



# Demo #24: Ransom Vehicle through Charging Pile

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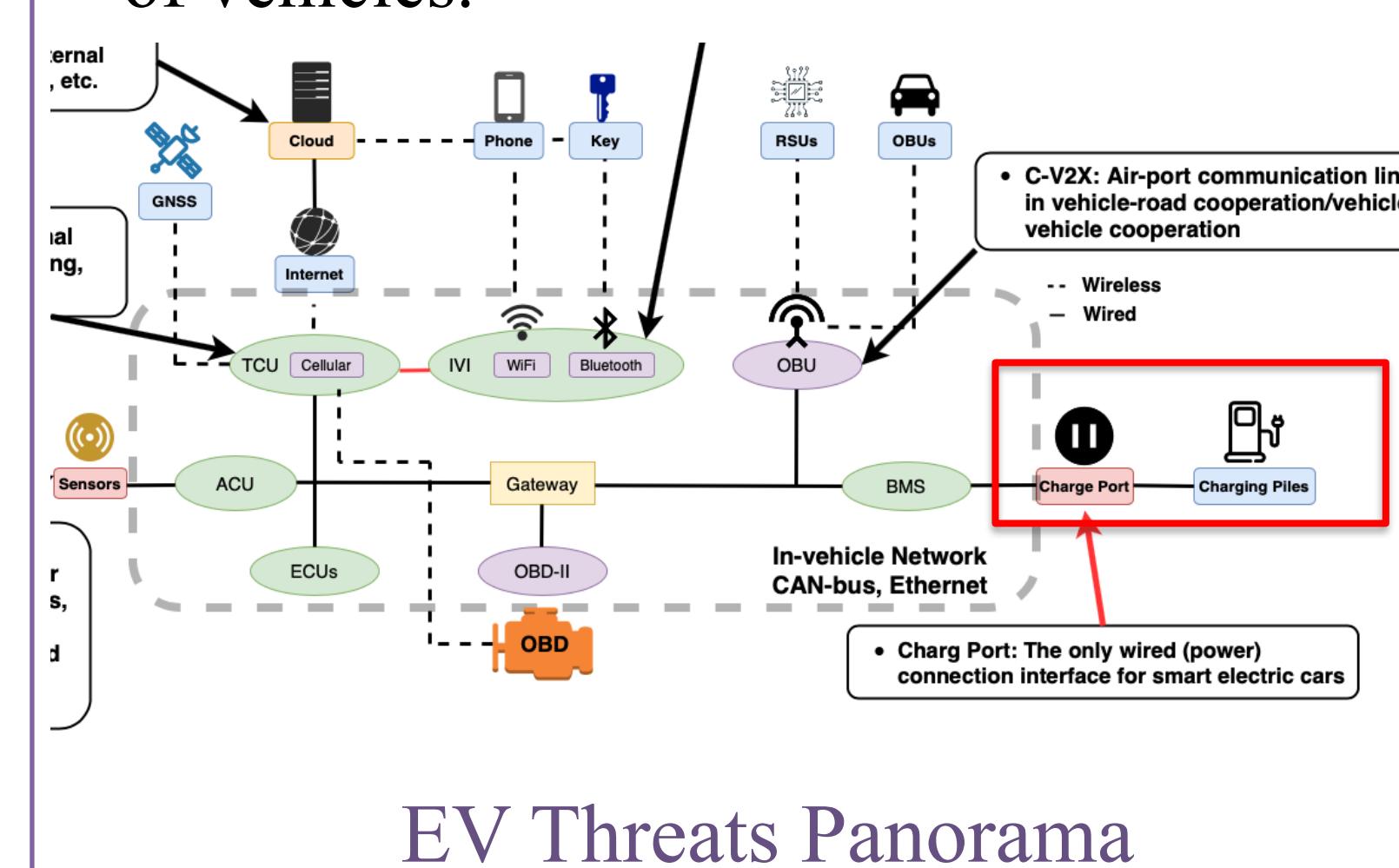
\* Indicates equal contribution

## Abstract

- \* This work shows a new method of remote ransom attack on electric vehicles(EV) through charging piles **without approaching EV**.
- \* We also designed an extra **physical plugin** to expand the effect of this method.

