

# Supplementary Materials

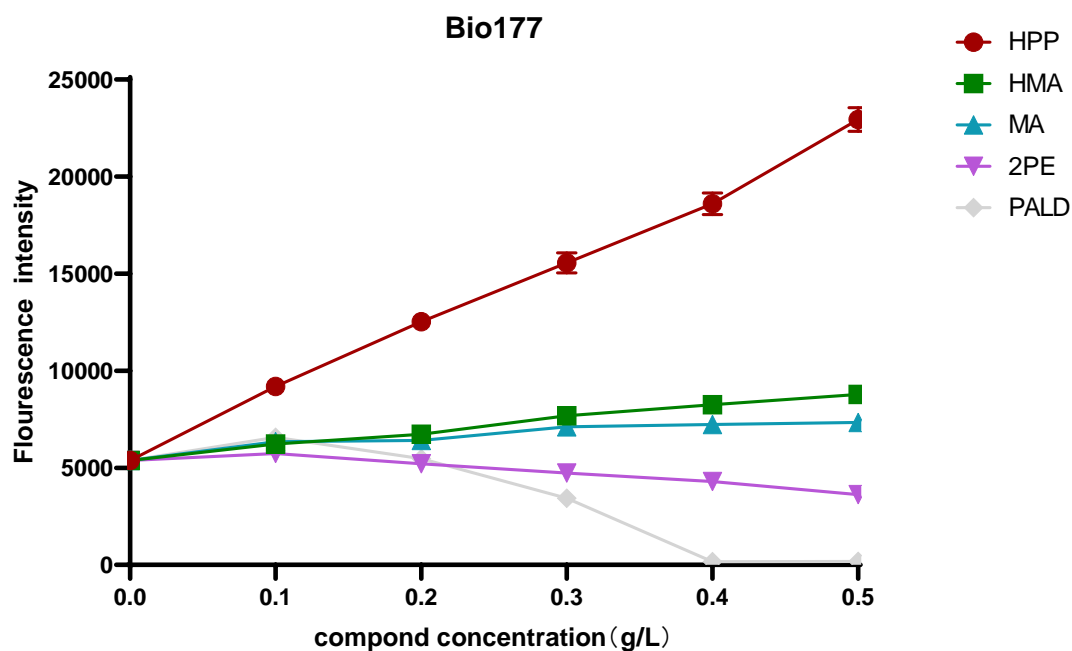
**Supplementary Table 1.** Strains and plasmids used in this study.

Strains and plasmids	Description	Sources
<b>Strains</b>		
<i>E. coli</i> DH5 $\alpha$	F <sup>-</sup> $\Delta$ lacU169( $\Phi$ 80 lacZ $\Delta$ M15) hsdR17 recA1 endA1 supE44 gyrA96 thi-1 relA1	Invitrogen
BW25113	F <sup>-</sup> , $\lambda$ -, <i>E. coli</i> K-12 strain BD792 (CGSC6159) lacZ	Invitrogen
BW $\Delta$ CD	BW25113 strain knocked out codA	Invitrogen
<b>Plasmids</b>		
gY9s-dual T7-Trnb-HmaS(ScpA1)-Bio 177	Str <sup>R</sup> , CPA1 promoter, Trnb, T7 promoter, HmaS Am, CD enzyme, mCherry, pobA promoter, PobR	This study
pHyo094	Cmr <sup>R</sup> , f1 ori, p15A ori, P <sub>BAD</sub> - UGI	Hyojin, et al. (2020)
PSC101-dCas9(sg-eGFP-1)	Kan <sup>R</sup> , pSC101 ori, Rep 101, lacI, sgRNA1-eGFP, gRNA scaffold, dCas9, tracrRNA	This study
R6K-dCas9(sg-eGFP-1)	Kan <sup>R</sup> , R6K ori, pir, lacI, sgRNA1-eGFP, gRNA scaffold, dCas9, tracrRNA	This study
R6K-dCas9(sg-vec)	Kan <sup>R</sup> , R6K ori, pir, lacI, trc promoter, sgRNA1-eGFP, gRNA scaffold, dCas9, tracrRNA	This study
R6K-dCas9(sg-pykF-1)	Kan <sup>R</sup> , R6K ori, pir, lacI, trc promoter, spacer(pykF), gRNA scaffold, dCas9, tracrRNA	This study
R6K-dCas9(sg-tyrB-2)	Kan <sup>R</sup> , R6K ori, pir, lacI, trc promoter, spacer(tyrB), gRNA scaffold, dCas9, tracrRNA	This study
R6K-dCas9(sg-tyrR-3)	Kan <sup>R</sup> , R6K ori, pir, lacI, trc promoter, spacer(tyrR), gRNA scaffold, dCas9, tracrRNA	This study
R6K-dCas9(sg-pheA-3)	Kan <sup>R</sup> , R6K ori, pir, lacI, trc promoter, spacer(pheA), gRNA scaffold, dCas9, tracrRNA	This study
R6K-dCas9-gRNA-pykF-tyrB-tyrR-pheA	Kan <sup>R</sup> , R6K ori, pir, lacI, trc promoter, spacer(pheA), trc promoter, spacer(tyrR), trc promoter, spacer(tyrB), trc promoter, spacer(pykF), gRNA scaffold, dCas9, tracrRNA	This study

