How do Bayesian Networks support impact-based forecasting for informed decision-making?





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Introduction

- Impact-based forecasting (IBF) aims to support risk-oriented decisions in disaster risk management by promoting anticipatory actions that minimize damage and loss of life from natural hazards.
- IBF essentially uses risk matrices, which are products of the probability of impact and the extent of impact, represented as unconditional probabilities or impact numbers for events, like a flood event.
- It fails to consider conditional factors, potential interventions, and critical questions, such as the likelihood of significant consequences under different actions [1].
- Bayesian Network (BN) is a directed graphical model representing a set of variables and their conditional probabilistic dependencies.

Methods

Method used for generating BN model, which can be extended with inputs and output applications for decision making.

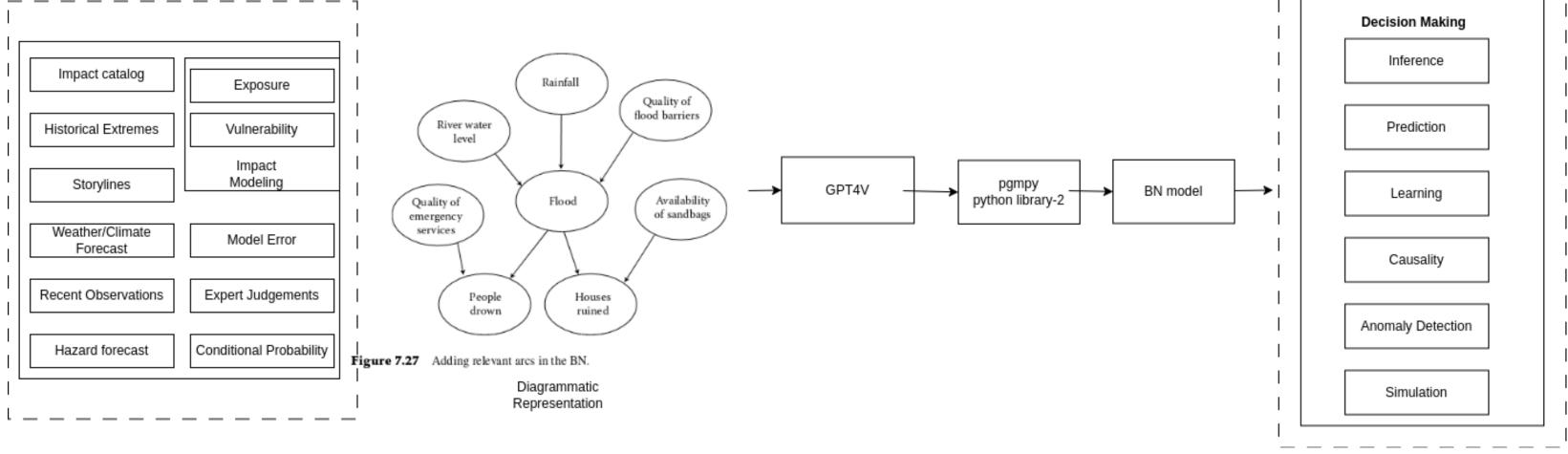


Figure 1: BN generation steps, using GPT-4V[2] and Python library pgmpy[3], test image given is from Fenton and Neil [1]

Results

- The Jupyter Notebook in Github shows the some of preliminary results related to the usage of simple Flood hazard anticipation and BN generation
- Study is ongoing to extend the application

Reference

[1] Norman Fenton and Martin Neil. Risk assessment and decision analysis with Bayesian networks. CRC Press, 2018.

[2] OpenAl. GPT-4 technical report, 2023. https://arxiv.org/abs/2303.08774.

[3] Ankur Ankan and Abinash Panda. pgmpy: Probabilistic graphical models using python. In Proceedings of the 14th python in science conference (scipy 2015), volume 10. Citeseer, 2015.

[4] Nassim Nicholas Taleb. Skin in the game: Hidden asymmetries in daily life. Random House, 2018.

Current IBF practices have shortcomings. They often fail to address critical factors such as uncertainty, diverse perspectives, and process transparency. This oversight results in a lack of 'skin in the game'[4]. By integrating Bayesian Networks and GPT-4V, we believe there's potential to bring significant advancements to IBF.



