = 0$$

## **Parameters**

in	t	The value of the angle to be used.
----	---	------------------------------------

### Returns

The result of the previous formula.

# 7.13.2.5 toBase()

Convert a value in base 10 to base base in a Tuple. To each value an inc is mulltiplied and the initial Angle is added.

## **Parameters**

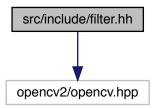
in	Z	A Tuple containing all the initial Angles.
in	n	The value to be converted.
in	base	The base.
in	inc	The increment.
in	startPos	The starting position of the Tuple of Angles.
in	endPos	The ending position of the Tuple of Angles.

## Returns

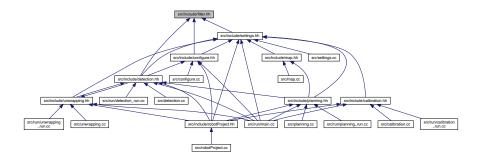
A vector containing the digits of the number converted to the specified base.

# 7.14 src/include/filter.hh File Reference

#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
Include dependency graph for filter.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

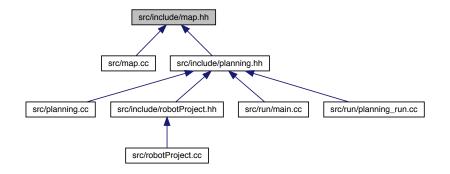
· class Filter

# 7.15 src/include/map.hh File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include <set>
#include <queue>
#include <tuple>
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <algorithm>
#include <maths.hh>
#include <settings.hh>
#include <utils.hh>
#include <objects.hh>
#include <opencv2/highgui.hpp>
#include <opencv2/core.hpp>
#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
#include <opencv2/imgcodecs.hpp>
Include dependency graph for map.hh:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### Classes

class Mapp

## **Enumerations**

enum OBJ\_TYPE {
 FREE, VICT, OBST, GATE,
 BODA, OUT\_OF\_MAP }

# 7.15.1 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 7.15.1.1 OBJ\_TYPE

enum OBJ\_TYPE

## Enumerator

FREE	
VICT	
OBST	
GATE	
BODA	
OUT_OF_MAP	

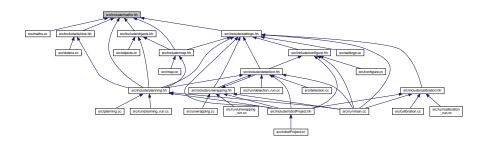
# 7.16 src/include/maths.hh File Reference

```
#include <utils.hh>
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
#include <vector>
#include <cstdarg>
#include <sstream>
#include <string>
#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
#include <limits>
```

Include dependency graph for maths.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### Classes

· class Angle

This class allows to save and handle angles. It supports DEG and RAD, operations such as addition and subtraction with operators overloading, conversion from RAD to DEG and viceversa and normalization of the angle.

- class Tuple < T >
- class Point2< T >

Class that stores two value to construct a point in 2D. The value is saved in a Tuple.

class Configuration2< T1 >

This class stores a configuration, that is a point and an angle.

### **Macros**

- #define DInf numeric\_limits<double>::infinity()
- #define Epsi numeric\_limits<double>::epsilon()
- #define A\_2PI Angle(6.2831853071-Epsi, Angle::RAD)

Default Angle for 2pi rad.

#define A 360 Angle(360.0-Epsi, Angle::DEG)

Default Angle for 360 degree.

#define A\_PI Angle(M\_PI, Angle::RAD)

Default Angle for pi rad.

• #define A\_180 Angle(180, Angle::DEG)

Defualt Angle for 180 degree.

#define A\_PI2 Angle(M\_PI/2.0, Angle::RAD)

Default Angle for pi/2 rad.

• #define A\_90 Angle(90, Angle::DEG)

Defualt Angle for 90 degree.

• #define A\_DEG\_NULL Angle(0, Angle::DEG)

Default Angle for 0 rad.

#define A\_RAD\_NULL Angle(0, Angle::RAD)

Defualt Angle for 0 degree.

- #define tupleIter typename vector<T>::iterator
- $\bullet \ \ \text{\#define tupleConstlter const typename vector} < T > :: iterator$

## **Enumerations**

enum DISTANCE TYPE { EUCLIDEAN, MANHATTAN }

### **Functions**

• bool equal (const double &A, const double &B, const double E=Epsi)

Function to compare two dubles as  $|A - B| < \varepsilon$ .

• template<class T >

T pow2 (const T x)

• template<class T >

T my\_max (const T &A, const T &B)

template < class T >

T my min (const T &A, const T &B)

• void invertAngle (Angle &a)

Transform the angle given i the new reference system where x and y will be swapped.

## **Variables**

```
• const double DEGTORAD =(M_PI/180.0)
```

```
• const double RADTODEG =(180.0/M_PI)
```

### 7.16.1 Macro Definition Documentation

```
7.16.1.1 A_180
```

```
#define A_180 Angle(180, Angle::DEG)
```

Defualt Angle for 180 degree.

```
7.16.1.2 A_2PI
```

```
#define A_2PI Angle(6.2831853071-Epsi, Angle::RAD)
```

Default Angle for 2pi rad.