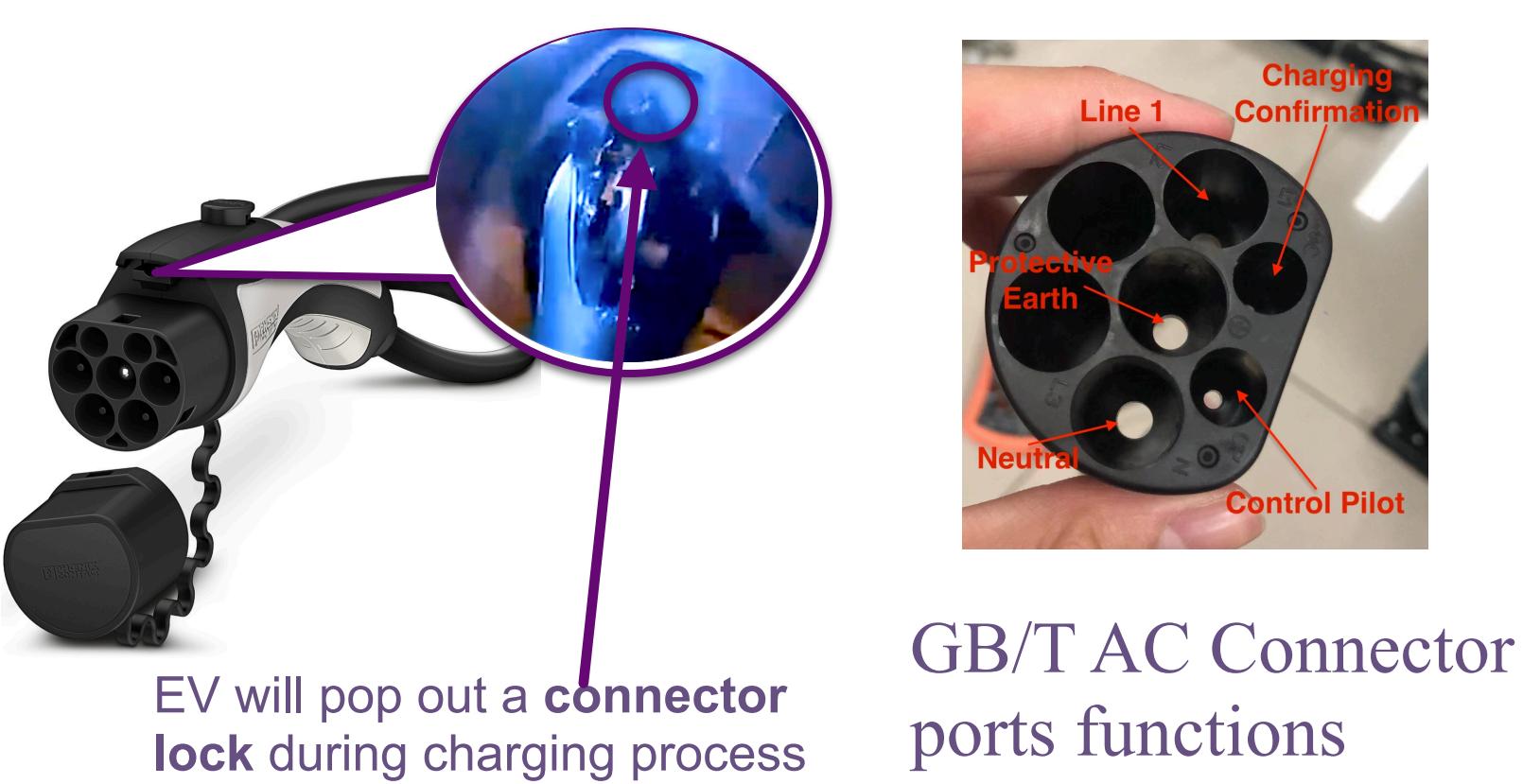
## Motivation

- From EV threats panorama, charging pile is the only wired link, providing unique physical basis of ransom attacks.
- Existing attacks mainly accomplish their purpose by exploiting vulnerabilities of vehicle itself [1]. The vulnerabilities of the charging pile will affect more brands of vehicles.



