

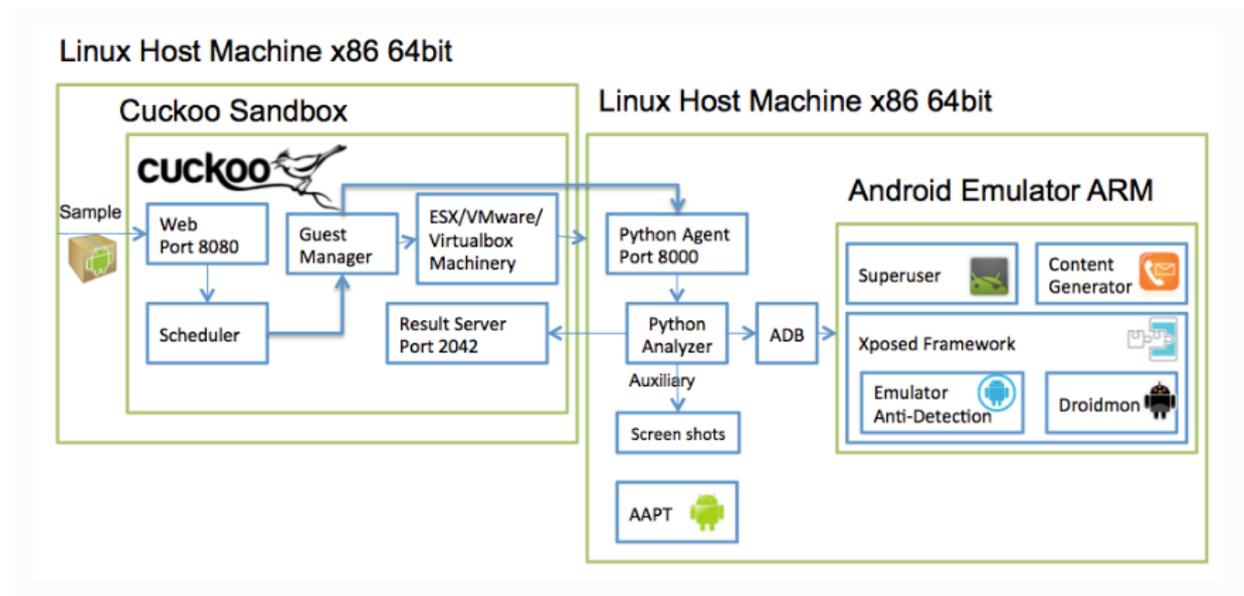
# CuckooDroid

## Installazione e Requisiti

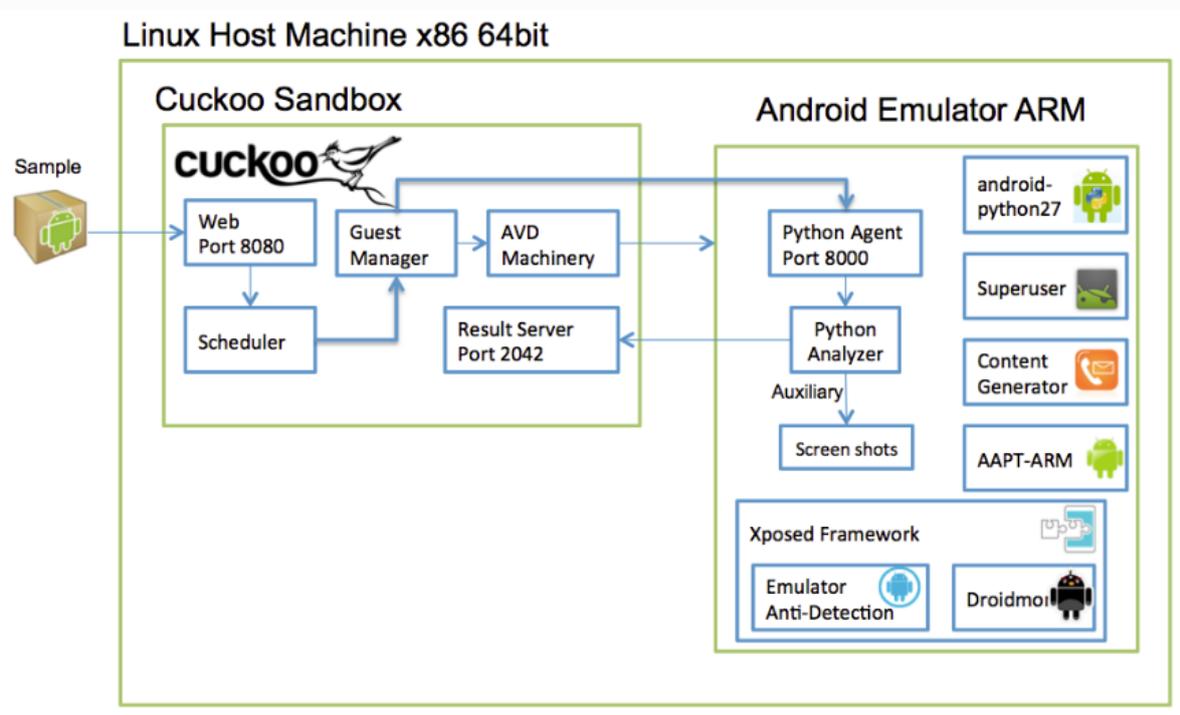
Configurazione di test : Ubuntu 18.04 e Android 4.1 per la guest machine.