7.16.1.3 A\_360

```
#define A_360 Angle(360.0-Epsi, Angle::DEG)
```

Default Angle for 360 degree.

7.16.1.4 A\_90

```
#define A_90 Angle(90, Angle::DEG)
```

Defualt Angle for 90 degree.

7.16.1.5 A\_DEG\_NULL

```
#define A_DEG_NULL Angle(0, Angle::DEG)
```

Default Angle for 0 rad.

```
7.16.1.6 A_PI
#define A_PI Angle(M_PI, Angle::RAD)
Default Angle for pi rad.
7.16.1.7 A_PI2
#define A_PI2 Angle(M_PI/2.0, Angle::RAD)
Default Angle for pi/2 rad.
7.16.1.8 A_RAD_NULL
#define A_RAD_NULL Angle(0, Angle::RAD)
Defualt Angle for 0 degree.
7.16.1.9 DInf
#define DInf numeric_limits<double>::infinity()
7.16.1.10 Epsi
#define Epsi numeric_limits<double>::epsilon()
7.16.1.11 tupleConstiter
#define tupleConstIter const typename vector<T>::iterator
7.16.1.12 tuplelter
#define tupleIter typename vector<T>::iterator
7.16.2 Enumeration Type Documentation
7.16.2.1 DISTANCE_TYPE
```

enum DISTANCE\_TYPE

### Enumerator

EUCLIDEAN	
MANHATTAN	

## 7.16.3 Function Documentation

### 7.16.3.1 equal()

```
bool equal (  \mbox{const double \& $A$,}   \mbox{const double \& $B$,}   \mbox{const double $E=Epsi$ ) [inline]}
```

Function to compare two dubles as  $|A - B| < \varepsilon$ .

### **Parameters**

in	Α	First number.
in	В	Second number.
in	Ε	$arepsilon$ , set at std::numeric_limits <double>::epsilon() as default.</double>

### Returns

true if |A-B|<arepsilon, false otherwise.

# 7.16.3.2 invertAngle()

Transform the angle given i the new reference system where x and y will be swapped.

### **Parameters**

```
[in/out] a The angle that need to be inverted.
```

## 7.16.3.3 my\_max()

```
template<class T > T my_max (
```

```
const T & A,
const T & B ) [inline]
```

# 7.16.3.4 my\_min()

# 7.16.3.5 pow2()

# 7.16.4 Variable Documentation

## 7.16.4.1 **DEGTORAD**

```
const double DEGTORAD = (M_PI/180.0)
```

## 7.16.4.2 RADTODEG

const double RADTODEG =  $(180.0/M_PI)$ 

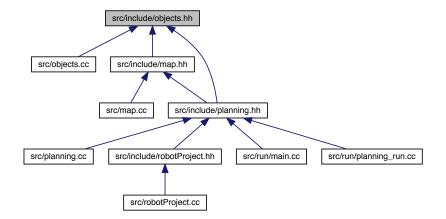
# 7.17 src/include/objects.hh File Reference

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <sstream>
#include <string>
#include <opencv2/core.hpp>
#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
#include "clipper.hh"
#include "maths.hh"
```

Include dependency graph for objects.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# Classes

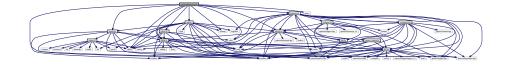
- · class Object
- · class Obstacle
- · class Gate
- class Victim

# 7.18 src/include/planning.hh File Reference

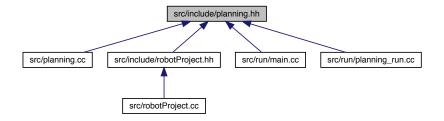
```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <utility>
```

