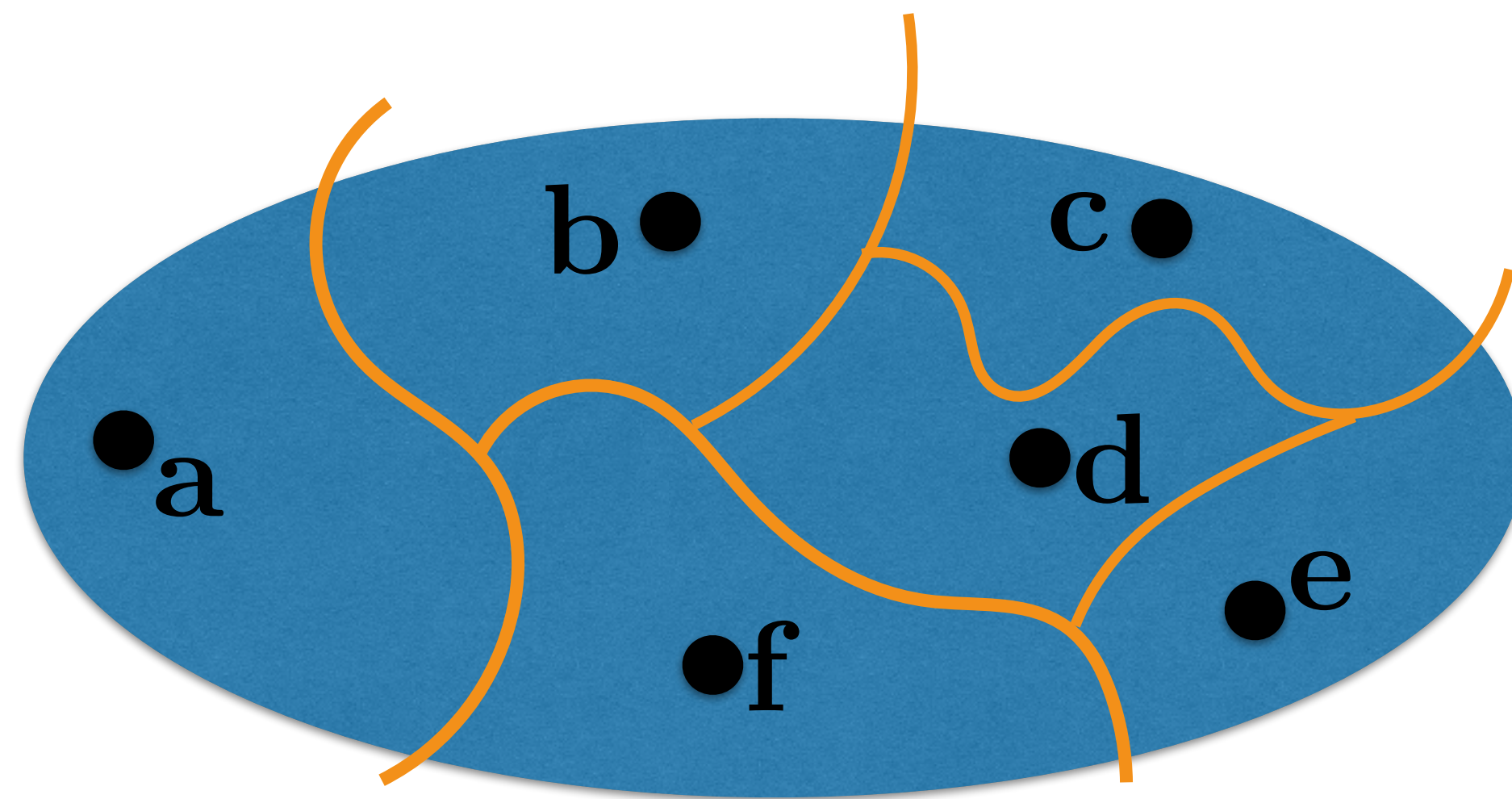


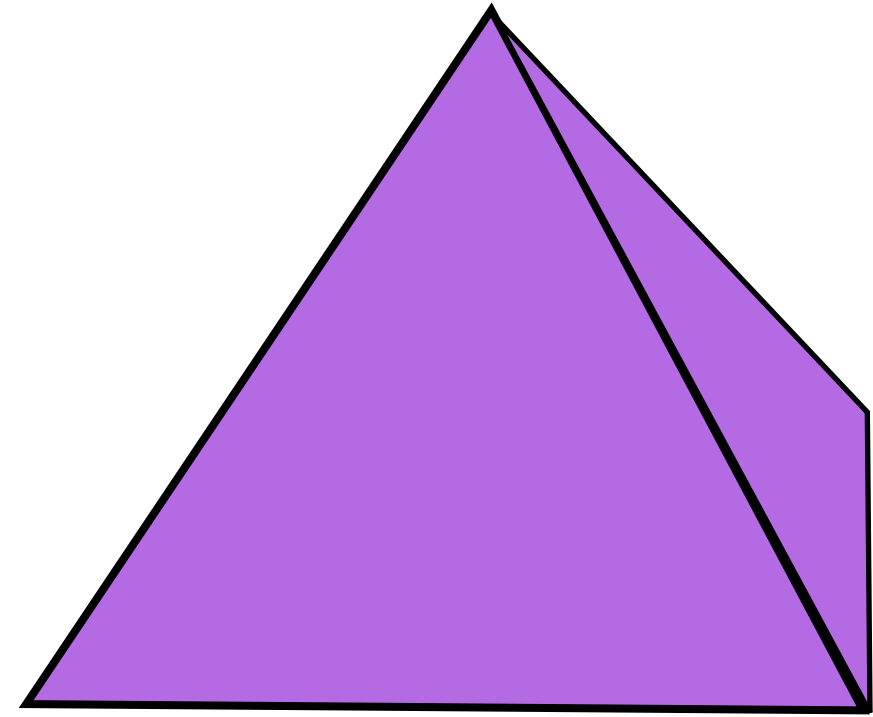
Multiway cut, linear programming and randomized rounding



Algorithm

$$d(u, v) = \frac{1}{2} |x_u - x_v|_1$$

**LP relaxation: embed vertices in k -simplex
with terminals at corners**



$$x_i \geq 0, \sum_i x_i = 1$$

