

MIS431 Spring 2022 - Homework - 1

Submission Date - 03/13/2022

In this homework assignment we will be focusing on data analysis and visualization with the **tidyverse**. To complete this assignment, students must use the template available in RStudio Cloud.

Load Packages and Data

The R code chunk below will load the tidyverse and tidymodels packages as well as an auto_claims data set.

```
library(tidyverse)

auto_claims <- read_rds('C:/RDataFiles/auto_claims.rds')
```

Problem 1

Write one expression using dplyr functions and the %>% operator to create the summary table below, and arrange it based on the customer state.

This table contains the number of claims, maximum claim amount (total_claim_amount variable), and minimum customer lifetime value by customer_state and months_since_last_claim binned into 12 month categories.

Hint: You will need to create the month_category variable using cut_width() before you calculate the summaries by groups.

'summarise()' has grouped output by 'customer_state'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 5
## # Groups:   customer_state [5]
##   customer_state month_category n_claims max_claim_amount min_clv
##   <fct>          <fct>          <int>         <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 Arizona      [0,12]             553         3893.    2227.
## 2 Arizona      (12,24]            365         3295.    2255.
## 3 Arizona      (24,36]            263         2550.    2309.
## 4 Nevada       [0,12]             260         2979.    2227.
## 5 Nevada       (12,24]            202         2337.    2329.
## 6 Nevada       (24,36]            139         3552.    2523.
## 7 California   [0,12]             977         3453.    2120.
## 8 California   (12,24]            712         2767.    2301.
## 9 California   (24,36]            461         2361.    2392.
## 10 Oregon      [0,12]             824         2836.    2227.
## 11 Oregon      (12,24]            569         2973.    2280.
## 12 Oregon      (24,36]            370         3052.    2174.
```

```
## 13 Washington      [0,12]           241           2966.    2227.
## 14 Washington      (12,24]          195           2429.    2301.
## 15 Washington      (24,36]          118           2685.    2472.
```

Problem 2

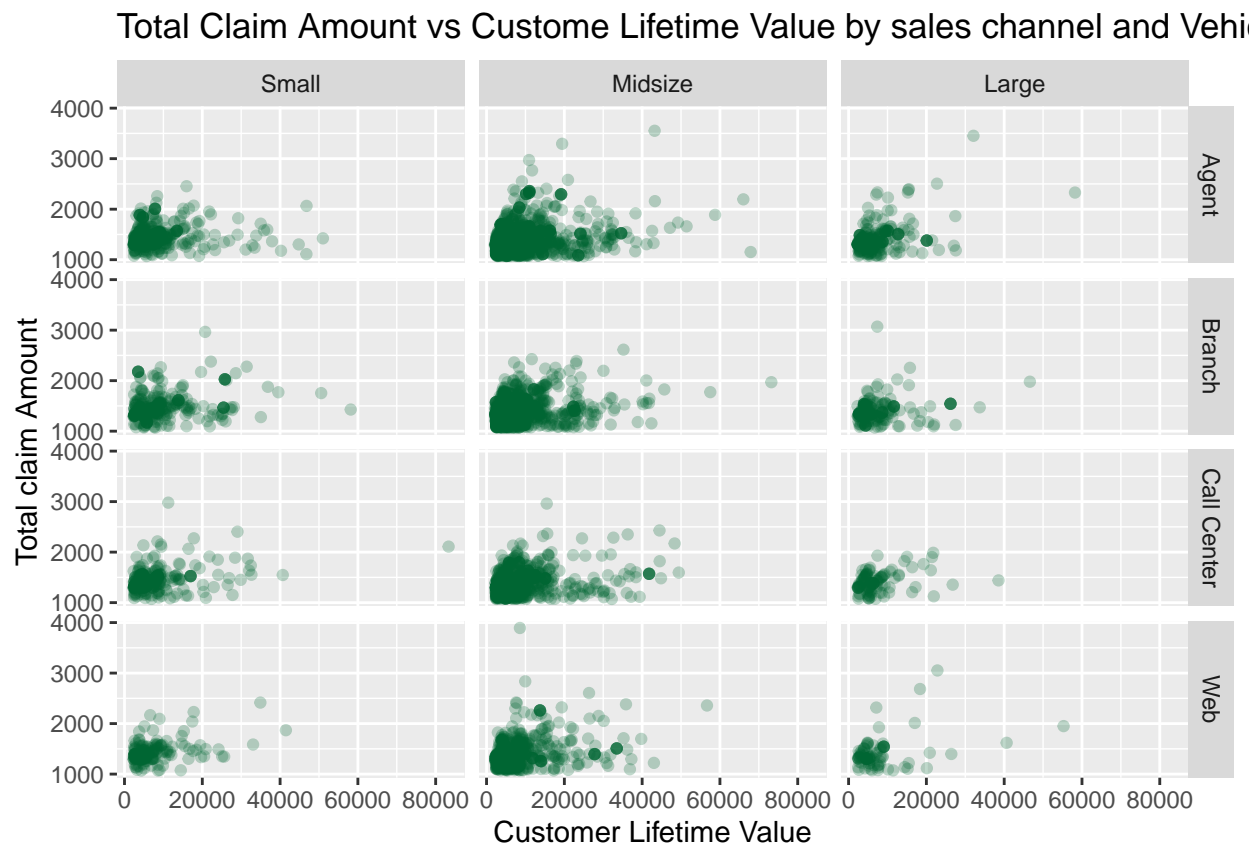
Write one expression using dplyr functions and the %>% operator to create the summary table below.

This table contains the average, median, and maximum values of total_claim_amount by vehicle_class.

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##   vehicle_class ave_amount median_amount max_amount
##   <fct>         <dbl>         <dbl>         <dbl>
## 1 Two-Door Car    1343.         1334.         2258.
## 2 Four-Door Car  1338.         1326.         2266.
## 3 Sports Car     1497.         1523.         2404
## 4 SUV            1511.         1528          2429.
## 5 Luxury Car     1974.         1981.         3295.
## 6 Luxury SUV     2024.         2008          3893.
```

