



POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863

GIS GEOLab Project Flyer

Politecnico di Milano – DICA | GEOLab



Maria Antonia Brovelli



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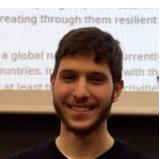
Vasil Yordanov



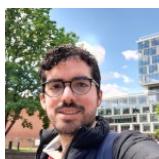
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Angelly Pugliese



Lorenzo Amici



Timur Obukhov



Stefano Conversi



Juan Pablo Duque



Matej Žgela



Ali Badr Eldin Ali Mohamed



Afshin Moazzam



Research topics

GIS, Earth Observation, Citizen Science;
GeoAI development and applications

Teaching

M.Sc. in Geoinformatics Engineering

School of Civil, Environmental and Land Management Engineering

School of Industrial and Information Engineering

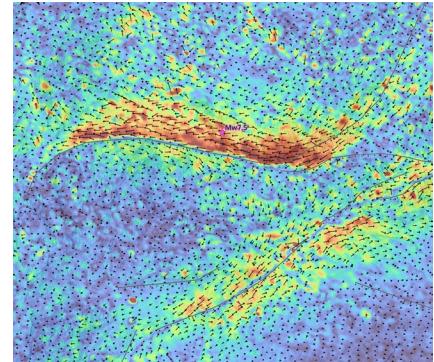
- **Geoinformatics Engineers** combine expertise in **Computer Science, Environmental Engineering, and Geomatics** to manage, analyze, and publish spatial and temporal information, focusing on environmental data.
- Their main application fields include urban and agricultural land planning, infrastructure design, transport and traffic management, and environmental modeling, all contributing to sustainable environmental and land management.
- The MSc in Geoinformatics Engineering at Politecnico di Milano, initiated in 2016/2017, leverages extensive experience in Environmental, Geomatics, and Computer Science to produce multidisciplinary experts needed in both private and public sectors.
- A **two-year** international program taught **in English** for both Italian and foreign students.
- The curriculum includes mandatory courses in geospatial data analysis, GIS, positioning services, pollution management, computing infrastructures, computer security, databases, and software engineering.
- Students can choose elective courses to deepen their expertise in areas like computer programming, system design, Earth observation, geophysical data processing, or hydrogeological risk, culminating in an MSc thesis on an original scientific topic.

Webpage

www.geoinformatics.polimi.it

Coordinator

Prof. Giovanna Venuti, giovanna.venuti@polimi.it



Ground velocity derived from Sentinel-1 Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) data (pixel offset tracking).

Admission Requirements

Students with a bachelor's degree in Computer science or Environmental / Geodetic / Geomatics Engineering/ Civil Engineering / Mathematical Engineering are eligible for application. Students with a different background (for example other Engineering programmes, Geography, Land planning, Natural Sciences, and Physics) will be taken into consideration individually.



Objectives:

- **Strengthen human resource training** for both the existing and future qualified labor force.
- Design, implement, and teach **innovative courses** connected to **climate change adaptation** and its enabling technologies.
- Integrate these courses within different and interdisciplinary HEIs postgraduate study programs (master's level) across **Vietnam**.

Courses:

- Earth Observation (10 ECTS)
- Digital Twin Earth (5 ECTS)
- Geospatial Web Applications (5 ECTS)
- Geospatial Intelligence (10 ECTS)



<https://cadeo-eu.edu.vn/>

ERASMUS-EDU-2022-CBHE (SEP-210836011)



Funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863



LUNDS
UNIVERSITET



UNIVERSITY OF MACAU



VGU

Vietnamese-German University



PHENIKAA
UNIVERSITY





The UDENE project aims to **support evidence-based decision making for urban development**, especially in international partner countries, by creating a **virtual laboratory** for urban planners and visionaries to test their development ideas.

Main objectives:

- Integrate local urban data cubes with Copernicus to quickly analyze urban development impacts using EO data.
- Develop and validate sensitivity analysis algorithms to assess urban development effects on key economic outcomes.
- Build partnerships between European and non-EU entities to enhance and invest in EO technologies for urban development.



Funded under the Copernicus International Partners Horizon EUSPA Call 24 months (January 2024 – January 2026)

Exploration and Matchmaking Tools:

- **UDENE Exploration Tool** for natural experiments. Using visualisation technologies, this tool will enable end-users (especially urban planners and developers, as well as decision-makers) to test and validate their ideas and concepts.
- **UDENE Matchmaking Tool** to identify downstream applications and service providers and leverage the exploration tool by linking the existing EO product, process, or service offerings.

Case studies:

Serbia: Testing and validating the effects of new urban infrastructures (ring road and bridge) on pollution reduction and minimization of traffic congestion.

Tunisia: Testing the effects of a linked park system on heat loads and analysing the most efficient development strategy to minimise urban heat islands.

Türkiye: Testing the effects of having a high-rise district on earthquake preparedness and determining the best development options to minimise expected loss in case of earthquake.