$$\min \sum_{uv \in E} c_{uv} d(u, v) : \\ u \in k\text{-simplex} \quad \forall u$$

random ordering $a_{\sigma(1)}, a_{\sigma(2)}, \dots, a_{\sigma(k)} \quad r \in [0, 1]$

for $i = 1, \dots, k - 1$:

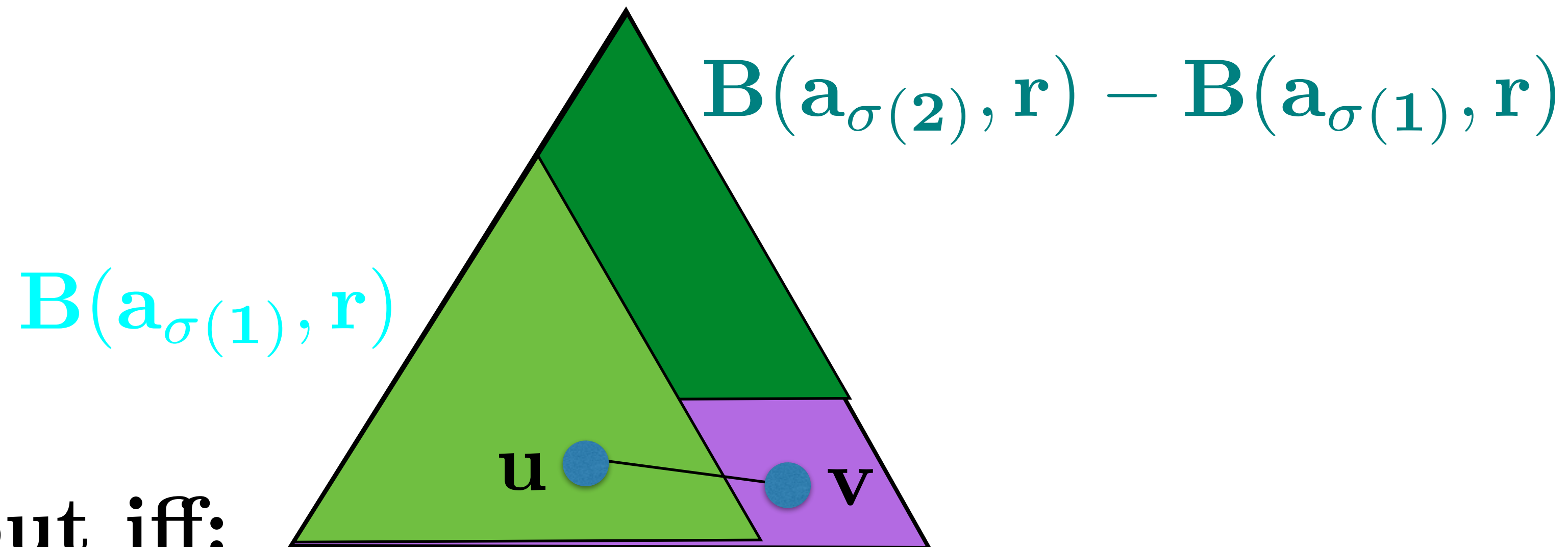
assign to $a_{\sigma(i)}$ unassigned vertices of $B(a_{\sigma(i)}, r)$

