

8.19

ARAC total 20 μ l, 1.5.ml Centrifuge tube

①ddH₂O: 6 μ l

②Buffer: 2 μ l

③substrate: 10 μ l

KpnI、SalI each 1 μ l

Flick to mix, instantaneous centrifuge

Preparation for sample addition 10min

TETRtotal 20 μ l

①ddH₂O: 6 μ l

②Buffer: 2 μ l

③substrate: 10 μ l

PstI、SpeI each 1 μ l

37°C 15 min

80°C 20 min

Glue preparation: 0.5g + 5ml Tae + melt \rightarrow 5 μ l Dye

5 μ l Two kinds of: 5000、15000 + substrate 20 μ l + loading buffer 4 μ l (10min)

Power: voltage max + time 26min

8.21

Results : tetr with two bands (more than 3000, more than 700 arac with one band 2000-3000)

Note: First turn on the gel imager next to the computer, and then start the software. (When the gel imager is turned on, there will be two yellow lights, "Power" and "Slow" lights.)

Cut glue: open the bottom cabinet of the imager, lay plastic wrap, insert the UV baffle, place the glue in the center, open the TRANS UV knife to cut the required strips, remove the empty glue as far as possible, chop it, transfer it into the empty centrifugal tube, turn off the UV and power supply, remove the plastic wrap and baffle, and wipe the table

The amount of tetr is too small and may not be recycled

tetr plasmid was placed in two 50 μ l tubes at -20°C

arac 0.31g tetr 0.57g

PN 310 μ l PN 570 μ l

PW plus anhydrous ethanol 60ml

(If the volume is too large, add a collection tube) (speed 12000rpm)

1. Column equilibrium, adsorption column 500 μ lBL, 1min
 2. Sol, 310 μ l/570 μ l, 50°C
 3. Transfer to the adsorption column, place at room temperature for 2min, then transfer for 1min
 4. Add 600 μ lPW for 1min
 5. Repeat 4
 6. Idle for 1 minute, then remove the lid and leave to dry for a few minutes
 - 7.>30 μ lEB (be sure to drop on the white cylinder), replace the tube, and rotate for 2 minutes
- After cutting and recovering, the concentration was: arac: 18ng/ μ l, tetr: 15.2ng/ μ l
14.4ng/ μ l
Mixed with 0.50g+50mlTAE+5 μ l dye

digestion

Single enzyme digestion:

A1 arac 18ng/ μ l
arac 44.4 μ l——800ng
Buffer 1.6 μ l (2*0.8)
Enzyme 0.8 μ l (1*0.8)
Double digestion:
A2 Arac (250ng/ μ l) 4 μ l——1000ng
Buffer 2 μ l
Enzyme KpnI+SalII 2 μ l
H2O 12 μ l

Detection

A1:5.88 μ l 5.9 μ l

A2: 2 μ l

Run the glue (120V 400mA 30min) :

Electrophoresis1 Marker
Electrophoresis2 plasmids
Electrophoresis3 A1
Electrophoresis4 A2

8.22

Digestion tetr (T) 107ng/ μ l

Run the glue (120V 400mA 24min) :

Electrophoresis1 Marker
Electrophoresis2 T
Electrophoresis3 A2(finalizing Single enzyme digestion)
Gum cutting: tetr 0.08g arac0.09g

PN 80 μ l 90 μ l Metallic bath 2min

Rubber recovery

Measuring concentration:

tetr recovery concentration: 5.5ng/μl

Arac: 10.9ng/μl (A full ng takes 91.74 μl)

Run the glue A1(120V 400mA 30min)

Loading buffer: Each hole has about 2μl

A1: Each hole has about 8μl

Electrophoresis1 2μl loading buffer

Electrophoresis2 8μl A1

Electrophoresis3 marker GL5000

Second electrophoresis:

Electrophoresis1 4μl loading buffer 10μl A1

Electrophoresis2 2μl loadingbuffer 8μl A1

Electrophoresis3 marker GL5000

8.23

A1 Cut glue (with about 30ml TAE liquid) and recycle glue

Empty pipe: 1.15g

	Pipe1	pipe2	pipe3	pipe①	pipe②	pipe③
	0.72g	0.57g	0.54g	0.37g	0.64g	0.57g
PN	720	570	540	370	640	570