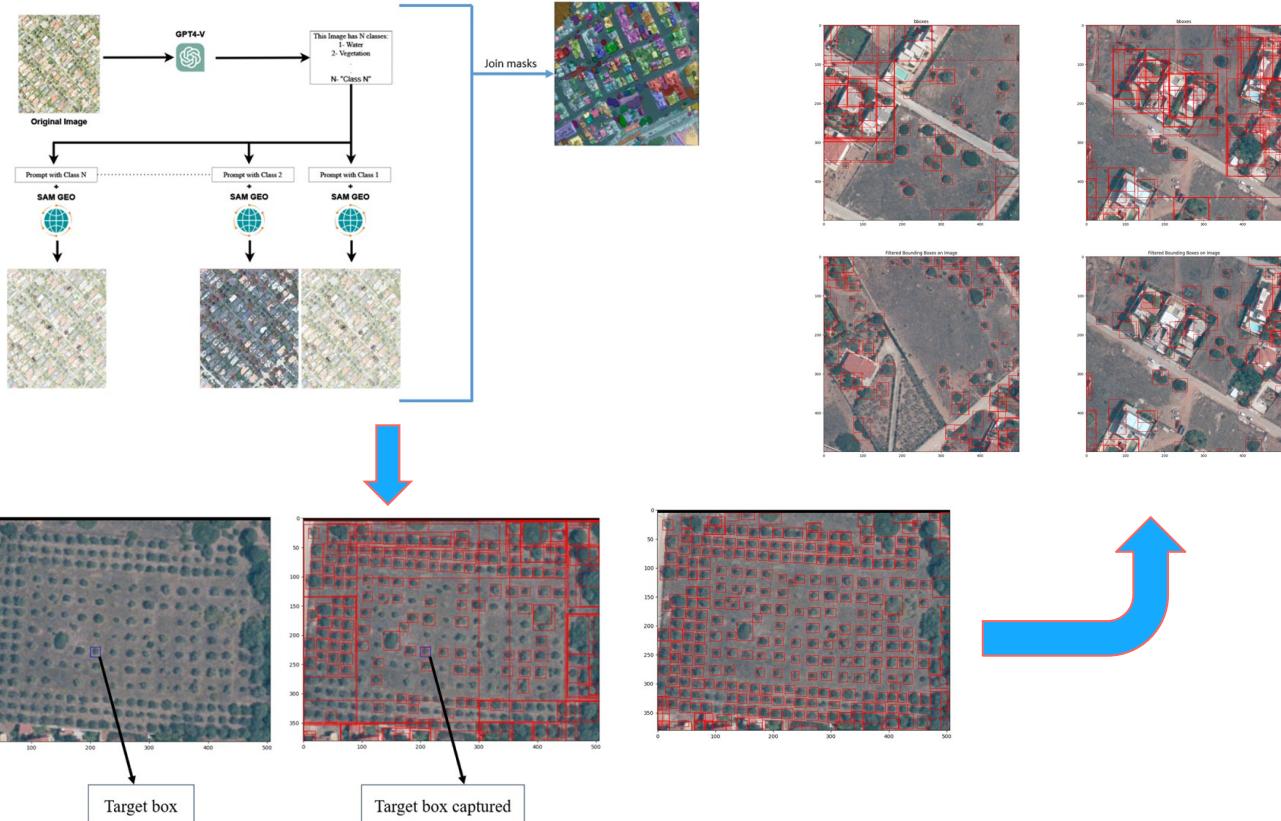
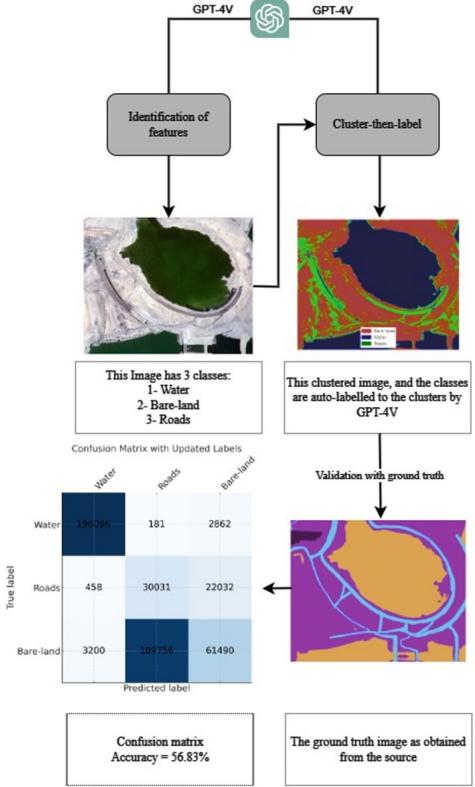




inspire pupils, as well as teachers, to use and better understand the Copernicus programme

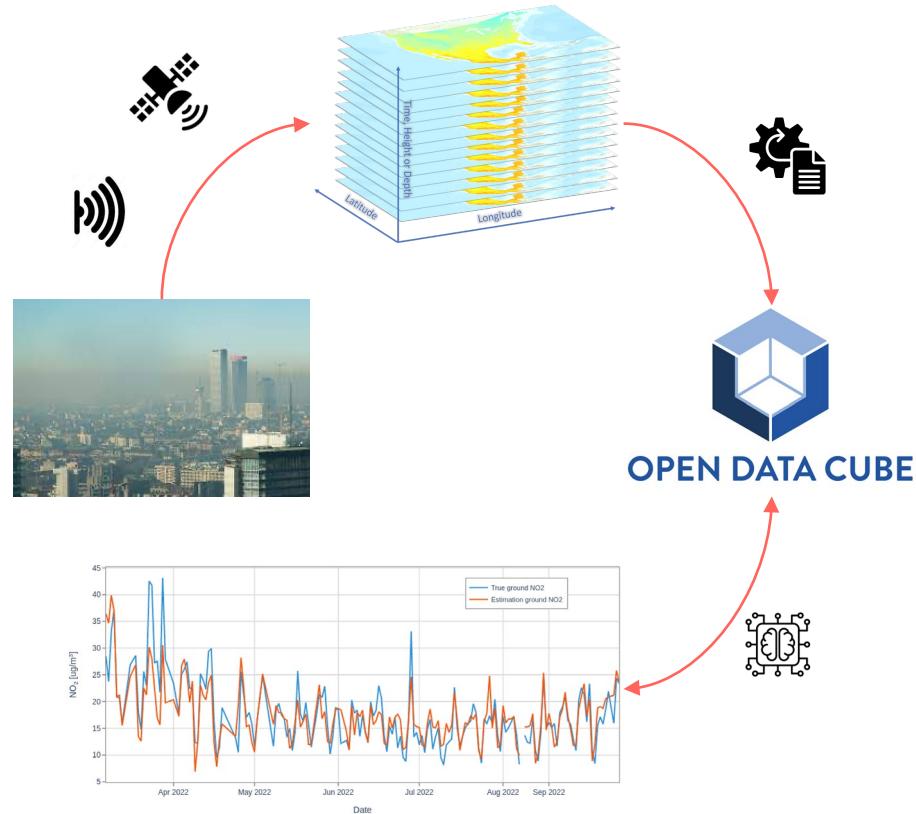
<https://cop4schools.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>







<https://www.cirgeo.unipd.it/geoair>





The screenshot shows the homepage of the documentation. It features a header with the title "Capacity Building for GIS-based SDG Indicator Analysis with Global High-resolution Land Cover Datasets" and a "Edit on GitHub" button. Below the header is a search bar and a "CONTENTS" sidebar with sections: 1. Background, 2. Data, 3. Tools, and 4. Case studies. The main content area contains a section titled "ISPRS Educational and Capacity Building Initiative 2022" which discusses the UN SDGs and their relation to geospatial data. It also mentions the increasing availability of global open geospatial datasets and their use for computing SDG indicators. A "Advertising for Developers" section is present, along with a "Read the Docs" footer.