assign rest to $a_{\sigma(k)}$

Analysis

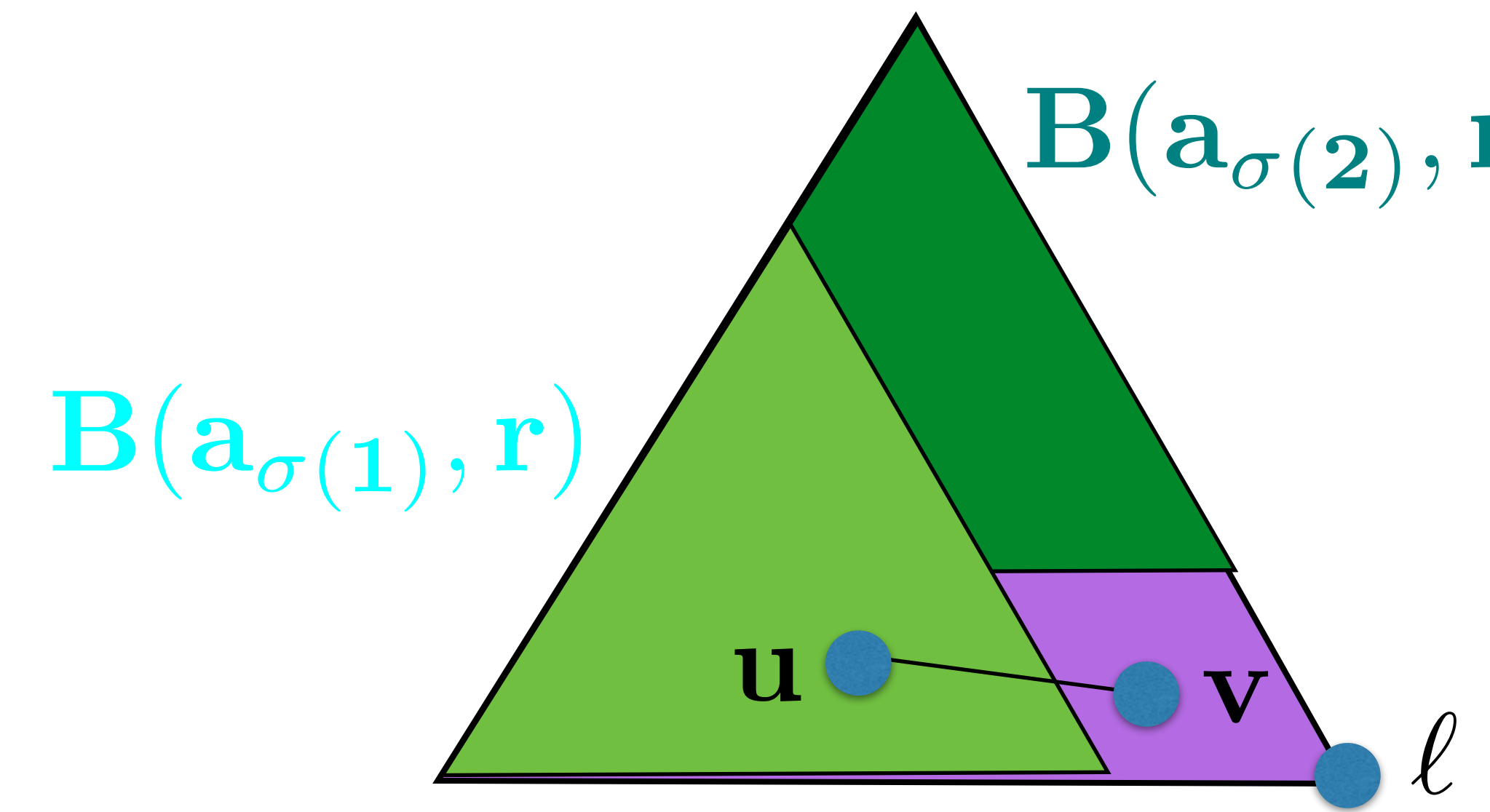
$$\mathbf{E}[\mathbf{Output}] = \sum_{\mathbf{uv} \in \mathbf{E}} \mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{uv}} \Pr(\mathbf{uv} \in \mathbf{Output})$$

$$\mathbf{a} = \mathbf{a}_{\sigma}(1), \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{a}_{\sigma}(2), \mathbf{c} = \mathbf{a}_{\sigma}(3)$$



