LINAC. 
$$56$$

2.6.3 6)  $(q^{n}-1)(q^{n}-q^{n})(q^{n}-q^{n})\cdots (q^{n}-q^{n})$ 

obas as lie jede Basis in! Maglichkarler gibb die Basis rekhoren onzwordwen.

2.6.4 6) V. Vektorraum  $1=\{0,1,...,n\} \in \mathbb{N}$  wit  $n \ge 0$  oder  $1=\mathbb{N}$ 

Cine Familie  $(U_{i})_{i \in \mathbb{N}}$  von Unterviewmen  $U_{i} \in \mathbb{N}$  heißt outstagenoble Unbevaum kelke in  $V_{i}$  fulls  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i}$  that alle  $i \in \mathbb{N}$  folls  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i}$  that alle  $i \in \mathbb{N}$  folls  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i}$  that alle  $i \in \mathbb{N}$  folls  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i}$  that alle  $i \in \mathbb{N}$  folls  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i}$  that  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i}$  the solution  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i}$  that  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i}$  the solution  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i}$  that  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i-q} \in U_{i}$  that  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i-q} \in U_{i-q}$  that  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i-q} \in U_{i-q}$  that  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i-q} \in U_{i-q} \in U_{i-q} \in U_{i-q}$  that  $U_{i-q} \in U_{i-q} \in U_{i-$