/ Capacity Building for GIS-based SDG Indicator Analysis with Global High-resolution Land Cover Datasets

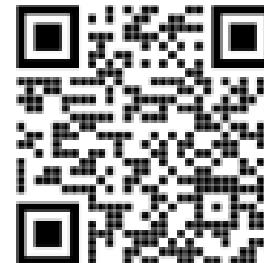
 Edit on GitHub

Capacity Building for GIS-based SDG Indicator Analysis with Global High-resolution Land Cover Datasets

ISPRS Educational and Capacity Building Initiative 2022

In the framework of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals^[7] (UN SDGs), the support of geospatial data and technologies^[7] has turned out to be critical for both the assessment and the monitoring of key indicators, revealing the trajectory of our planet and society towards sustainability. The increasing availability of global open geospatial datasets - above all the global high-resolution land cover (HRLC) datasets - opens newsworthy opportunities for the computation and comparison of these indicators across different geographical regions as well as multiple spatial and temporal scales. The added value of these datasets is tangible, especially for developing countries, where often such information is only partially available from local authorities. Nevertheless, there are still several barriers to their proficient use due to the lack of data management and processing capacity using proper Geographic Information Systems^[7] (GIS) software tools.

In view of the above, this project, supported by the Educational and Capacity Building Initiative 2022^[7] of the International Society of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing (ISPRS)^[7], addresses the creation of open training material covering the complete learning process of discovering, accessing and manipulating global open geospatial datasets for computing SDG indicators, with a focus on those directly connected to marine and terrestrial ecosystems, urban environment, and climate. To ensure the widest possible accessibility, the material primarily leverages the Free and Open Source Software (FOSS) QGIS^[7] and it is released under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License (CC BY 4.0^[7]).



<https://isprs-gis-sdg.readthedocs.io>



 **Read the Docs**



ISPRS Educational and Capacity Building Initiative 2022 project





EUthMappers is a project aimed at improving STEM education (Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics) and the environmental civic engagement of pupils by introducing open and collaborative mapping in Secondary Schools across the EU.

- Citizen science initiative aimed at Secondary Schools in 5 countries (ES, PT, IT, SK, RO)
- The aim is to raise awareness on the power of open mapping and active participation in solving environmental and humanitarian challenges
- Geospatial data and mapping at schools and civic education:
- Training involving 30 Secondary School teachers and 200 Pupils
- Development of a humanitarian collaborative mapping project in collaboration with UN Mappers



Co-funded by
the European Union
KA220-SCH-8A47B4C2

<https://euthmappers.gitbook.io/euthmappers-handbook>



GeoAI

Geospatial AI (GeoAI), the emerging scientific discipline at the intersection of geospatial data and artificial intelligence, is the new frontier of technological innovation that promises to transform entire business industries.

Geographic information systems (GIS) have been used widely to present a view of our world based on geographic and geospatial data. Started as the basic capability to visualize information on maps to improve efficiency and decision-making, GIS has conceptually evolved to include the Digital Twin Earths for revisiting the past, understanding the present and predicting the future.

Nowadays we are undergoing significant new developments expanding the use of geographic data in a way that promises to disrupt entire sectors as energy, transportation, healthcare, agriculture, insurance and institutions in the public/private sector (weather centres, national labs)

Behind the rise of geospatial AI are three trends: increased availability of geospatial Earth Observation data both from flying (satellites, airplanes, and UAVs (unmanned aerial vehicle)) and on the ground sensors , the advancement of AI (particularly machine and deep learning), and the availability of massive computational power.

This series provides a forum for leading voices in the fields of geospatial and AI across various sectors (private sector, academia, governments, national and international organizations) to describe latest research and real applications of GeoAI to meet the Sustainable Development Goals.

[LEARN MORE](#)

Curators



Maria Antonia Brovelli
Professor
Politecnico di Milano
[in](#) [@](#)

The GeoAI Challenge features five problem statements

Landslide Susceptibility Mapping

Develop ML algorithms that can analyze large dataset to identify patterns indicating high probability of landslide occurrence and create a landslide susceptibility map.

Curated by **GEOlab at Polytechnic di Milano**

[LEARN MORE](#)

Cropland Mapping

Develop accurate, cost-effective classification model for cropland extent mapping with ML techniques in three test regions.

Curated by **UNODC (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime) and FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations)**

[LEARN MORE](#)

Air Pollution Susceptibility Mapping

Implement a machine learning method which can accurately estimate the pollution levels (AQI) of the metropolitan city of Milan

Curated by **GEOlab at Polytechnic di Milano**

[LEARN MORE](#)

<https://aiforgood.itu.int/>



SPACE IT UP project aims at developing innovative ideas and disruptive solutions to make Italy one of the leading countries in space exportation and exploitation. The synergies fostered in the project between academy, industry, and research centres are expected to have a strong impact on the Italian space sector and are aimed at the pursuit of the following main objectives:

**PROMOTE INNOVATION AND
EXTEND FUNDAMENTAL KNOWLEDGE**

From the earliest days, the exploration and exploitation of space required pushing knowledge beyond its limits. SPACE IT UP will develop breakthrough technology to support and promote future space activities. Moreover, SPACE IT UP contributions will impact several fundamental areas, such as numerical models, innovative satellite architectures and constellations, new mission profiles, advanced instrumentation, and AI-based applications.



FOSTERING A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

Humankind must preserve the planet and space for future generations. Implementing innovative space-based technologies would allow observing climate change and predicting extreme weather events. In addition, SPACE IT UP will propose innovative solutions to enhance the resilience of the space and earth infrastructures to severe space weather.