$\mathbf{uv} \in \mathbf{Output}$ iff:

$$\min(\mathbf{d}(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{u}), \mathbf{d}(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{v})) < \mathbf{r} < \max(\mathbf{d}(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{u}), \mathbf{d}(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{v})) \quad \text{or} \\
[\mathbf{r} < \min(\mathbf{d}(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{u}), \mathbf{d}(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{v})) \quad \text{and} \\
\min(\mathbf{d}(\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{u}), \mathbf{d}(\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{v})) < \mathbf{r} < \max(\mathbf{d}(\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{u}), \mathbf{d}(\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{v}))]$$

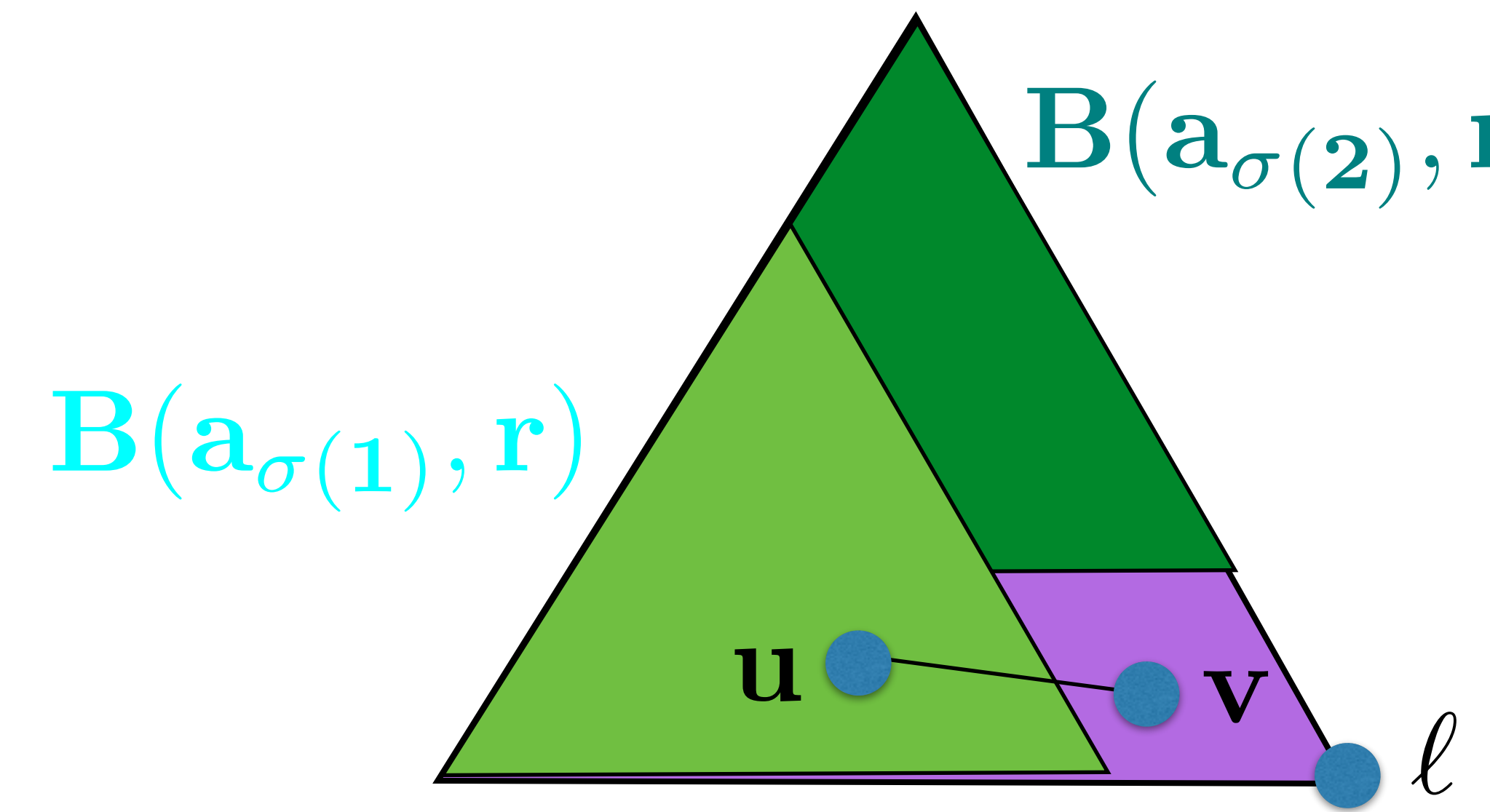


$uv \in \text{Output:}$
 a_i first to catch u or v
and catches exactly one

$$\ell = \arg \min \{ \min(d(a_i, u), d(a_i, v)) \}$$

$i \neq \ell$: i precedes ℓ and $B(a_i, r)$ separates them

$$\frac{1}{2} |d(a_i, u) - d(a_i, v)|$$

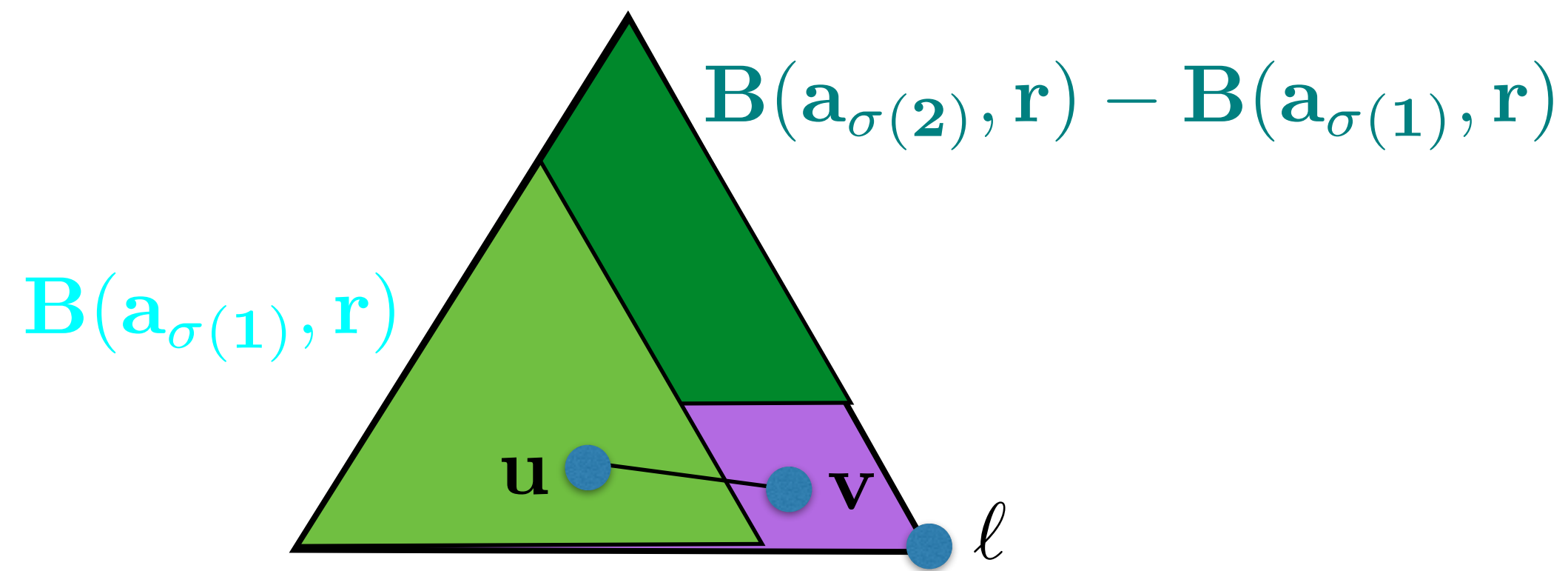


$uv \in \text{Output}$:
 a_i first to catch u or v
 and catches exactly one

$$\ell = \arg \min \{ \min(d(a_i, u), d(a_i, v)) \}$$

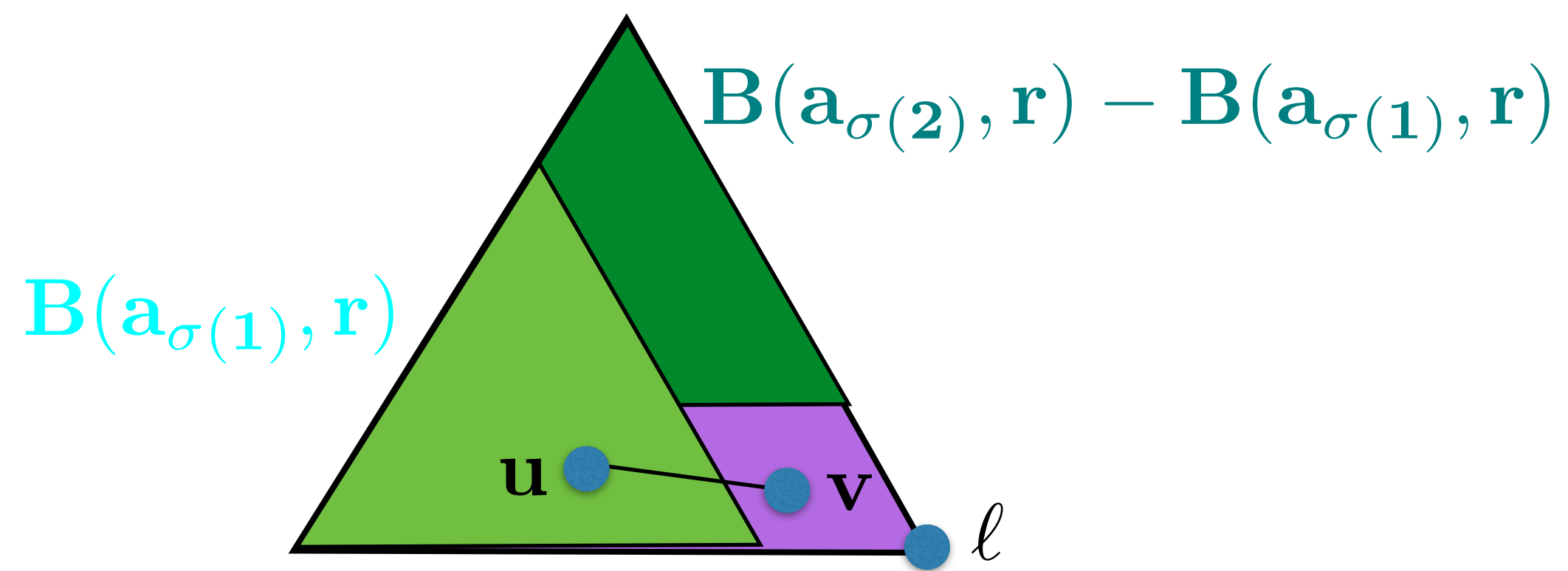
$i = \ell$: ℓ not last and $B(a_\ell, r)$ separates them