Per la preparazione della macchina guest, è possibile effettuare tre diverse configurazioni:

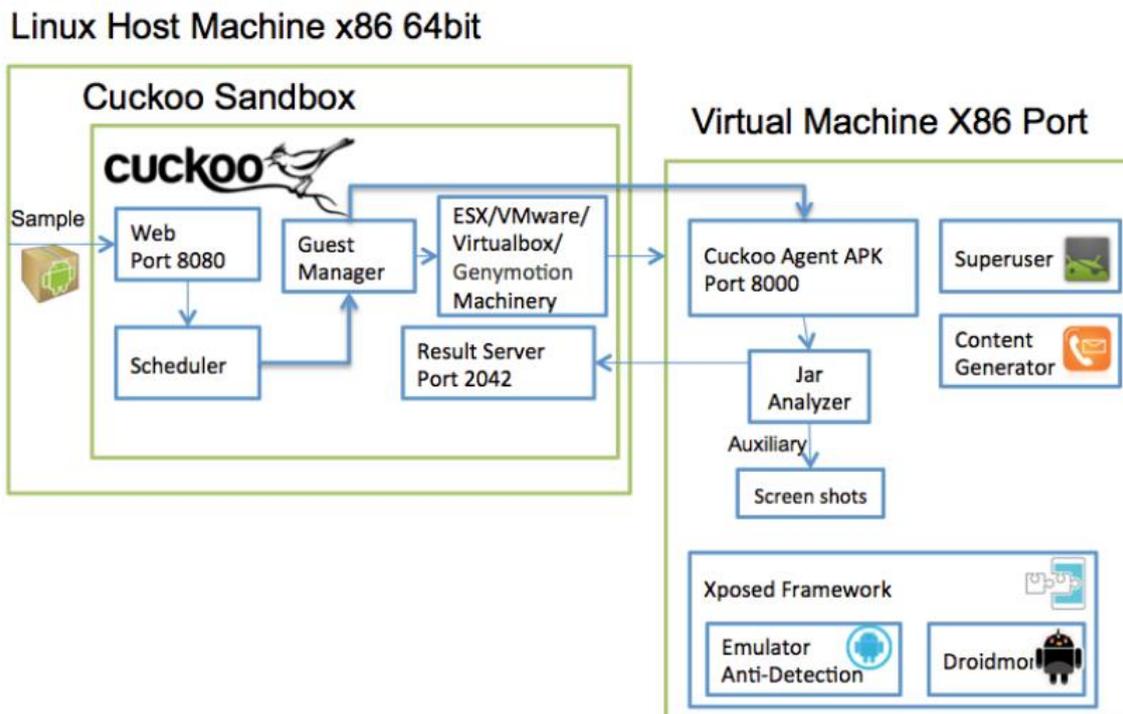
1. Android su macchina Linux



2. Emulatore Android



### 3. Dispositivo Android multi-piattaforma



#### Download

```
$ git config --global user.email "you@example.com"
$ git config --global user.name "Your Name"
$ git clone --depth=1 https://github.com/cuckoobox/cuckoo.git
$ cd cuckoo
$ git remote add droid https://github.com/idanr1986/cuckoo-droid
$ git pull --allow-unrelated-histories --no-edit -s recursive -X
  theirs droid master
$ cat conf-extra/processing.conf >> conf/processing.conf
$ cat conf-extra/reporting.conf >> conf/reporting.conf
$ rm -r conf-extra
$ echo "protobuf" >> requirements.txt
```