Glue recovery, eluent EB 50μl, centrifuge 3 times

Concentration 7.7ng/μl , $n \cdot M = c \cdot v$, To get to 0.1pmol you need about 84 μl of solution [1057.1500]

Ptrc99a Double enzyme cutting, running glue

3.2g 100ml LB medium

8.24

Solid to liquid medium

The large vial of liquid culture has been spiked with ampicillin

One colony was selected from ① and ② and added to 7ml medium

8.25

Extract plasmid (3ml bacterial solution plus 70μlEB)

concentration

Digestion:

DNA 45μl

Buffer 2μl

Kpn1,Sa2 2μl

Glue 30ml

Run the glue

Electrophoresis1 Cutting plasmid
Electrophoresis2
Electrophoresis3 Cutting plasmid 4 μ l
Electrophoresis4 plasmids 4 μ l
Electrophoresis5 marker 1.5 μ l

Weighing after cutting glue: 0.26g
260 μ l PN
ptrc99a, enzyme digestion 9.4ng/ μ l, need 0.01pmol=0.01*10⁻¹²mol=10⁻¹⁴mol
 $4159 \times 650 \times 10^{-14} = 2.7 \times 10^{-8}$ g=27ng
Volume: $27 \div 9.4 = 2.9 \mu\text{l}$

8.26
The receptive + connected plasmid (arac) was added with 25ngDNA per 50 μ l cell
Yesterday: ptrc99a:27ng, arac:165ng
A total of 192ng (but the arac is increased, it should be greater than 192ng) is calculated at 200ng
For 100 μ l receptive cells (50 μ l cells :25ngDNA), 50ngDNA should be added
 $200 \text{ ng} / 2.9 + 84 + 1 + 1 \approx 90 \mu\text{l}$

Take :22.5m1 and attach the plasmid
Sterilization: solid medium, liquid medium (solid medium, 4.8g powder +150ml pure water, add 0.015gAmp after sterilization
Liquid medium, 2.5g powder +100ml pure water)

8.26 PM
100 μ l K12+22.5 μ l connected plasmid
Follow the K12 instructions
arabinose(inducer) was not added before the bacteria were attached to the plate, and arabinose was added after the bacteria were attached
arabinose is powder, 0.03g(150ml medium)
0.03g arabinose+1100 μ l pure water
Eleven plates were poured and 100 μ l arabinose solution was added to each plate
The green colonies were cultured and screened for successful connection

8.28 PM.
Enzyme digestion of tetr fragments:
t1 16.1ng/ μ l, t2 19.2ng/ μ l
Blp1 2 μ l Buffer

8.30 PM.
Run tetr cut glue cut waste, no strip
Start from the large fragment of tetr again
Arabinose dosage :1mM concentration, 100 μ l per plate
Marabinose = 342.3 g/mol
Total 5 plates, 500 UL solution, 5×10^{-4} mol arabinose

Mass : $5 \times 10^{-4} \times 342.3 = 0.17\text{g}$

That is, 0.17g+500μl pure water

The bacteria cultured in 8.26 (placed in the refrigerator) were observed by fluorescence microscope, and the phenomenon was not obvious, and the colonies were in large pieces, which may have been caused by the lack of smooth coating during inoculation. Today, the colonies with slight bright spots in fluorescence observation were selected → 200μl LB+Amp liquid medium dilution → coated to LB plate (the incubator was not placed because it was closed).

In the next experiment, green colonies were found, and each observed one was marked at the bottom of the plate during fluorescence observation. The labeled colonies were picked into liquid medium, and the plasmid could be extracted after culture

8.31

1. Column balance (1.08)
2. Weighing of rubber block: 0.05g (0.1g→100μl) → Adding 50μl PN, it is difficult to dissolve, and adding 30μl PN (weighing centrifugal tube problem) → resulting in a volume of 160μl
3. Add CA2,2min, then centrifuge
4. Add 600μl PW
5. Add EB Eluent about 35μl

(Repeat centrifugation twice during the collection phase)

Change 1.5ml centrifuge tube for collection (concentration to be measured)

Attempted digestion 6.9ng

Tetr 19μl	DNA 1μg	13μl
Buffer 2μl	Pst1 1μl	Spe1 1μl
B1P1 1μl	Buffer 2μl	

37°C 1h

The tetr gene has no band and cannot be recycled

~700bp glue recovery

PM: The tetr fragment was recovered and the concentration was measured at 8.6ng/μl

