Time Series Analysis with Crypto currency

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```
import requests
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
# API Keys and Endpoints
COINGECKO API URL =
'https://api.coingecko.com/api/v3/coins/bitcoin/market chart'
ALPHA VANTAGE API URL = 'https://www.alphavantage.co/query'
YAHOO FINANCE URL =
'https://queryl.finance.yahoo.com/v7/finance/download/'
BINANCE API URL = 'https://api.binance.com/api/v3/klines'
# Example: Collecting Binance data
def fetch binance data(symbol='BTCUSDT', interval='1d', limit=100):
    params = {
        'symbol': symbol,
        'interval': interval,
        'limit': limit
    }
    response = requests.get(BINANCE API URL, params=params)
    data = response.ison()
    # Create DataFrame
    df = pd.DataFrame(data, columns=['Open Time', 'Open', 'High',
'Low', 'Close', 'Volume', 'Close Time', 'Quote Asset Volume', 'Number
of Trades', 'Taker Buy Base Volume', 'Taker Buy Quote Volume',
'Ignore'])
    df['Open Time'] = pd.to datetime(df['Open Time'], unit='ms')
    df['Close Time'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Close Time'], unit='ms')
df[['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Volume']] = df[['Open',
'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Volume']].astype(float)
    return df[['Open Time', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Volume']]
# Example: Collecting CoinGecko data
def fetch coingecko data(days=30):
    params = {'vs_currency': 'usd', 'days': days}
    response = requests.get(COINGECKO API URL, params=params)
    data = response.json()
    prices = data['prices']
    df = pd.DataFrame(prices, columns=['timestamp', 'price'])
    df['timestamp'] = pd.to datetime(df['timestamp'], unit='ms')
```

```
return df
# Data Preprocessing
def preprocess data(df):
   # Handling Missing Values
   df = df.dropna()
   # Normalization
   df['price normalized'] = (df['price'] - df['price'].min()) /
(df['price'].max() - df['price'].min())
   # Feature Engineering
   df['moving_average'] = df['price'].rolling(window=5).mean()
   df['volatility'] = df['price'].rolling(window=5).std()
    return df
# Save Data to CSV
def save data to csv(df, filename):
   df.to csv(filename, index=False)
   print(f"Data saved to {filename}")
# Sample Usage
if name == " main ":
    # Fetch Binance Data
   binance data = fetch binance data()
   print("Binance Data:\n", binance data.head())
   # Fetch CoinGecko Data
    coingecko data = fetch coingecko data()
    print("CoinGecko Data:\n", coingecko data.head())
   # Preprocess Data
   processed data = preprocess data(coingecko data)
   print("Processed Data:\n", processed data.head())
   # Save Data to CSV
    save data to csv(processed data, "crypto data.csv")
Binance Data:
   Open Time
                   0pen
                            High
                                       Low
                                               Close
                                                           Volume
0 2025-02-10 96462.75
                       98345.00 95256.00
                                          97430.82 20572.87537
1 2025-02-11 97430.82
                       98478.42 94876.88 95778.20 18647.76379
2 2025-02-12 95778.21
                       98119.99 94088.23
                                           97869.99 29151.16625
3 2025-02-13 97870.00
                       98083.91
                                 95217.36
                                          96608.14 19921.77616
4 2025-02-14 96608.13
                       98826.00 96252.82 97500.48 18173.02646
CoinGecko Data:
                                  price
                 timestamp
0 2025-04-20 05:01:40.936 85195.672595
1 2025-04-20 06:01:18.578 85100.822792
2 2025-04-20 07:04:37.355 84950.900731
3 2025-04-20 08:04:51.704 84777.376134
4 2025-04-20 09:04:14.804 84631.436866
```

```
Processed Data:
                                   price price normalized
                 timestamp
moving_average \
0 2025-04-20 05:01:40.936 85195.672595
                                                  0.049135
1 2025-04-20 06:01:18.578 85100.822792
                                                  0.044906
NaN
2 2025-04-20 07:04:37.355 84950.900731
                                                  0.038220
NaN
3 2025-04-20 08:04:51.704 84777.376134
                                                  0.030482
NaN
4 2025-04-20 09:04:14.804 84631.436866
                                                  0.023974
84931.241824
   volatility
0
          NaN
1
          NaN
2
          NaN
3
          NaN
   230.556649
Data saved to crypto_data.csv
```

Data Acquisition & Preprocessing for Cryptocurrency Analysis

1. Loading and Initial Inspection

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# Load the dataset
df = pd.read csv('crypto data.csv', parse dates=['timestamp'])
# Initial inspection
print(df.head(30))
                                   price price normalized
                 timestamp
moving average \
0 2025-04-20 05:01:40.936 85195.672595
                                                  0.049135
NaN
  2025-04-20 06:01:18.578 85100.822792
1
                                                  0.044906
NaN
2 2025-04-20 07:04:37.355 84950.900731
                                                  0.038220
NaN
3 2025-04-20 08:04:51.704 84777.376134
                                                  0.030482
NaN
  2025-04-20 09:04:14.804 84631.436866
                                                  0.023974
84931,241824
5 2025-04-20 10:04:43.986 84530.865839
                                                  0.019489
```

84798.280472	11 04 51 407	0.41.00 5.440.00	0.00075
6 2025-04-20 84610.224896	11:04:51.487	84160.544909	0.002975
	12:04:46.210	84093.833676	0.000000
84438.811485			
8 2025-04-20 84352.809135	13:04:47.251	84347.364384	0.011306
	14:04:30.800	84327.789442	0.010433
84292.079650	1110111301000	0.027.1700.1.12	01010100
10 2025-04-20	15:04:40.110	84612.566423	0.023132
84308.419767	16.04.44 724	04257 124067	0 011741
11 2025-04-20 84347.735758	16:04:44.724	84357.124867	0.011741
12 2025-04-20	17:04:34.686	84598.168647	0.022490
84448.602753			
13 2025-04-20	18:04:48.198	84563.859429	0.020960
84491.901762 14 2025-04-20	19.04.44 699	84561.238706	0.020843
84538.591615	15.104.144.055	0+3011230700	01020043
15 2025-04-20	20:04:45.731	84633.096311	0.024048
84542.697592	21 04 41 020	05074 030140	0.042751
16 2025-04-20 84686.258648	21:04:41.938	85074.930148	0.043751
17 2025-04-20	22:04:19.496	85006.658394	0.040707
84767.956597			
18 2025-04-20	23:04:46.701	84832.447383	0.032938
84821.674188 19 2025-04-21	00:04:43 007	85140.019303	0.046654
84937.430308	00.04.45.007	03140.019303	0.040034
20 2025-04-21	01:04:51.516	86714.027662	0.116845
85353.616578	02 04 54 276	07270 246450	0 142010
21 2025-04-21 85794.299840	02:04:54.376	87278.346459	0.142010
	03:00:49.371	87325.359081	0.144107
86258.039978			
	04:04:42.687	87228.601850	0.139792
86737.270871 24 2025-04-21	05:03:43 715	87323.940263	0.144043
87174.055063	05.05.45.715	07323.340203	0.144045
25 2025-04-21	06:01:03.805	87542.225951	0.153778
87339.694721	07 02 21 027	07506 676404	0 150100
26 2025-04-21 87385.360709	0/:03:21.83/	87506.676404	0.152192
27 2025-04-21	08:04:39.700	87446.144183	0.149493
87409.517730			
28 2025-04-21	09:09:32.608	87636.206007	0.157969
87491.038561 29 2025-04-21	10.04.26 979	87491.963871	0.151536
87524.643283	10.04.20.070	0/431.3030/1	0.131330
- 1 5 - 1 1 5 1 5 2 5 5			

```
volatility
0
            NaN
1
            NaN
2
            NaN
3
            NaN
4
     230.556649
5
     231.629643
6
     297.051957
7
     298.599455
8
     230.976768
9
     171.721642
     201.439333
10
11
     183.771392
12
     143.585609
13
     137.956680
14
     103.806585
15
     107.793551
16
     219.239123
17
     251.886158
18
     224.645307
19
     205.171654
20
     769.091274
21
    1120.481577
22
    1190.630571
23
     926.251786
24
     260.209404
25
     119.976923
26
     133.482404
27
     130.811731
28
     116.055617
29
     71.253514
print(df.info())
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 720 entries, 0 to 719
Data columns (total 5 columns):
 #
     Column
                        Non-Null Count
                                         Dtype
     -----
 0
     timestamp
                        720 non-null
                                         datetime64[ns]
 1
     price
                        720 non-null
                                         float64
 2
                                         float64
     price normalized
                        720 non-null
 3
     moving average
                        716 non-null
                                         float64
 4
     volatility
                        716 non-null
                                         float64
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(4)
memory usage: 28.3 KB
None
print(df.describe())
```

		timestamp	price	price_normalized
count		720	720.000000	720.000000
mean	2025-05-05 04:5	7:43.756737536	97630.358880	0.603648
min	2025-04-20 0	5:01:40.936000	84093.833676	0.00000
25%	2025-04-27 16:4	9:56.128999936	94274.065735	0.453978
50%	2025-05-05 04:3	6:06.088499968	96333.903128	0.545834
75%	2025-05-12 17:1	9:43.298000128	103237.451618	0.853691
max	2025 -	05-20 05:06:05	106518.358867	1.000000
std		NaN	5366.576857	0.239317
count mean min 25% 50% 75% max std	moving_average 716.000000 97642.037292 84292.079650 94286.101856 96322.947857 103264.977970 106076.924744 5312.651036	volatility 716.000000 290.196577 18.514953 148.126028 240.287178 348.269655 1190.630571 200.722118		