$$(1 - \frac{1}{k}) |d(a_\ell, u) - d(a_\ell, v)|$$



Together

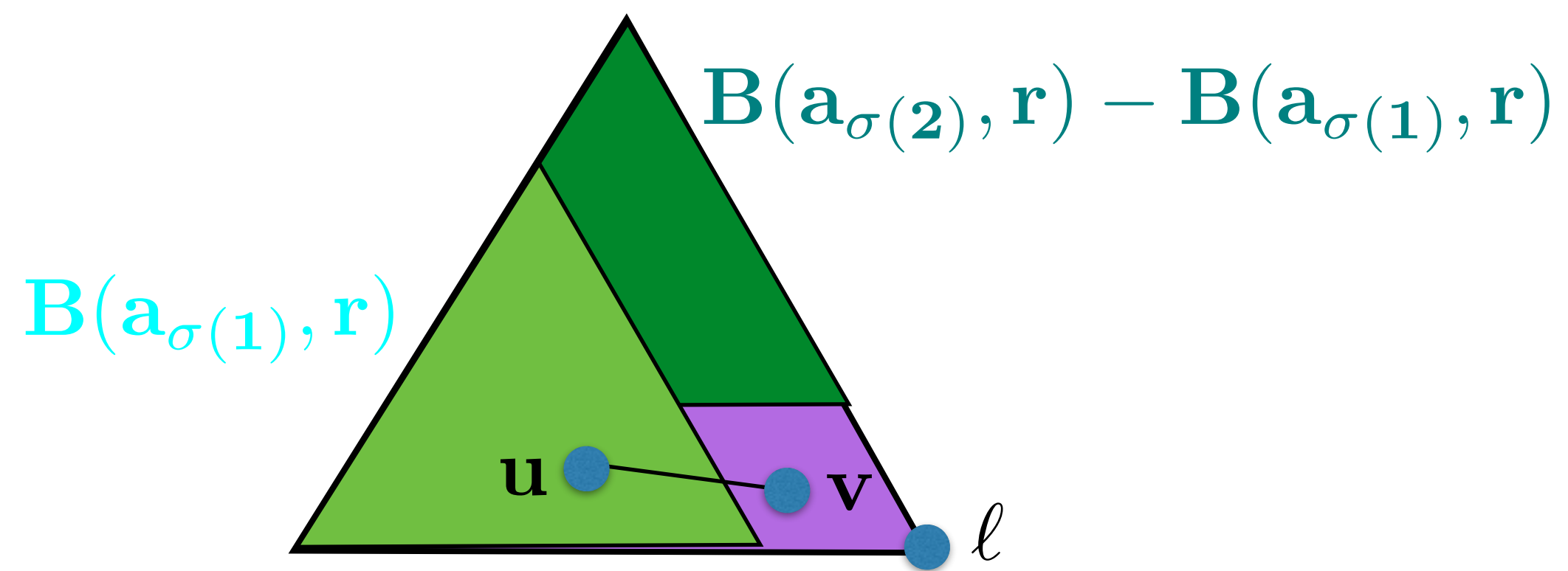
$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(1 - \frac{1}{k}\right) |d(a_\ell, u) - d(a_\ell, v)| + \sum_{i \neq \ell} \frac{1}{2} |d(a_i, u) - d(a_i, v)| \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{2}{k}\right) |d(a_\ell, u) - d(a_\ell, v)| + \sum_i \frac{1}{2} |d(a_i, u) - d(a_i, v)| \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{2}{k}\right) |u_\ell - v_\ell| + \sum_i \frac{1}{2} |u_i - v_i|