9.11

Enzyme digestion arac, tetr

Electrophoresis:

Electrophoresis1 maker

Electrophoresis2 arac

Electrophoresis3 tetr

Electrophoresis4 tetr

When the plasmid is used up, the plasmid is extracted from the bacterial solution, but the storage time is too long, the bacteria sink to the bottom, not the suspension of the fresh bacterial solution, which may affect the result

Plasmid concentration: a1a2 is the same, t1t2 is the same

A1 493.8ng/μl
A2 521.9ng/μl
T1 149.7ng/μl
T2 119.1ng/μl

9.12

Digestion a1 t1

A1 substrate 2.02μl	t1 substrate 6.68μl
Buffer 2μl	buffer 2μl
Kpn1 Sa2 2μl	Pst1 Spe1 2μl
DdH2O 14μl	DdH2O 9.32μl

Electrophoresis:

Electrophoresis1 maker

Electrophoresis2 arac

Electrophoresis3 tetr

Rubber recovery:

Arac 0.16g	tetr0.2g
160μl	200μl
8.8ng/μl	4ng/μl

8.8ng/μl 0.5μl

DNA 6μl

Buffer 2μl

BLP1 1μl

DdH2O 11μl

37°C 1.5h

Electrophoresis (30ml) 30min

Two target bands can be seen, but the amount is small and stored at 4°C

arac single enzyme cut, cut glue, stored in the upper layer of 4°C refrigerator
Glue recovery, concentration measurement, 5.8ng/μl

9.14

Ptrc99a 53.3ng/μl

Arac Kpn1 Sa2 493.8ng/μl

Tetr Pst1 Spe1 149.7ng/μl

Ptrc99a Kpn1 Sal1 53.3ng/μl 18.8μl

Maker tetr arac ptrc

① ② ③ ④

Empty pipe: 1.00g

Ptrc99a: 0.16g 16.6 3μl

Tetr: 0.10g

Arac: 0.09g 15.1 12μl

Glue recovery, concentration not measured

9.17

Preparation: Gun tip, PCR tube, sterilization of medium, inverted plate

Connections:

arac 12 μ l

ptrc99a 3 μ l

Buffer 2 μ l

Ligase 1 μ l

H2O 2 μ l

16:00~18:00, 25°C for 2h, 4°C storage

Tomorrow:

Open the ice machine, prepare the liquid medium, kanamycin, arabinose

Feelings of ice melting

Inducer is added before coating

The connecting system is refrigerator 4°C at the far gate of 307

9.20

50 μ l → 25ngDNA

906.4ng/ μ l 100 μ l → 50ngDNA

Dilution : 0.5 μ l of the connection product is added to 4.5 μ l ddH2O

1 μ l connection product → 100 μ l K12

Coating plate 5:

IPTG+ Arabinose : 2 plates

IPTG:1 board

Arabinose : 1 plate

None : 1 board

(1mM arabinose : 3.4g → 10ml water

1mM IPTG 0.002383g/mol)

0.1M arabinose : 0.15g → 10ml water

0.1M IPTG: 0.238g → 10ml water

ARAC

(支数) Memo No. (翻)

Date

1.5 ml Brown P.

(量: 20 μl)

- ① ddH₂O 6 ml
② Buffer 2 μl
③ 质物 10 μl

(Kpn] Sph] 各 1 μl (混合後 10 min)

轻弹混匀 → 酶解 10 min

20 μl TETR. 20 μl 1.5 ml Brown P.

- ① ddH₂O 6 ml
② Buffer 2 μl
③ 质物 10 μl

Pot 1 - Spell 1 各 1 μl 37°C 20 min

轻弹混匀

取出 AUC后 离心 10 min. 弃上清液. 取下层液

透析: 0.5 g + 50 ml TAE + 酸化 → 5 ml 透析袋

5 ml 透析袋 5000. 15000.