1. Handling Missing Values

```
# Check for missing values
print(df.isnull().sum())
# Handle missing values
# Forward fill for price-related metrics
price_cols = ['price', 'price_normalized', 'moving_average',
'volatility']
df[price cols] = df[price cols].ffill().bfill()
# Verify no more missing values
print(df.isnull().sum())
timestamp
                    0
                    0
price
                    0
price_normalized
moving_average
                    4
                    4
volatility
dtype: int64
timestamp
                    0
                    0
price
```

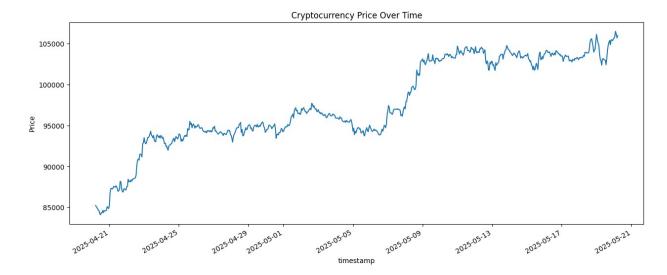
```
price_normalized 0
moving_average 0
volatility 0
dtype: int64
```

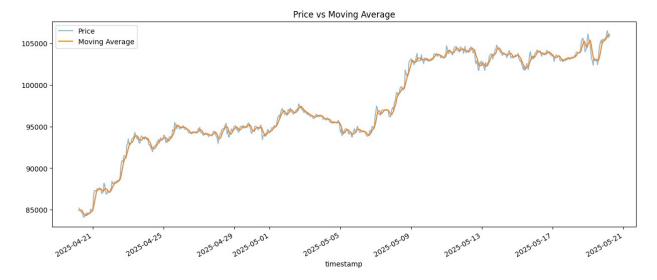
1. Time Series Analysis

```
# Set timestamp as index
df.set_index('timestamp', inplace=True)

# Plot price trends
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))
df['price'].plot(title='Cryptocurrency Price Over Time')
plt.ylabel('Price')
plt.show()

# Plot moving average vs price
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))
df['price'].plot(label='Price', alpha=0.5)
df['moving_average'].plot(label='Moving Average')
plt.title('Price vs Moving Average')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

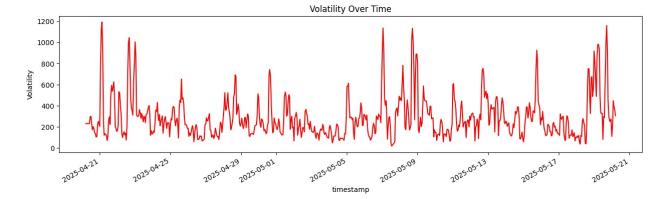




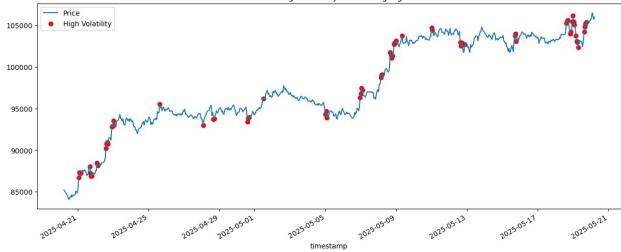
1. Volatility Analysis

```
# Plot volatility
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 4))
df['volatility'].plot(title='Volatility Over Time', color='red')
plt.ylabel('Volatility')
plt.show()

# Identify high volatility periods
high_vol = df[df['volatility'] > df['volatility'].quantile(0.9)]
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))
df['price'].plot(label='Price')
plt.scatter(high_vol.index, high_vol['price'], color='red',
label='High Volatility')
plt.title('Price with High Volatility Periods Highlighted')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

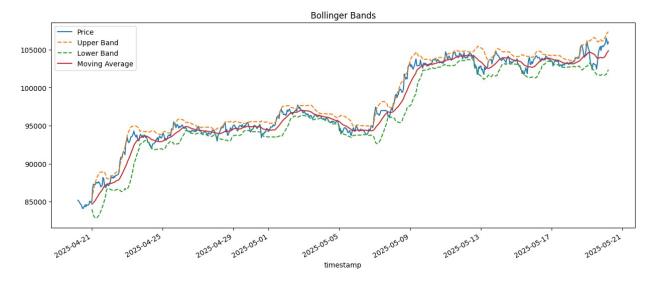






1. Feature Engineering

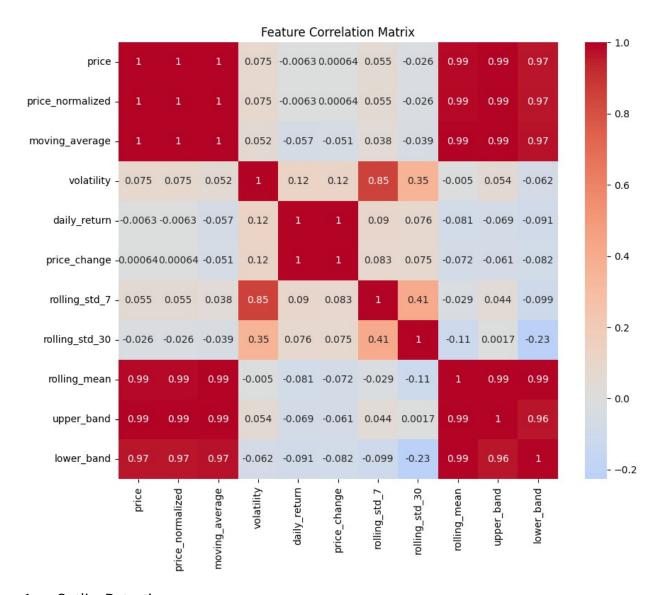
```
# Calculate additional features
df['daily return'] = df['price'].pct change() * 100
df['price_change'] = df['price'].diff()
df['rolling std 7'] = df['price'].rolling(window=7).std()
df['rolling std 30'] = df['price'].rolling(window=30).std()
# Bollinger Bands
df['rolling mean'] = df['price'].rolling(window=20).mean()
df['upper band'] = df['rolling mean'] +
(df['price'].rolling(window=20).std() * 2)
df['lower band'] = df['rolling mean'] -
(df['price'].rolling(window=20).std() * 2)
# Plot Bollinger Bands
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))
df['price'].plot(label='Price')
df['upper band'].plot(label='Upper Band', linestyle='--')
df['lower band'].plot(label='Lower Band', linestyle='--')
df['rolling mean'].plot(label='Moving Average')
plt.title('Bollinger Bands')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



1. Correlation Analysis

```
# Calculate correlations
corr_matrix = df.corr()

# Plot heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
sns.heatmap(corr_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', center=0)
plt.title('Feature Correlation Matrix')
plt.show()
```



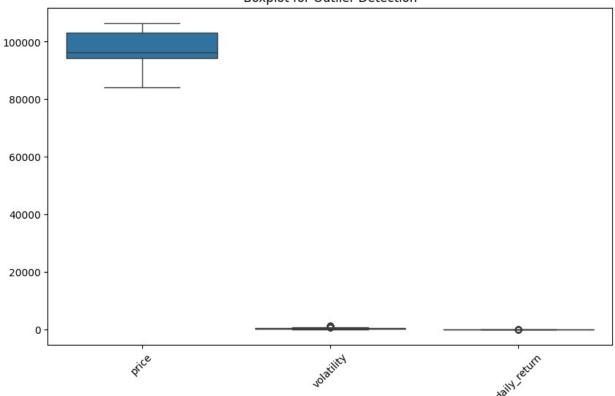
1. Outlier Detection

```
# Boxplot for outlier detection
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df[['price', 'volatility', 'daily_return']])
plt.title('Boxplot for Outlier Detection')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()

# Handle outliers (example using IQR)
def handle_outliers(series):
    Q1 = series.quantile(0.25)
    Q3 = series.quantile(0.75)
    IQR = Q3 - Q1
    lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
    upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
    return series.clip(lower_bound, upper_bound)
```

```
df['price'] = handle_outliers(df['price'])
df['volatility'] = handle_outliers(df['volatility'])
```

Boxplot for Outlier Detection



1. Data Normalization

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
# Initialize scaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
# Normalize features (if not already normalized)
if 'price normalized' not in df.columns:
    df['price_normalized'] = scaler.fit_transform(df[['price']])
# Verify normalization
print(df[['price', 'price_normalized']].describe())
               price price normalized
          720.000000
                            720.000000
count
mean
        97630.358880
                              0.603648
         5366.576857
                              0.239317
std
min
        84093.833676
                              0.000000
        94274.065735
                              0.453978
25%
        96333.903128
50%
                              0.545834
```

```
75% 103237.451618 0.853691 max 106518.358867 1.000000
```

1. Time-Based Features

```
# Extract time-based features
df['hour'] = df.index.hour
df['day_of_week'] = df.index.dayofweek
df['month'] = df.index.month

# Analyze price by time periods
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
df.groupby('hour')['price'].mean().plot(title='Average Price by Hour
of Day')
plt.ylabel('Average Price')
plt.show()
```



