

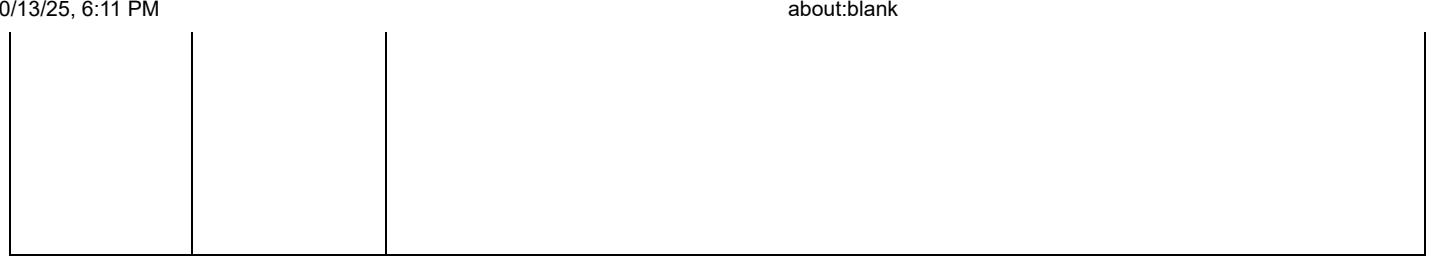
## Cheat Sheet: Integrating Visual and Video Modalities

Package/Method	Description	Code Example
Base64 response format	Instead of returning URLs, you can get images as base64 data for immediate use without downloading from a URL. Useful when you need to process or store the images directly.	<pre> import base64 from PIL import Image import io  response = client.images.generate(     model="dall-e-2",     prompt="a white siamese cat",     size="512x512",     response_format="b64_json", # Get base64 instead of URL     n=1, )  // Convert base64 to image image_data = base64.b64decode(response.data[0].b64_json) image = Image.open(io.BytesIO(image_data)) image.show() # Display the image </pre>
Credentials setup	Sets up the credentials for accessing the watsonx API. The api_key is not needed in the lab environment, and the project_id is preset.	<pre> from ibm_watsonx_ai import Credentials import os  credentials = Credentials(     url="https://us-south.ml.cloud.ibm.com", ) project_id="skills-network" </pre>
DALL-E 2 image generation	Uses DALL-E 2 to generate an image based on a text prompt. DALL-E 2 supports generations, edits, and variations, simultaneously allowing up to 10 images.	<pre> response = client.images.generate(     model="dall-e-2",     prompt="a white siamese cat",     size="1024x1024",     quality="standard",     n=1, )  url = response.data[0].url display.Image(url=url, width=512) </pre>
DALL-E 3 image generation	Uses DALL-E 3 to generate higher quality images. DALL-E 3 only supports image generation (no edits or variations) but produces more detailed, accurate images.	<pre> response = client.images.generate(     model="dall-e-3",     prompt="a white siamese cat",     size="1024x1024",     quality="standard",     n=1, )  url = response.data[0].url display.Image(url=url, width=512) </pre>
Effective prompting	Tips for crafting effective prompts to get better results	<pre> // Basic prompt prompt = "a cat"  // Improved detailed prompt prompt = "a fluffy white siamese cat with" </pre>

	<p>from DALL-E models:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be specific and detailed in your descriptions</li> <li>• Include artistic style references</li> <li>• Specify lighting, perspective, and composition</li> <li>• Add context or setting information</li> </ul>	<pre>blue eyes sitting on a window sill, golden hour lighting, soft shadows, shallow depth of field, professional photography style"  // Artistic style prompt prompt = "a white siamese cat in the style of a Renaissance oil painting, dramatic lighting, rich colors, detailed fur texture"</pre>
File download	Function to download an image file from a URL if it doesn't already exist locally.	<pre>import requests  def load_file(filename, url):     # Download file if it doesn't already exist     if not os.path.isfile(filename):         print("Downloading file")         response = requests.get(url, stream=True)         if response.status_code == 200:             with open(filename, 'wb') as f:                 f.write(response.content)         else:             print("Failed to download file. Status code:", response.status_code)     else:         print("File already exists")</pre>
Image captioning	Loop through the images to see the text descriptions produced by the model in response to the query, "Describe the photo".	<pre>user_query = "Describe the photo" for i in range(len(encoded_images)):     image = encoded_images[i]     response = generate_model_response(image, user_query)     // Print the response with a formatted description     print(f"Description for image {i + 1}: {response}/n/n")</pre>
Image display	Displays an image in the notebook using IPython's display functionality.	<pre>from IPython.display import Image Image(filename=filename_tif, width=300)</pre>
Image encoding	Encodes an image to base64 format for inclusion in the model request. This is necessary because JSON is text-based and doesn't support binary data directly.	<pre>import base64 import requests  def encode_images_to_base64(image_urls):     encoded_images = []     for url in image_urls:         response = requests.get(url)         if response.status_code == 200:             encoded_image = base64.b64encode(response.content).decode("utf-8")             encoded_images.append(encoded_image)             print(type(encoded_image))         else:             print(f"Warning: Failed to fetch image from {url} (Status code: {response.status_code})")     return encoded_images</pre>

