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时间	状态	作者	内容	版本	备注
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SpringBoot整合CXF

WebService技术实现

- jdk自带的JAX-WS
- Apache Axis1
- Apache Axis2
- Apache CXF

Springboot官网: https://spring.io/projects/spring-boot

CXF官网: http://cxf.apache.org/

官网文档: http://cxf.apache.org/docs/index.html

1. 服务提供(服务方)

1. pom.xml中引入cxf依赖

```
<!--WebService CXF依赖 begin-->
      <dependency>
         <groupId>org.apache.cxf
         <artifactId>cxf-spring-boot-starter-jaxws</artifactId>
          <version>3.5.0
      </dependency>
      <dependency>
         <groupId>org.apache.cxf
         <artifactId>cxf-rt-frontend-jaxws</artifactId>
         <version>3.5.0</version>
      </dependency>
      <dependency>
         <groupId>org.apache.cxf
         <artifactId>cxf-rt-transports-http</artifactId>
         <version>3.5.0
      </dependency>
      <!--WebService CXF依赖 end-->
```

完整的pom.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
        xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0
https://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
   <modelversion>4.0.0</modelversion>
   <parent>
       <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
       <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-parent</artifactId>
       <version>2.6.3
       <relativePath/> <!-- lookup parent from repository -->
   </parent>
    <groupId>com.yuan
   <artifactId>yuan-demo</artifactId>
   <version>1.0.0
   <name>yuan-boot-cxf</name>
   <description>Spring Boot Integrate Apache CXF</description>
   cproperties>
       <java.version>1.8</java.version>
   </properties>
    <dependencies>
       <!--WebService CXF依赖 begin-->
       <dependency>
```

```
<groupId>org.apache.cxf
       <artifactId>cxf-spring-boot-starter-jaxws</artifactId>
       <version>3.5.0
    </dependency>
   <dependency>
       <groupId>org.apache.cxf
       <artifactId>cxf-rt-frontend-jaxws</artifactId>
       <version>3.5.0
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
       <groupId>org.apache.cxf
       <artifactId>cxf-rt-transports-http</artifactId>
        <version>3.5.0
    </dependency>
   <!--WebService CXF依赖 end-->
    <dependency>
       <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-thymeleaf</artifactId>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
       <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
       <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
       <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
       <artifactId>spring-boot-devtools</artifactId>
       <scope>runtime</scope>
       <optional>true</optional>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
       <groupId>mysql</groupId>
       <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
       <scope>runtime</scope>
   </dependency>
    <dependency>
       <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
       <artifactId>spring-boot-configuration-processor</artifactId>
       <optional>true</optional>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
       <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
       <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
       <optional>true</optional>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
       <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
       <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-test</artifactId>
       <scope>test</scope>
    </dependency>
</dependencies>
<build>
   <plugins>
       <plugin>
           <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
```

2. yaml配置

```
server:
    port: 8101
spring:
    application:
    name: yuan-boot-cxf
#遇到相同类名覆盖注册
main:
    allow-bean-definition-overriding: true
# 集成cxf,默认: cxf.path=/services
cxf:
    path: /ws
```

3. 编写接口及实现类

3.1 编写接口

```
package com.yuan.cxf.serivce;

/**

* description: HelloService接口

*

* @author:jinshengyuan

* @date: 2022-1-28

*/

public interface HelloService {
    String sayHello(String name);
}
```

3.2 接口的实现类

```
package com.yuan.cxf.serivce.impl;
import com.yuan.cxf.serivce.HelloService;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import javax.jws.WebMethod;
```

```
import javax.jws.WebParam;
import javax.jws.WebResult;
import javax.jws.WebService;
* description: HelloService的实现
* @author:jinshengyuan
* @date: 2022-1-28
@webservice
@service
public class HelloServiceImpl implements HelloService {
    * description: sayHello方法
    * @param name 姓名
    * @return String
    * @author:jinshengyuan
    * @date: 2022-1-28
    */
   @webMethod
   @webResult(name = "resultName")
   @override
    public String sayHello(@webParam(name = "name") String name) {
       return "Hello ," + name;
   }
}
```

4. CXF配置及服务发布

1. 使用JDK自带的 JAX-WS 发布WebService服务

1. WSPublish.java

