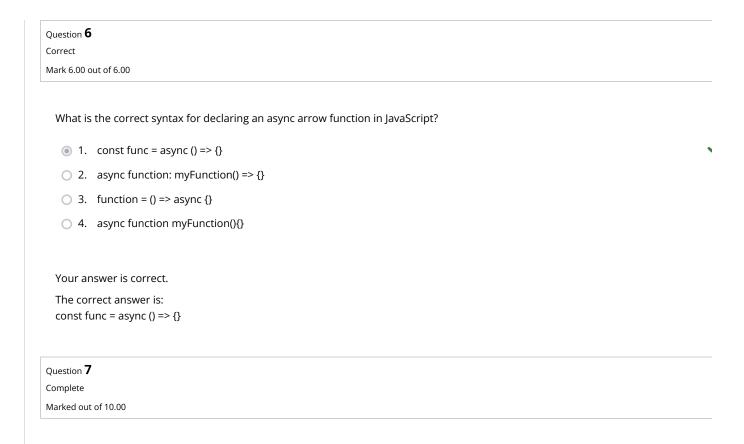
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javascrip	t Exam:	Attem	pt review

vaScript Exam	
Started on	Monday, 2 December 2024, 9:25 AM
	Finished
	Monday, 2 December 2024, 11:50 AM
	2 hours 24 mins
Grade	Not yet graded
uestion 1	
orrect	
ark 6.00 out of 6.00	
Which of the follo	wing will result in 'true'?
○ 1. '0' === fa	se
2. '1' == 1	
O 3. '1' === 1	
្រ 4. null === រ	undefined
Your answer is co	rrect.
The correct answe	er is:
'1' == 1	
uestion 2	
orrect	
lark 6.00 out of 6.00	
1441 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	output of the following code?
`console.log(true	'Yes': 'No');
1. 'Undefine	d'
2. 'Yes'	
O 3. 'No'	
4. 'Error'	
Your answer is co	rrect.
	er is:
The correct answer	
'Yes'	

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Question 3	
Correct	
Mark 6.00 d	out of 6.00
Which	of the following loops executes at least once?
O 1.	foreach
O 2.	for loop
O 3.	while
4.	do-while
Your ar	nswer is correct.
	rect answer is:
do-whi	e e
Question 4 Incorrect	
Mark 0.00 d	out of 6.00
Which	of the following statements is true about the 'forin' loop?
O 1.	It can iterate over <u>properties</u> of an object
2.	It iterates over numerical indices of an array
O 3.	It creates a new <u>scope</u>
O 4.	It should be used for arrays instead of objects
Your ar	nswer is incorrect.
The cor	rect answer is:

Ouestion 5 Forrect Mark 6.00 out of 6.00			
ark 6.00 out of 6.00			
What does the following code log	g to the console?		
console.log(1)			
console.log(2)			
setTimeout(() => console.log(3), ())		
console.log(4)			
console.log(5)			
O 1. 1			
2			
3 5			
4			
O 2. 3			
5			
4			
2			
3. 1			
2			
4			
5			
3			
O 4. 1 2			
3			
4			
5			
Your answer is correct.			
The correct answer is:			
1			
2 4			
5			
3			



Create a function that receives an array of numbers as a parameter and returns the number of even numbers in the array.

```
function countEven(arr) {
  if (arr === null) return -1;
  let c = 0;
  arr.forEach(item => {
    if (item % 2 == 0) {
      c += 1;
    }
  });
  return c;
}
```

console.log(countEven([1, 2, 6, 9, 4, 0])); //includes 0 as even

```
Question {f 8}
Complete
Marked out of 10.00
```

Create an HTML page with an input field, a button, and a result display area. When the button is clicked, a JavaScript function should receive a string as a parameter from the input field. The function should then find the longest word in the string and display it in the result area.