} 10 min

★ 质物 20 μl + loading buffer 2 μl

10 μl 1:1000:1:1000

注: 质物浓度 = host + guest . 乘以 Pi : 质物浓度

质物浓度

V. 1:1000:1:1000

(准备2支) (准备2支)
准备: 2支吸附柱 4支离心管

Memo No. _____
Date 10/11/2018

胶回收

2支吸附柱 + 收集管 $\xrightarrow{\text{加}} 50\mu\text{l} \text{ BL} \rightarrow 12000 \times 1 \text{ min}$ 倒置离心机
切胶 \rightarrow 离心管 \rightarrow 称重 (araC, tetr 各一个)
 \downarrow 加 PV $0.1\text{g}/100\mu\text{l}$
金属离子结合液 (冰中至全溶) (大于 $80\mu\text{l}$ 取多个吸附柱分装)
 \rightarrow 2支吸附柱, 各加一个胶溶液 $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ 放 20°C (室) $\rightarrow 12000 \times 1 \text{ min}$

PV $600\mu\text{l}$ + 无加 PV. $12000 \times 60\text{s}$. 倒置离心机

\downarrow $12000 \times 2 \text{ min}$. 室温放置 2 min , 开盖

\downarrow 提取离心管 EB $? \text{ ml}$ 沉在粗块 \downarrow 捣散后加, 间断离心机

室温放置 2 min . $12000 \times 2 \text{ min}$. 离心管中为收集的DNA溶液

转移新离心管 \leftarrow 0.5ml + SAV 0.2ml, 4°C 离心机

制冰: 保扣开, 水龙头供水

金属离子加热: 调 time, temp \rightarrow start 手机计时

(仅限地地道)

8.21 下午 5000 marker tetr arac Date / /
酶切电泳图拍照，结果：tetr 两条带 { 700 多 arac 一条带 2000 多
注意：先开电脑旁的凝胶成像仪，再启动软件，（凝胶成像仪
开启会有两个黄灯亮，Power 和 Slow 灯）

切胶 成像仪底板，铺保鲜膜 插紫外挡板

胶放置正中开 TRANS UV 刀切所需条带

尽量剔除空胶 切碎后转移入空离心管

关 UV、电源 W9 Mood

去保鲜膜、挡板

擦净台面

tetr 量过多可能无法回收

提 tetr 质粒两管 50 μL 置 307 -20°C 放

Memo No.

Date

10.15.8

arac 0.31g tetr 0.57g
PN 310ml PN 570ml
(将PN310ml和PN570ml的溶液混合并开盖)

△ PW 加无水乙醇 60mL

体积(多加一个吸附柱→收集管) 12000 rpm

1. 柱平衡 吸附柱 500μL BL 1min

2. 溶胶 310μL / 570μL 50°C

3. 分别转入吸附加柱室温放2min 后倒1min

4. 600μL PW 1min

5. 重复 1min

6. 离心，后开盖晾几分钟 2min

7. >30μL EBB (一定要滴到白色柱体上) 换新管 2min

功胶回收后浓度：arac: 18ng/μl tetr: 75.2ng/μl 14.4ng/μl

配胶 0.50g + 50ml TAE + 5μl 调料

• 每孔 arac 18ng/ml 缩小十倍

arac 44.4μl — 800ng

buffer 1.6μl (2×0.8)

水 0.8μl (1×0.8)

arac (250ng/ml) 4μl — 100ng

buffer 2μl

水 2μl

水 12μl

Memo No. _____
Date / /

检测(跑胶)

2015.8

A 提: 5.88 μl 5.9 μl (跑胶) 酶标仪 160

a 环: 2 μl (跑胶) 酶标仪

跑胶: 一 二 三 四 (跑胶) 酶标仪

Marker 原液 a 环 a 提 一 跑胶

120V 400mA 30min (跑胶) → 2002.W

8.22 下午 107 ng/ml 一 跑胶

酶 to tetr 提 (跑胶) 酶标仪 (要做单孔)

跑胶 液 - 二 三 四. (跑胶)

Marker t 提 a 跑胶

24min

切胶 tetr 0.08g arac 0.09g

PV 80 μl 90 μl 金属浴 2 min

切胶回收

测浓度:

tetr 浓度: 5.5 ng/ml

arac: 10.9 ng/ml (满 1mg 要 91.74 μl)

Memo No. _____
Date / /

8.22 晚

① 2μg α 提跑胶，切胶，胶槽 2 mm 88.2 . 跑胶

loading buffer: 每个孔大约有 2 μl.

α 胶: 每个孔大约有 8 μl.

120V. 400mA 30min.