ENSURE LONG-TERM HUMAN PERMANENCE IN EXTRATERRESTRIAL SPACE

The long-term human permanence in space poses numerous technological challenges that require innovative solutions to be overcome. SPACE IT UP promotes the development of new ideas and the definition of enabling technologies to make humanity a multi-planetary species. The project will address not only technological issues but also those referred to the resource exploitation, in situ manufacturing, circular solutions for sustainable permanence, and neurophysiological aspects.

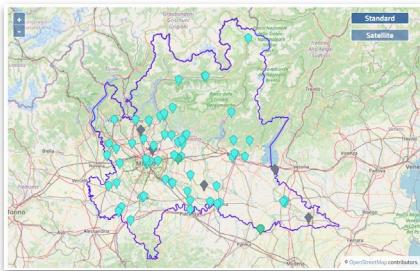
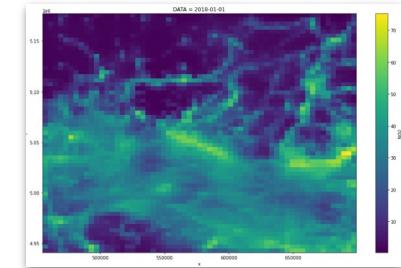


Our Research: ZERO EMISSION SOCIETY

Monitoring pollution
Monitoring urban and suburban environment

STRENGTHENING THE 'ECOSYSTEM' SPACE IN ITALY

Italy will cover the entire research and development value chain in the space field, thanks to effective coordination between Universities, Research Institutions, and a system of small, medium, and large industries. Furthermore, SPACE IT UP will promote collaborations between partners and new synergies to propose innovative and multidisciplinary solutions. As a result, SPACE IT UP will provide the country with a more robust and competitive space ecosystem.



Health risk factors

Air pollution data
(maps or sensor measurements)

NO₂ - O₃ - PM₁₀ - PM_{2.5}

Health data
(emergency calls)

Cardiovascular and respiratory issues



Machine learning
techniques and
geographical
analyses



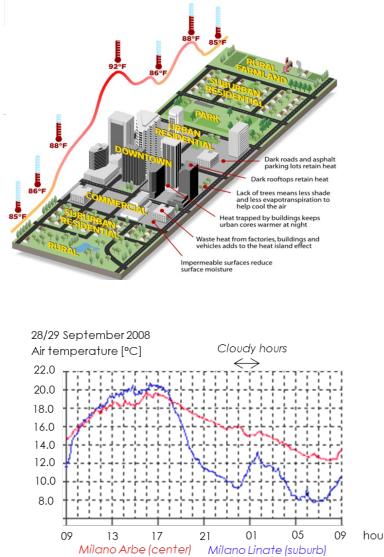
Correlation
data and
human health
risk maps



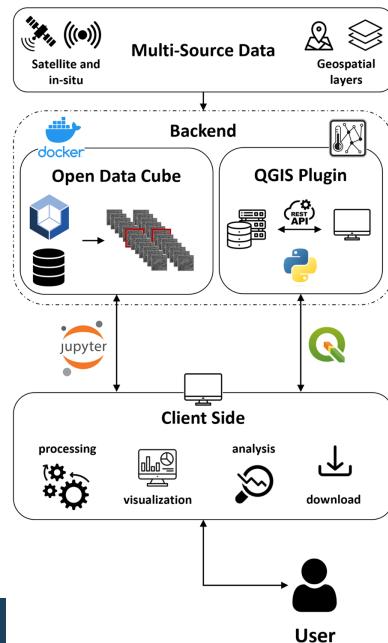


Funded by ASI I4DP_SCIENCE program, the project addressed the problem of Urban Heat Island.
A full processing chain was developed, implemented and made available to final users to produce LCZ maps leveraging on multispectral Sentinel-2 or hyperspectral PRISMA images together with GIS derived Urban Canopy parameters

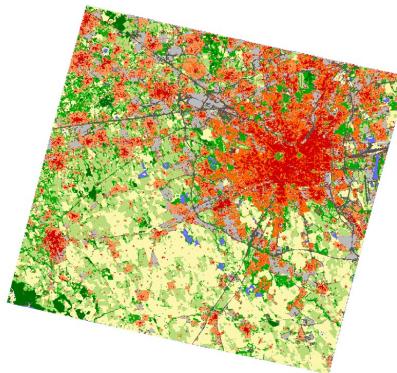
UHI and local climate zones



Technologies for mapping & analysis



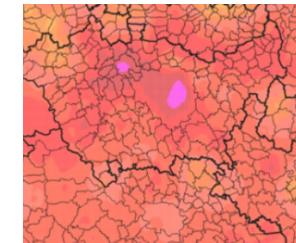
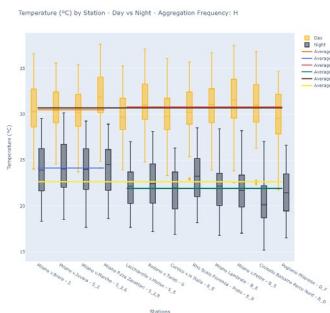
PRISMA - LCZ (Milano)



Local Climate Zone		land cover classes	
built-up classes		101 - Dense trees	
2 - Compact midrise		102 - Scattered trees	
3 - Compact low-rise		104 - Low Plants	
6 - Open midrise		105 - Bare rock or paved	
8 - Large low-rise		106 - Bare Soil or sand	
		107 - Water	