## Modifica dei files Config

### conf/cuckoo.conf

```
# Specify the name of the machinery module to use, this module will
# define the interaction between Cuckoo and your virtualization software
# of choice.
```

```
machinery = avd
```

```
[resultserver]
```

```
# The Result Server is used to receive in real time the behavioral logs
# produced by the analyzer.
# Specify the IP address of the host. The analysis machines should be able
# to contact the host through such address, so make sure it's valid.
```

```
# NOTE: if you set resultserver IP to 0.0.0.0 you have to set the option
# `resultserver_ip` for all your virtual machines in machinery configuration.
```

```
ip = 127.0.0.1
```

### conf/avd.conf

```
[avd]
```

```
#Path to the local installation of the android emulator
```

```
emulator_path = <add> ( /home/USER/Android/Sdk/emulator/emulator )
```

```
#Path to the local installation of the adb - android debug bridge utility.
```

```
adb_path = <add> ( /home/USER/Android/Sdk/platform-tools/adb )
```

```
#Path to the emulator machine files is located
```

```
avd_path = <add home_path>/.android/avd ( /home/USER/.android/avd )
```

```
#name of the reference machine that is used to duplicate
```

```
reference_machine = aosx
```

```
# Specify a comma-separated list of available machines to be used. For each
# specified ID you have to define a dedicated section containing the details
# on the respective machine. (E.g. aosx_1,aosx_2,aosx_3)
#currently supports only 1 machine for network limitations
machines =aosx_1

[aosx_1]
# Specify the label name of the current machine as specified in your
# aosx_1 configuration.
label = aosx_1

# Specify the operating system platform used by current machine
platform = android

# Specify the IP address of the current virtual machine. Make sure that the
# IP address is valid and that the host machine is able to reach it. If not,
# the analysis will fail.
# its always 127.0.0.1 because android emulator networking configurations this the loopback of the
host machine
ip = 127.0.0.1

#Specify the port for the emulator as your adb sees it.
emulator_port=5554

#10.0.2.2 is the loopback of the host machine very important!!!
resultserver_ip = 10.0.2.2

resultserver_port = 2042

conf/auxiliary.conf

[sniffer]
# Enable or disable the use of an external sniffer (tcpdump) [yes/no].
enabled = yes
```

## conf/processing.conf

[droidmon]

enabled = yes

[googleplay]

enabled = no

android\_id = <add android\_id>

google\_login = <add google\_login>

google\_password = <add google\_password>

[apkinfo]

enabled = yes

#Decompiling dex with androguard in a heavy operation and for a big dex's

#he can really consume performance from the cuckoo host ,so it's recommended to limit the size of dex that you will decompile

#decompilation\_threshold=2000000

## conf/reporting.conf

[reporthtml]

enabled = no

[reportandroidhtml]

enabled = yes

## Requisiti

```
$ sudo apt-get install openjdk-8-jre libstdc++6:i386 libgcc1:i386 zlib1g:i386 libncurses5:i386
```

## Installazione Android SDK

Effettuare il download della versione più recente delle SDK dal sito ufficiale di [Android](#)

Dopo aver effettuato il download, spostarsi nella cartella contenente il file .tgz e usare i comandi:

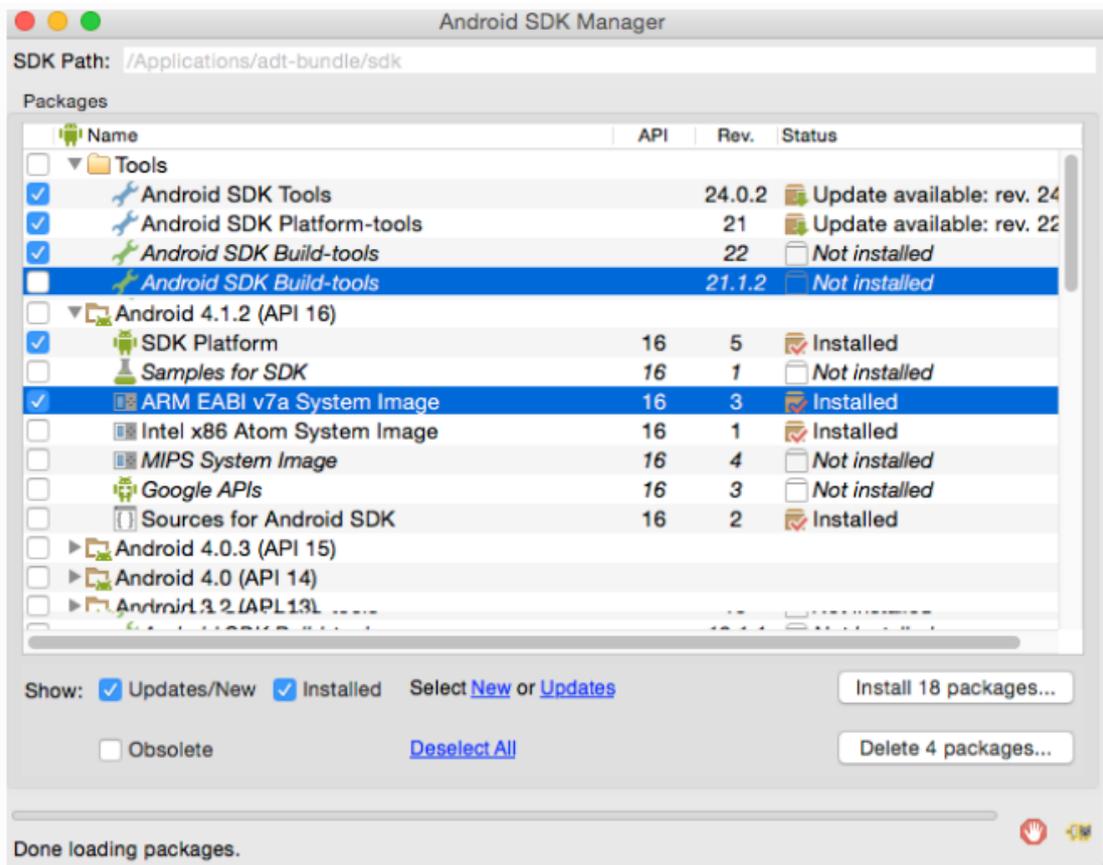
```
$ tar -xvf android-sdk_r24.0.2-linux.tgz
```

```
$ cd android-sdk
```

```
$ tools/android
```

All'interno dell'Android SDK Manager, installare i seguenti componenti:

- Tools
  - Android SDK Tools
  - Android Platform-tools Tools
  - newest Android SDK Tools
- Android 4.1.2 (API 16)
  - SDK Platform
  - ARM EABI v7a System Image



## Aggiornamento dei Path

Scrivere nel file .profile

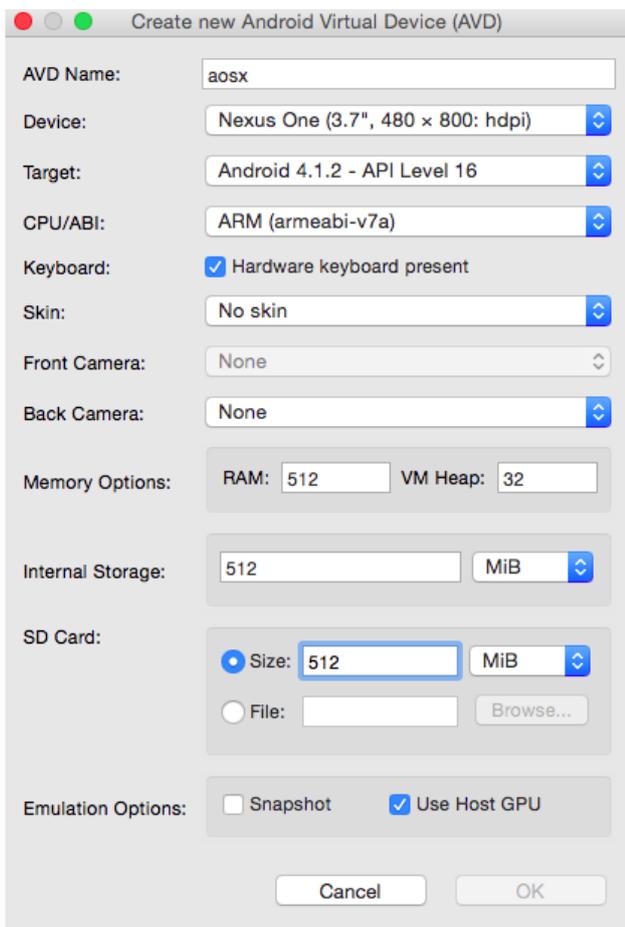
```
PATH="/home/USER/Android/Sdk/emulator:/home/USER/Android/Sdk/tools:/home/USER/Android/Sdk/build-tools/27.0.3:/home/USER/Android/Sdk/platform-tools:$PATH"
```

