

1st ÜB

4) X_1, \dots, X_n ... random sample from population with pdf $f_\theta(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x}{\theta^2}, & 0 < x < \theta \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
 $\theta > 0$... unknown find minimal sufficient statistic

$$f_\theta(x) = \frac{2x}{\theta^2} \mathbb{1}_{(0, \theta)}(x)$$

$$f_\theta(x) = \prod_{i=1}^n f_\theta(x_i) = \frac{2^n}{\theta^{2n}} \mathbb{1}_{(0, \theta)}(\min_i x_i) \mathbb{1}_{(-\infty, \theta)}(\max_i x_i) \prod_{i=1}^n x_i$$

$$\frac{f_\theta(x)}{f_\theta(y)} = \frac{\mathbb{1}_{(0, \theta)}(\min_i x_i) \mathbb{1}_{(-\infty, \theta)}(\max_i x_i) \prod_{i=1}^n x_i}{\mathbb{1}_{(0, \theta)}(\min_i y_i) \mathbb{1}_{(-\infty, \theta)}(\max_i y_i) \prod_{i=1}^n y_i}$$

is constant as a function of θ iff

$$\mathbb{1}_{(-\infty, \theta)}(\max_i x_i) = \mathbb{1}_{(-\infty, \theta)}(\max_i y_i) \rightarrow T(x) = \max_i x_i \dots \text{minimal sufficient statistic}$$