Metropolitan City of Milan

LCZ temperature behavior

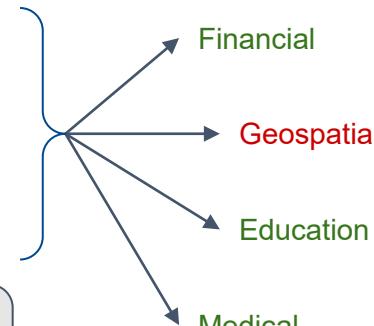




Non-democratic Data

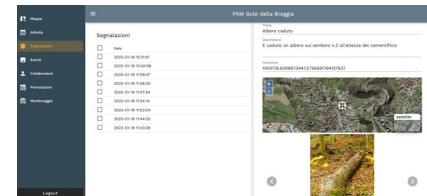


Web 3.0

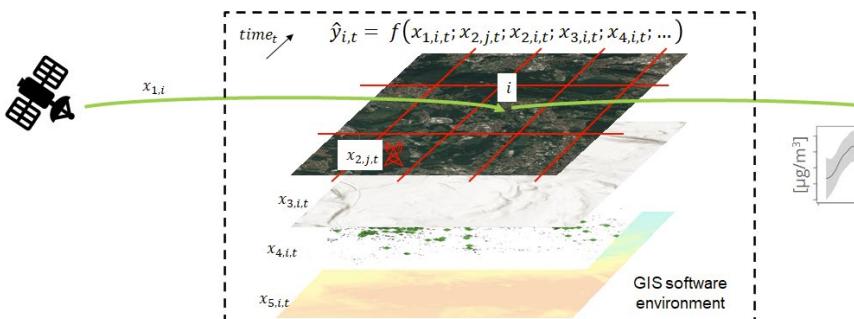
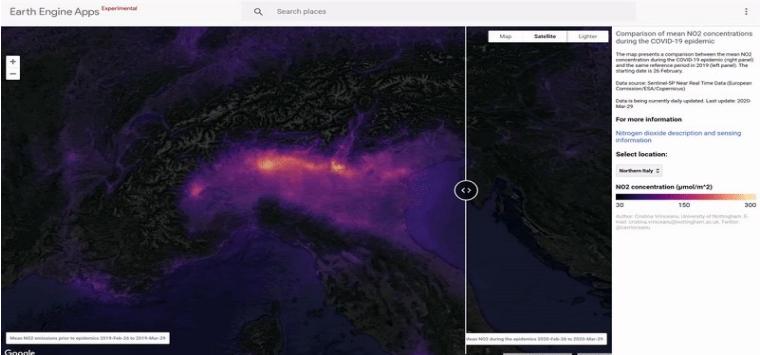