```
#include <iomanip>
#include <map.hh>
#include <maths.hh>
#include <settings.hh>
#include <objects.hh>
#include <detection.hh>
#include <dubins.hh>
#include "path.h"
```

Include dependency graph for planning.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Namespaces**

Planning

### **Functions**

vector< Configuration2< double > > Planning::planning (const Mat &img)

The function plan a route from the actual position of the robot up to the final gate through all the victims.

• void Planning::createMapp ()

The goal is to load, all the neccessary data, from files and create a Mapp that store everything.

 $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{vector} < \mathsf{Point2} < \mathsf{int} > > \mathsf{Planning::convertToVP} \ (\mathsf{const} \ \mathsf{vector} < \ \mathsf{Point2} < \mathsf{int} > > > \& \mathsf{arr})$ 

Convert a vector of vector of points into a vector of points (AKA collapse everything).

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::convertToVP (const vector< vector< Configuration2< double > > > &arr)

Convert a vector of vector of configurations into a vector of points (AKA collapse everything).

vector< Configuration2< double >> Planning::convertToVC (const vector< vector< Configuration2< double >> > &arr)

Convert a vector of vector of configurations into a vector of configurations (AKA collapse everything).

vector< Configuration2< double > > Planning::convertToVC (const vector< vector< Point2< int > > > &arr)

Convert a vector of vector of points into a vector of configurations (AKA collapse everything).

void Planning::draw (const vector< vector< Point2< int > > &vv, string name)

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the points and segment taken from the parameters

void Planning::draw (const vector < vector < Configuration2 < double > > &vv, string name)

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the configurations and segment taken from the parameters.

void Planning::draw (const vector< vector< Configuration2< double > > &vv, const vector<</li>
 Configuration2< double > > &left, const vector< Configuration2< double > > &right, string name)

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the configurations and segment taken from the parameters. Plus a set of grey points (left vector) and black points (right vector).

void Planning::loadVVP (vector< vector< Point2< int >>> &vvp, FileNode fn)

The function load from the given fileNode a vector of vectors of Point2<int>.

void Planning::loadVP (vector < Point2 < int > > &vp, FileNode fn)

The function load from the given fileNode a vector of Point2<int>.

int \*\* Planning::allocateAAInt (const int a, const int b)

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of int.

int \*\*\* Planning::allocateAAAInt (const int a, const int b, const int c)

Allocate a dynamic 3D array of int.

int \*\*\*\* Planning::allocateAAAAInt (const int a, const int b, const int c, const int d)

Allocate a dynamic 4D array of int.

double \*\* Planning::allocateAADouble (const int a, const int b)

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of int.

• double \*\*\* Planning::allocateAAADouble (const int a, const int b, const int c)

Allocate a dynamic 3D array of double.

double \*\*\*\* Planning::allocateAAAADouble (const int a, const int b, const int c, const int d)

Allocate a dynamic 4D array of double.

Point2< int > \*\* Planning::allocateAAPointInt (const int a, const int b)

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of Points.

• template<class T >

void Planning::deleteAA (T \*\*arr, const int a)

template < class T >

void Planning::deleteAAA (T \*\*\*arr, const int a, const int b)

template < class T >

void Planning::deleteAAAA (T \*\*\*\*arr, const int a, const int b, const int c)

vector< vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathNPointsWithChoice (const vector< Point2< int > >
 &vp, const double bonus, const bool angle)

Given couples of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

vector< vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathNPoints (const vector< Point2< int > > &vp, const bool angle)

Given couples of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathTwoPoints (const Point2< int > &p0, const Point2< int > &p1, const bool angle)

Given a couple of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathTwoPointsInternal (const Point2< int > &startP, const Point2< int > &endP, double \*\*distances, Point2< int > \*\*parents)

Given a couple of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

- vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathTwoPointsInternalAngles (const Point2< int > &startP, const Point2< int > &endP, double \*\*\*distances, int \*\*\*\*parents, const double initialDir)
- int Planning::angleSector (const double &d)

Compute the sector of an angle.

void Planning::intToVect (int c, vector< int > &v)

Converts an integer into the vector of its digits. The result is inverse respect to the given integer.

void Planning::resetDistanceMap (double \*\*distances, const double value)

It reset, to the given value, the matrix of distances given, to compute again the minPath search.

void Planning::resetDistanceMap (double \*\*\*distances, const double value)

It reset, to the given value, the matrix of distances given, to compute again the minPath search.

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::sampleNPoints (const vector< vector< Point2< int > > &vvp, const int n)

It extracts from the given vector of vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one of each vector.

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::sampleNPoints (const vector< Point2< int > > &points, const int n)

It extracts from the given vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one.

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::samplePointsEachNCells (const vector< Point2< int > > &points, const int step)

It extracts from the given vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one.

• void Planning::fromVcToPath (vector< Configuration2< double > > &vc, Path &path)

Convert a vector of point to a path, from Enrico's notation to Paolo's notation.

int Planning::getNPoints ()

Get the numper of points needed for the function sampleNpoints.

void Planning::plan\_dubins (const Configuration2< double > &\_start, vector< vector< Configuration2< double > > &vvConfs)

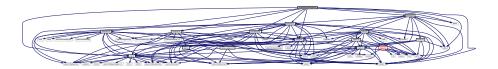
### **Variables**

- static constexpr double Planning::baseDistance = -1.0
- static constexpr double Planning::baseDir = -1.0
- const int Planning::foundLimit = 20
- const int Planning::foundLimitAngles = 40
- static const int Planning::nPoints = 50
- constexpr double Planning::initialDistAllowed = 20.0

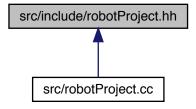
# 7.19 src/include/robotProject.hh File Reference

```
#include <utility>
#include <utils.hh>
#include <detection.hh>
#include <unwrapping.hh>
#include <calibration.hh>
#include <planning.hh>
#include <configure.hh>
#include <settings.hh>
#include <iostream>
#include "path.h"
```

Include dependency graph for robotProject.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Classes**

class RobotProject

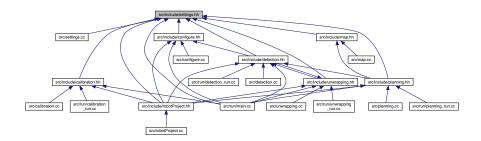
# 7.20 src/include/settings.hh File Reference

```
#include <filter.hh>
#include <maths.hh>
#include <utils.hh>
#include <opencv2/core/core.hpp>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <dirent.h>
#include <sstream>
```

Include dependency graph for settings.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

class Settings

## **Variables**

• Settings \* sett

Global variable defined in main.cc.

# 7.20.1 Variable Documentation

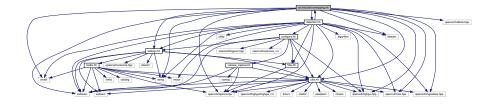
```
7.20.1.1 sett
```

Settings\* sett

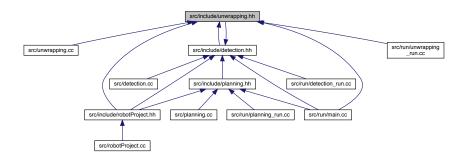
Global variable defined in main.cc.

# 7.21 src/include/unwrapping.hh File Reference