```
import serivce.impl.HelloServiceImpl;

import javax.xml.ws.Endpoint;
/**

* description: JAX-WS发布WebService

*

* @author:jinshengyuan

* @date: 2022-1-28

*/
public class WSPublish {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String address = "http://localhost:8888/ws";
        Endpoint.publish(address,new HelloServiceImpl());
        System.out.println("服务已发布");
    }
}
```

2. 打开浏览器输入 http://localhost:8888/ws?wsdl 如下:

2. 使用CXF发布WEbService服务

CxfConfig.java

```
package com.yuan.cxf.config;
import com.yuan.cxf.serivce.impl.HelloServiceImpl;
import org.apache.cxf.Bus;
import org.apache.cxf.jaxws.EndpointImpl;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import javax.xml.ws.Endpoint;
/**
* description: CXF服务发布配置
* @author:jinshengyuan
* @date: 2022-1-28
@Configuration
public class CxfConfig {
   @Autowired
   private Bus bus;
   @Autowired
    private HelloServiceImpl helloService;
    /**
    * description: 发布服务
    * @return Endpoint
    * @author:jinshengyuan
    * @date: 2022-1-28
    */
    public Endpoint helloServer() {
```

```
EndpointImpl endpoint = new EndpointImpl(bus, helloService);
endpoint.publish("/hello");
return endpoint;
}
```

5. 打开浏览器访问

访问地址: http://localhost:8101/ws/hello?wsdl

```
▼ ordidefinitions unlassed http://www.decg/2001/ME.Schema' mains under http://schema.miscop.org/well/salas-under http://schema.miscop.org/well/solas-unlass-under http://schema.miscop.org/well/solas-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass-unlass
```

6. 动态发布多个WS服务

业务场景: 当要集成多方的WebService接口时,每次都要单独注册一个类似下面的Bean来发布WS接口,如果多了非常繁琐及代码冗余

```
@Bean
public Endpoint helloServer() {
EndpointImpl endpoint = new EndpointImpl(bus, helloService);
endpoint.publish("/hello");
repackage com.yuan.cxf.config;
import com.yuan.cxf.service.impl.DeptInfoWSServiceImpl;
import com.yuan.cxf.service.impl.HelloServiceImpl;
import com.yuan.cxf.service.impl.UserInfoWSServiceImpl;
import org.apache.cxf.Bus;
import org.apache.cxf.jaxws.EndpointImpl;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import javax.xml.ws.Endpoint;
@Configuration
public class CxfConfig {
@Autowired
private Bus bus;
```

```
@Autowired
 private HelloServiceImpl helloService;
 @Autowired
 private UserInfoWSServiceImpl userInfoWSService;
 @Autowired
 private DeptInfowSServiceImpl deptInfowSService;
 @Rean
 public Endpoint helloServer(){
     EndpointImpl endpoint = new EndpointImpl(bus,helloService);
     endpoint.publish("/hello");
     return endpoint;
 }
 @Bean
 public Endpoint userInfo(){
     EndpointImpl endpoint = new EndpointImpl(bus,userInfowSService);
     endpoint.publish("/userInfo");
     return endpoint;
}
@Bean
 public Endpoint deptInfo(){
     EndpointImpl endpoint = new EndpointImpl(bus,deptInfowSService);
     endpoint.publish("/deptInfo");
     return endpoint;
}
}
turn endpoint;
```

1. 实现方式

ApplicationRunner 或 CommandLineRunner 使用场景:在Springboot容器启动完毕后要执行一些特定的业务代码,如读取Redis缓存数据、特定的配置文件、数据库等等相关数据

- 可以同时配置多个 ApplicationRunner 或 CommandLineRunner ,如果配置了多个则启动的优 先级可以通过 @order(1) 来指定,值越小优先级越高
- ApplicationRunner 中的run方法接收一个 ApplicationArguments 类型的参数 run(ApplicationArguments args),如:当把应用打成一个jar包运行的时候,后面跟着的命令行参数可以通过ApplicationArguments拿到
- CommandLineRunner 中的run方法接收一个String类型的可变参数列表 run(String... args)
- 1. 自定义动态发布接口的注解
- 2. 在业务类中标注自定义动态发布WebService接口的注解
- 3. 使用Springboot提供的 ApplicationRunner 或 CommandLineRunner 接口来实现当容器启动完毕后动态发布多个webService接口

2. 编码

1. 自定义动态发布WS的注解

AutoPublishWS.java