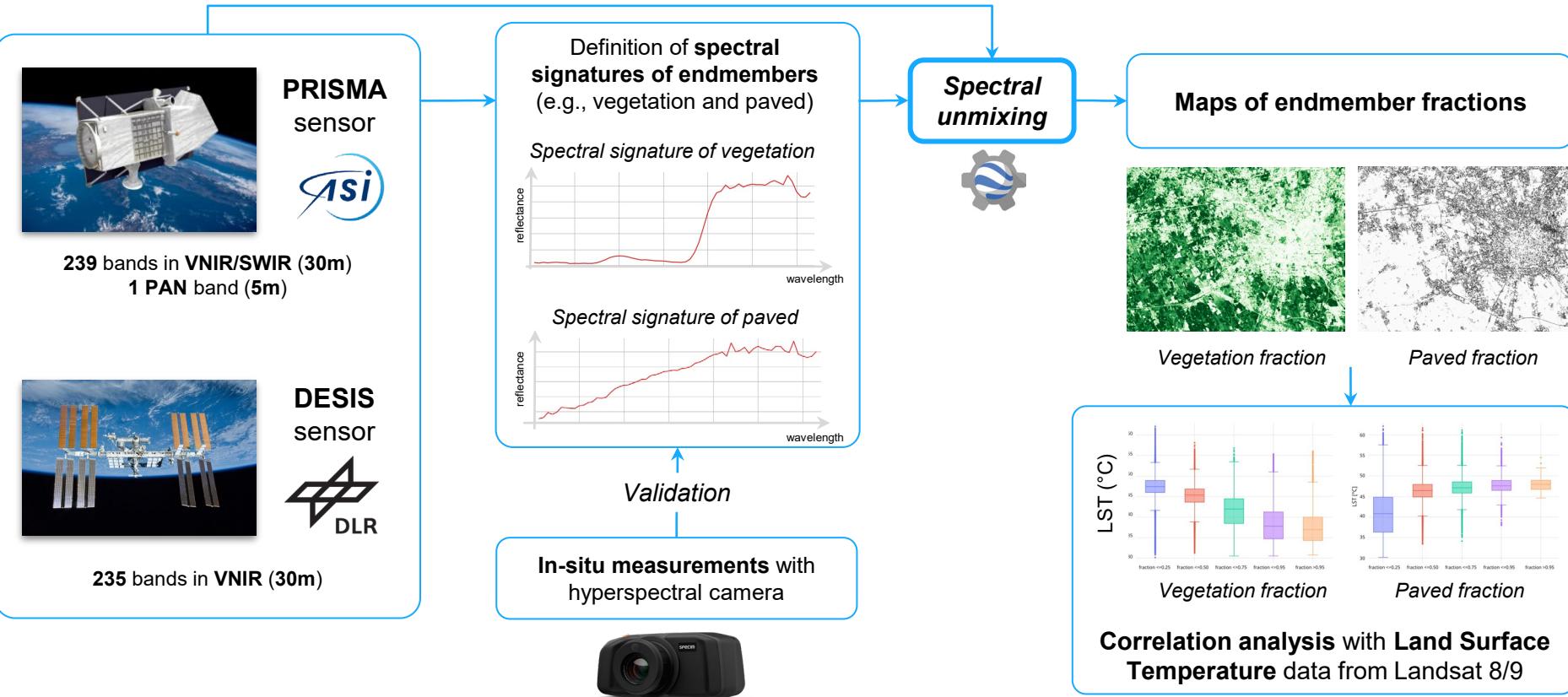
Citizen Science &
Geospatial Blockchain

Democratic Data

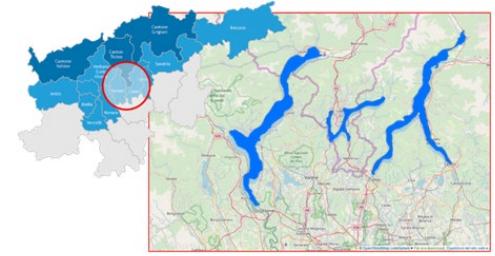


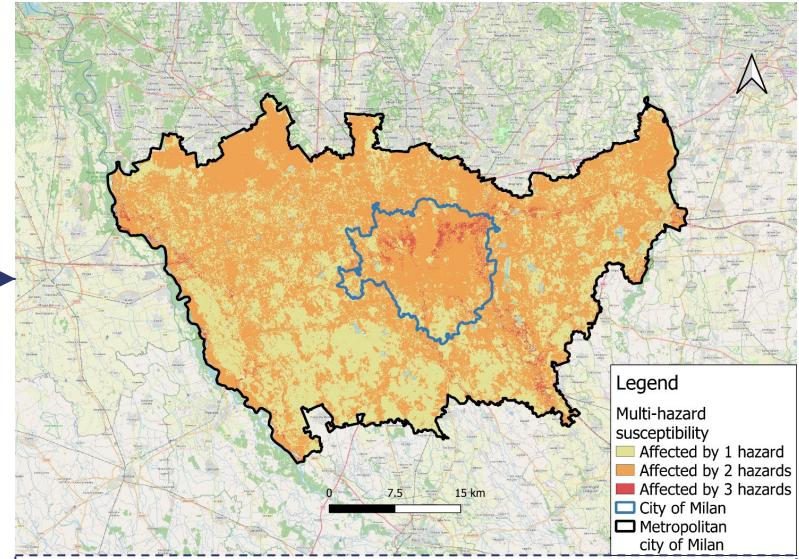
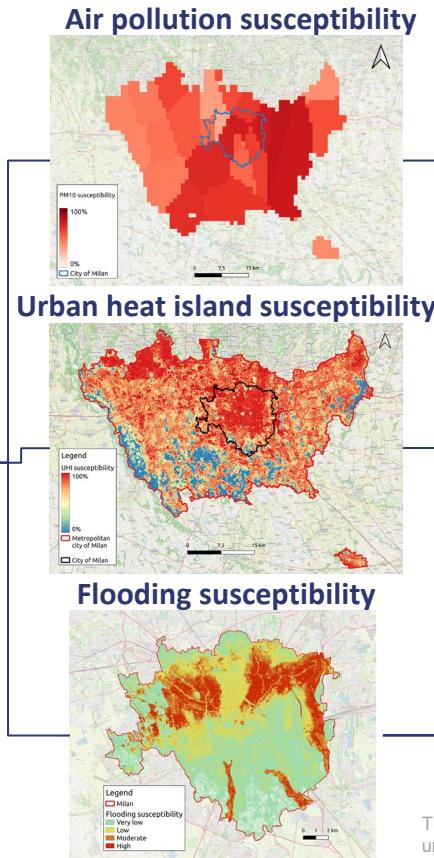
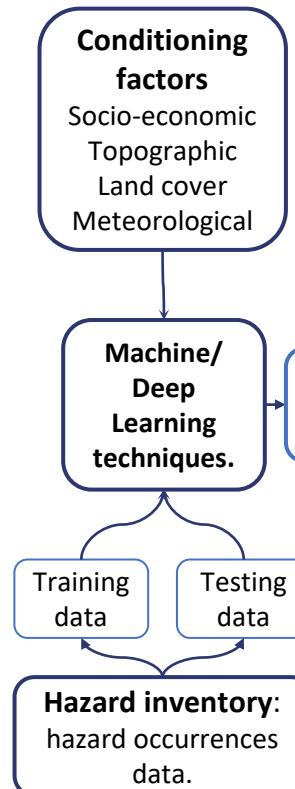
Funded by the Interreg Co-operation Programme 2014-2020 (ID 605472)





Integrated monitoring system of subalpine lakes and their ecosystems





The approach used to produce the multi-hazard susceptibility maps is to sum the occurrence of each single hazard if its susceptibility is above 70%.

The HARMONIA project has received funding from the EU Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under agreement No. 101003517.



Mobile app

New landslide

* Indicates a required field

Type of landslide *
Specify the type of the landslide

Type of material
Specify the type of the material

Presence of water
Evaluate the presence of water

Mitigation measures
Evaluate the mitigation measures

Photo *

Type of landslide

- Rockfall
- Toppling
- Rotational slide
- Planar slide
- Debris flow
- Earth flow

NEW LANDSLIDE

QGIS plugin

Project Edit View Layer Settings Plugins Vector Buffer Database Web Month Processing Help

Layers

- Landslide
- OpenStreetMap

Tooltips (Off) Toggles the editing state of the current layer

Coordinates: 106°38'37.1" E 38°30'04.9" N Scale: 1:55579 Magnify: 202% Rotation: 0.0° Render: EPSG:3857

Web app

HOME MAP DATA STATISTICS DASHBOARD

Leaflet | Map data © OpenStreetMap contributors CC-BY-SA

N	Date	Landslide type	Material type	Water presence	Mitigation measures	Expert Surveyor
1	29/10/2021 02:11 PM		Mixed	Humid		Yes
2	29/10/2021 01:56 PM		Mixed	Dry	Yes	Yes

INFORMATION DETAILS POSITION

Position on the hill: Midslope
Vegetation presence: Absent
List of mitigation measures: Retaining wall
Monitoring systems:
Damaged Notes: Frana di Rumon