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\sum_{\mathbf{u}} \mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{i}} = \sum_{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{i}} = 1$$

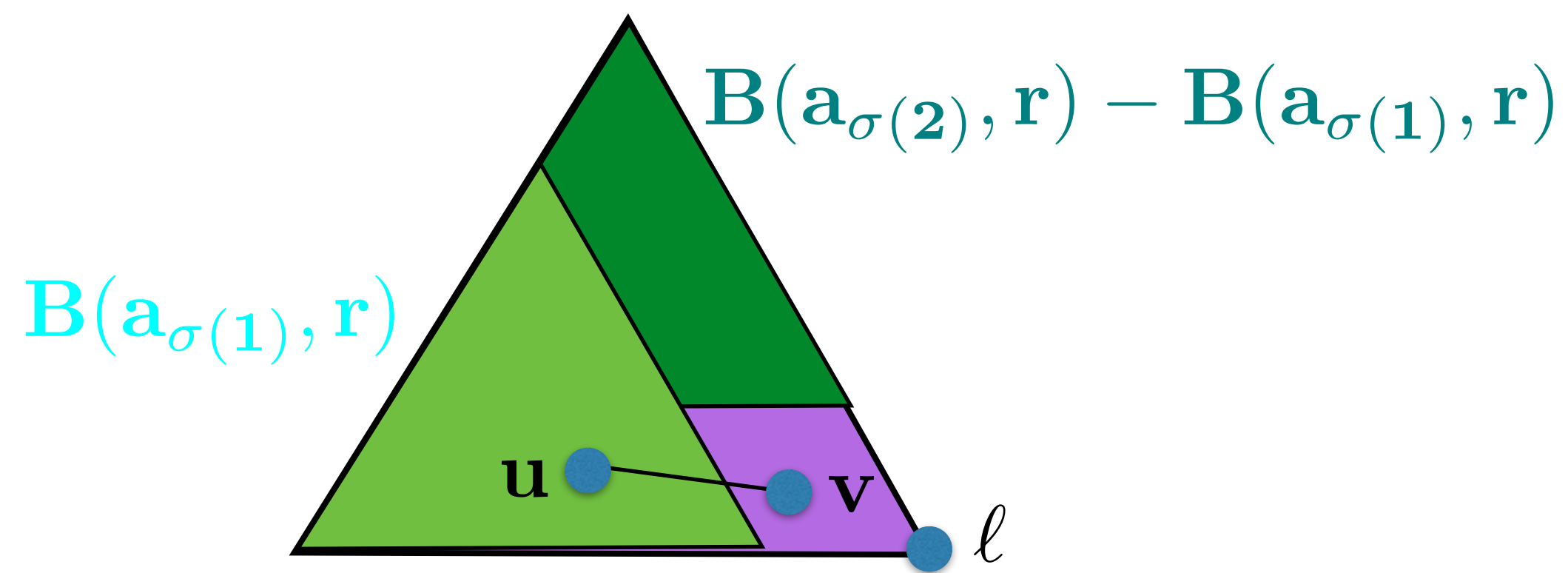
so

$$|\mathbf{u}_{\ell} - \mathbf{v}_{\ell}| \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{i}} |\mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{i}} - \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{i}}|$$