```
package com.yuan.cxf.annotation;
import java.lang.annotation.ElementType;
import java.lang.annotation.Retention;
import java.lang.annotation.RetentionPolicy;
import java.lang.annotation.Target;
/**
* description: 动态发布WebService的自定义注解
* @author:jinshengyuan
* @date: 2022-1-29
*/
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
@Target({ElementType.TYPE})
public @interface AutoPublishWS {
   /**
    * description: 定义WebService的发布路径属性
    * @return String
    * @author:jinshengyuan
    * @date: 2022-1-29
    */
   String publishPath();
}
```

- 2. 在业务接口的实现类上标注动态发布WS的自定义注解
- 3. 定义自动发布WS的配置类

AutoPublishWSEndpoint.java

```
package com.yuan.cxf.config;
import com.yuan.cxf.annotation.AutoPublishWS;
import lombok.extern.slf4j.Slf4j;
import org.apache.cxf.Bus;
import org.apache.cxf.jaxws.EndpointImpl;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;
import org.springframework.boot.ApplicationArguments;
import org.springframework.boot.ApplicationRunner;
import org.springframework.core.annotation.Order;
import org.springframework.core.env.Environment;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
import org.springframework.web.context.WebApplicationContext;
import java.net.InetAddress;
import java.net.UnknownHostException;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
```

```
* description: 自动发布
* @author:jinshengyuan
* @date: 2022-1-29
*/
@s1f4j
@Component
@order(1)
public class AutoPublishWSEndpoint implements ApplicationRunner {
    //取出WS的根路径
   @value("${cxf.path}")
   public String cxfPath;
   //取出AppName
   @Value("${spring.application.name}")
    public String appName;
   //注入CXF Bus
   @Autowired
   private Bus bus;
    //注入Spring Web中Servlet上下文Web容器
   @Autowired
    private WebApplicationContext webApplicationContext;
   @override
    public void run(ApplicationArguments args) throws Exception {
       log.info("AutoPublishWSEndpoint===发布开始");
       //根据注解获取beanNames
       String[] beanNames =
webApplicationContext.getBeanNamesForAnnotation(AutoPublishWS.class);
       EndpointImpl endpoint;
       List<String> cxfPathList = new ArrayList<>();
       for (String beanName : beanNames) {
            //根据beanName获取属性名
            String publishPath =
webApplicationContext.getType(beanName).getAnnotation(AutoPublishWS.class).publi
shPath();
            //发布WebService接口
            endpoint = new EndpointImpl(bus,
webApplicationContext.getBean(beanName));
            endpoint.publish(publishPath);
            cxfPathList.add(publishPath);
            log.info(String.format("%s", publishPath));
       }
       log.info("AutoPublishWSEndpoint===发布结束");
       Environment environment = webApplicationContext.getEnvironment();
       address(environment, cxfPathList);
   }
    * description: 打印访问路径
    * @param environment 运行环境
    * @param cxfPathList 发布的WS路径
    * @return String
     * @author:jinshengyuan
     * @date: 2022-1-29
     */
```

```
public void address(Environment environment, List<String> cxfPathList) {
       try {
           String ip = InetAddress.getLocalHost().getHostAddress();
           String port = environment.getProperty("server.port");
           String path = environment.getProperty("server.servlet.context-
path");
           if (path == null) {
               path = "";
           }
           log.info("\n-----
--\n\t" +
                   "Application " + appName + " is running! Access URLs:\n\t" +
                   "Local: \t\thttp://localhost:" + port + path + "/\n\t" +
                   "External: \thttp://" + ip + ":" + port + path + "/" +
");
           if (cxfPathList.size() > 0) {
               StringBuilder logStr = new StringBuilder();
               logStr.append("\n\twSDL URLS:\n\t");
               String finalPath = path;
               cxfPathList.forEach(s -> {
                   logStr.append("\t\thttp://localhost:" + port + finalPath +
cxfPath + "/" + s + "?wsdl\n\t");
                  logStr.append("\t\thttp://" + ip + ":" + port + finalPath +
cxfPath + "/" + s + "?wsdl\n\t");
               log.info(logStr.toString());
       } catch (UnknownHostException e) {
           e.printStackTrace();
       }
   }
}
```

2. 服务消费(客户端)

WSDL文档

- 直接通过http请求获取wsdl文档
- 将请求后的wsdl另存为本地文件