Landslide type: Complex landslide / Planar slide

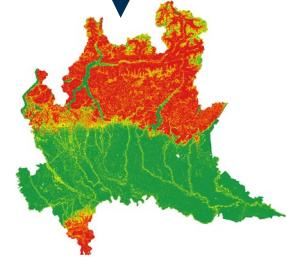
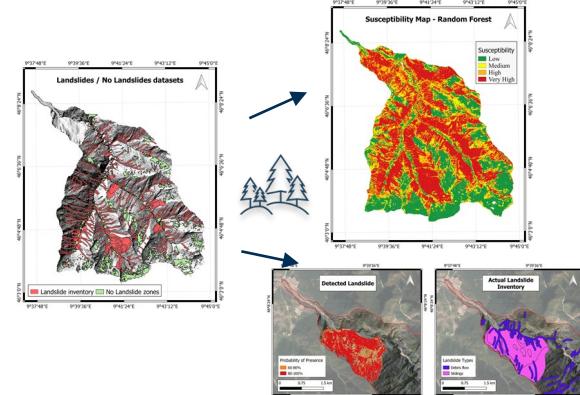
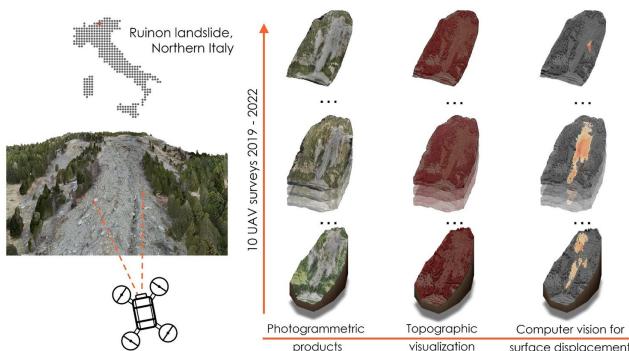
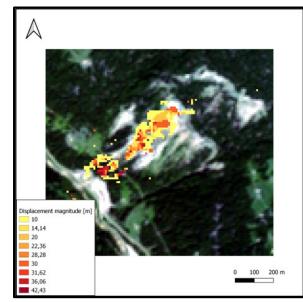
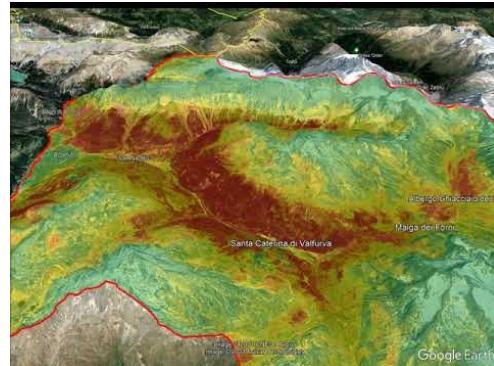
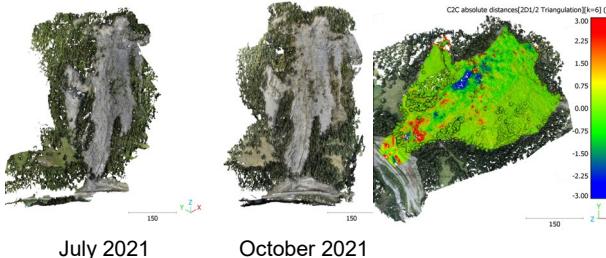
Material type: Mixed

Water presence: Dry / Humid

Mitigation measures: Yes

Pie charts showing distribution of landslide types, material types, water presence, and mitigation measures.





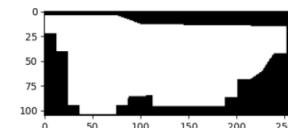
Investigate the possibilities of deep learning-based change detection workflows for landslide identification

1. Create a **global landslide dataset for change detection workflows** with optical **Sentinel-2** data

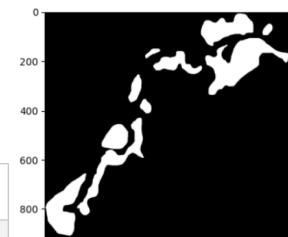
2. Apply **change detection workflows** to compare their performances and explore the capabilities of **Deep Learning-based** workflows

MODELS

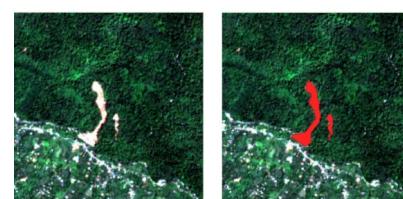
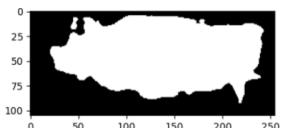
Differential Thresholding (as a reference)



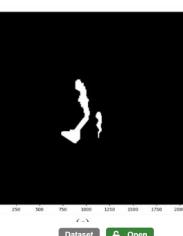
Bitemporal Image Transformer Change Detection (BIT-CD)



Change Detection based on image Reconstruction Loss (CDRL)



Published March 9, 2024 | Version v1



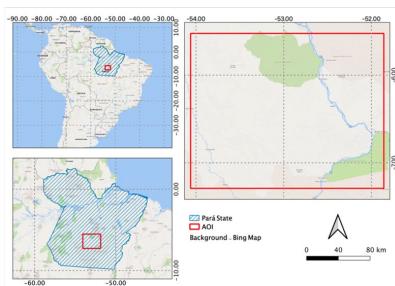
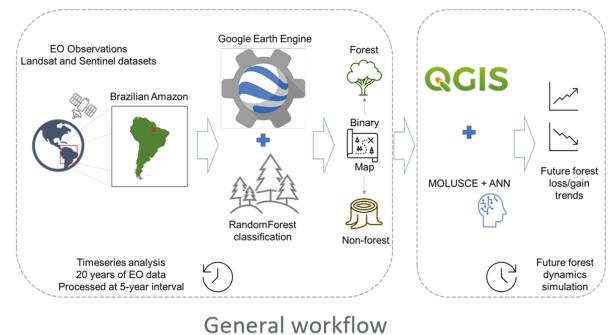
DATA – creating a reliable landslide inventory (174 events with corresponding Sentinel-2 pairs)

- NASA GLC
- Copernicus EMS
- Italian landslide inventory IFFI
- Irish inventory
- Turkey after 2023 earthquake
- Nepalese landslide inventory
- UT course
- Manually added events (Local news, social media, etc.)

OA [%]	PA [%]	UA [%]	omission error [%]	commission error [%]	IoU [%]	mIoU [%]	F1 [%]	average F1 [%]
69.99	7.76	54.47	92.24	10.24	7.12	37.86	10.08	79.41

This dataset constitutes one of the outcomes of the Master's Thesis titled 'Landslide identification using deep learning-based change detection and the DeepESDL collaborative cloud platform,' authored by Julia Anna Leonardi, conducted under the supervision of Prof. Maria Antonia Brovelli and Dr. Vasil Yordanov at Politecnico di Milano. The authors extracted the image patches through the DeepESDL platform, which the ESA NoR sponsorship provided access to.