1. Final Data Preparation

```
# Ensure chronological order
df = df.sort_index()

# Save processed data
df.to_csv('processed_crypto_data.csv')

# Display final dataframe info
print(df.info())

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
DatetimeIndex: 720 entries, 2025-04-20 05:01:40.936000 to 2025-05-20
```

```
05:06:05
Data columns (total 14 columns):
#
     Column
                       Non-Null Count
                                       Dtype
     -----
 0
     price
                       720 non-null
                                       float64
    price_normalized 720 non-null
                                       float64
 1
                                       float64
     moving average
                       720 non-null
 3
    volatility
                       720 non-null
                                       float64
 4
    daily return
                       719 non-null
                                       float64
 5
     price change
                       719 non-null
                                       float64
    rolling_std_7
 6
                       714 non-null
                                       float64
    rolling_std_30
 7
                       691 non-null
                                       float64
 8
    rolling mean
                       701 non-null
                                       float64
 9
    upper band
                       701 non-null
                                       float64
10 lower_band
                       701 non-null
                                       float64
 11 hour
                       720 non-null
                                       int32
12 day of week
                       720 non-null
                                       int32
                                       int32
 13
    month
                       720 non-null
dtypes: float64(11), int32(3)
memory usage: 75.9 KB
None
```

Time Series Forecasting for Cryptocurrency Prices

1. Data Preparation

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error, mean absolute error
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load preprocessed data
df = pd.read csv('processed crypto data.csv',
parse dates=['timestamp'], index col='timestamp')
# Use the normalized price for modeling
series = df['price normalized'].values.reshape(-1, 1)
# Train-test split (80-20)
train_size = int(len(series) * 0.8)
train, test = series[:train_size], series[train size:]
# Function to evaluate models
def evaluate model(y true, y pred, model name):
    mse = mean squared error(y true, y pred)
    mae = mean absolute error(y true, y pred)
```

```
print(f'{model_name} - MSE: {mse:.6f}, MAE: {mae:.6f}')
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.plot(y_true, label='Actual')
plt.plot(y_pred, label='Predicted')
plt.title(f'{model_name} Forecast vs Actual')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
return mse, mae
```

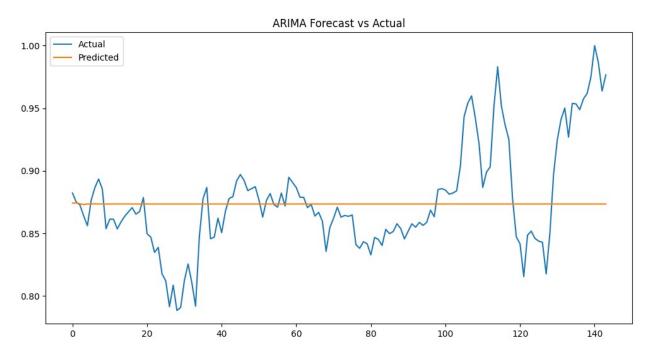
1. Statistical Models

```
# ARIMA (AutoRegressive Integrated Moving Average)
from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA

# Fit ARIMA model
arima_model = ARIMA(train, order=(5,1,0)) # (p,d,q) parameters
arima_fit = arima_model.fit()

# Forecast
arima_forecast = arima_fit.forecast(steps=len(test))

# Evaluate
arima_mse, arima_mae = evaluate_model(test, arima_forecast, 'ARIMA')
ARIMA - MSE: 0.001786, MAE: 0.030876
```



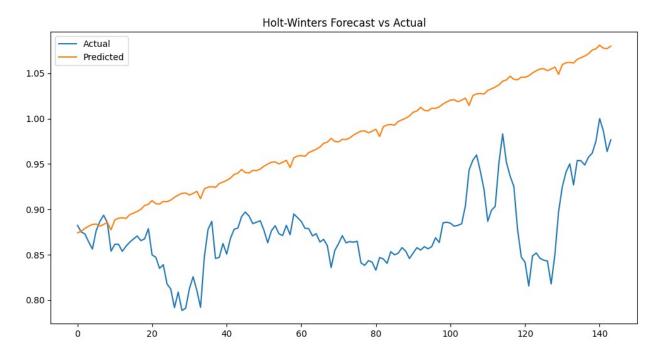
Exponential Smoothing (Holt-Winters)

```
from statsmodels.tsa.holtwinters import ExponentialSmoothing

# Fit Holt-Winters model
hw_model = ExponentialSmoothing(train, trend='add', seasonal='add', seasonal_periods=24)
hw_fit = hw_model.fit()

# Forecast
hw_forecast = hw_fit.forecast(len(test))

# Evaluate
hw_mse, hw_mae = evaluate_model(test, hw_forecast, 'Holt-Winters')
Holt-Winters - MSE: 0.012944, MAE: 0.101491
```



1. Machine Learning Models

Firstly, creating the features for ML models:

```
def create_features(data, window_size=24):
    X, y = [], []
    for i in range(len(data) - window_size - 1):
        X.append(data[i:(i + window_size), 0])
        y.append(data[i + window_size, 0])
    return np.array(X), np.array(y)

window_size = 24  # Using 24 pe riods as historical context
X_train, y_train = create_features(train, window_size)
X_test, y_test = create_features(test, window_size)
```

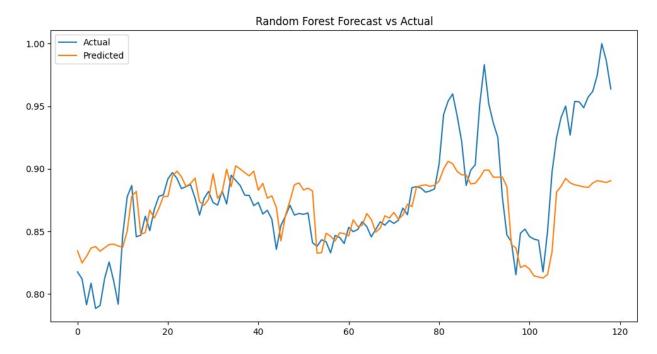
Random Forest Regression

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor

# Train Random Forest
rf_model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Predict
rf_forecast = rf_model.predict(X_test)

# Evaluate
rf_mse, rf_mae = evaluate_model(y_test, rf_forecast, 'Random Forest')
Random Forest - MSE: 0.001096, MAE: 0.023748
```



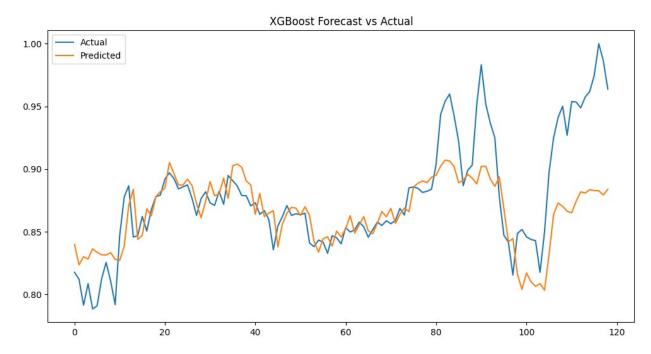
XGBoost

```
from xgboost import XGBRegressor

# Train XGBoost
xgb_model = XGBRegressor(n_estimators=100, learning_rate=0.1,
random_state=42)
xgb_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Predict
xgb_forecast = xgb_model.predict(X_test)

# Evaluate
xgb_mse, xgb_mae = evaluate_model(y_test, xgb_forecast, 'XGBoost')
```



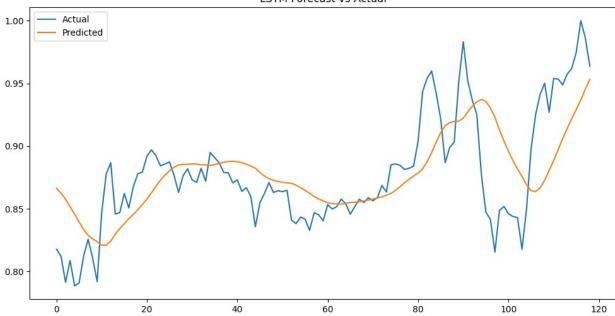
Deep Learning Models LSTM

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM, Dense, Dropout
# Reshape data for LSTM [samples, time steps, features]
X train lstm = X train.reshape((X train.shape[0], X train.shape[1],
1))
X \text{ test lstm} = X \text{ test.reshape}((X \text{ test.shape}[0], X \text{ test.shape}[1], 1))
# Build LSTM model
lstm model = Sequential()
lstm model.add(LSTM(50, return sequences=True,
input shape=(window size, 1)))
lstm model.add(LSTM(50))
lstm model.add(Dense(1))
lstm model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mse')
# Train
lstm model.fit(X train lstm, y train, epochs=20, batch size=32,
verbose=1)
# Predict
lstm_forecast = lstm_model.predict(X_test_lstm)
```

```
# Evaluate
lstm mse, lstm mae = evaluate model(y test, lstm forecast, 'LSTM')
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/rnn/
rnn.py:200: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input shape`/`input dim`
argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an
`Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead.
  super(). init (**kwargs)
Epoch 1/20
18/18 -
                        -- 5s 32ms/step - loss: 0.1972
Epoch 2/20
18/18 -
                          - 1s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0114
Epoch 3/20
18/18 —
                         - 1s 20ms/step - loss: 0.0032
Epoch 4/20
                          - 1s 21ms/step - loss: 0.0018
18/18 —
Epoch 5/20
18/18 -
                          Os 21ms/step - loss: 0.0014
Epoch 6/20
                           Os 21ms/step - loss: 0.0012
18/18 -
Epoch 7/20
18/18 -
                          - 0s 21ms/step - loss: 0.0012
Epoch 8/20
18/18 -
                          - 1s 21ms/step - loss: 0.0011
Epoch 9/20
                          - 0s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0014
18/18 -
Epoch 10/20
                          - 1s 20ms/step - loss: 0.0011
18/18 -
Epoch 11/20
                          - 1s 21ms/step - loss: 0.0012
18/18 -
Epoch 12/20
                          - Os 20ms/step - loss: 9.2672e-04
18/18 –
Epoch 13/20
18/18 -
                          • Os 23ms/step - loss: 0.0012
Epoch 14/20
                          • 0s 20ms/step - loss: 0.0010
18/18 -
Epoch 15/20
18/18
                           1s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0012
Epoch 16/20
                           Os 20ms/step - loss: 9.7874e-04
18/18 -
Epoch 17/20
18/18 -
                          - 0s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0012
Epoch 18/20
18/18 -
                          - 1s 20ms/step - loss: 0.0010
Epoch 19/20
                          1s 21ms/step - loss: 0.0010
18/18 -
Epoch 20/20
                          • 0s 20ms/step - loss: 9.3706e-04
18/18 -
```

