```
ANA US
                         h: \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \rightarrow \mathbb{R} h(t) = \left(c_{ss}(t)\right) sin(t)
   ges: h'
           (cos(+)) su(+) = exp( sin(+) · ln(cos(+)))
   (exp (sin (+). ln (cos (+))) = exp(sin (+). ln (cos (+))). (cos (+). ln (cos (+))+ sin (+). cos (+))
 =(css(+))sin(+).(css(+).ln(css(+)) - tom(+)sin(+))
                       (- 五、世) → (0,1)×(-1,1) f(+)= (sin(+))
                       g: (0,1)×(-1,1) -> R g(3)= 37
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       => h = g of
ges: (gof)
             df(t) = ( cas (t))
           dg\left(\frac{\xi}{\eta}\right) = \left(\frac{dg}{d\xi}\left(\frac{\xi}{\eta}\right)\right) = \left(\eta, \frac{\xi}{\eta}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{dg}{\eta}\left(\frac{\xi}{\eta}\right)\right) = \left(\xi^{\eta} \cdot \ln(\xi)\right)
             d(g \circ f)(t) = dg(f(t)) \cdot df(t) = (sin(t) \cdot cos(t) sin(t) - 1 + (-ain(t)) + (cos(t)) + (cos(t))) + (cos(t)) +
           = - (sin (+))2 cos (+) sin (+)-1 + cos (+) sin (+)+1 ln (cs (+))
          = (cos (+)) sin(+). (cos (+) · ln (cos(+)) - sin(+) · ton (+)) × (4.1)
```