Message formatting	Creates a structured message containing both text and image data to send to the model.	<pre> messages = [     "role": "user",     "content": [         {             "type": "text",             "text": question         },         {             "type": "image_url",             "image_url": {                 "url": "data:image/jpeg;base64," + encoded_string,             }         }     ] ] return messages </pre>
Model invocation	Sends the formatted message to the model and receives a response with an analysis of the image.	<pre> response = model.chat(messages=my_message_1) print(response["choices"][0]["message"]["content"]) </pre>
Model initialization	Initializes the vision model with specific parameters for text generation.	<pre> from ibm_watsonx_ai.foundation_models.schema import TextChatParameters from ibm_watsonx_ai.foundation_models import ModelInference  model_id = 'ibm/granite-vision-3-2-2b'  params = TextChatParameters(     temperature=0.2,     top_p=0.5, )  model = ModelInference(     model_id=model_id,     credentials=credentials,     project_id=project_id,     params=params ) </pre>
Multiple images (DALL-E 2)	Generate multiple images at once with DALL-E 2 using the 'n' parameter. DALL-E 2 can generate up to 10 images in a single request.	<pre> response = client.images.generate(     model="dall-e-2",     prompt="a white siamese cat",     size="1024x1024",     quality="standard",     n=4, # Generate 4 different images )  // Access all generated images for i, image_data in enumerate(response.data):     print(f"URL for image {i+1}: {image_data.url}")     display.Image(url=image_data.url, width=256) </pre>
OpenAI client initialization	Creates an instance of the OpenAI client to interact with the API.	<pre> from openai import OpenAI from IPython import display  client = OpenAI() </pre>

<b>Object detection</b>	Ask the model to define objects from a specific image.	<pre>image = encoded_images[1] user_query = "How many cars are in this image?" print("User Query: ", user_query) print("Model Response: ", generate_model_response(image, user_query))</pre>
<b>pip install</b>	Installs the necessary Python libraries required for working with watsonx and vision models.	<pre>%pip install ibm-watsonx-ai==1.1.20 image==1.5.33 requests==2.32.0</pre>
<b>Quality options</b>	Quality settings for generated images: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DALL-E 2: Only supports "standard"</li> <li>DALL-E 3: Supports "standard" (default) and "hd" for enhanced detail</li> </ul>	<pre>// DALL-E 3 with high-definition quality response = client.images.generate(     model="dall-e-3",     prompt="a mountain landscape",     size="1024x1024",     quality="hd",     n=1, )</pre>
<b>Saving generated images</b>	Save the generated images to your local filesystem for later use.	<pre>import requests  // Save from URL response = client.images.generate(     model="dall-e-2",     prompt="a white siamese cat",     size="1024x1024", ) url = response.data[0].url image_data = requests.get(url).content  with open("generated_cat.jpg", "wb") as f:     f.write(image_data)  print("Image saved to generated_cat.jpg")</pre>
<b>Size options</b>	Different size options available for DALL-E models: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DALL-E 2: 256x256, 512x512, 1024x1024</li> <li>DALL-E 3: 1024x1024, 1024x1792, 1792x1024</li> </ul>	<pre>// DALL-E 2 with smaller size response = client.images.generate(     model="dall-e-2",     prompt="a white siamese cat",     size="512x512",     quality="standard",     n=1, )  // DALL-E 3 with widescreen format response = client.images.generate(     model="dall-e-3",     prompt="a beautiful landscape",     size="1792x1024",     quality="standard",     n=1, )</pre>



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**Skills Network**