```
4/4 — 1s 108ms/step LSTM - MSE: 0.001290, MAE: 0.027491
```

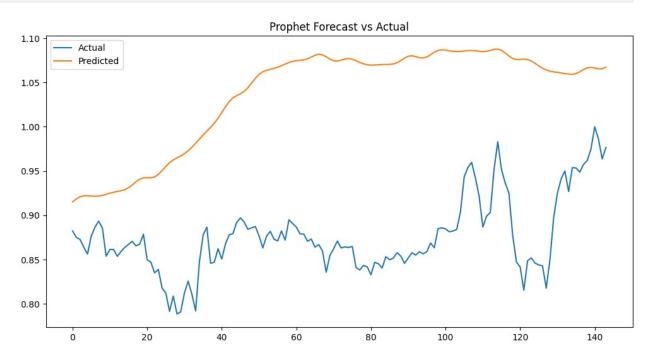
LSTM Forecast vs Actual



Facebook Prophet

```
from prophet import Prophet
# Prepare data for Prophet
prophet df = df.reset index()[['timestamp',
'price normalized']].rename(
    columns={'timestamp': 'ds', 'price normalized': 'y'})
# Split train-test
prophet_train = prophet_df.iloc[:train_size]
prophet test = prophet df.iloc[train size:]
# Fit model
prophet model = Prophet(daily seasonality=True)
prophet model.fit(prophet train)
# Create future dataframe
future = prophet model.make future dataframe(periods=len(test),
freq='H')
# Forecast
prophet forecast = prophet model.predict(future)
# Evaluate on test period
prophet preds = prophet forecast.iloc[-len(test):]['yhat'].values
```

```
prophet mse, prophet mae = evaluate model(test, prophet preds,
'Prophet')
INFO:prophet:Disabling yearly seasonality. Run prophet with
yearly seasonality=True to override this.
DEBUG:cmdstanpy:input tempfile: /tmp/tmphecu0jec/j68e33wk.json
DEBUG:cmdstanpy:input tempfile: /tmp/tmphecu0jec/ai7bk7q0.json
DEBUG:cmdstanpy:idx 0
DEBUG:cmdstanpy:running CmdStan, num threads: None
DEBUG:cmdstanpy:CmdStan args: ['/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-
packages/prophet/stan_model/prophet_model.bin', 'random', 'seed=9097',
'data', 'file=/tmp/tmphecu0jec/j68e33wk.json',
'init=/tmp/tmphecu0jec/ai7bk7q0.json', 'output',
'file=/tmp/tmphecu0jec/prophet modelsgd15kv8/prophet model-
20250520052758.csv', 'method=optimize', 'algorithm=lbfgs',
'iter=10000'l
05:27:58 - cmdstanpy - INFO - Chain [1] start processing
INFO:cmdstanpy:Chain [1] start processing
05:27:58 - cmdstanpy - INFO - Chain [1] done processing
INFO:cmdstanpy:Chain [1] done processing
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/prophet/forecaster.py:1854:
FutureWarning: 'H' is deprecated and will be removed in a future
version, please use 'h' instead.
  dates = pd.date range(
Prophet - MSE: 0.029458, MAE: 0.161068
```



Temporal Fusion Transformer (TFT)

```
!pip install pytorch-lightning pytorch-forecasting --quiet
import torch
import pytorch lightning as pl
from pytorch forecasting import TimeSeriesDataSet,
TemporalFusionTransformer
from pytorch forecasting.metrics import QuantileLoss
# Prepare data for TFT
tft data = df.reset index()
tft_data['time_idx'] = tft_data.index
tft data['group'] = 0 # single time series
# Create dataset
\max \text{ prediction length} = \text{len}(\text{test})
max encoder length = window size
training_cutoff = tft_data["time_idx"].max() - max_prediction_length
training = TimeSeriesDataSet(
    tft data[lambda x: x.time idx <= training cutoff],
    time idx="time idx",
    target="price_normalized",
    group ids=["group"],
    min_encoder_length=max_encoder_length // 2,
    max encoder length=max encoder length,
    min_prediction_length=1,
    max_prediction_length=max_prediction_length,
    time varying known reals=["time idx"],
    time varying unknown reals=["price normalized"],
)
# Create dataloaders
train dataloader = training.to dataloader(train=True, batch size=32,
num workers=0)
# Initialize TFT
tft = TemporalFusionTransformer.from dataset(
    training,
    learning rate=0.03,
    hidden size=16,
    attention head size=1,
    dropout=0.1,
    hidden continuous size=8,
    output size=7,
    loss=QuantileLoss(),
    reduce on plateau patience=4,
)
trainer = pl.Trainer(
```

```
\max epochs=10,
    accelerator="cpu", # or "gpu" if CUDA is available
    devices=1,
    enable model summary=True
)
# Predict (simplified for example)
# Note: Actual prediction would require more setup
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/lightning/pytorch/utilities/
parsing.py:209: Attribute 'loss' is an instance of `nn.Module` and is
already saved during checkpointing. It is recommended to ignore them
using `self.save hyperparameters(ignore=['loss'])`.
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/lightning/pytorch/utilities/
parsing.py:209: Attribute 'logging metrics' is an instance of
nn.Module` and is already saved during checkpointing. It is
recommended to ignore them using
`self.save hyperparameters(ignore=['logging metrics'])`.
INFO:pytorch lightning.utilities.rank zero:Using default
`ModelCheckpoint`. Consider installing `litmodels` package to enable
`LitModelCheckpoint` for automatic upload to the Lightning model
registry.
INFO:pytorch lightning.utilities.rank zero:GPU available: False, used:
False
INFO:pytorch lightning.utilities.rank zero:TPU available: False,
using: 0 TPU cores
INFO:pytorch lightning.utilities.rank zero:HPU available: False,
using: 0 HPUs
```

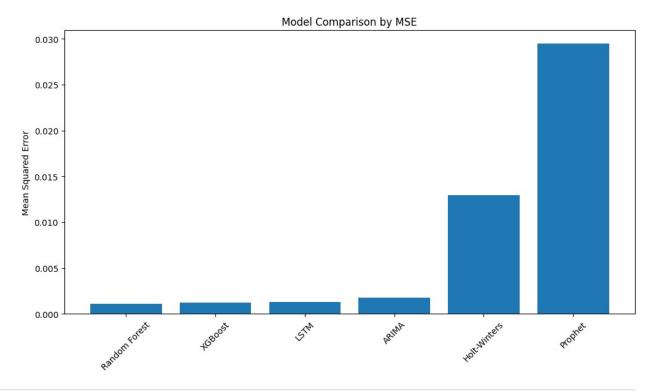
1. Model Comparison

```
# Compare all models
results = pd.DataFrame({
    'Model': ['ARIMA', 'Holt-Winters', 'Random Forest', 'XGBoost',
'LSTM', 'Prophet'],
    'MSE': [arima_mse, hw_mse, rf_mse, xgb_mse, lstm_mse,
prophet_mse],
    'MAE': [arima_mae, hw_mae, rf_mae, xgb_mae, lstm_mae, prophet_mae]
}).sort_values('MSE')

print(results)

# Plot comparison
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.bar(results['Model'], results['MSE'])
plt.title('Model Comparison by MSE')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
```

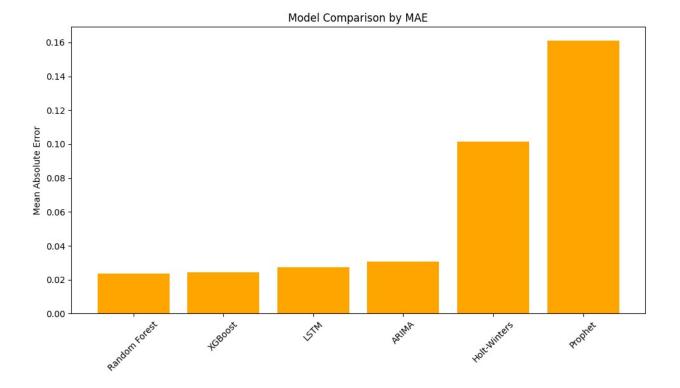
```
plt.ylabel('Mean Squared Error')
plt.show()
                                 MAE
           Model
                      MSE
2
  Random Forest
                 0.001096
                           0.023748
3
        XGBoost 0.001262 0.024281
4
            LSTM 0.001290
                           0.027491
0
           ARIMA
                 0.001786
                          0.030876
   Holt-Winters
1
                 0.012944
                           0.101491
5
         Prophet 0.029458 0.161068
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

models = ['Random Forest', 'XGBoost', 'LSTM', 'ARIMA', 'Holt-Winters', 'Prophet']
mae = [0.023748, 0.024291, 0.027491, 0.030876, 0.101491, 0.161068]

plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
plt.bar(models, mae, color='orange')
plt.ylabel('Mean Absolute Error')
plt.title('Model Comparison by MAE')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Cryptocurrency Market Sentiment Analysis

