Problem D
Andrew the Ant

Problem ID: andrewant
CPU Time limit: 2 secor
Memory limit: 1024 ME

Source: CTU Open 2012
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Andrew the Ant is fascinated by the behavior of his friends. Thousands of them are marching their paths on and on. They can build highly organized ant-hills. Sometimes, however, they act a little bit stupidly.

Recently, Andrew watched his fellow ants marching on top of a long piece of wood. He noticed their behavioral pattern is very simple: Each ant walks slowly forward with a constant speed of $1\,\mathrm{cm}$ per second. Whenever it meets another ant, both of them only touch with their antennae and immediately turn around and walk the opposite direction. If an ant comes to the end of the wood, it falls down and does not affect other ants anymore.

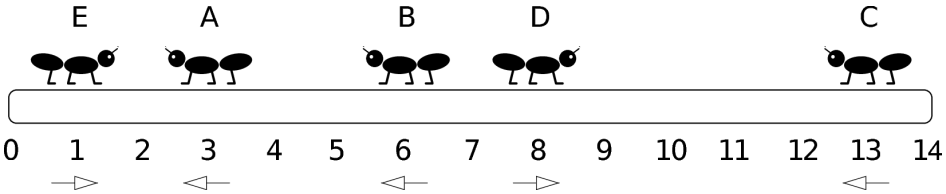

Figure 1: Picture of the third sample input at time $0\,\mathrm{s}$. In one second, the ants E and A meet at position 2 and change their directions. The ant A then meets B in the next 1.5 seconds. At the same time (2.5 seconds after the start), the ants C and D will meet too. All four of them change their directions. In the next 0.5 seconds (time $3\,\mathrm{s}$), the first ant (E) falls down off the left end, etc.

Your task is to simulate the movement of ants. For simplicity, suppose that the ants have zero size (although the picture could suggest something else).

Input

The input consists of several scenarios, at most 5. Each scenario starts with a line containing two integer numbers L and A, separated by a space. L is the length of the wood in centimetres ($1 \leq L \leq 99\,999$), and A is the number of ants at the beginning of the simulation ($1 \leq A \leq L + 1$). Then there are A lines, each containing a non-negative integer X_i, one space, and an uppercase letter. The number ($0 \leq X_i \leq L$) specifies the position of the i-th ant and the letter its initial direction: either "`L`" for left (towards zero) or "`R`" for right. No two ants will start at the same position.

Output

For each scenario, you should print a single line containing the text "`The last ant will fall down in` T `seconds - started at` P`.`", where T is the exact time when the last ant (or two) reaches the end of the wood, and P is the position where that particular ant has originally started in time 0. If two last ants fall down at the same time, print "`started at` P `and` Q", indicating both of their positions, $P < Q$.

Sample Input 1

```
90000 1
0 R
10 1
0 L
14 5
3 L
6 L
13 L
8 R
1 R
```

Sample Output 1

```
The last ant will fall down in 90000 seconds - started at 0.
The last ant will fall down in 0 seconds - started at 0.
The last ant will fall down in 13 seconds - started at 6 and 8.
```