## Attack Prerequisite

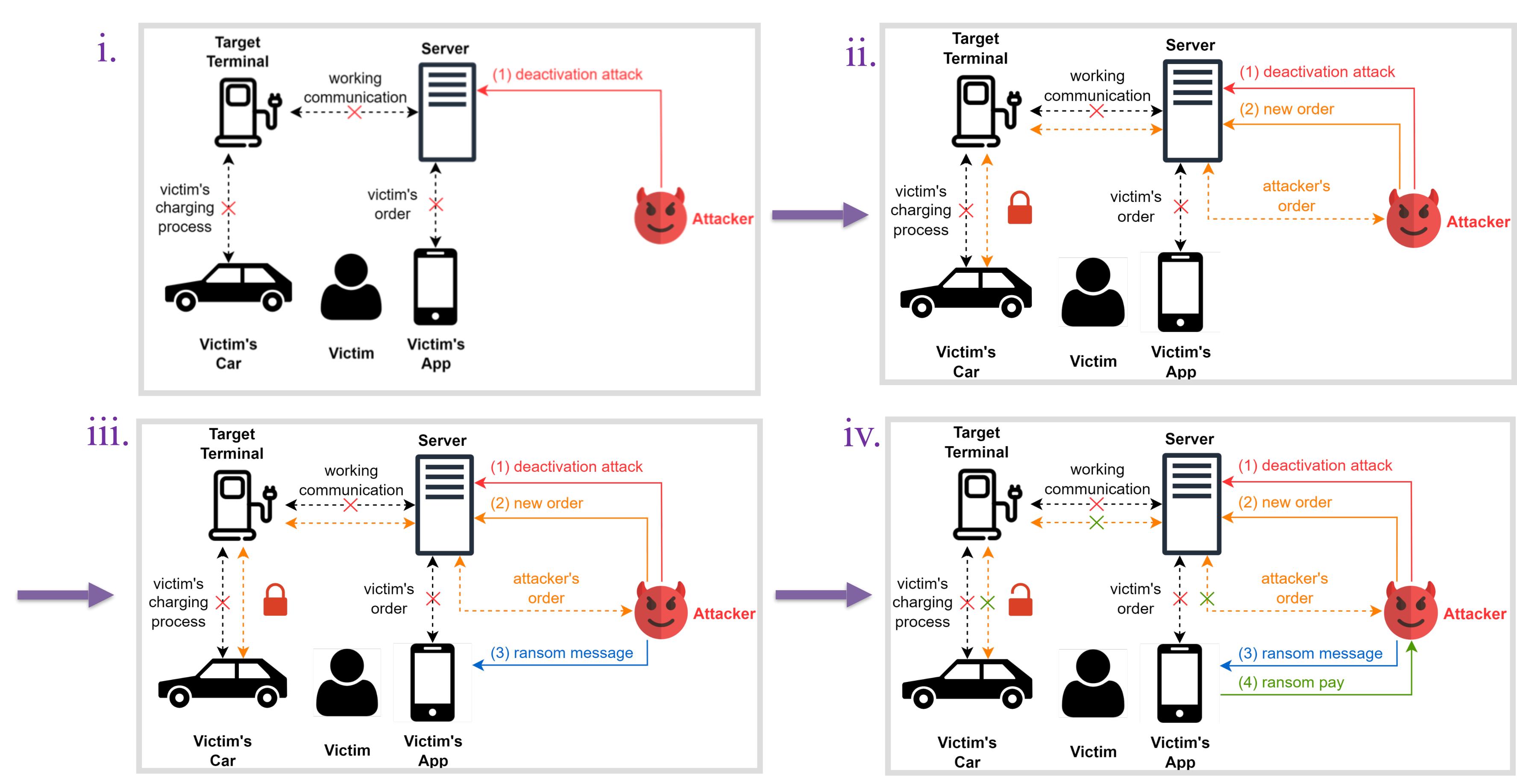
- ♦ Initially, **message format** and **vulnerabilities** through reverse **MCU firmware**.
- ♦ Charging connector is **locked** on the port during charging period.
- ♦ A safe charging process doesn't allow vehicles to disconnect connector while charging or **damage** the charging pile.
- ♦ Experiments in China & public 3rd party Charging piles with GB/T AC Connector



## Regular CPRA Method

Here demonstrates the regular Charging Pile Ransom Attack process:  
Firstly, EV owner starts an order to charge his car.  
Then, the attack begins.