1. Data Collection

```
import tweepy
import requests
import pandas as pd
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
# Twitter API setup (replace with your credentials)
twitter auth = tweepy.OAuthHandler('KArmIMu5jTVkCPtFeAJWY8hJr',
'qTTbQRCQLBkdqdCkcu7n84kNLM27wm2ifqPeeRpcHp3etFEPxy')
twitter_auth.set_access_token('1924702325857464320-
6W79DecbnhKn2TNLU2FxDo8bfl0Z0Z',
'FNLFPInrU5aFt8yWaVwXie7SwsY1ltBv497WovIVQxh0r')
twitter api = tweepy.API(twitter auth)
# NewsAPI setup
NEWSAPI KEY = '1c2df09c87a5441b83f4bd68cb37dda0'
def get_crypto_tweets(query='bitcoin OR crypto OR cryptocurrency',
count=1000):
    try:
        tweets = tweepy.Cursor(twitter_api.search_tweets,
                              q=query,
                              lang='en'
                              tweet mode='extended').items(count)
```

```
tweet data = []
        for tweet in tweets:
            tweet data.append({
                'text': tweet.full text,
                'created at': tweet.created at,
                'source': 'twitter'
            })
        return pd.DataFrame(tweet data)
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"Twitter error: {e}")
        return pd.DataFrame()
def get crypto news(query='crypto', days=7):
    trv:
        from date = (datetime.now() -
timedelta(days=days)).strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
        url = f'https://newsapi.org/v2/everything?
q={query}&from={from date}&sortBy=publishedAt&apiKey={NEWSAPI KEY}'
        response = requests.get(url)
        news data = []
        for article in response.json().get('articles', []):
            news data.append({
                'text': f"{article['title']}.
{article['description']}"
                'created at': pd.to datetime(article['publishedAt']),
                'source': article['source']['name']
        return pd.DataFrame(news data)
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"NewsAPI error: {e}")
        return pd.DataFrame()
# Get news data
news df = get crypto news(query='crypto', days=7)
# Save news to CSV
news df.to csv('crypto sentiment raw.csv', index=False)
print("News data saved to 'crypto sentiment raw.csv'")
News data saved to 'crypto_sentiment_raw.csv'
```

1. Text Preprocessing

```
import re
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
from nltk.tokenize import TreebankWordTokenizer
nltk.download('stopwords')
```

```
nltk.download('wordnet')
def preprocess text(text):
    text = text.lower()
    text = re.sub(r'http\S+|www\S+|https\S+', '', text,
flags=re.MULTILINE)
    text = re.sub(r'\@\w+|\#', '', text)
    text = re.sub(r'[^\w\s]', '', text)
    tokenizer = TreebankWordTokenizer()
    tokens = tokenizer.tokenize(text)
    stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
    tokens = [word for word in tokens if word not in stop words]
    lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
    tokens = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in tokens]
    return ' '.join(tokens)
# Then load your CSV and apply preprocessing
import pandas as pd
sentiment df = pd.read csv('crypto sentiment raw.csv',
parse dates=['created at'])
sentiment df['processed text'] =
sentiment df['text'].apply(preprocess text)
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
              Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nltk data]
[nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data]
              Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
```

Sentiment Analysis with Multiple Approaches
 VADER (Valence Aware Dictionary and sEntiment Reasoner)

```
from nltk.sentiment.vader import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer

nltk.download('vader_lexicon')

def vader_sentiment(text):
    analyzer = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()
    scores = analyzer.polarity_scores(text)
    return scores['compound']

sentiment_df['vader_score'] =
    sentiment_df['processed_text'].apply(vader_sentiment)

[nltk_data] Downloading package vader_lexicon to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package vader_lexicon is already up-to-date!
```

TextBlob

```
from textblob import TextBlob

def textblob_sentiment(text):
    analysis = TextBlob(text)
    return analysis.sentiment.polarity

sentiment_df['textblob_score'] =
sentiment_df['processed_text'].apply(textblob_sentiment)
```

BERT (Transformers)

```
from transformers import pipeline
import torch
# Initialize BERT sentiment analyzer
bert sentiment = pipeline(
    "sentiment-analysis",
    model="finiteautomata/bertweet-base-sentiment-analysis",
    tokenizer="finiteautomata/bertweet-base-sentiment-analysis",
    device=0 if torch.cuda.is available() else -1
)
def bert sentiment(text):
    try:
        result = bert sentiment(text[:512]) # Truncate to 512 tokens
        label = result[0]['label']
        score = result[0]['score']
        # Convert to numeric score: POSITIVE=1, NEUTRAL=0, NEGATIVE=-1
        if label == 'POS':
            return score
        elif label == 'NEG':
            return -score
        return 0
    except:
        return 0
# Apply BERT (this may take time for large datasets)
sentiment df['bert score'] =
sentiment df['processed text'].apply(bert sentiment)
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/huggingface hub/utils/
auth.py:94: UserWarning:
The secret `HF TOKEN` does not exist in your Colab secrets.
To authenticate with the Hugging Face Hub, create a token in your
settings tab (https://huggingface.co/settings/tokens), set it as
secret in your Google Colab and restart your session.
You will be able to reuse this secret in all of your notebooks.
Please note that authentication is recommended but still optional to
```

```
access public models or datasets.
 warnings.warn(
{"model id": "8bca3f85d3614392ae71b5245e149811", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
Xet Storage is enabled for this repo, but the 'hf xet' package is not
installed. Falling back to regular HTTP download. For better
performance, install the package with: `pip install
huggingface hub[hf xet]` or `pip install hf xet`
WARNING: huggingface hub.file download: Xet Storage is enabled for this
repo, but the 'hf xet' package is not installed. Falling back to
regular HTTP download. For better performance, install the package
with: `pip install huggingface hub[hf xet]` or `pip install hf xet`
{"model id": "d64d54f78eb94715870cb7389f815a07", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id":"72fdb8e448bd4be1b83329dbbca16db2","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id":"650d7c8775d6413a93561caa1bd2bbfb","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
Xet Storage is enabled for this repo, but the 'hf xet' package is not
installed. Falling back to regular HTTP download. For better
performance, install the package with: `pip install
huggingface hub[hf xet]` or `pip install hf xet`
WARNING: huggingface hub.file download: Xet Storage is enabled for this
repo, but the 'hf_xet' package is not installed. Falling back to
regular HTTP download. For better performance, install the package
with: `pip install huggingface hub[hf xet]` or `pip install hf xet`
{"model_id":"e818fe033cd24bae852c2fccfd31b0fa","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id":"c8079b81f4314a9db3fb5d794c6484ca","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id": "96fe6fa6a98f4e1ca9d8f6a777f03f92", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id": "89d48ef80547497b855ebb1f2d6d1930", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
emoji is not installed, thus not converting emoticons or emojis into
text. Install emoji: pip3 install emoji==0.6.0
Device set to use cpu
```

1. Sentiment Aggregation and Time Series

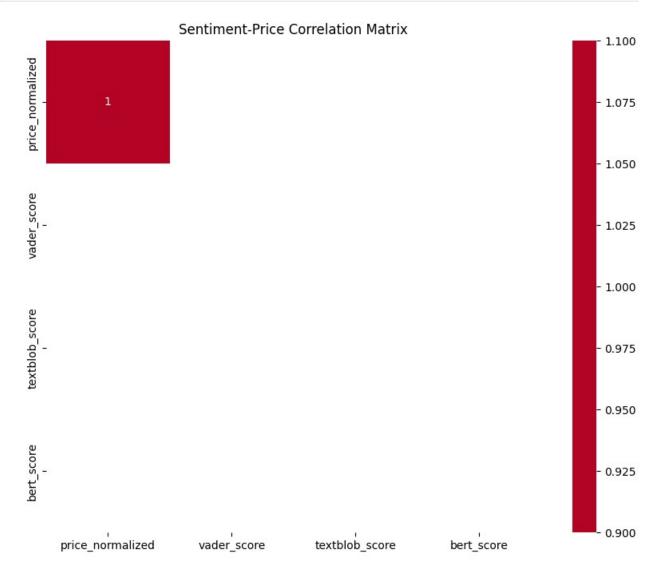
```
# Use lowercase 'h' to avoid warning
sentiment df['hour'] = sentiment df['created at'].dt.floor('h')
hourly sentiment = sentiment df.groupby('hour').agg({
    'vader score': 'mean',
    'textblob score': 'mean',
    'bert score': 'mean',
    'source': 'count'
}).rename(columns={'source': 'volume'})
price data.index = price data.index.tz localize(None) if
price data.index.tz else price data.index
hourly_sentiment.index = hourly_sentiment.index.tz_localize(None) if
hourly sentiment.index.tz else hourly_sentiment.index
combined data = price data.join(hourly sentiment, how='left')
# Forward fill missing sentiment scores
combined_data[['vader_score', 'textblob score', 'bert score']] = \
    combined data[['vader score', 'textblob score',
'bert score']].ffill()
```