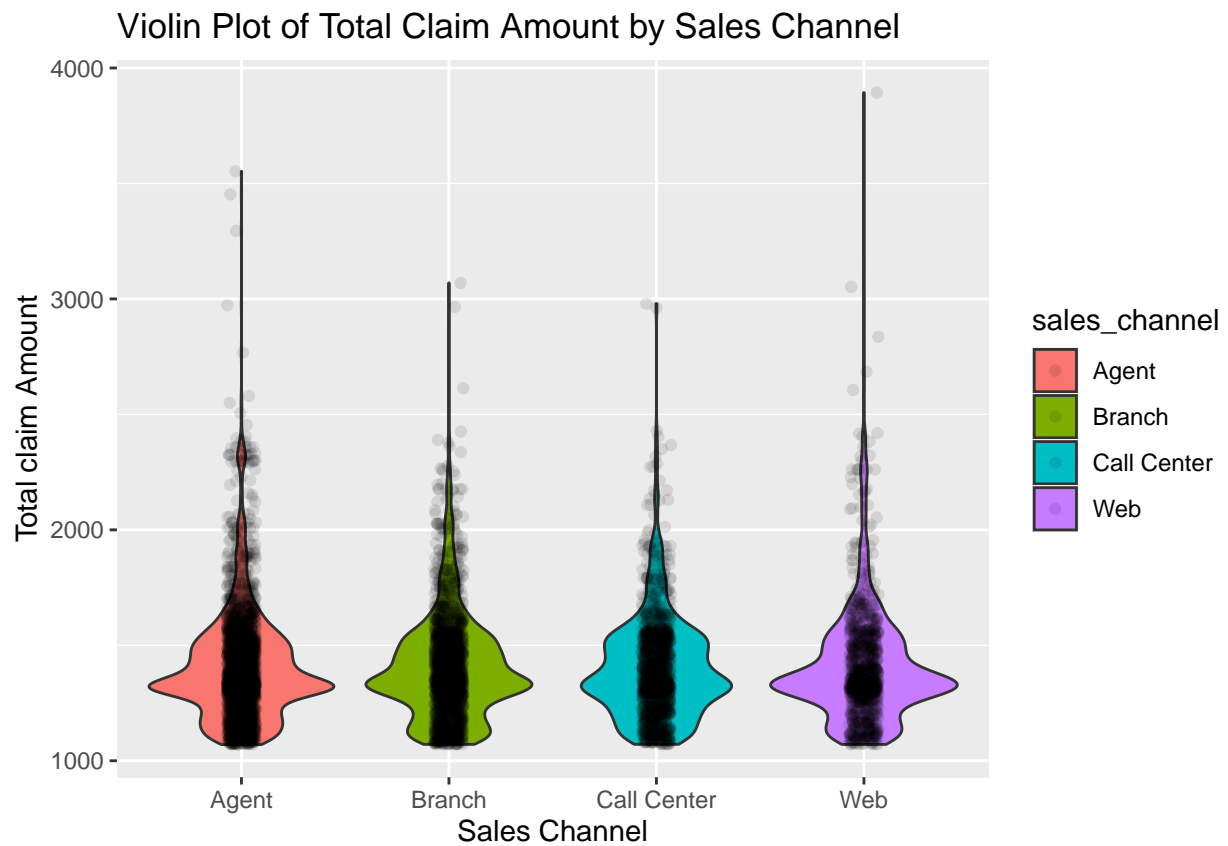
Problem 3

Use ggplot to create the data visualization below. Please use alpha = 0.25 and color = '#006633' within your geom function to match the points below.