- i. Deactivation attack
- ii. spoof the charging process to attacker's order
- iii. send ransom message
- iv. Ransom is paid & release the car



## Experiments Results

	Ransom Successfully (EV models)
Regular	Volkswagen ID.4
With plugin	Tesla model S & ROEWE rx 5

### Vulnerable Brands (Charging Pile)

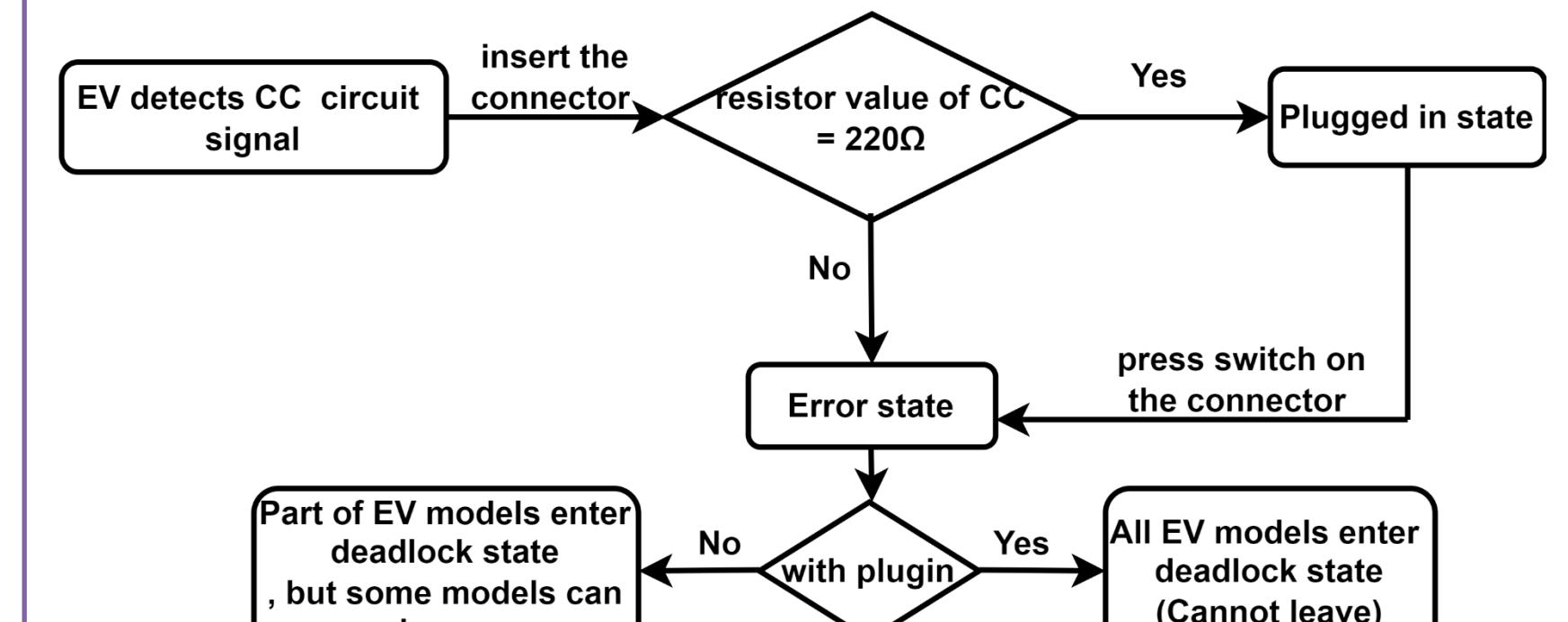
#### TELD & Starcharge

Ransom paid and messages received, after pressing open switch twice on the key, indicator light turns white, car is free to go.



## Physical Plugin

- Some EV models detect Charging Confirmation(CC) signal.
- Spoof CC signal & fix the impedance of this path ( $220\Omega$  resistor)



SFC of the physical plugin

## Acknowledgements

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Detailed information are available: <https://github.com/Moriartysherry/ransom>



## Reference:

- [1] M. Wolf, R. Lambert, T. Enderle, and A. Schmidt, "Wanna drive? feasible attack paths and effective protection against ransomware in modern vehicles," in Proc. ESCAR Europe, 2017.