Example:

Given input: 'The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog'

If the button is clicked, the result should display 'jumps' as it's the longest word in the input string.

```
SCRIPT:
document.addEventListener('DOMContentLoaded', () => {
const input = document.getElementById('input');
const find_btn = document.getElementById('find_btn');
const result = document.getElementById('result');
// Button event
find_btn.addEventListener('click', () => {
if (input) {
result.value = findLargestWord(input.value);
}
else {
result.value = 'missing input';
});
function findLargestWord(inputText) {
let words = inputText.split(' ');
let max = 0;
let largest = ";
words.forEach(word => {
let wordLength = word.length;
if (wordLength > max) {
largest = word;
max = wordLength;
});
return largest;
});
HTML:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>FIND</title>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css">
</head>
<body>
```

```
<div class="input-area">
<input type="text" id="input" placeholder="Enter input">
<button id="find_btn">Find Larget Word</button>
<input type="text" id="result" placeholder="awaiting result">
</div>
<script src="script.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
Question 9
Complete
```

Marked out of 10.00

Create a function that receives a parameter, checks if the parameter is a number, and then prints all the prime numbers up to the given limit from the parameter number.

```
function primesUpto(upto) {
if (typeof upto !== 'number' | | upto < 2) {
console.log("invalid input. must be >= 2.");
return;
}
function isPrime(num) {
if (num < 2) return false;
for (let i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(num); i++) {
if (num % i === 0) return false;
return true;
//print promes up to upto:
for (let i = 2; i <= upto; i++) {
if (isPrime(i)) {
console.log(i);
}
}
}
```

console.log(primesUpto(15));

```
Question 10
Complete
```

Marked out of 10.00

Write a JavaScript function that takes a string as input and returns the string with each word reversed while maintaining the order of the words.

Example:

Input: Hello world, how are you?

Output: olleH dlrow, woh era ?uoy

```
function revWordsNotOrder(str) {
  let words = str.split(' ');
  let after_rev = words.map(word => reverseString(word));
  // console.log(after_rev);
  return after_rev.join(' ');
}

function reverseString(string) {
  let newString = ";
  for (let i = string.length - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    newString += string.charAt(i);
  }
  return newString;
}
```

console.log(revWordsNotOrder("Hello world, how are you?"));

```
Question 11
Complete
Marked out of 12.00
```

Create an html page with a button and a list, when clicking on the button, perform a fetch request to the following API -

```
https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/
```

And display 5, random emails from the API in a list, on the html page.

```
Make sure that every click, you display 5 different emails.
SCRIPT:
const fetchBtn = document.getElementById('btn');
const emailList = document.getElementById('list');
fetchBtn.addEventListener('click', () => {
// fetch
emailList.innerHTML = 'Emails wiill display here:';
let fetchedEmails = emailsFetcher();
console.log(fetchedEmails);// pricessed
// show in list
fetchedEmails.forEach(email => {
const listItem = document.createElement('li');
listItem.textContent = email;
emailList.appendChild(listItem);
});
});
async function emailsFetcher() {
try {
const response = await fetch('https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users');
if (!response.ok) {
throw new Error('Network response was not ok');
const data = await response.json();
// console.log(data);// all of json
const emails = data
.sort(() => 0.5 - Math.random()) // randomize
.slice(0, 5) // minimize to 5 emails
.map(user => user.email); // select
// console.log(emails);// pricessed
return emails;
} catch (error) {
console.error('Error fetching data:', error);
}
HTML:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
```

<meta charset="UTF-8">

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>FIND</title>
link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css">
</head>

<body id="main_cont">
<div>
<button id="btn">FETCH</button>
LIST:
</div>
</div>
<script src="./email.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

Question 12

Complete

Marked out of 12.00

Write a function that receives an array as a parameter, Returns an array with only the numbers and sorted.

```
function sortRem(arr) {
// filter alphas
let nums = arr.filter(item => typeof item === 'number');
nums.sort((a, b) => a - b);
return nums;
}
```

■ Weather app - Exercise

Jump to...

Specifications example 1