```
#include <utils.hh>
#include <settings.hh>
#include <detection.hh>
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <cmath>
#include <opencv2/videoio.hpp>
#include <opencv2/highgui.hpp>
#include <opencv2/core.hpp>
#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
#include <opencv2/imgcodecs.hpp>
Include dependency graph for unwrapping.hh:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Functions**

• int unwrapping (const bool \_imgRead=true, Mat \*img=nullptr)

Take some images according to a xml and unwrap the black rectangle inside the image after appling undistortion trasformation.

void createPointsHigh (const vector < Point > &rectLow, vector < Point > &rectHigh)

Store in the given vector the white corners in the same order as the given black ones.

- void loadCoefficients (const string filename, Mat &camera\_matrix, Mat &dist\_coeffs)

  Load coefficients from a file.
- void find\_rect (vector < Point > &\_rect, const int &width, const int &height)

Since the border of the arena might not always be clean but might have some imperfection, this functions computes the four vertixes taking all the points and computing the four that are the clostest to the corner of the image.

## 7.21.1 Function Documentation

### 7.21.1.1 createPointsHigh()

Store in the given vector the white corners in the same order as the given black ones.

#### **Parameters**

in	rectLow	A vector where the low corners of the rectangle (black markers position) are stored.	
out	rectHigh	A vector where the high corners of the rectangle (white markers position) will be stored.	

Store in the given vector the white corners in the same order as the given black ones.

### **Parameters**

in	rectLow	The 4 points that define the black rectangle on the floor.
----	---------	--

#### **Parameters**

out	rectHigh	The vector that will contain the 4 points that will define the high corner that pass through	
		the white points.	

## 7.21.1.2 find\_rect()

Since the border of the arena might not always be clean but might have some imperfection, this functions computes the four vertixes taking all the points and computing the four that are the clostest to the corner of the image.

### **Parameters**

in	_rect	The vector of cv::Point to work on.
in	width	The width of the image.
in	height	The height of the image.

Since the border of the arena might not always be clean but might have some imperfection, this functions computes the four vertixes taking all the points and computing the four that are the clostest to the corner of the image.

### **Parameters**

	[in/out] _rect The vector containing the actual possible points that delimt the rectangle		
	in	width	The width of the original image from which the points of the rectangle come from.
ĺ	in	height	The height of the original image from which the points of the rectangle come from.

# 7.21.1.3 loadCoefficients()

Load coefficients from a file.

Load two matrix 'camera\_matrix' and 'distortion\_coefficients' from the xml file passed.

### **Parameters**

in	filename	The string that identify the location of the xml file.
ou	t camera_matrix	Where the 'camera_matrix' matrix is saved.
ou	t dist_coeffs	Where the 'distortion_coefficients' matrix is saved.

#### 7.21.1.4 unwrapping()

Finally, the images are saved on some files.

Take some images according to a xml and unwrap the black rectangle inside the image after appling undistortion trasformation.

Load from the xml file 'data/settings.xml' the name of some images, load the images from the file, apply the calibration (undistortion trasformation) thanks to the matrices load with the 'loadCoefficients' function. Then, with the use of a filter for the black the region of interest (a rectangle) is identified and all the perspective is rotated for reach a top view of the rectangle.

#### **Parameters**

in	_imgRead	Boolean flag that says if load or not the image from file, or as a function parameter. In addition, also the return procedure change if true the image is saved on the disk otherwise is saved on the img function parameter. True=load and store on file.
	[in/out]	img The image that eventually is loaded from the function. And the one that will be modified for returning the elaborated frame.

#### Returns

A 0 is return if the function reach the end.

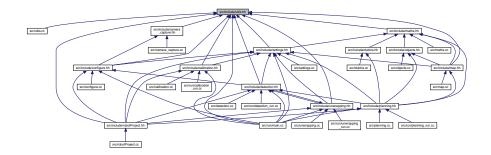
### 7.22 src/include/utils.hh File Reference

```
#include <sstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <exception>
#include <chrono>
#include <opencv2/highgui.hpp>
#include <opencv2/highgui/highgui_c.h>
#include <opencv2/core.hpp>
#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
#include <opencv2/imgcodecs.hpp>
#include <time.h>
#include <cstdint>
```

Include dependency graph for utils.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

class MyException < T >

## **Namespaces**

- CHRONO
- · timeutils

## **Macros**

• #define NAME(x) #x

Returns the name of the variable.

• #define COUT(x)

Print a messag to stderr.

• #define INFO(msg)

Print the name of a variable and its content. Only if DEBUG is defined.