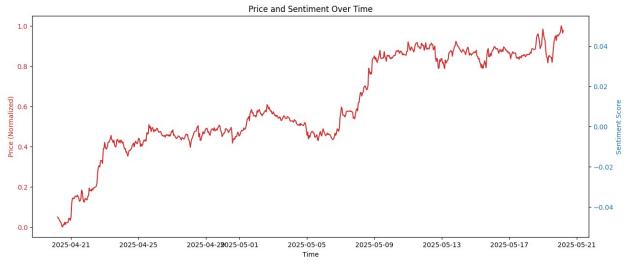
1. Sentiment-Price Correlation Analysis

```
import seaborn as sns
# Calculate correlations
correlation_matrix = combined_data[['price_normalized', 'vader_score',
'textblob_score', 'bert_score']].corr()
# Plot correlation heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
sns.heatmap(correlation matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', center=0)
plt.title('Sentiment-Price Correlation Matrix')
plt.show()
# Plot sentiment and price over time
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(15, 6))
color = 'tab:red'
ax1.set xlabel('Time')
ax1.set ylabel('Price (Normalized)', color=color)
ax1.plot(combined data.index, combined data['price normalized'],
color=color)
ax1.tick params(axis='y', labelcolor=color)
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
color = 'tab:blue'
ax2.set_ylabel('Sentiment Score', color=color)
```

```
ax2.plot(combined_data.index, combined_data['bert_score'],
color=color, alpha=0.3)
ax2.tick_params(axis='y', labelcolor=color)

plt.title('Price and Sentiment Over Time')
plt.show()
```





```
# Install all requirements in one cell
!pip install numpy pandas matplotlib seaborn scipy scikit-learn
statsmodels xgboost nltk textblob
!pip install pmdarima tensorflow prophet pytorch-forecasting
!pip install tweepy vaderSentiment transformers torch sentencepiece
!pip install dash dash-bootstrap-components plotly
# NLTK downloads
import nltk
nltk.download(['punkt', 'stopwords', 'wordnet', 'vader lexicon'])
print("All packages installed successfully!")
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (2.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (3.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (0.13.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (1.15.3)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (1.6.1)
Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (0.14.4)
Requirement already satisfied: xgboost in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (2.1.4)
Requirement already satisfied: nltk in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-
packages (3.9.1)
Requirement already satisfied: textblob in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (0.19.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (1.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (4.58.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.3.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (1.4.8)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (24.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=8 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (11.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (3.2.3)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (1.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=3.1.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (3.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.6 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from statsmodels) (1.0.1)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-nccl-cu12 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from xgboost) (2.21.5)
Requirement already satisfied: click in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from nltk) (8.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: regex>=2021.8.3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from nltk) (2024.11.6)
Requirement already satisfied: tgdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-
packages (from nltk) (4.67.1)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2-
>pandas) (1.17.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pmdarima in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (2.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (2.18.0)
Requirement already satisfied: prophet in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (1.1.6)
Requirement already satisfied: pytorch-forecasting in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (1.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.11 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pmdarima) (1.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: Cython!=0.29.18,!=0.29.31,>=0.29 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pmdarima) (3.0.12)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.21.2 in
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pmdarima) (2.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.19 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pmdarima) (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.22 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pmdarima) (1.6.1)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.3.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pmdarima) (1.15.3)
Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels>=0.13.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pmdarima) (0.14.4)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pmdarima) (2.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools!=50.0.0,>=38.6.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pmdarima) (75.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=17.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pmdarima) (24.2)
Requirement already satisfied: absl-py>=1.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (1.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: astunparse>=1.6.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (1.6.3)
Requirement already satisfied: flatbuffers>=24.3.25 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (25.2.10)
Requirement already satisfied: gast!=0.5.0,!=0.5.1,!=0.5.2,>=0.2.1
in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (0.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: google-pasta>=0.1.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (0.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: libclang>=13.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (18.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: opt-einsum>=2.3.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (3.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: protobuf!=4.21.0,!=4.21.1,!=4.21.2,!
=4.21.3,!=4.21.4,!=4.21.5,<6.0.0dev,>=3.20.3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (5.29.4)
Requirement already satisfied: requests<3,>=2.21.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (2.32.3)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.12.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (1.17.0)
Requirement already satisfied: termcolor>=1.1.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (3.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.6.6 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (4.13.2)
Requirement already satisfied: wrapt>=1.11.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (1.17.2)
Requirement already satisfied: grpcio<2.0,>=1.24.3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (1.71.0)
Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard<2.19,>=2.18 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (2.18.0)
Requirement already satisfied: keras>=3.5.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (3.8.0)
Requirement already satisfied: h5py>=3.11.0 in
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/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (3.13.0)
Requirement already satisfied: ml-dtypes<0.5.0,>=0.4.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (0.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow-io-qcs-filesystem>=0.23.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (0.37.1)
Requirement already satisfied: cmdstanpy>=1.0.4 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from prophet) (1.2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=2.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from prophet) (3.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: holidays<1,>=0.25 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from prophet) (0.72)
Requirement already satisfied: tgdm>=4.36.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from prophet) (4.67.1)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-resources in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from prophet) (6.5.2)
Requirement already satisfied: torch!=2.0.1,<3.0.0,>=2.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pytorch-forecasting)
(2.6.0+cu124)
Requirement already satisfied: lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pytorch-forecasting)
(2.5.1.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: wheel<1.0,>=0.23.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from astunparse>=1.6.0-
>tensorflow) (0.45.1)
Requirement already satisfied: stanio<2.0.0,>=0.4.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmdstanpy>=1.0.4-
>prophet) (0.5.1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from holidays<1,>=0.25-
>prophet) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: rich in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-
packages (from keras>=3.5.0->tensorflow) (13.9.4)
Requirement already satisfied: namex in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from keras>=3.5.0-
>tensorflow) (0.0.9)
Requirement already satisfied: optree in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from keras>=3.5.0-
>tensorflow) (0.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: PyYAML<8.0,>=5.4 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (6.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: fsspec<2026.0,>=2022.5.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from
fsspec[http]<2026.0,>=2022.5.0->lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0->pytorch-
forecasting) (2025.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: lightning-utilities<2.0,>=0.10.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (0.14.3)
Requirement already satisfied: torchmetrics<3.0,>=0.7.0 in
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/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (1.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pytorch-lightning in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (2.5.1.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=2.0.0-
>prophet) (1.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=2.0.0-
>prophet) (0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=2.0.0-
>prophet) (4.58.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.3.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=2.0.0-
>prophet) (1.4.8)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=8 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=2.0.0-
>prophet) (11.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=2.0.0-
>prophet) (3.2.3)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas>=0.19->pmdarima)
(2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas>=0.19->pmdarima)
(2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.21.0-
>tensorflow) (3.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from reguests<3,>=2.21.0-
>tensorflow) (3.10)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.21.0-
>tensorflow) (2025.4.26)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=3.1.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.22-
>pmdarima) (3.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.6 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from statsmodels>=0.13.2-
>pmdarima) (1.0.1)
Requirement already satisfied: markdown>=2.6.8 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorboard<2.19,>=2.18-
>tensorflow) (3.8)
Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard-data-server<0.8.0,>=0.7.0
in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from
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tensorboard<2.19,>=2.18->tensorflow) (0.7.2)
Requirement already satisfied: werkzeug>=1.0.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorboard<2.19,>=2.18-
>tensorflow) (3.0.6)
Requirement already satisfied: filelock in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (3.18.0)
Requirement already satisfied: networkx in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0->pytorch-forecasting) (3.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: jinja2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0 - pytorch-forecasting) (3.1.6)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12==12.4.127 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0 - pytorch-forecasting) (12.4.127)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12==12.4.127
in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (12.4.127)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12==12.4.127 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (12.4.127)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cudnn-cu12==9.1.0.70 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (9.1.0.70)
Reguirement already satisfied: nvidia-cublas-cu12==12.4.5.8 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0 - pytorch-forecasting) (12.4.5.8)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cufft-cu12==11.2.1.3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (11.2.1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-curand-cu12==10.3.5.147 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0 -> pytorch-forecasting) (10.3.5.147)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cusolver-cu12==11.6.1.9 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (11.6.1.9)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cusparse-cu12==12.3.1.170 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0 - pytorch-forecasting) (12.3.1.170)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cusparselt-cu12==0.6.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (0.6.2)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-nccl-cu12==2.21.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (2.21.5)
Reguirement already satisfied: nvidia-nvtx-cu12==12.4.127 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (12.4.127)
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Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12==12.4.127 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (12.4.127)
Requirement already satisfied: triton==3.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0->pytorch-forecasting) (3.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: sympy==1.13.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0-pytorch-forecasting) (1.13.1)
Requirement already satisfied: mpmath<1.4,>=1.1.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from sympy==1.13.1->torch!
=2.0.1, <3.0.0, >=2.0.0->pytorch-forecasting) (1.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: aiohttp!=4.0.0a0,!=4.0.0a1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from
fsspec[http]<2026.0,>=2022.5.0->lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0->pytorch-
forecasting) (3.11.15)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.1.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from werkzeug>=1.0.1-
>tensorboard<2.19,>=2.18->tensorflow) (3.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: markdown-it-py>=2.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from rich->keras>=3.5.0-
>tensorflow) (3.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pygments<3.0.0,>=2.13.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from rich->keras>=3.5.0-
>tensorflow) (2.19.1)
Requirement already satisfied: aiohappyeyeballs>=2.3.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from aiohttp!=4.0.0a0,!
=4.0.0a1->fsspec[http]<2026.0,>=2022.5.0->lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (2.6.1)
Requirement already satisfied: aiosignal>=1.1.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from aiohttp!=4.0.0a0,!
=4.0.0a1->fsspec[http]<2026.0,>=2022.5.0->lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (1.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=17.3.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from aiohttp!=4.0.0a0,!
=4.0.0a1->fsspec[http]<2026.0,>=2022.5.0->lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (25.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: frozenlist>=1.1.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from aiohttp!=4.0.0a0,!
=4.0.0a1->fsspec[http]<2026.0,>=2022.5.0->lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (1.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: multidict<7.0,>=4.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from aiohttp!=4.0.0a0,!
=4.0.0a1->fsspec[http]<2026.0,>=2022.5.0->lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (6.4.3)
Requirement already satisfied: propcache>=0.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from aiohttp!=4.0.0a0,!
=4.0.0a1->fsspec[http]<2026.0,>=2022.5.0->lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (0.3.1)
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Requirement already satisfied: varl<2.0,>=1.17.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from aiohttp!=4.0.0a0,!
=4.0.0a1->fsspec[http]<2026.0,>=2022.5.0->lightning<3.0.0,>=2.0.0-
>pytorch-forecasting) (1.20.0)
Requirement already satisfied: mdurl~=0.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from markdown-it-py>=2.2.0-
>rich->keras>=3.5.0->tensorflow) (0.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tweepy in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (4.15.0)
Collecting vaderSentiment
  Downloading vaderSentiment-3.3.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (572
bytes)
Requirement already satisfied: transformers in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (4.51.3)
Requirement already satisfied: torch in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (2.6.0+cu124)
Requirement already satisfied: sentencepiece in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (0.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: oauthlib<4,>=3.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tweepy) (3.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: requests<3,>=2.27.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tweepy) (2.32.3)
Requirement already satisfied: requests-oauthlib<3,>=1.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tweepy) (2.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: filelock in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from transformers) (3.18.0)
Requirement already satisfied: huggingface-hub<1.0,>=0.30.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from transformers) (0.31.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from transformers) (2.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from transformers) (24.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml>=5.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from transformers) (6.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: regex!=2019.12.17 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from transformers)
(2024.11.6)
Requirement already satisfied: tokenizers<0.22,>=0.21 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from transformers) (0.21.1)
Requirement already satisfied: safetensors>=0.4.3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from transformers) (0.5.3)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm>=4.27 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from transformers) (4.67.1)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=4.10.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (4.13.2)
Requirement already satisfied: networkx in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (3.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: jinja2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (3.1.6)
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Requirement already satisfied: fsspec in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (2025.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12==12.4.127 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (12.4.127)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12==12.4.127
in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (12.4.127)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12==12.4.127 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (12.4.127)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cudnn-cu12==9.1.0.70 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (9.1.0.70)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cublas-cu12==12.4.5.8 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (12.4.5.8)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cufft-cu12==11.2.1.3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (11.2.1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-curand-cul2==10.3.5.147 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (10.3.5.147)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cusolver-cu12==11.6.1.9 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (11.6.1.9)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cusparse-cu12==12.3.1.170 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (12.3.1.170)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-cusparselt-cu12==0.6.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (0.6.2)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-nccl-cu12==2.21.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (2.21.5)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-nvtx-cu12==12.4.127 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (12.4.127)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12==12.4.127 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (12.4.127)
Requirement already satisfied: triton==3.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (3.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: sympy==1.13.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch) (1.13.1)
Requirement already satisfied: mpmath<1.4,>=1.1.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from sympy==1.13.1->torch)
(1.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.27.0-
>tweepy) (3.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.27.0-
>tweepy) (3.10)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.27.0-
>tweepy) (2.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.27.0-
>tweepy) (2025.4.26)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from jinja2->torch) (3.0.2)
```

