3 x dx $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^{6+1}} \qquad f(-x) = \frac{-x}{(-x)^{6+1}} = -\frac{x}{x^{6+1}} = -f(x)$ $\int_{-1}^{2} f(x) dx = \int_{-1}^{0} f(x) dx + \int_{-1}^{0} f(x) dx = -\int_{-1}^{1} f(x) dx + \int_{0}^{1} f(x) dx$ $\int_{0}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{dv}{dx}} = -1 \quad dx = -dv$ $= - \int_{-\infty}^{-(-1)} f(-u) (-1) du + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(-u) du + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx$ $=-\int_{0}^{1}f(u)du+\int_{0}^{1}f(x)dx=0$

ANA UG 2.) ... 6) Behanpfung: Sxm (ln(x)) dx = (-1) n! $n=0: \int_{0}^{1} x^{m} (l_{n}(x)) dx = \int_{0}^{1} x^{m+1} dx = \int_{0}^$ (+1) 0! 1 (m+1) 0+1 = m+1 n+1: $\int_{X}^{\infty} \left(\ln(x) \right)^{n+1} dx = \int_{X}^{\infty} \left(\frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} \right)^{1} \left(\ln(x) \right)^{n+1} dx$ = x m+1 (ln(x)) h+1 / 5 x m+1 · (n+1) · (ln(x)) · x dx $= \frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} \left(\ln(x) \right)^{m+1/1} - \frac{x+1}{m+1} \int_{0}^{x} x^{m} \cdot \left(\ln(x) \right)^{m} dx$ $= \frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} \left(\ln(x) \right)^{m+1} \left(\frac{1}{m+1} \right)^{m+1} \frac{(-1)^{m}}{m+1} \frac{n!}{(m+1)^{m+1}}$ $\frac{m+1}{x}\left(\ln(x)\right)^{n+1} = \frac{1}{0} \cdot 0 - \lim_{x \to 0+} \frac{m+1}{m+1}\left(\ln(x)\right)^{n+1}$ $= \frac{1}{m+1} \cdot \lim_{\alpha \to 0+} \frac{-(\ln(\alpha))^{m+1}}{-(\ln(\alpha))^{m+1}} = \frac{1}{m+1} \cdot \lim_{\alpha \to 0+} \frac{-(n+1) \cdot \ln(\alpha)^{m}}{-(m+1) \cdot 2m+2}$ $= \frac{1}{m+1} \cdot \frac{n+1}{(m+1)} \cdot \lim_{\alpha \to 0+} \frac{-(\ln(\alpha))^n}{\alpha \to 0+} = \dots = \frac{1}{m+1} \cdot \frac{n+1}{(m+1)} \cdot \dots \cdot \lim_{\alpha \to 0+} \frac{-(\ln(\alpha))^n}{\alpha \to 0+}$ $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$ $\Rightarrow \int_{0}^{\infty} x^{m} \left(\ln (x) \right)^{n} dx = (-1)^{n} \ln \frac{n!}{(m+1)^{n+3}}$