# **Typedefs**

• typedef chrono::high\_resolution\_clock Clock

# **Enumerations**

- enum CHRONO::TIME\_TYPE { CHRONO::SEC, CHRONO::MSEC, CHRONO::MUSEC, CHRONO::NSEC }
- enum EXCEPTION\_TYPE { GENERAL, EXISTS, SIZE }

## **Functions**

- string CHRONO::getType (TIME\_TYPE type, string ret="")
- double CHRONO::getElapsed (Clock::time\_point start, Clock::time\_point stop, TIME\_TYPE type=MUSEC)
- string CHRONO::getElapsed (Clock::time\_point start, Clock::time\_point stop, string ret, TIME\_TYPE type=MUSEC)
- void my\_imshow (const char \*win\_name, Mat img, bool reset=false)

Function to show images in an order grill.

• void mywaitkey (const char c='q')

Function to use after my\_imshow() for keeping the image opened until a key is pressed.

void mywaitkey (string windowName)

Function to use after my\_imshow() for keeping the image opened until a key is pressed. When a key is pressed a specific window is closed.

- int64\_t timeutils::timespecDiff (struct timespec \*timeA\_p, struct timespec \*timeB\_p)
- double timeutils::getTimeS ()

### 7.22.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 7.22.1.1 COUT

```
#define COUT( x )
```

Print a messag to stderr.

## 7.22.1.2 INFO

```
#define INFO( msg )
```

Print the name of a variable and its content. Only if DEBUG is defined.

### 7.22.1.3 NAME

```
#define NAME( x ) \#x
```

Returns the name of the variable.

## 7.22.2 Typedef Documentation

## 7.22.2.1 Clock

```
\verb|typedef| chrono::high_resolution_clock| Clock|
```

# 7.22.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 7.22.3.1 EXCEPTION\_TYPE

```
enum EXCEPTION_TYPE
```

### Enumerator

GENERAL	
EXISTS	
SIZE	

## 7.22.4 Function Documentation

# 7.22.4.1 my\_imshow()

Function to show images in an order grill.

## **Parameters**

win_name	The name of the window to use.
img	The Mat containing the image.
reset	If true the image is going to be placed in 0,0 i.e. the top left corner of the screen.

## **7.22.4.2** mywaitkey() [1/2]

```
void mywaitkey ( {\rm const\ char\ } c\ )
```

Function to use after my\_imshow() for keeping the image opened until a key is pressed.

### **7.22.4.3** mywaitkey() [2/2]

```
void mywaitkey ( {\tt string} \ \textit{windowName} \ )
```

Function to use after my\_imshow() for keeping the image opened until a key is pressed. When a key is pressed a specific window is closed.

### **Parameters**

windowName	The window to close after pressing a key.
------------	---

# 7.23 src/map.cc File Reference

#include <map.hh>
Include dependency graph for map.cc:



# 7.24 src/maths.cc File Reference

```
#include "maths.hh"
Include dependency graph for maths.cc:
```



# **Functions**

• void invertAngle (Angle &a)

Transform the angle given i the new reference system where x and y will be swapped.

# 7.24.1 Function Documentation

# 7.24.1.1 invertAngle()

```
void invertAngle (
          Angle & a )
```

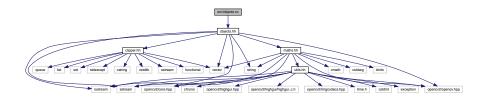
Transform the angle given i the new reference system where  $\boldsymbol{x}$  and  $\boldsymbol{y}$  will be swapped.

### **Parameters**

[in/out]	a The angle that need to be inverted.
[III//Outj	a the angle that heed to be invented.

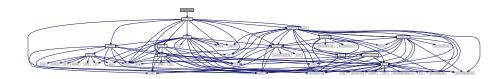
# 7.25 src/objects.cc File Reference

#include "objects.hh"
Include dependency graph for objects.cc:



# 7.26 src/planning.cc File Reference

#include "planning.hh"
Include dependency graph for planning.cc:



# **Namespaces**

Planning

### **Macros**

- #define DELTA M PI/180.0
- #define ROB\_KMAX KMAX
- #define ROB\_PIECE\_LENGTH 20
- #define BONUS 5
- #define SCALE 1000.0
- #define INCREASE 20
- #define SCRAP 3

#### **Functions**

 $\bullet \ \ \text{vector} < \ \text{Point2} < \ \text{int} >>> \ \text{Planning::convertToVP} \ \ (\text{const vector} < \ \text{vector} < \ \text{Point2} < \ \text{int} >>> \ \& \ \text{arr})$ 

Convert a vector of vector of points into a vector of points (AKA collapse everything).

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::convertToVP (const vector< vector< Configuration2< double > > > &arr)

Convert a vector of vector of configurations into a vector of points (AKA collapse everything).

vector < Configuration2 < double > > Planning::convertToVC (const vector < vector < Configuration2 < double > > > & arr)

Convert a vector of vector of configurations into a vector of configurations (AKA collapse everything).

vector< Configuration2< double > > Planning::convertToVC (const vector< vector< Point2< int > > > &arr)

Convert a vector of vector of points into a vector of configurations (AKA collapse everything).

• void Planning::draw (const vector< vector< Point2< int >>> &vv, string name)

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the points and segment taken from the parameters.

void Planning::draw (const vector < vector < Configuration2 < double > > &vv, string name)

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the configurations and segment taken from the parameters.

