```
ALG UZ
 2003) K=(K,+,0,-,:,1). Korper: char(K)=0 (\n>0: f(n) +0)
     22: 3Ko. .. Unterkrörpen von K: Ko ~ Q
  g: Q >K mit f(00):= OK; VNEN: f((n+1)Q):= f(n)+1K;
              Vn∈N>0: f(-n) = - f(n)
               \forall q = \frac{m}{n} \in \mathbb{Q}: g(q) = g(m) \cdot g(n)^{-1}
 22: ∀n, m∈ N: J(n+m) = f(n) + f(m) vollstandige Induthion mach m
    Mn := {m ∈ N: f(n+m)=f(n)+f(m)} O∈Mn, da f(n+0)=f(n)+Q=f(n)+f(0)
     Mn ist abgeschlassen unter Nachfolgun, der wenn mEMn => fln+m)=fln+flunt und
     g(n+(m+1))=g((n+m)+1)=g(n+m)+1=(f(n)+f(m))+(0+1)=g(n)+(f(m)+g(1))
22: Vn, meIN: f(n·m) = f(n). f(m) rollstandige Industrion nach in
    Mn:= &mEN: f(n·m)=f(n)f(m)} OEMn, daf(n·0)=f(0)=0=f(n)·0-f(n)·f(0)
    Min ist a byeschlossen under Nachfolgern, da werm mEMn => f(n·m) = f(n) · f(m) wal
    f(n·(m+1)) = f(n·m+n) = f(n·m)+f(n)=f(n).f(m)+f(n)=f(n)(f(m)+f(1))
22: ∀n, m∈ Z : f(n+m)=f(n)+f(m)
   1. Fall : n, mEN leveits gezeigt
   2. Full: neW, me-N oder ne-N, mel OBd. A. new me-N
      (i) for n> lml f(n+m)+f(lml)=f(n-lml)+f(lml)=f(n-lml+lml)=f(n)
                      => f(n+m)=f(n)-f(lm1)=f(n)+f(-lm1)=f(n)+f(m)
      (ii) for n=|m|: g(n+m)=f(0)=0=f(n)-f(1m1)=f(n)+f(-1m1)=f(n)+f(m)
     (iii) far 1 < 1m 1: f(n+m) = f(-(|m|-n)) = - f(|m|+(-n+)) = - (f(|m|)+(-f(n))=f(m)+f(n))
  3. Fall n, m e-N: f(n+m)=f(-(|n|+|m|))=-f(|n|+|m|)=-f(|n|)-f(|m|)=f(n)+f(m)
27: Vn, m E Z : f(n m) = f(n) · f(m)
   1. Fall: n, m & N bereits gizeigt
   2. Fall: nEN, mE-INoder nE-N, meN o. B.d.A. nEN, mE-IN
      f(n·m)=f(-(n·lm1))=-f(n·lm1)=-(f(n)·f(lm1)=f(n)·(-f(lm1)=f(n)·f(lm)
  3. Fall n, m E-N: f(n·m) = f(In1·Im1) = f(In1) · f(Im1) = (-f(In1)) · (-f(Im1) = f(u) · f(u)
```

```
ALG UZ
   22: ∀q=6,p=GEQ: f(q+p)=f(q)+f(p)
                      f(q+p) = f(a+a) = f(ad+bc) = f(ad+bc) f(bd) = f(a) f(d) + f(b) f(c)
                                                                 = \frac{g(a)}{g(b)} + \frac{g(c)}{g(d)} = g(\frac{a}{b}) + g(\frac{a}{a}) = g(q) + g(p)
  22: 4q=6, p=2 EQ: 1(g·p)= f(g). f(p)
                      g(p \cdot q) = g(\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{c}{d}) = g(\frac{ac}{bd}) = g(ac) \cdot g(bd) = \frac{g(a)}{g(b)} = \frac{g(a)}{g(b
  22: Ynellio fln) EP
                     Vollstandige Sudulction nach n M:= {nEN>0: 1(n) EP}
                       Da (1)= (0+1)= (10)+1=0+1=1 =P => 1EM
                      Jar n+1 gill f(n+1)=f(n)+1 EP, daf(n)EP => Mist when Nachfolgen a geschlosen
 22: Yn, m t Z: n < m => f(n) < f(m)
                 ncm => m-n eN => f(m-n) eP => f(m)-f(n) eP => f(n) < f(m)
22: Vp= B, q= a ea: pcg => f(p)cf(g)
               pcq => 6 × 2 => ad < bc => f(ad) < f(bc) <> f(a) f(d) < f (b) f(c)
                 < > {(a) {(b)-1 < {(c) {(d)-1 < > }( = ) }( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( = ) < ( =
                                                                                                                                                         => f: Q -> Ko=f(Q) ist hijektiv,
   => f ist injektiv
                                                                                                                                                                        wouldefiniert und mit allen Operationen
                                                                                                                                                                        vertaglich
```