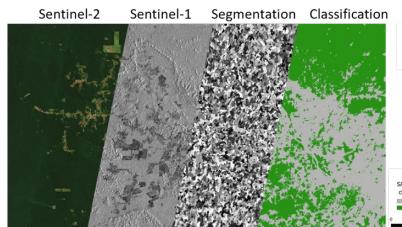
Monitoring Tropical Forest Change Using Multi-Temporal Remote Sensing Data and Machine Learning on Google Earth Engine



Processing



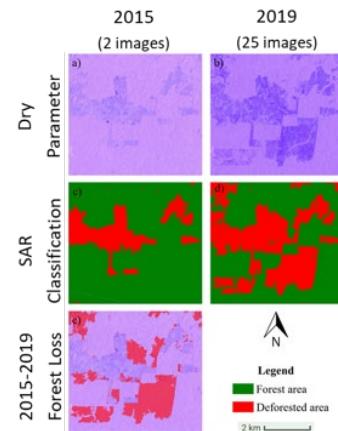
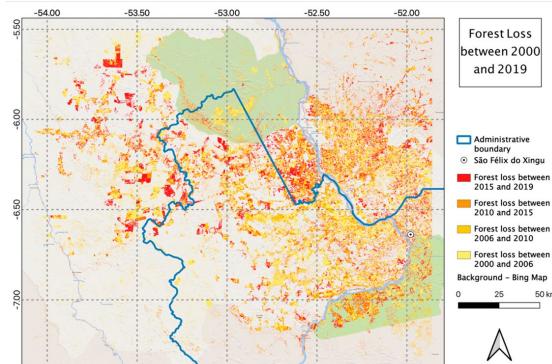
Optical MSI pixel-based approach

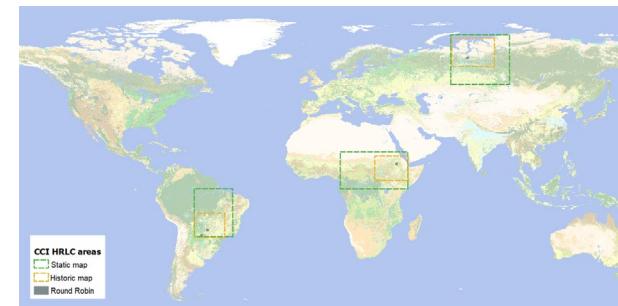


SAR and MSI object-based approach

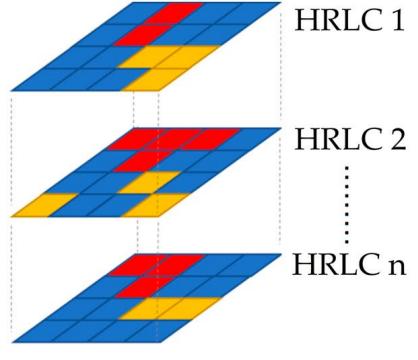
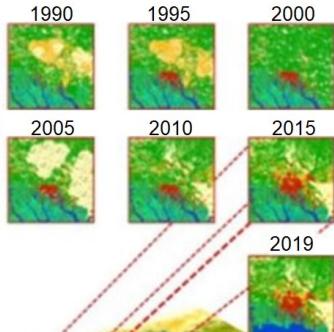


Case study – Pará State, Brazil





Spatio-temporal
zoom for
historical HRLC
reconstruction




**high resolution
land cover**
cci



esa

Map of Land Cover
Agreement (MOLCA)

	World Cover		Dynamic World		Esri land cover		Sentinel-2 allB	
	PA	UA	PA	UA	PA	UA	PA	UA
Bareland	.0%	0%	33%	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Built-up	80%	98%	98%	88%	98%	93%	88%	98%
Cropland	6%	85%	9%	20%	4%	60%	59%	60%
Forest	94%	60%	95%	43%	95%	41%	71%	88%
Grassland	63%	56%	27%	72%	51%	80%	61%	65%
Shrubland	72%	75%	57%	81%			90%	67%
Water	98%	99%	93%	97%	100%	97%	97%	100%
Wetland	.0%	0%	93%	97%				
Ice and snow	50%	100%	100%	40%				
OA		72%		64%		67%		78%



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Notification of acceptance:

May 1st, 2024

Final submission:

May 26th, 2024

Submission of abstracts-only:

June 1st, 2024

Notification for abstracts-only:

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Earth Observation and Citizen Contributed Data for Urban Sustainability

Guest Editors:

Prof. Dr. Maria Antonia Brovelli

Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering,
Politecnico di Milano, P.zza Leonardo da Vinci, 32, Building 3,
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School of Geography and Information Engineering, China
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Dr. Andong Ma

Department of Geography,
University of Colorado Boulder,
Boulder, CO 80309, USA

Message from the Guest Editors

Dear Colleagues,

This Special Issue invites manuscripts that present new developments and methodologies, practices, and applications related to urban sustainability issues with remote sensing (e.g., high-resolution, multi-spectral, hyperspectral, LiDAR, thermal) and citizen-contributed data (e.g., OSM, social media, file sharing, Internet of Things). Recent advancements in multi-source data integration, multi-scale approaches, big data analysis, data mining, machine learning or studies focused on urban sustainability are welcome. Original research articles, reviews, letters, technical notes, and highlight articles may address, but are not limited to, the following topics:

Deadline for manuscript submissions:
15 September 2024



mdpi.com/si/131837

- Remote sensing image processing;
- Citizen contributed data analysis;
- Multi-source data integration;
- Multi-scale approaches;
- Big data analysis and data mining;
- Machine learning and Earth Observation (citizen contributed data included);
- Internet of Things in an urban context;
- Digital twin cities;
- Geospatial science and techniques for urban sustainability.

We look forward to receiving your contributions.

Special Issue



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11 October 2023

Imagery analytics for understanding human-urban infrastructure interactions

A better understanding of the interactions between human behavior and urban infrastructure is essential for addressing urban sustainable development challenges. The emerging new imagery data from various sensors, such as nighttime light data, geotagged photos, street view imagery, and drones' data, have been widely accessible, providing much richer materials for a deeper studying of the interactions between citizens and urban infrastructure from a multi-dimensional manner. This special issue focus on the advanced developments and innovative methods and applications of applying imagery processing and analytics for extracting urban human activity patterns towards a better understanding of the mechanisms of the way citizens interact with urban infrastructure. Submissions must address the utilization of imagery data and/or fusion of imagery data and other urban sensing data to develop better understandings. Topics include but not limited to:

- Advanced image processing techniques for urban human activity observation
- Fusion of imagery data and other urban human activity data
- Knowledge-based geo-computation for reasoning human behavior contexts
- Spatio-temporal-semantic data mining methods for uncovering mechanisms of human-urban infrastructure interaction
- GeoAI-based techniques for understanding urban dynamics
- GeoAI ethics for urban human behavior data processing