• void Planning::draw (const vector< Vector< Configuration2< double > > &vv, const vector< Configuration2< double > > &right, string name)

Show in a window the representation of the map with the addition of the configurations and segment taken from the parameters. Plus a set of grey points (left vector) and black points (right vector).

vector< Configuration2< double > > Planning::planning (const Mat &img)

The function plan a route from the actual position of the robot up to the final gate through all the victims.

void Planning::createMapp ()

The goal is to load, all the neccessary data, from files and create a Mapp that store everything.

void Planning::loadVVP (vector< vector< Point2< int >> > &vvp, FileNode fn)

The function load from the given fileNode a vector of vectors of Point2<int>.

void Planning::loadVP (vector< Point2< int > > &vp, FileNode fn)

The function load from the given fileNode a vector of Point2<int>.

• int Planning::getNPoints ()

Get the numper of points needed for the function sampleNpoints.

int \*\* Planning::allocateAAInt (const int a, const int b)

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of int.

• int \*\*\* Planning::allocateAAAInt (const int a, const int b, const int c)

Allocate a dynamic 3D array of int.

• int \*\*\*\* Planning::allocateAAAAInt (const int a, const int b, const int c, const int d)

Allocate a dynamic 4D array of int.

double \*\* Planning::allocateAADouble (const int a, const int b)

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of int.

double \*\*\* Planning::allocateAAADouble (const int a, const int b, const int c)

Allocate a dynamic 3D array of double.

double \*\*\*\* Planning::allocateAAAADouble (const int a, const int b, const int c, const int d)

Allocate a dynamic 4D array of double.

Point2< int > \*\* Planning::allocateAAPointInt (const int a, const int b)

Allocate a dynamic 2D array of Points.

vector< vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathNPointsWithChoice (const vector< Point2< int > >
 &vp, const double bonus, const bool angle)

Given couples of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

vector< vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathNPoints (const vector< Point2< int > > &vp, const bool angle)

Given couples of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathTwoPoints (const Point2< int > &p0, const Point2< int > &p1, const bool angle)

Given a couple of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA.

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathTwoPointsInternal (const Point2< int > &startP, const Point2< int > &endP, double \*\*distances, Point2< int > \*\*parents)

Given a couple of points the function compute the minimum path that connect them avoiding the intersection of OBST and BODA

• int Planning::angleSector (const double &d)

Compute the sector of an angle.

- vector< Point2< int > > Planning::minPathTwoPointsInternalAngles (const Point2< int > &startP, const Point2< int > &endP, double \*\*\*distances, int \*\*\*\*parents, const double initialDir)
- void Planning::intToVect (int c, vector< int > &v)

Converts an integer into the vector of its digits. The result is inverse respect to the given integer.

void Planning::resetDistanceMap (double \*\*distances, const double value)

It reset, to the given value, the matrix of distances given, to compute again the minPath search.

void Planning::resetDistanceMap (double \*\*\*distances, const double value)

It reset, to the given value, the matrix of distances given, to compute again the minPath search.

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::sampleNPoints (const vector< vector< Point2< int > > &vvp, const int n)

It extracts from the given vector of vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one of each vector.

vector< Point2< int >> Planning::sampleNPoints (const vector< Point2< int >> &points, const int n)

It extracts from the given vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one.

vector< Point2< int > > Planning::samplePointsEachNCells (const vector< Point2< int > > &points, const int step)

It extracts from the given vector of points, a subset of points that always contains the first one and the last one.

void Planning::fromVcToPath (vector< Configuration2< double > > &vc, Path &path)

Convert a vector of point to a path, from Enrico's notation to Paolo's notation.

template < class T >

bool Planning::check\_dubins\_D (Dubins< T > &D)

template < class T >

bool Planning::check\_dubins\_DS (DubinsSet< T > &DS)

- bool Planning::compute\_roundabout\_dubins (DubinsSet< double > &new\_DS, Configuration2< double >
   \_start, const vector< Configuration2< double > > &vC, uint &vC\_id, bool gate=false)
- template<class T >

 $\label{lem:const} DubinsSet < double > Planning::victims\_dubins (const vector < Configuration2 < T >> &vC1, const vector < Configuration2 < T >> &vC2, uint &vC1\_pos, uint &vC2\_pos)$ 

template < class T >

DubinsSet< double > Planning::start\_end\_dubins (const Configuration2< double > &anchorPoint, const vector< Configuration2< T > > &vConfs, uint &pos, const bool start)

- vector< Configuration2< double > > Planning::vvCtovC (Tuple< Tuple< Configuration2< double > > > vv)
- vector< Configuration2< double >> Planning::vvvCtovC (Tuple< Tuple< Tuple< Configuration2< double >>>> vvv)
- Angle Planning::compute\_final\_angle (Configuration2< double > gate)
- void Planning::inter\_victims (vector< vector< Configuration2< double > > &vvConfs, vector< int > &vl,
   DubinsSet< double > &path, vector< DubinsSet< double >> &victimV)
- void Planning::plan\_dubins (const Configuration2< double > &\_start, vector< vector< Configuration2< double > > > &vvConfs)

# **Variables**

- Mapp \* Planning::map
- Configuration2< double > Planning::conf
- const double Planning::angleRange = 12\*M\_PI/180
- const int Planning::nAngles = 90
- const int Planning::range = 3
- const double Planning::DEGTORAD

