3.) \$5. ex-1 dx 5. ex+1 dx= 5. Sex+1 dx = 5 (Sex+1 dx - Sex+1 dx)  $\int_{v=e^{x}+1} x = \ln(v-1) \frac{dv}{dx} = e^{x} dx = \frac{1}{e^{x}} dv$  $|m=e^{\times}|$  x=ln(m)  $\frac{dm}{dx}=e^{\times}$   $dx=\frac{1}{e^{\times}}dm$ =5. ( =x du - 5 m+1 =x dm) = 5. (ln(v) - 5 m(m+1) dm) =5.(ln(ex+1)-5m-m+1 dm)=5.(ln(ex+1)-5mdm+5m+1 dm) =5.(ln(ex+1)-ln(m)+ln(m+1))=5(ln(ex+1)-ln(ex)+ln(ex+1)) = 5.  $(2 \ln(e^x+1) - x) = 10 \ln(e^x+1) - 5x$ 55. ex-1 dx = (10 ln(e +1)-5.1)- (10.ln(e-4+1)+5.(-4)) = 10 ln(e+1)-5-(10.ln(e-4+1)+20)= = 10 ln (e+1)-10 ln (e +1)-25 =-12,049  $\int \frac{x - \sqrt{x}}{x + \sqrt{x}} dx$  $\int \frac{x - \sqrt{x}}{x + \sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{x - v}{x + v} 2\sqrt{x} dv \qquad v = \sqrt{x} \qquad x = v^2 \qquad \frac{dv}{dx} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{x} dv$  $=2\int \frac{u^2-u}{u^2+u} \cdot u \, du = 2\int \frac{u(u-1)}{u+1} \, du \qquad v=u+1 \quad \frac{du}{dv} = 1 \quad du=dv$  $=25(v-1)(v-2) dv = 25v^2-2v-v+2 dv = 25v^2-3v+2 dv$ = 2 ( 5 \( \frac{1}{2} \) dv + 2 5 \( \frac{1}{2  $=2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}-3\sqrt{2}\ln(v)\right)=\sqrt{2}-6\sqrt{4}\ln(v)=(v+1)^2-6(v+1)+4\ln(v+1)$ =  $(\sqrt{x}+1)^2 - 6(\sqrt{x}+1) + 4 \ln(\sqrt{x}+1) = x+2\sqrt{x}+1-6\sqrt{x}-6+4\ln(\sqrt{x}+1)$ = x-4-1x-5+4ln(1x+1) 5x-1x = 5-4-15-5+4lm(-5+1)-(1-4-15-5+4lm(-1/1+1)) 20,98058