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Downloading vaderSentiment-3.3.2-pv2.pv3-none-anv.whl (125 kB)
                                       - 126.0/126.0 kB 2.5 MB/s eta
0:00:00
ent
Successfully installed vaderSentiment-3.3.2
Requirement already satisfied: dash in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-
packages (3.0.4)
Collecting dash-bootstrap-components
  Downloading dash bootstrap components-2.0.2-py3-none-
any.whl.metadata (18 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: plotly in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (5.24.1)
Requirement already satisfied: Flask<3.1,>=1.0.4 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from dash) (3.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: Werkzeug<3.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from dash) (3.0.6)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from dash) (8.7.0)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=4.1.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from dash) (4.13.2)
Requirement already satisfied: requests in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from dash) (2.32.3)
Requirement already satisfied: retrying in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from dash) (1.3.4)
Requirement already satisfied: nest-asyncio in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from dash) (1.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from dash) (75.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: tenacity>=6.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from plotly) (9.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from plotly) (24.2)
Requirement already satisfied: Jinja2>=3.1.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from Flask<3.1,>=1.0.4->dash)
(3.1.6)
Requirement already satisfied: itsdangerous>=2.1.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from Flask<3.1,>=1.0.4->dash)
(2.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: click>=8.1.3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from Flask<3.1,>=1.0.4->dash)
(8.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: blinker>=1.6.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from Flask<3.1,>=1.0.4->dash)
(1.9.0)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.1.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from Werkzeug<3.1->dash)
(3.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=3.20 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from importlib-metadata-
```

```
>dash) (3.21.0)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests->dash) (3.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests->dash) (3.10)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests->dash) (2.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests->dash)
(2025.4.26)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.7.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from retrying->dash) (1.17.0)
Downloading dash_bootstrap_components-2.0.2-py3-none-any.whl (202 kB)
                                      - 202.9/202.9 kB 4.3 MB/s eta
0:00:00
ponents
Successfully installed dash-bootstrap-components-2.0.2
All packages installed successfully!
[nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data]
              Package punkt is already up-to-date!
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data]
              Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data]
              Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] Downloading package vader_lexicon to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk data]
              Package vader lexicon is already up-to-date!
```

Interactive Cryptocurrency Dashboard

```
# Interactive Cryptocurrency Dashboard with Correct Column Names
import dash
from dash import dcc, html, Input, Output, callback
import dash bootstrap components as dbc
import plotly.graph objects as go
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
# Load your preprocessed data with correct column names
df = pd.read csv('processed_crypto_data.csv',
parse dates=['timestamp'])
sentiment df = pd.read csv('crypto sentiment raw.csv',
parse dates=['created at'])
# Process sentiment data to create hourly aggregates
sentiment df['hour'] = sentiment df['created at'].dt.floor('H')
hourly sentiment = sentiment df.groupby('hour').agg({
```

```
'text': 'count'
}).rename(columns={'text': 'volume'})
# Initialize Dash app
app = dash.Dash(__name__, external_stylesheets=[dbc.themes.DARKLY])
app.title = "Crypto Analytics Dashboard"
# Define layout
app.layout = dbc.Container([
    dbc.Row(html.H1("Cryptocurrency Analytics Dashboard",
className="text-center my-4")),
    # Timeframe selector
    dbc.Row([
         dbc.Col([
             dcc.Dropdown(
                  id='timeframe-selector',
                  options=[
                       {'label': '24 Hours', 'value': '24h'},
                      {'label': '1 Week', 'value': '1w'},
{'label': '1 Month', 'value': '1m'},
{'label': '3 Months', 'value': '3m'},
{'label': 'All Time', 'value': 'all'}
                  ],
                  value='1m',
                  clearable=False
         ], width=3)
    ], className="mb-4"),
    # Main charts row
    dbc.Row([
         # Price chart
         dbc.Col([
             dcc.Graph(id='price-chart', style={'height': '500px'})
         ], width=8),
         # Indicators and sentiment
         dbc.Col([
             dbc.Card([
                  dbc.CardHeader("Market Indicators"),
                  dbc.CardBody([
                       dcc.Graph(id='indicators-chart', style={'height':
'200px'}),
                       html.Hr(),
                       dcc.Graph(id='sentiment-volume-chart',
style={'height': '200px'})
                  ])
             ])
         ], width=4)
```

```
]),
    # Predictive analytics row
    dbc.Row([
        dbc.Col([
             dbc.Card([
                 dbc.CardHeader("Predictive Analytics"),
                 dbc.CardBody([
                     dcc.Dropdown(
                          id='model-selector',
                          options=[
                              {'label': 'ARIMA', 'value': 'arima'},
{'label': 'LSTM', 'value': 'lstm'},
                              {'label': 'Prophet', 'value': 'prophet'}
                          ],
                          value='lstm',
                          clearable=False
                     ),
                     dcc.Graph(id='forecast-chart', style={'height':
'300px'})
                 ])
             1)
        1, \text{ width=6}),
        # Risk assessment
        dbc.Col([
             dbc.Card([
                 dbc.CardHeader("Risk Assessment & Strategy"),
                 dbc.CardBody([
                     html.Div(id='risk-metrics'),
                     html.Hr(),
                     html.Div(id='strategy-recommendation')
                 1)
             1)
        ], width=6)
    ], className="mt-4"),
    # Update interval
    dcc.Interval(id='update-interval', interval=300*1000,
n intervals=0) # 5 minutes
], fluid=True)
# 1. Price Chart Callback
@app.callback(
    Output('price-chart', 'figure'),
    [Input('timeframe-selector', 'value'),
     Input('update-interval', 'n_intervals')]
def update price chart(timeframe, n):
    # Filter data based on timeframe
```