# 7.26.1 Macro Definition Documentation

### 7.26.1.1 BONUS

#define BONUS 5

# 7.26.1.2 DELTA

#define DELTA M\_PI/180.0

### 7.26.1.3 INCREASE

#define INCREASE 20

# 7.26.1.4 ROB\_KMAX

#define ROB\_KMAX KMAX

### 7.26.1.5 ROB\_PIECE\_LENGTH

#define ROB\_PIECE\_LENGTH 20

### 7.26.1.6 SCALE

#define SCALE 1000.0

### 7.26.1.7 SCRAP

#define SCRAP 3

# 7.27 src/robotProject.cc File Reference

#include "robotProject.hh"
Include dependency graph for robotProject.cc:



# **Variables**

Settings \* sett = new Settings("./exam/data/")
 Global variable defined in main.cc.

### 7.27.1 Variable Documentation

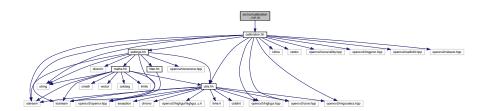
### 7.27.1.1 sett

Settings\* sett =new Settings("./exam/data/")

Global variable defined in main.cc.

# 7.28 src/run/calibration\_run.cc File Reference

#include <calibration.hh>
Include dependency graph for calibration\_run.cc:



# **Functions**

• int main ()

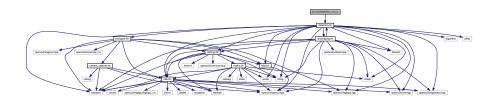
# 7.28.1 Function Documentation

7.28.1.1 main()

int main ( )

# 7.29 src/run/detection\_run.cc File Reference

#include <detection.hh>
Include dependency graph for detection\_run.cc:



# **Functions**

• int main ()

# 7.29.1 Function Documentation

7.29.1.1 main()

int main ( )

# 7.30 src/run/main.cc File Reference

```
#include <utils.hh>
#include <detection.hh>
#include <unwrapping.hh>
#include <calibration.hh>
#include <planning.hh>
#include <configure.hh>
#include <settings.hh>
#include <iostream>
```

# Include dependency graph for main.cc:



### **Functions**

• int main ()

# **Variables**

Settings \* sett = new Settings()
 Global variable defined in main.cc.

### 7.30.1 Function Documentation

```
7.30.1.1 main()
```

```
int main ( )
```

# 7.30.2 Variable Documentation

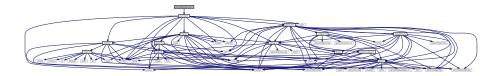
### 7.30.2.1 sett

```
Settings* sett =new Settings()
```

Global variable defined in main.cc.

# 7.31 src/run/planning\_run.cc File Reference

#include <planning.hh>
Include dependency graph for planning\_run.cc:



# **Functions**

• int main ()

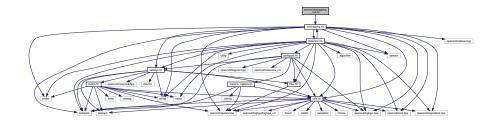
### 7.31.1 Function Documentation

7.31.1.1 main()

int main ( )

# 7.32 src/run/unwrapping\_run.cc File Reference

#include <unwrapping.hh>
Include dependency graph for unwrapping\_run.cc:



### **Functions**

• int main ()

# 7.32.1 Function Documentation

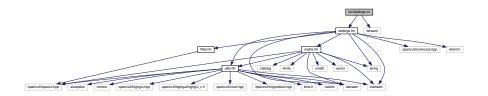
```
7.32.1.1 main()
```

```
int main ( )
```

# 7.33 src/settings.cc File Reference

```
#include "settings.hh"
#include <fstream>
```

Include dependency graph for settings.cc:



### **Macros**

 #define NPOS string::npos Shortcut for string::npos.

# **Functions**

- vector< string > getFiles (const string &path)

  Function to get all files in directory. From https://stackoverflow.com/questions/612097/how-can-i-get-the-1:
- void vecToFile (FileStorage &fs, vector < int > x)

### 7.33.1 Macro Definition Documentation

### 7.33.1.1 NPOS

```
#define NPOS string::npos
```

Shortcut for string::npos.

### 7.33.2 Function Documentation

### 7.33.2.1 getFiles()

```
vector<string> getFiles ( {\tt const\ string\ \&\ path\ )}
```

Function to get all files in directory. From https://stackoverflow.com/questions/612097/how-can-i-get-the

### **Parameters**

Path The path to check	
------------------------	--

# Returns

A vector containing the names of the files in the directory.

### 7.33.2.2 vecToFile()

```
void vecToFile (  \mbox{FileStorage \& } fs, \\ \mbox{vector} < \mbox{int} > x \; ) \quad [\mbox{inline}]
```

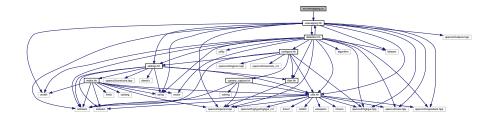
Writes a vector to a file.

### **Parameters**

fs	The FileStorage where to write the vector	
Х	The vector to write.	