```
wsimport -keep -encoding utf-8 -verbose http://localhost:8101/ws/hello?wsdl
wsimport -p com.test -keep -encoding utf-8 -verbose
http://localhost:8101/ws/autoUserInfo?wsdl
```

1.生成代码调用(jdk)

- 1. wsimport命令使用
- 2. 解析WSDL文档

```
wsdl2java -keep -encoding utf-8 -verbose http://localhost:8101/ws/hello?wsdl
wsdl2java -p com.test -keep -encoding utf-8 -verbose
http://localhost:8101/ws/autoDeptInfo?wsdl
```

2. 生成代码调用(cxf)

- 1. 下载cxf二进制包
- 2. 快速下载地址: https://www.apache.org/dyn/closer.lua/cxf/3.5.0/apache-cxf-3.5.0.zip
- 3. wsdl2java命令使用
- 4. 生成java代码解析WSDL文档

3. CXF动态调用WS服务(不生成Java代码)

注意:仅限第三方用java语言发布的WebService接口动态调用,不支持用.net发布的WebService接口

1. 添加frontend调用依赖

4. 生成代码调用WS常见问题分析

注意:不管是JDK自带的wsmport命令还是cxf的wsdl2java生成非java语言(如.net) 开发的WebService接口调用代码时,都会出现解析组件's:schema'时出错。的错误,比如以生成接口http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl代码为例

- 1. wsimport命令生成代码时提示错误: 无法将名称 's:schema' 解析为 'element declaration' 组件。
- 2. cxf的wsdl2java命令生成代码时提示错误: undefined element declaration 's:schema'

1. jdk生成WS调用代码时错误

```
wsimport -keep -verbose -encoding utf-8 WeatherWebService.wsdl

wsimport -keep -verbose -encoding utf-8
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl
```

1. 生成源代码问题: 无法将名称 's:schema' 解析为 'element declaration' 组件。

```
I:\yuan-boot-integrate\yuan-ws-jdk\src\main\java>wsimport -keep -verbose - encoding utf-8 http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl 正在解析 WSDL...
```

```
[WARNING] src-resolve.4.2:解析组件 's:schema' 时出错。在该组件中检测到 's:schema' 位于
名称空间 'http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema' 中, 但无法从方案文档
'http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/We
atherWebService.asmx?wsdl#types?schema1'引用此名称空间的组件。如果这是不正确的名称空间,
则很可能需要更改 's:schema' 的前缀。如果这是正确的名称空间, 则应将适当的 'import' 标记添加到
'http://ww
w.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl#types?schema1'。
  http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl#types?schema1
的第 44 行
[WARNING] src-resolve: 无法将名称 's:schema' 解析为 'element declaration' 组件。
  http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl#types?schema1
的第 44 行
[ERROR] undefined element declaration 's:schema'
  http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl的第 44 行
[ERROR] undefined element declaration 's:schema'
  http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl的第 85 行
Exception in thread "main" com.sun.tools.internal.ws.wscompile.AbortException
com.sun.tools.internal.ws.processor.modeler.wsdl.JAXBModelBuilder.bind(JAXBModel
Builder.java:129)
       at
com.sun.tools.internal.ws.processor.modeler.wsdl.WSDLModeler.buildJAXBModel(WSDL
Modeler.java:2283)
com.sun.tools.internal.ws.processor.modeler.wsdl.WSDLModeler.internalBuildModel(
WSDLModeler.java:183)
com.sun.tools.internal.ws.processor.modeler.wsdl.WSDLModeler.buildModel(WSDLMode
ler.java:126)
com.sun.tools.internal.ws.wscompile.WsimportTool.buildWsdlModel(WsimportTool.jav
a:429)
       at
com.sun.tools.internal.ws.wscompile.WsimportTool.run(WsimportTool.java:190)
com.sun.tools.internal.ws.wscompile.WsimportTool.run(WsimportTool.java:168)
       at sun.reflect.NativeMethodAccessorImpl.invoke0(Native Method)
sun.reflect.NativeMethodAccessorImpl.invoke(NativeMethodAccessorImpl.java:62)
sun.reflect.DelegatingMethodAccessorImpl.invoke(DelegatingMethodAccessorImpl.jav
a:43)
       at java.lang.reflect.Method.invoke(Method.java:498)
       at com.sun.tools.internal.ws.Invoker.invoke(Invoker.java:159)
       at com.sun.tools.internal.ws.WsImport.main(WsImport.java:42)
```

2. CXF生成WS调用代码时错误

