LINAG 58 2 eL(V, V 8.7.1 B) V. VR/R B. Basi von V A:= < B*, \$(B)> = (0 1 1 0 0 0) -1 0 2 0) a) ges: Xe(X) $X_{g}(X) = del \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1-x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1-x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1-x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2-x & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1-x & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2+x & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2-x \end{pmatrix} + 0 \cdot del \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2+x & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2-x \end{pmatrix} + 0 \cdot del \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2-x \end{pmatrix}$ $=(1-x)^{2}(2-x)^{2}$ 6) (CB+, J(B)>-1.E4) = (0 0 0 0 hait Home 3 0-111 $(48^{+},3(B))$ $-1.E_{4}$ -10000how Pany 2 = algebraische VF fon 1 1010 -1-111 (4B*, \$(B)>-2.E4)=1-1000 Lat Roung 2 = algebraisete VI von 2 0-110 -1000 0-110 (siehe wegiterunten) 11100 $C = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 3.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$ ist ahnlich zu (B*, f(B)) , da (CX) = Xg(X) c) ges: Basis D von V mit < D*, f(D)>=C 0010 (\pm) $\times_3 = 0$, $\times_4 = \times_2$ Losungsraum (1) 0 X3 0 1000 0+110 0 (=) x = 0, X = x , X + E R X2 10 1000 X3 Loso gsvaum [] [] 0-1.101 0 0 0 0 -1010 E> X3=X1, X4=X2 0 ×2 = -1010 0 Losungsvarm [1 107 -1-111 X4 => D= (9) (6) (9) (9) als Familie 16er I= 81,23,43

LINAG US 8.7.1. ... d) ges: Mg (X) ges: Mg (1) (0 000) (1000) (0 000) (1-4) (2-4) = (0000) (000 $(1-4)^{2}(2-4) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ =>Mp(X)= (1-X)2(2-X) 2=1 ro=4 1 = 3 1 = 2 1 = 2 1 = 2 1 - 1. Un= Vo + V1 = 4-3=1 U2= V1- V2=3-2=1 . U2= V2- V3= 2-2=0 K1=U1-U2=1-1=0 K2=U, U3=1-0=1 => for x=1 pigt es 1 J-karchen mit große 2 1 - 2 Vo=4 v2=2 V2=2 $v_1 = v_0 - v_1 = 4 - 2 = 2$ $v_2 = v_1 + v_2 = 2 - 2 = 0$. K1=4+4, = 2+0=2 | K2=42+43 = 0-0-0 => for x=2 gibt ex 2 1- Kastchen wit jewals grape 1