# 7.34 src/unwrapping.cc File Reference

```
#include "unwrapping.hh"
Include dependency graph for unwrapping.cc:
```



# Macros

- #define AREA\_RATIO 0.7
- #define AREA\_MIN 500

# **Functions**

• static double distance (Point c1, Point c2)

Compute the euclidean distance.

• int unwrapping (const bool \_imgRead, Mat \*img)

Take some images according to a xml and unwrap the black rectangle inside the image after appling undistortion trasformation.

void createPointsHigh (const vector< Point > &rectLow, vector< Point > &rectHigh)

Given the lower rectangle's points compute and retrieve the higher rectangle's points. \deteils The matching between the vectors is guarantee: the i elements of the vectors is referred to the same x,y point (with different z). At the moment the white points are constant and not taken from the image).

void find\_rect (vector < Point > &\_rect, const int &width, const int &height)

Compute the right vertexes from a vector of points that more or less define the rectangle.

• void loadCoefficients (const string filename, Mat &camera\_matrix, Mat &dist\_coeffs)

Load coefficients from a file.

### 7.34.1 Macro Definition Documentation

### 7.34.1.1 AREA\_MIN

```
#define AREA_MIN 500
```

### 7.34.1.2 AREA\_RATIO

```
#define AREA_RATIO 0.7
```

### 7.34.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.34.2.1 createPointsHigh()

Given the lower rectangle's points compute and retrieve the higher rectangle's points. \deteils The matching between the vectors is guarantee: the i elements of the vectors is referred to the same x,y point (with different z). At the moment the white points are constant and not taken from the image).

Store in the given vector the white corners in the same order as the given black ones.

#### **Parameters**

in	rectLow	The 4 points that define the black rectangle on the floor.
out	rectHigh	The vector that will contain the 4 points that will define the high corner that pass through the white points.

### 7.34.2.2 distance()

```
static double distance ( \label{eq:point_c1} \mbox{Point } c1, \\ \mbox{Point } c2 \; ) \; \mbox{[static]}
```

Compute the euclidean distance.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	c1	The first point.
in,out	c2	The second point.

### Returns

The euclidean distance.

### 7.34.2.3 find\_rect()

Compute the right vertexes from a vector of points that more or less define the rectangle.

Since the border of the arena might not always be clean but might have some imperfection, this functions computes the four vertixes taking all the points and computing the four that are the clostest to the corner of the image.

# Parameters

	[in/out]	_rect The vector containing the actual possible points that delimt the rectangle.	
in	width	The width of the original image from which the points of the rectangle come from.	
in	height	The height of the original image from which the points of the rectangle come from.	

# 7.34.2.4 loadCoefficients()

Load coefficients from a file.

Load two matrix 'camera\_matrix' and 'distortion\_coefficients' from the xml file passed.

#### **Parameters**

in	filename	The string that identify the location of the xml file.	
out	camera_matrix	Where the 'camera_matrix' matrix is saved.	
out	dist_coeffs	Where the 'distortion_coefficients' matrix is saved.	

### 7.34.2.5 unwrapping()

Take some images according to a xml and unwrap the black rectangle inside the image after appling undistortion trasformation.

Load from the xml file 'data/settings.xml' the name of some images, load the images from the file, apply the calibration (undistortion trasformation) thanks to the matrices load with the 'loadCoefficients' function. Then, with the use of a filter for the black the region of interest (a rectangle) is identified and all the perspective is rotated for reach a top view of the rectangle. Finally, the images are saved on some files.

### **Parameters**

in	_imgRead	Boolean flag that says if load or not the image from file, or as a function parameter. In addition, also the return procedure change if true the image is saved on the disk otherwise is saved on the img function parameter. True=load and store on file.	
	[in/out]	img The image that eventually is loaded from the function. And the one that will be modified for returning the elaborated frame.	

#### Returns

A 0 is return if the function reach the end.

# 7.35 src/utils.cc File Reference

```
#include "utils.hh"
Include dependency graph for utils.cc:
```



### **Namespaces**

· timeutils

### **Functions**

• void my\_imshow (const char \*win\_name, cv::Mat img, bool reset)

Function to show images in an order grill.

• void mywaitkey (const char c)

Function to use after my\_imshow() for keeping the image opened until a key is pressed.

• void mywaitkey (string windowName)

Function to use after my\_imshow() for keeping the image opened until a key is pressed. When a key is pressed a specific window is closed.

- int64\_t timeutils::timespecDiff (struct timespec \*timeA\_p, struct timespec \*timeB\_p)
- double timeutils::getTimeS ()

### 7.35.1 Function Documentation

### 7.35.1.1 my\_imshow()

Function to show images in an order grill.

### **Parameters**

win_name	The name of the window to use.
img	The Mat containing the image.
reset	If true the image is going to be placed in 0,0 i.e. the top left corner of the screen.

```
7.35.1.2 mywaitkey() [1/2]  \label{eq:const}  \mbox{void mywaitkey (} \\  \mbox{const char } c \mbox{ )}
```

Function to use after my\_imshow() for keeping the image opened until a key is pressed.

Function to use after my\_imshow() for keeping the image opened until a key is pressed. When a key is pressed a specific window is closed.

# **Parameters**

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