

# Problem A

## Almost Union-Find


**Problem ID:** almostunic

**CPU Time limit:** 4 secor

**Memory limit:** 1024 ME

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**Source:** Rujia Liu's Prese  
datastructure contest ce  
the 100th anniversary of  
University

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I hope you know the beautiful Union-Find structure. In this problem, you're to implement something similar, but not identical. The data structure you need to write is also a collection of disjoint sets, supporting 3 operations:

1  $p$   $q$  Union the sets containing  $p$  and  $q$ . If  $p$  and  $q$  are already in the same set, ignore this command.

2  $p$   $q$  Move  $p$  to the set containing  $q$ . If  $p$  and  $q$  are already in the same set, ignore this command

3  $p$  Return the number of elements and the sum of elements in the set containing  $p$ .

Initially, the collection contains  $n$  sets:  $\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \dots, \{n\}$ .

As an example, consider the sequence of operations in sample input 1 below.

- Initially:  $\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{4\}, \{5\}$
- Collection after operation 1 1 2:  $\{1, 2\}, \{3\}, \{4\}, \{5\}$
- Collection after operation 2 3 4:  $\{1, 2\}, \{3, 4\}, \{5\}$  (we omit the empty set that is produced when taking out 3 from  $\{3\}$ )
- Collection after operation 1 3 5:  $\{1, 2\}, \{3, 4, 5\}$
- Collection after operation 2 4 1:  $\{1, 2, 4\}, \{3, 5\}$

### Input

There are several test cases. Each test case begins with a line containing two integers  $n$  and  $m$  ( $1 \leq n, m \leq 100\,000$ ), the number of integers, and the number of commands. Each of the next  $m$  lines contains a command. For every operation,  $1 \leq p, q \leq n$ . The input is terminated by end-of-file (EOF). There are at most 20 cases, and the size of the input file does not exceed 5 MB.

### Output

For each type-3 command, output 2 integers: the number of elements and the sum of elements.

#### Sample Input 1

```
5 7
1 1 2
2 3 4
1 3 5
3 4
2 4 1
3 4
3 3
```

#### Sample Output 1

```
3 12
3 7
2 8
```