```
wsdl2java -keep -verbose -encoding utf-8
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl
wsdl2java -keep -verbose -encoding utf-8 WeatherWebService.wsdl
```

1. 生成源代码的问题: undefined element declaration 's:schema'

```
I:\yuan-boot-integrate\yuan-ws-jdk\src\main\java>wsdl2java -keep -verbose -
encoding utf-8 http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl
Loading FrontEnd jaxws ...
Loading DataBinding jaxb ...
wsdl2java -keep -verbose -encoding utf-8
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl
wsdl2java - Apache CXF 3.5.0
二月 02, 2022 10:04:35 上午 org.apache.cxf.wsdl11.WSDLServiceBuilder
信息: Operation {http://webXml.com.cn/}getSupportCity cannot be unwrapped, input
message must reference global element declaration with same localname as
operation
. . . . .
WSDLToJava Error: http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?
wsdl [44,19]: undefined element declaration 's:schema'
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl [85,13]:
undefined element declaration 's:schema'
org.apache.cxf.tools.common.ToolException:
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl [44,19]:
undefined element declaration 's:schema'
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl [85,13]:
undefined element declaration 's:schema'
org.apache.cxf.tools.common.ToolErrorListener.throwToolException(ToolErrorListen
er.java:87)
org.apache.cxf.tools.wsdlto.WSDLToJavaContainer.execute(WSDLToJavaContainer.java
:158)
org.apache.cxf.tools.wsdlto.WSDLToJavaContainer.execute(WSDLToJavaContainer.java
:402)
        at
org.apache.cxf.tools.common.toolspec.ToolRunner.runTool(ToolRunner.java:105)
        at org.apache.cxf.tools.wsdlto.WSDLToJava.run(WSDLToJava.java:113)
        at org.apache.cxf.tools.wsdlto.WSDLToJava.run(WSDLToJava.java:86)
        at org.apache.cxf.tools.wsdlto.WSDLToJava.main(WSDLToJava.java:184)
        Suppressed: org.apache.cxf.tools.common.ToolException:
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl [44,19]:
undefined element declaration 's:schema'
                ... 7 more
        Caused by: org.xml.sax.SAXParseExceptionpublicId:
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl; systemId:
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asm
x?wsdl; lineNumber: 44; columnNumber: 19; undefined element declaration
's:schema'
```