Together

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{k} \right) |u_\ell - v_\ell| + \sum_i \frac{1}{2} |u_i - v_i| \\
 & \leq \sum_i \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2k} \right) |u_i - v_i| \\
 & = \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{k} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} |u - v|_1
 \end{aligned}$$

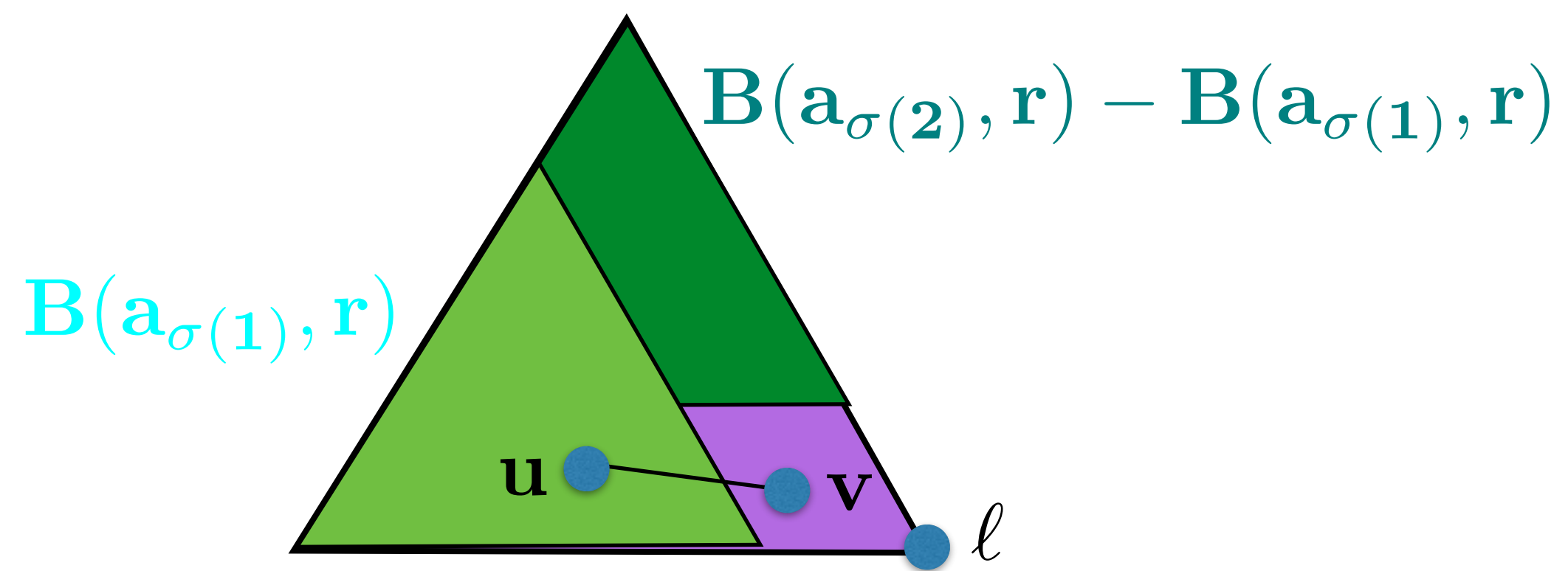


Sum

$$\mathbf{E}[\mathbf{Output}] = \sum_{\mathbf{uv} \in \mathbf{E}} \mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{uv}} \Pr(\mathbf{uv} \in \mathbf{Output})$$

$$\leq \sum_{\mathbf{uv} \in \mathbf{E}} \mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{uv}} \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{k} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} |\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}|_1$$

$$\leq \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{k} \right) \cdot \mathbf{OPT}$$



**Linear programming and
randomized rounding
give a $3/2 - 1/k$
approximation
for multicut**

Multiway cut, linear programming and randomized rounding

