



Institución Educativa Privada  
"NUEVO PITÁGORAS"

# SIMPLE PRESENT

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3rd Secondary

# USE

- for habits or actions that happen regularly.

**Example:** He always listens to music.



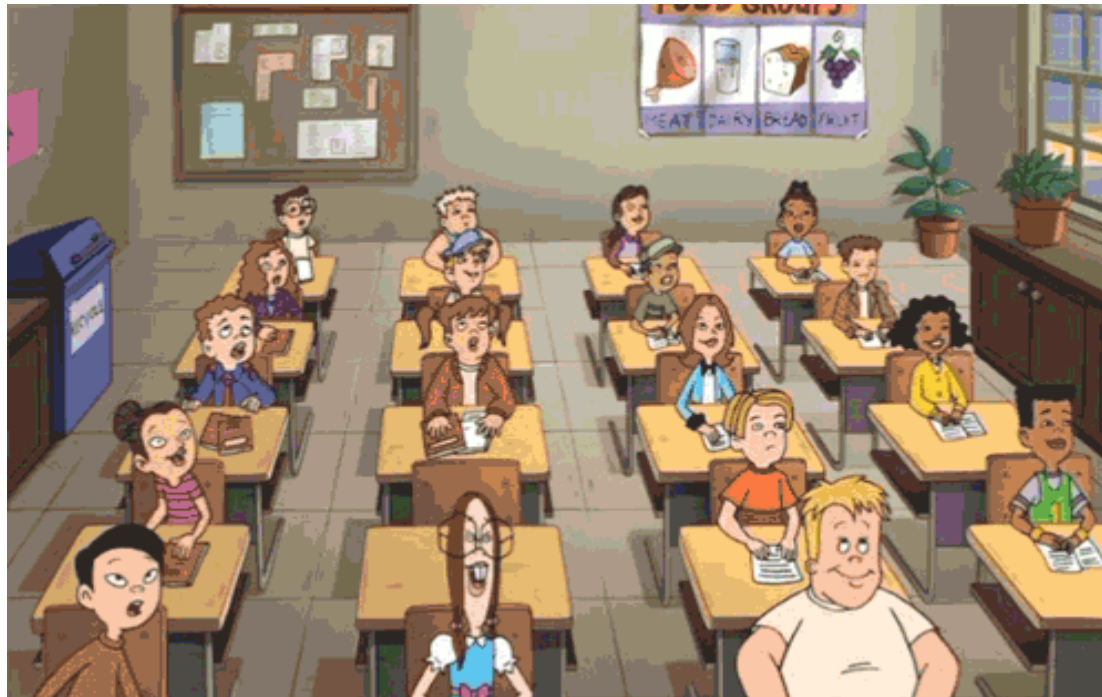
- for permanent states.

**Example:** I live in Rimac.



- for an action that takes place according to a schedule.

**Example:** The class finishes at 6 o'clock.



# STRUCTURE

AFFIRMATIVE		
I / You / We / They	walk	
He / She / It	walks	



SUBJECT



VERB



COMPLEMENT



I (yo)      He (él)  
You (tú)    She (ella)  
We (nosotros) It (eso)  
They (ellos)

# RULES

## ► THIRD PERSON (He / She / It)

Rules	Examples
Most verbs take <b>-s</b> in the third person singular.	work – works
Verbs ending in <b>-ss, -sh, -ch, -x</b> and <b>-o</b> take <b>-es</b> .	kiss – kisses, wash – washes, watch – watches, fix- fixes
Verbs ending in a consonant + <b>y</b> , drop the <b>y</b> and take <b>-ies</b> .	study – studies
Verbs ending in a vowel + <b>y</b> , take <b>-s</b> .	play – plays

# EXERCISE

► Write these verbs in third person

- do →
- watch →
- meet →
- copy →
- speak →
- kiss →
- fix →
- say →
- dance →
- go →



► Put the verbs into the correct form.

- a) I (to like) \_\_\_\_\_ lemonade very much.
- b) The girls always (to listen) \_\_\_\_\_ to pop music.
- a) Janet never (to wear) \_\_\_\_\_ jeans.
- b) Mr Smith (to teach) \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish and French.
- c) You (to do) \_\_\_\_\_ your homework after school.