

# ANA Ü8

7.)  $p \in \mathbb{N}, p \geq 2$   $f: \mathbb{R}^p \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

Für  $p=2$   $f(x) = \ln \|x\|_2$  sonst  $f(x) = \frac{1}{(2-p)\|x\|_2^{p-2}}$

$$\text{ZZ: } \text{grad } f(x) (= (df(x))^T) = \frac{1}{\|x\|_2^p} x$$

$$p=2: \quad df(x) = \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_j}(x) \right)_{j=1,2} = \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}(x) \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_2}(x) \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_2}(x) = \frac{d}{dy} \ln(\sqrt{x^2+y^2}) = \frac{d}{dy} \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2+y^2) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2+y^2} \cdot 2y = \frac{y}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}(x) = \frac{d}{dx} \ln(\sqrt{x^2+y^2}) = \frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2+y^2) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2+y^2} \cdot 2x = \frac{x}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow df(x) = \left( \frac{x}{x^2+y^2} \quad \frac{y}{x^2+y^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\|x\|_2^2} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}^2} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{x^2+y^2} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{x}{x^2+y^2} \\ \frac{y}{x^2+y^2} \end{pmatrix} = (df(x))^T$$

$$p>2: \quad df(x) = \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}(x) \quad \dots \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_p}(x) \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i}(x) = \frac{d}{dx_i} \frac{1}{(2-p)\|x\|_2^{p-2}} = \frac{d}{dx_i} \frac{1}{(2-p)\sqrt{x_1^2+\dots+x_p^2}^{p-2}} = \frac{1}{2-p} \frac{d}{dx_i} \frac{1}{(x_1^2+\dots+x_p^2)^{\frac{p}{2}-1}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2-p} - \left(\frac{p-2}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{(x_1^2+\dots+x_p^2)^{\frac{p}{2}}} \cdot 2x_i = x_i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x_1^2+\dots+x_p^2}^p} = x_i \cdot \frac{1}{\|x\|_2^p}$$

$$df(x) = \left( x_1 \cdot \frac{1}{\|x\|_2^p} \quad \dots \quad x_p \cdot \frac{1}{\|x\|_2^p} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\|x\|_2^p} x = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{x_1}{\|x\|_2^p} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{x_p}{\|x\|_2^p} \end{pmatrix} = df(x)^T$$