```
now = datetime.now()
    if timeframe == '24h':
        filtered df = df[df['timestamp'] >= now - timedelta(hours=24)]
    elif timeframe == 'lw':
        filtered df = df[df['timestamp'] >= now - timedelta(weeks=1)]
    elif timeframe == 'lm':
        filtered df = df[df['timestamp'] >= now - timedelta(days=30)]
    elif timeframe == '3m':
        filtered df = df[df['timestamp'] >= now - timedelta(days=90)]
    else:
        filtered df = df
    # Create candlestick chart (using price as close since we don't
have OHLC)
    fig = go.Figure()
    # Price line
    fig.add trace(go.Scatter(
        x=filtered_df['timestamp'],
        y=filtered df['price'],
        mode='lines',
        name='Price',
        line=dict(color='#00BFFF')
    ))
    # Add moving averages
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(
        x=filtered df['timestamp'],
        y=filtered df['moving average'],
        line=dict(color='orange', width=1.5),
        name='Moving Average'
    ))
    # Add Bollinger Bands
    fig.add trace(go.Scatter(
        x=filtered_df['timestamp'],
        y=filtered df['upper band'],
        line=dict(color='rgba(0,100,80,0.2)', width=1),
        name='Upper Band',
        fill=None
    fig.add trace(go.Scatter(
        x=filtered_df['timestamp'],
        y=filtered df['lower band'],
        line=dict(color='rgba(0,100,80,0.2)', width=1),
        name='Lower Band',
        fill='tonexty'
    ))
    fig.update layout(
```

```
title='Price Chart with Technical Indicators',
        xaxis rangeslider visible=False,
        template='plotly dark',
        hovermode='x unified',
        legend=dict(orientation="h", yanchor="bottom", y=1.02,
xanchor="right", x=1)
    return fig
# 2. Indicators and Sentiment Volume Callbacks
@app.callback(
    [Output('indicators-chart', 'figure'),
     Output('sentiment-volume-chart', 'figure')],
    [Input('timeframe-selector', 'value'),
     Input('update-interval', 'n_intervals')]
def update secondary charts(timeframe, n):
    # Filter data based on timeframe
    now = datetime.now()
    if timeframe == '24h':
        filtered df = df[df['timestamp'] >= now - timedelta(hours=24)]
        filtered sentiment = hourly sentiment[hourly sentiment.index
>= now - timedelta(hours=24)1
    elif timeframe == 'lw':
        filtered df = df[df['timestamp'] >= now - timedelta(weeks=1)]
        filtered sentiment = hourly sentiment[hourly sentiment.index
>= now - timedelta(weeks=1)]
    elif timeframe == '1m':
        filtered df = df[df['timestamp'] >= now - timedelta(days=30)]
        filtered sentiment = hourly sentiment[hourly sentiment.index
>= now - timedelta(days=30)]
    elif timeframe == '3m':
        filtered df = df[df['timestamp'] >= now - timedelta(days=90)]
        filtered sentiment = hourly sentiment[hourly sentiment.index
>= now - timedelta(days=90)]
    else:
        filtered df = df
        filtered sentiment = hourly sentiment
    # Create indicators chart
    indicators fig = go.Figure()
    # Add volatility
    indicators_fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(
        x=filtered df['timestamp'],
        y=filtered df['volatility'],
        mode='lines',
        name='Volatility',
        line=dict(color='purple')
```

```
))
    # Add daily returns
    indicators_fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
        x=filtered df['timestamp'],
        y=filtered df['daily return'],
        name='Daily Returns',
        marker_color=np.where(filtered_df['daily_return'] > 0,
'green', 'red'),
        opacity=0.6
    ))
    indicators_fig.update_layout(
        title='Market Indicators',
        template='plotly dark',
        showlegend=True
    )
    # Create sentiment volume chart
    sentiment volume fig = go.Figure()
    if not filtered sentiment.empty:
        sentiment volume fig.add trace(go.Bar(
            x=filtered sentiment.index,
            y=filtered sentiment['volume'],
            name='Sentiment Volume',
            marker color='rgba(50, 200, 150, 0.6)'
        ))
    sentiment volume fig.update layout(
        title='Sentiment Data Volume',
        template='plotly dark'
    )
    return indicators fig, sentiment volume fig
# 3. Predictive Analytics Callback
@app.callback(
    Output('forecast-chart', 'figure'),
    [Input('model-selector', 'value'),
     Input('timeframe-selector', 'value'),
     Input('update-interval', 'n_intervals')]
def update_forecast_chart(model, timeframe, n):
    # Get last 30 days of data regardless of timeframe selection
    forecast df = df[df['timestamp'] >= datetime.now() -
timedelta(days=30)].copy()
    # Generate dummy forecasts (replace with actual model predictions)
    last date = forecast df['timestamp'].iloc[-1]
```

```
future dates = pd.date range(start=last date, periods=7, freq='D')
[1:]
   if model == 'arima':
        # Placeholder ARIMA forecast
        forecast values = np.linspace(
            forecast_df['price'].iloc[-1],
            forecast df['price'].iloc[-1] * 1.05,
        )
   elif model == 'lstm':
        # Placeholder LSTM forecast
        forecast values = np.linspace(
            forecast df['price'].iloc[-1],
            forecast df['price'].iloc[-1] * 1.03,
        )
   else: # prophet
        # Placeholder Prophet forecast
        forecast values = np.linspace(
            forecast_df['price'].iloc[-1],
            forecast_df['price'].iloc[-1] * 0.98,
        )
   # Create figure
   fig = go.Figure()
   # Historical data
   fig.add trace(go.Scatter(
        x=forecast_df['timestamp'],
        y=forecast df['price'],
        mode='lines',
        name='Historical Price',
        line=dict(color='#00BFFF')
   ))
   # Forecast
   fig.add trace(go.Scatter(
        x=future dates,
        y=forecast values,
        mode='lines+markers',
        name=f'{model.upper()} Forecast',
        line=dict(dash='dot', color='orange')
   ))
   # Confidence interval (placeholder)
   fig.add trace(go.Scatter(
        x=future dates,
        y=forecast values * 1.05,
```

```
fill=None,
        mode='lines',
        line=dict(width=0),
        showlegend=False
    ))
    fig.add trace(go.Scatter(
        x=future dates,
        y=forecast values * 0.95,
        fill='tonexty',
        mode='lines',
        line=dict(width=0),
        fillcolor='rgba(255, 165, 0, 0.2)',
        name='Confidence Interval'
    ))
    fig.update_layout(
        title=f'7-Day Price Forecast ({model.upper()})',
        template='plotly dark',
        legend=dict(orientation="h", yanchor="bottom", y=1.02,
xanchor="right", x=1)
    )
    return fig
# 4. Risk Assessment Callback
@app.callback(
    [Output('risk-metrics', 'children'),
     Output('strategy-recommendation', 'children')],
    [Input('timeframe-selector', 'value'),
     Input('update-interval', 'n intervals')]
def update risk assessment(timeframe, n):
    # Calculate risk metrics (using last 30 days of data)
    risk df = df[df['timestamp'] >= datetime.now() -
timedelta(days=30)]
    # Basic risk metrics
    volatility = risk df['volatility'].mean()
    max_drawdown = (risk_df['price'].max() - risk_df['price'].min()) /
risk df['price'].max()
    sharpe ratio = risk df['daily return'].mean() /
risk df['daily return'].std() if risk df['daily return'].std() != 0
else 0
    # Risk level classification
    if volatility > 0.05:
        risk level = "High"
        risk color = "danger"
    elif volatility > 0.02:
        risk level = "Medium"
```

```
risk color = "warning"
    else:
        risk level = "Low"
        risk color = "success"
    # Generate recommendation based on technical indicators
    current_price = risk_df['price'].iloc[-1]
    ma ratio = current price / risk df['moving average'].iloc[-1]
    if ma ratio > 1.05:
        ma signal = "Price significantly above MA - potential
overbought"
    elif ma ratio < 0.95:
        ma signal = "Price significantly below MA - potential
oversold"
    else:
        ma_signal = "Price near MA - neutral signal"
    # Final recommendation
    if risk level == "High":
        recommendation = [
            html.P("Consider reducing position size or hedging with
options due to high volatility.", className="mb-2"),
            html.P(ma signal, className="mb-2")
        1
    elif risk_level == "Medium":
        recommendation = [
            html.P("Moderate risk environment - dollar-cost averaging
may be appropriate.", className="mb-2"),
            html.P(ma signal, className="mb-2")
        1
    else:
        recommendation = [
            html.P("Low risk environment - good for establishing new
positions.", className="mb-2"),
           html.P(ma signal, className="mb-2")
        1
    # Format metrics display
    metrics = [
        dbc.Row([
            dbc.Col(html.H5("Risk Metrics", className="mb-3"),
width=12)
        ]),
        dbc.Row([
            dbc.Col([
                html.Div(f"Volatility: {volatility:.4f}",
className="mb-2"),
                html.Div(f"Max Drawdown: {max drawdown:.2%}",
className="mb-2"),
```

```
html.Div(f"Sharpe Ratio: {sharpe ratio:.2f}",
className="mb-2")
            ], width=6),
            dbc.Col([
                html.Div("Risk Level:", className="mb-2"),
                dbc.Badge(risk level, color=risk color, className="mb-
2"),
                html.Div(f"Price/MA Ratio: {ma ratio:.2f}",
className="mt-2")
            ], width=6)
        ])
    1
    # Format strategy
    strategy = [
        html.H5("Investment Recommendation", className="mt-3"),
        *recommendation.
        html.Hr(),
        html.H6("Technical Indicators Status:", className="mt-2"),
        html.Ul([
            html.Li(f"Current Volatility:
{risk df['volatility'].iloc[-1]:.4f}"),
            html.Li(f"Bollinger Band Position: {'Upper' if
current price > risk df['upper band'].iloc[-1] else 'Lower' if
current_price < risk_df['lower_band'].iloc[-1] else 'Middle'}"),</pre>
            html.Li(f"7-day Std Dev: {risk df['rolling std 7'].iloc[-
1]:.2f}")
        ])
    ]
    return metrics, strategy
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True, port=8050)
<ipython-input-80-81438c52c943>:15: FutureWarning:
'H' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version, please use
'h' instead.
<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>
```