```
at
com.sun.xml.xsom.impl.parser.ParserContext$1.reportError(ParserContext.java:150)
com.sun.xml.xsom.impl.parser.NGCCRuntimeEx.reportError(NGCCRuntimeEx.java:149)
com.sun.xml.xsom.impl.parser.DelayedRef.resolve(DelayedRef.java:80)
com.sun.xml.xsom.impl.parser.DelayedRef.run(DelayedRef.java:55)
com.sun.xml.xsom.impl.parser.ParserContext.getResult(ParserContext.java:105)
com.sun.xml.xsom.parser.XSOMParser.getResult(XSOMParser.java:184)
com.sun.tools.xjc.ModelLoader.createXSOM(ModelLoader.java:479)
com.sun.tools.xjc.api.impl.s2j.SchemaCompilerImpl.bind(SchemaCompilerImpl.java:2
40)
com.sun.tools.xjc.api.impl.s2j.SchemaCompilerImpl.bind(SchemaCompilerImpl.java:6
7)
                at
org.apache.cxf.tools.wsdlto.databinding.jaxb.JAXBDataBinding.initialize(JAXBData
Binding.java:445)
org.apache.cxf.tools.wsdlto.WSDLToJavaContainer.generateTypes(WSDLToJavaContaine
r. java:711)
org.apache.cxf.tools.wsdlto.WSDLToJavaContainer.processWsdl(WSDLToJavaContainer.
java:259)
org.apache.cxf.tools.wsdlto.WSDLToJavaContainer.execute(WSDLToJavaContainer.java
:156)
                ... 5 more
        Suppressed: org.apache.cxf.tools.common.ToolException:
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl [85,13]:
undefined element declaration 's:schema'
                ... 7 more
        Caused by: org.xml.sax.SAXParseExceptionpublicId:
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asmx?wsdl; systemId:
http://www.webxml.com.cn/WebServices/WeatherWebService.asm
x?wsdl; lineNumber: 85; columnNumber: 13; undefined element declaration
's:schema'
com.sun.xml.xsom.impl.parser.ParserContext$1.reportError(ParserContext.java:150)
                at
com.sun.xml.xsom.impl.parser.NGCCRuntimeEx.reportError(NGCCRuntimeEx.java:149)
com.sun.xml.xsom.impl.parser.DelayedRef.resolve(DelayedRef.java:80)
com.sun.xml.xsom.impl.parser.DelayedRef.run(DelayedRef.java:55)
com.sun.xml.xsom.impl.parser.ParserContext.getResult(ParserContext.java:105)
com.sun.xml.xsom.parser.XSOMParser.getResult(XSOMParser.java:184)
com.sun.tools.xjc.ModelLoader.createXSOM(ModelLoader.java:479)
```

3. 原因分析

不管是wsimport还是wsdl2java解析WSDL文档是,都是通过 JAXB 将xml文件转换到java类的,而.net发布的wsdl文档里面的复合类型中会包含 <s:element ref="s:schema" /><s:any /> 的元素,而JAXB似乎不支持ref这种引用类型的属性,所以会导致生成文档是出现错误

4. 解决方法

以获取天气预报的免费WebService接口

http://www.webxml.com.cn/webServices/weatherwebService.asmx?wsdl 为例

- 1. 先访问上面接口,并在浏览器中另存为本地xml文件 weatherwebService.xml
- 2. 打开 WeatherWebService.xml 文件,查找所有的 <s:element ref="s:schema" /><s:any /> 并替换为 <s:any minOccurs="2" maxOccurs="2"/>, 一般都会查找到两处
- 3. 将 WeatherWebService.xml 重命名为 WeatherWebService.wsdl
- 4. 将 WeatherWebService.wsdl 拷贝到指定的位置,如 D:\WeatherWebService.wsdl
- 5. 生成java代码

```
wsimport -keep -verbose -encoding utf-8 D:\WeatherWebService.wsdl
# 或
wsdl2java -keep -verbose -encoding utf-8 D:\WeatherWebService.wsdl
```

6. 生成java代码后,将 weatherwebService.java 中的 file:weatherwebService.wsdl 替换为 http://www.webxml.com.cn/webServices/weatherwebService.asmx?wsdl,如下图

7. 编写服务调用代码

```
package net;
import cn.com.webxml.ArrayOfString;
import cn.com.webxml.WeatherWebService;
import cn.com.webxml.WeatherWebServiceSoap;
import java.util.List;
public class MyDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        WeatherWebService weatherWebService = new WeatherWebService();
        WeatherWebServiceSoap weatherWebServiceSoap =
weatherWebService.getWeatherWebServiceSoap();
        //调用getSupportProvince方法
        ArrayOfString supportProvince =
weatherWebServiceSoap.getSupportProvince();
        //获取数据并打印
        List<String> provinceList = supportProvince.getString();
        System.out.println(provinceList.toString());
        provinceList.forEach(s-> System.out.println(s));
   }
}
```

执行结果如下:

```
| Special content of the content of
```

4. 接口与接口的实现类中标注javax.jws注解 的区别

1. 接口上标注jws注解

1. 接口类

在接口及接口方法上标注@WebService、@WebMethod、@WebResult等注解

• HelloService.java

```
package com.yuan.cxf.serivce;

import javax.jws.WebMethod;
import javax.jws.WebParam;
import javax.jws.WebResult;
import javax.jws.WebService;

/**
    * description:
    *
    * @author:jinshengyuan
    * @date: 2022-1-28
```

```
*/
@webService
public interface HelloService {

    /**
    * description:
    *
    * @param name 用户名
    * @return
    * @author:jinshengyuan
    * @date: 2022-1-28
    * @since v1.0.0
    */
    @webMethod
    @webResult(name = "resultName")
    String sayHello(@webParam(name = "name") String name);
}
```

2. 接口的实现类

• HelloServiceImpl.java