**Supplementary Table 2.** Primers used in this study.

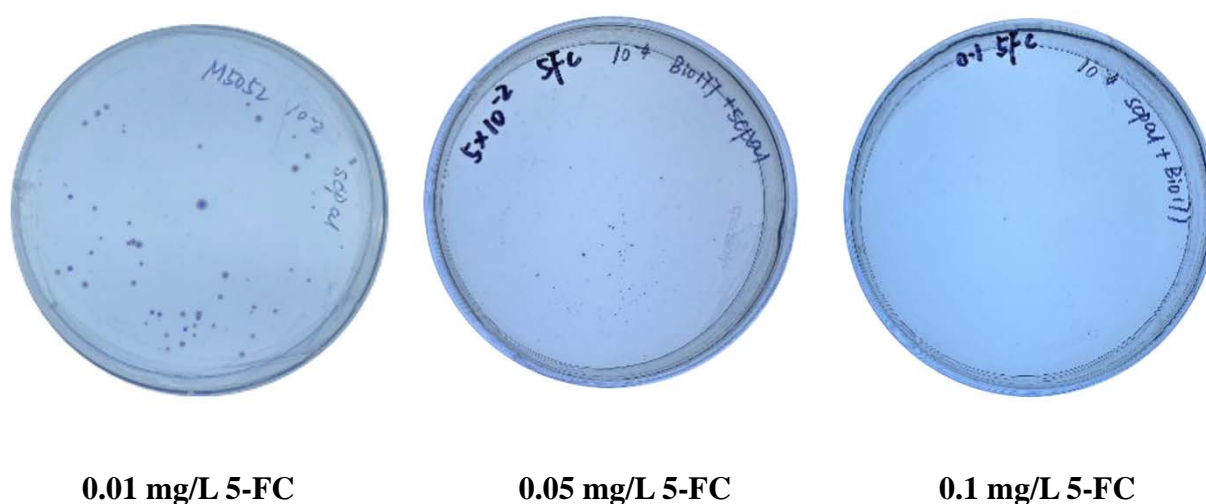
Primers	Sequences
gY9s-dual T7-Trnb-HmaS(Scpa1)-Bio 177 construction	
(1) Bio 177 cloning	
Bio-F=0811	GTGCTGGGTCTCGCCTTTTACCGTTTGTAATCGATGG
Bio-R=0811	AGCGTGGGTCTCTTATATCTCCTTCTTAAAA GATCTTTTGAA
(2) dual T7-HmaS cloning	
AM-gg-F=0709	GTGCTGGGTCTCGGCAATAATACGACTCAC TATAGGATGGCGGCGCAGGCGGG
AM-R=0811	AGCGTGGGTCTCTTAATACGACTCACTATA GGTTAACG
(3) RE-Trnb cloning	
RET-F=0811	GTGCTGGGTCTCGTATAAAGGCCCAGTCTT TCGACTG
RET-R=0811	AGCGTGGGTCTCTTTGCTGCCTGGCGGCA GTAGCG
(4) Trnb cloning	
T-F=0811	GTGCTGGGTCTCGATTATGCCTGGCGGCAG TAGCG
T-R=0811	AGCGTGGGTCTCTAAGGCCCAGTCTTTTCG ACTG
(5) Bio 177-Str construction	
CD-F==0617	GTGCTGGGTCTCGATTCTTACCGTTTGTAATCGATGGC
Str-R=0617	AGCGTGGGTCTCTTGTGTTATTTGCCGACT ACCTTG
(6) HmaS-scpa1 construction	
cpa1-F=0725	GTGCTGGGTCTCGTAATTATCAAAAAGAGT ATTGACATAAAGTC
Hmas-R=0617	AGCGTGGGTCTCTGAATTCCGACATACAGC AGG

## Supplementary Figure 1



**Supplementary Figure 1.** Evaluating the specificity of biosensor Bio177. HPP: 4-hydroxyphenylpyruvate, HMA: 4-hydroxymandelate, MA: Mandelic acid, 2PE: 2-Phenylethanol, PALD: phenylacetaldehyde.

## Supplementary Figure 2



**Supplementary Figure 2.** Comparison of the functionality between the Bio177 plasmid (low activity) and the gY9s-HmaS-Bio177 plasmid (high activity) in bacteria under stress conditions. Both strains were plated on media with 0.01, 0.05 and 0.1 mg/L of 5-FC and clones containing the hmaS gene were selected. A 100% selection efficiency was achieved on the plate with 0.01 mg/L 5-FC medium. The wild-type strain was impaired in 0.05 mg/L 5-FC medium and eliminated in 0.1 mg/L 5-FC medium.