Problem 4

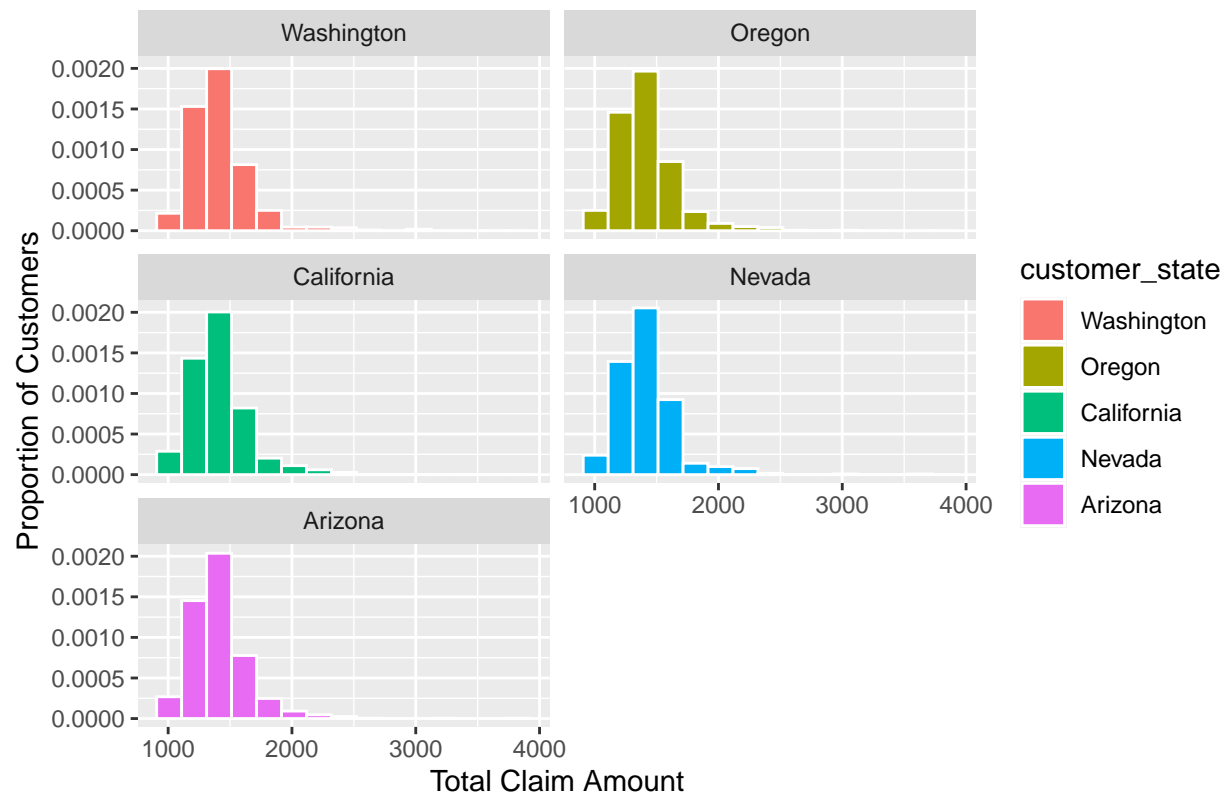
Use ggplot to create the data visualization below. Width value is 0.07 and the alpha value is 0.1