```
package com.yuan.cxf.serivce.impl;
import com.yuan.cxf.serivce.HelloService;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import javax.jws.WebParam;
/**
* description: HelloService的实现
* @author:jinshengyuan
* @date: 2022-1-28
*/
@service
public class HelloServiceImpl implements HelloService {
    * description: sayHello方法
    * @param name 姓名
    * @return String
    * @author:jinshengyuan
    * @date: 2022-1-28
    */
   @override
   public String sayHello(@webParam(name = "name") String name) {
       System.out.println("服务被调用了ss," + System.currentTimeMillis());
       return "Hello ," + name;
   }
}
```

3. 发布后访问效果

访问地址: http://localhost:8101/ws/hello?wsdl

1. 访问后如下图



2. 再次访问 location中的地址 http://localhost:8101/ws/hello?wsdl=HelloService.wsdl ,如下图

```
This XML file does not appear to have any style information associated with it. The document tree is shown below.
▼ <wsdl:definitions xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:nsl="http://serivce.cxf.yuan.com/
    ▼ \wsd1:types >

▼ \scince \s
                      </xs:complexType>
                  ▼<xs:complexType name="sayHelloResponse">
                      ▼ (xs:sequence)
                                 <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="resultName" type="xs:string"/>
                      </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
                </ri>
    </wsdl:types>

v<wsdl:message name="sayHello">
                <wsdl:part element="nsl:sayHello" name="parameters"> </wsdl:part>
         (/wsdl:message)
     w<ad:.message name="sayHelloResponse">
<wsdl:part element="nsl:sayHelloResponse" name="parameters"> </wsdl:part>
          </wsdl:message>
          \wsd1:message\

(wsd1:portType name="HelloService"\)

w(wsd1:operation name="sayHello"\)

(wsd1:input message="ns1:sayHello" name="sayHello"\)

(wsd1:output message="ns1:sayHelloResponse" name="sayHelloResponse"\)

(/wsd1:operation\)

(/wsd1:operation\)

(/wsd1:operation\)
```

2. 接口的实现类标jws注解

1. 接口

HelloService.java中未标注jws的相关注解

```
package com.yuan.ws.service;

/**
   * description: Helloservice接口
   *
   * @author:jinshengyuan
   * @date: 2022-1-28
   */
```

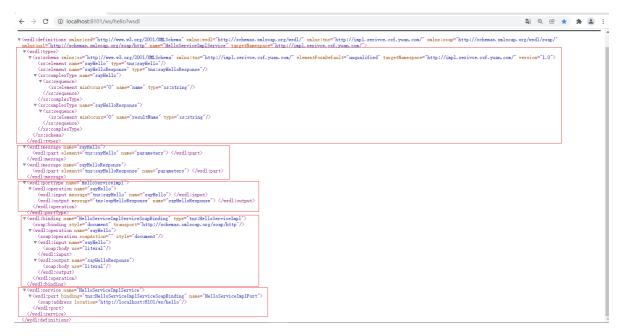
```
public interface Helloservice {
    /**
    * description:
    *
    * @param name 用户名
    * @return
    * @author:jinshengyuan
    * @date: 2022-1-28
    * @since v1.0.0
    */
    String sayHello(String name);
}
```

2. 接口的实现类

```
package com.yuan.ws.service.impl;
import com.yuan.ws.service.HelloService;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import javax.jws.WebMethod;
import javax.jws.WebParam;
import javax.jws.WebResult;
import javax.jws.WebService;
/**
* description: HelloService的实现
 * @author:jinshengyuan
* @date: 2022-1-28
 */
@webservice
@service
public class HelloServiceImpl implements HelloService {
    @webMethod
    @webResult(name = "resultName")
    public String sayHello(@webParam(name = "name") String name) {
        return "hello," + name;
    }
}
```

3. 发布后访问效果

访问地址: http://localhost:8101/ws/hello?wsdl



3. 接口及接口实现类上都标注jws注解

结论:以接口标注的注解为主,即有两层wsdl地址,与1.接口上标注jws注解显示效一致

4. 结论

- 1. 如果jws注解标注在接口上,则会出现两层wsdl文档
- 2. 如果jws注解标注在接口的实现类上,则只有一层wsdl文档
- 3. 如果接口及接口的实现类中都标注的jws注解,则以接口上标注的为主,也即会出现两层wsdl地址
- 4. 建议还是将jws注解标注在接口的实现类上,这样一次性看全所有的wsdl文档