Per verificare il corretto valore della variabile d'ambiente PATH e della corretta posizione dell'emulatore:

```
$ echo $PATH
```

```
$ which emulator
```

## Creazione AVD (Android Virtual Device)



Dopo aver creato l'avd, bisogna recarsi nel percorso “/home/USER/Android/Sdk/system-images/android-16/default/armeabi-v7a” e copiare il file system.img all'interno della cartella “/home/USER/.android/avd/aosx.avd” e rinominare il file in system-qemu.img.

Fatto ciò, bisogna avviare l'emulatore con il seguente comando:

```
$ emulator @aosx -writable-system -qemu -nand -  
system,size=0x1f400000,file=/home/USER/.android/avd/aosx.avd/system-qemu.img&
```

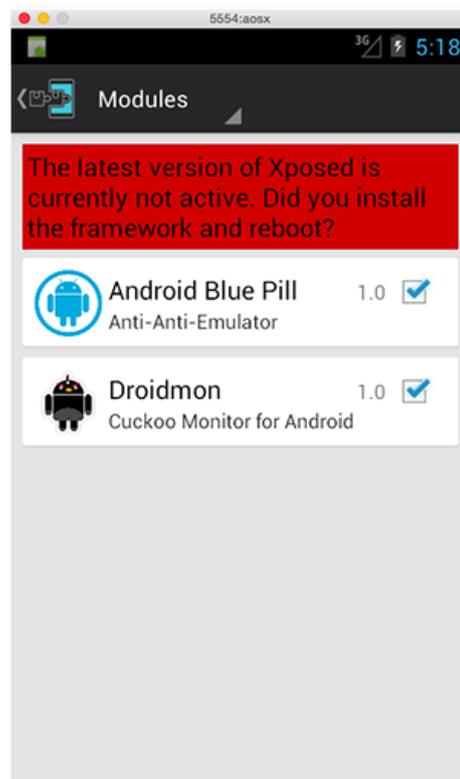
Quando l'emulatore ha completato l'avvio, bisogna avviare lo script shell :  
“/home/USER/cuckoo/utils/android\_emulator\_creator/create\_guest\_avd.sh” solo dopo aver modificato la riga 47 con “ \$ADB push ../../agent/android/python\_agent/. /data/local/ “  
e attendere che vengano installati tutte le componenti all'interno dell'AVD.

### **Rooting AVD (Android Virtual Device)**

All'interno dell'emulatore, effettuare le seguenti modifiche:

- Andare su settings→security→screenlock→none
- Andare su settings→display→sleep→30 minutes
- Avvia l'app Generate contacts
- Avvia l'app Superuser
- Avvia l'app xposedinstallar
- Andare in Modules, mettere le spunte in Droidmon e Android Blue Pill

A questo punto, andare su Framework→install  
Dopo averlo installato, cliccare su cancel quando viene chiesto di riavviare il dispositivo, e poi cliccare su soft reboot e attendere che il dispositivo venga riavviato.  
Al termine dell'avvio, chiudere l'emulatore.



### Fix per lanciare CuckooDroid

Per fare funzionare correttamente CuckooDroid, è necessario effettuare alcune modifiche al codice per evitare errori e warning durante l'analisi.

- Modificare il file “/home/USER/cuckoo/analyzer/android/lib/api/adb.py” , in particolare la funzione *execute\_sample* alla riga 111 con la seguente: **proc = subprocess.Popen("/system/bin/am start -n"+ package+"/"+activity, stdout=subprocess.PIPE, stderr=subprocess.PIPE, shell=True, executable="/system/bin/sh")** e commentare la riga sottostante.
- Modificare il file “/home/USER/cuckoo/modules/processing/network.py” , in particolare alla riga 596 con la seguente: **results = Pcap(self.pcap\_path).run()**
- Modificare il file “/home/emiliano/cuckooTest/cuckoo/modules/reporting/mongodb.py” , in particolare all'ultima riga con la seguente: **self.conn.close()**