Problem 5

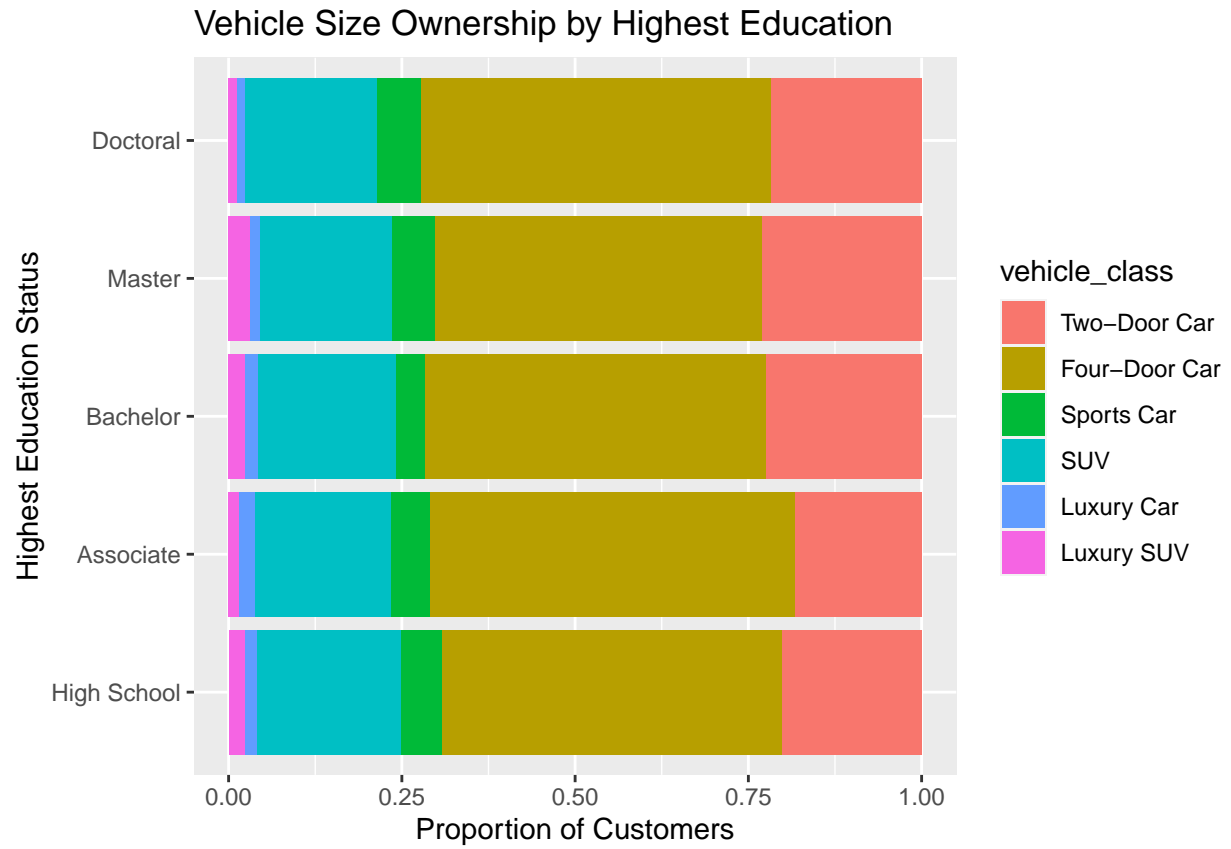
Use ggplot to create the data visualization below. The number of bins in the histogram should be set to 15.

Density Histogram of Total Claim Amount by Customer State



Problem 6

Use ggplot to create the data visualization below.



— End of Homework 1 —