Contest #2

SENIOR DIVISION SOLUTIONS

1. Prefix/Infix/Postfix Notation A B C + * B C * / A 2 ↑ C - B C - / + = A (B C +) *(B C *) / (A 2 ↑) C - (B C -) / + = [A (+ B C) *] (* B C) / [(↑ A 2) C -] (- B C) / + = [(* A + B C) (* B C) /] [(-↑ A 2 C) (- B C) /] + = [(/* A + B C * B C) (/-↑ A 2 C - B C) +] = +/* A + B C * B C / - ↑ A 2 C - B C	1. As shown
2. Prefix/Infix/Postfix Notation /! a *! - a b! b = /(! 8) *! (-86) (! 6) = /(8!) * [! 2] (6!) = /(8!) [* (2!)(6!)] = /(8!) (2! * 6!) = 8! / (2! * 6!) = 40320 / (2 * 720) = 40320 / 1440 = 28	2. 28
3. Bit-String Flicking (LSHIFT-2 (10110 AND (NOT 00100))) OR (RCIRC-1 (RSHIFT-1 (11011 AND (LCIRC-2 10001)))) = (LSHIFT-2 (10110 AND 11011)) OR (RCIRC-1 (RSHIFT-1 (11011 AND 00110))) = (LSHIFT-2 10010) OR (RCIRC-1 (RSHIFT-1 00010)) = 01000 OR (RCIRC-1 00001) = 01000 OR 10000 = 11000	3. 11000
4. Bit-String Flicking Let X = abcde (RSHIFT-1 (LCIRC-2 X)) OR (NOT(RCIRC-3(LSHIFT-1 00100))) = 11110 LHS = (RSHIFT-1 (LCIRC-2 abcde)) OR (NOT(RCIRC-3 01000)) = (RSHIFT-1 cdeab) OR (NOT 00001) = 0cdea OR 11110 = 1111a If 1111a = 11110, then a = 0, b = *, c = *, d = *, e = * Therefore X = 0****	4. 0****
5. LISP (CDR (CAR (REVERSE (CDR '((2 (a 3) b) c (d 4 5) (e (f 6) g)))))) = (CDR (CAR (REVERSE '(c (d 4 5) (e (f 6) g))))) = (CDR (CAR '((e (f 6) g) (d 4 5) c))) = (CDR '(e (f 6) g)) = ((f 6) g)	5. ((f 6) g)

American Computer Science League

2017-2018

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