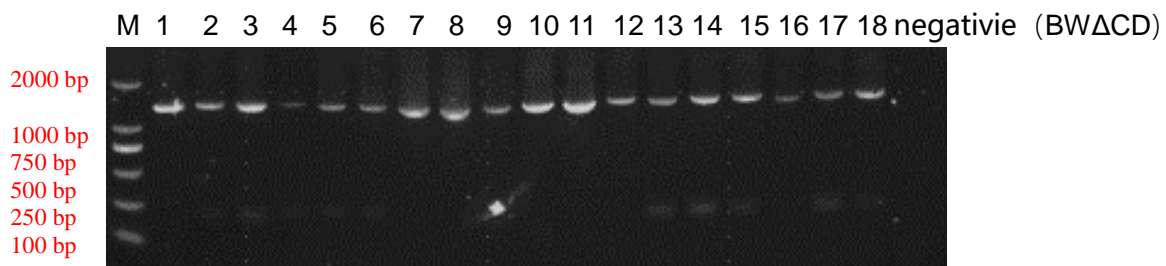
### Supplementary Figure 3



#### gY9s-HmaS<sup>mut</sup>-Bio177 mutant library plates 1, 2, 3

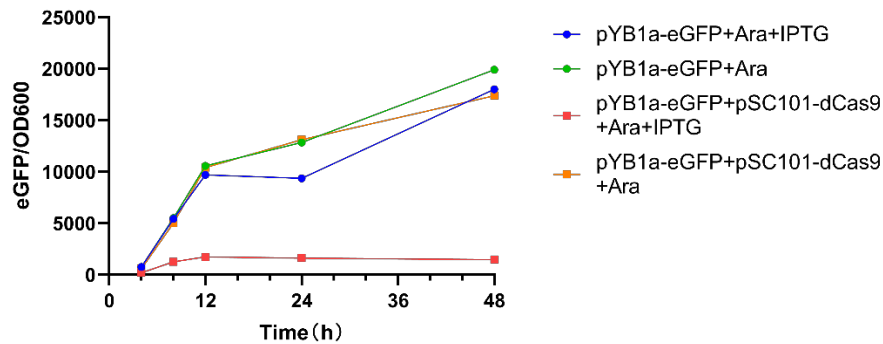
**Supplementary Figure 3.** By using the error-prone PCR with a low-fidelity DNA polymerase and adjusting  $Mn^{2+}$  and  $Mg^{2+}$  concentrations and their ratio, the mutation rate was manipulated. The Golden Gate assembly procedure was optimized to increase the insertion probability of mutated fragments into the vector. A mutant library with  $10^5$  clones was constructed.

### Supplementary Figure 4.



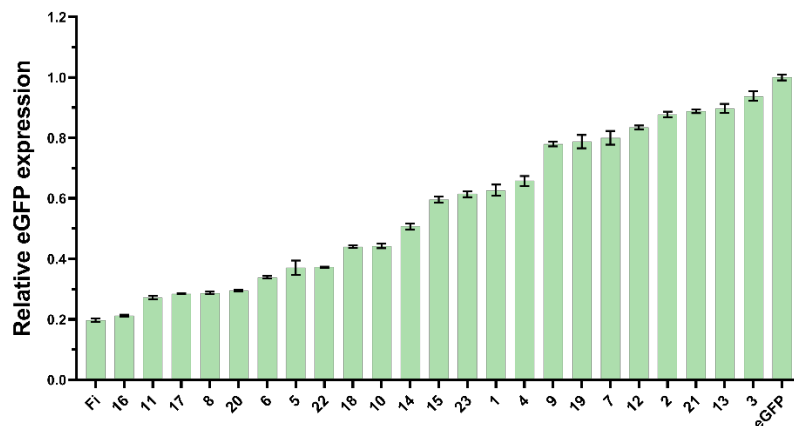
**Supplementary Figure 4.** Colony PCR to screen for plasmids containing HmaS mutants.

## Supplementary Figure 5



**Supplementary Figure 5.** The inhibitory effect of pSC101-dCas9-eGFP plasmid on CRISPRi. IPTG was used to induce sgRNA expression and Ara was used to induce eGFP expression.

## Supplementary Figure 6



**Supplementary Figure 6.** Evaluation of eGFP inhibition by a sgRNA library using the CRISPRi technology. After co-transformation of R6K-dCas9-eGFP mutant library plasmid and pYB1a-eGFP plasmid, 24 colonies were selected for fluorescence characterization and DNA sequencing of the sgRNA 7-8bp spacer. Fi means Fully Interference, transferred to the strain that containing the non-mutated R6K-dCas9-eGFP plasmid.