

3.) $z, w \in \mathbb{C}$

$$zz: k \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \cos(z + k\pi) = (-1)^k \cdot \cos(z)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(z + k\pi) &= \frac{\exp(iz + ik\pi) + \exp(-iz - ik\pi)}{2} = \frac{\exp(iz) \cdot \exp(ik\pi) + \exp(-iz) \exp(-ik\pi)}{2} \\ &= (\exp(iz) \cdot \exp(i\pi)^k + \exp(-iz) \cdot \exp(-i\pi)^k) \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\exp(iz) \cdot (-1)^k + \exp(-iz) \cdot (-1)^k}{2} \\ &= (-1)^k \cdot \frac{\exp(iz) + \exp(-iz)}{2} = (-1)^k \cdot \cos(z) \end{aligned}$$

$$zz: k \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \sin(z + k\pi) = (-1)^k \cdot \sin(z)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(z + k\pi) &= \frac{\exp(iz + ik\pi) - \exp(-iz - ik\pi)}{2i} = \frac{\exp(iz) \cdot \exp(ik\pi) - \exp(-iz) \cdot \exp(-ik\pi)}{2i} \\ &= \frac{\exp(iz) \cdot (-1)^k - \exp(-iz) \cdot (-1)^k}{2i} = (-1)^k \cdot \sin(z) \end{aligned}$$

$$zz: \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - z\right) = \sin(z)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - z\right) &= \frac{\exp(i\frac{\pi}{2} - iz) + \exp(-i\frac{\pi}{2} + iz)}{2} = \frac{\exp(i\frac{\pi}{2})\exp(-iz) + \exp(-i\frac{\pi}{2})\exp(iz)}{2} \\ &= \frac{i\exp(-iz) + (-i) \cdot \exp(iz)}{2} = \frac{-\exp(-iz) + \exp(iz)}{2i} = \sin(z) \end{aligned}$$

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3.) ... $zz: \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - z\right) = \cos(z)$

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - z\right) = \frac{\exp\left(i\frac{\pi}{2} - iz\right) - \exp\left(-i\frac{\pi}{2} + iz\right)}{2i}$$

$$= \frac{\exp\left(i\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \cdot \exp(-iz) - \exp\left(-i\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \cdot \exp(iz)}{2i}$$

$$= \frac{i \cdot \exp(-iz) - (-i) \cdot \exp(iz)}{2i} = \frac{i \cdot (\exp(-iz) + \exp(iz))}{i \cdot 2}$$

$$= \frac{\exp(iz) + \exp(-iz)}{2} = \cos(z)$$

$zz: \cos(2z) = (\cos(z))^2 - (\sin(z))^2$

$$(\cos(z))^2 - (\sin(z))^2 = \left(\frac{\exp(iz) + \exp(-iz)}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{\exp(iz) - \exp(-iz)}{2i}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{(\exp(iz))^2 + 2\exp(iz)\exp(-iz) + (\exp(-iz))^2}{4} - \frac{(\exp(iz) - \exp(-iz))^2}{-4}$$

$$= \frac{\exp(i2z) + 2\exp(iz - iz) + \exp(-i2z)}{4} + \frac{(\exp(iz))^2 - 2\exp(iz)\exp(-iz) + (\exp(-iz))^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{\exp(i2z) + 2 + \exp(-i2z) + \exp(i2z) - 2\exp(iz - iz) + \exp(-i2z)}{4}$$

$$= \frac{2\exp(i2z) + 2\exp(-i2z) + 2 - 2}{4} = \frac{\exp(i2z) + \exp(-i2z)}{2}$$

$$= \cos(2z)$$

$zz: \sin(2z) = 2\sin(z) \cdot \cos(z)$

$$2\sin(z) \cdot \cos(z) = 2 \cdot \frac{\exp(iz) - \exp(-iz)}{2i} \cdot \frac{\exp(iz) + \exp(-iz)}{2} = \frac{(\exp(iz) - \exp(-iz))(\exp(iz) + \exp(-iz))}{2i}$$

$$= \frac{(\exp(iz))^2 + \exp(iz)\exp(-iz) - \exp(-iz)\exp(iz) - (\exp(-iz))^2}{2i}$$

$$= \frac{\exp(i2z) + 1 - 1 - \exp(-i2z)}{2i} = \sin(2z)$$