通道一

二

三

四

五

六

2 μl loading buffer

8 μl α 胶

Marker

GL5000

第二次电泳

GL5000

通道一

二

三

Marker

XT 55.8

约有 4 μl loading buffer, 2 μl L-buffer

10 μl α 胶, 8 μl α 胶 Marker, 1 μl α 胶

通道二

三

四

Marker

XT 55.8

min 5 分钟

min 09

min 08

min

min 45

pH 8.0 30mA p80.0 100V 线圈

min 5 分钟

min 2.2 分钟

(min 1.15 宽带) + min 0.1 = 2.2

1.92 1.15 Memo No. _____
Date / /

8.23 下午. 酶 30mL 左右 TAE 液. 38.5°C

A 提 双链 DNA 收.

总重. 1.15g. 常 1 2 3 常① 常② 常③
 $0.72g + 0.3g = 1.02g$ 0.59g 0.83g 0.54g 0.78g 0.61g 0.57g
PN 720 570 620 370 620 570

DNA 回收, 混脱液 EB 50mL. 离心 3 次.

浓度 7.7 ng/mL. n. M = C · V. 到 0.1 pmol 在 84 μL
左右溶液.

[1.057. 1500] 离心 3 次

pTRE99a 双酶切, 跑胶 = = - + - + -

8.23 晚上.

3.2g. 100mL LB 培养基.

38.5°C

8.24 下午

固 → 液.

大瓶液体培养基分装加酵母

从 1.2 分别取 3 mL 于试管 加到 7 mL 培养基

pH 7.2 ± 0.2. 38.5°C

Memo No. / /
Date / /

2018-8-1
8.22 晚 8.25 下午胶电转膜 8.25 8.8

提质粒 3ml 菌液 + 70μl EBS + 35μl

① 浓度 22.2 ng/μl pCR1.1 单链

100 μl DNA 45 μl 0.25M 0.5M

buffer 2ml 0.25M 0.5M

KpnI 5ml 2ml = 1:10 1:10 1:5

胶 30ml [2%] [2%]

胶胶 水 - 二三 四 四 线性扩增

泳切 质粒 Marker.

≈ 25 μl 20μl 4μl 1.5 μl

8.25 8.8

8.25 晚上.

切胶后称得胶: 0.26g. 8.25 8.8

260μl PN

ptrc99a 质粒 9.4ng/μl 0.01 pmol = 0.01 × 10⁻¹² mol = 10⁻¹⁴ mol

4159 × 6.50 × 10⁻¹⁴ = 2.7 × 10⁻⁸ g

6p 27ng. = 27ng.

1.4. 体积: 27 / 9.4 = 2.9 ml.

g/mol

Memo No. _____
Date / /

8.26 上午.

感受态 + 连接的质粒 (arac) 每 50 μl 细胞加 25 ng DNA

昨天算 pTrc 99a: 27 ng arac: 165 ng

共 192 ng (但 arac 加多了, 应大于 192 ng) 下掉 200 ng it 算

100 μl 感受态细胞 (50 μl 细胞: 25 ng DNA), 应加 50 ng DNA

→ 200 ng / 2.9 + 84 + 1 + 1 ≈ 90 μl (one pL = 0.01 μl)

取 22.5 μl 连接质粒. (Amp)

灭菌: 固培; 液培 (固体培养基 4.8 g 粉末 + 150 ml 纯水, 灭菌后加 0.015 g Amp)

液体培养基 2.5 g 粉末 + 100 ml 纯水 (Amp) + p[ac]

8.26 下午

100 μl K2 + 22.5 μl 连接质粒 (Amp) + 150 ml 纯水

按 K2 说明书做 (Amp) + 150 ml 纯水

★ 菌接到平板前未加 arabinose (诱导物), 之后补加的 arabinose

arabinose 是粉末 (取 0.03 g (培养基 150 ml))

0.03 g arabinose + 1/100 ml 纯水

倒了十一个平板, 每个平板加 100 μl arabinose 溶液

培养, 倒长出绿色菌落为连接成功

8.28 下午.

酶切 tetr 片段: PstI 和 BpuI

t₁ 16.1 ng/ml t₂ - 19.2 ng/ml.

BpuI. 2 μl Buffer.

酶 1 μl.

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8.30 晚.

TT 85.8

跑 tetr 切底 无赤带 (20ml) 蛋白胨 8.5g + 蒸馏水
重氮少 tetr 大片段酶切开始 pH 7.5 : APP 37℃ 48h

1 mol/L TGA (4 g/mol) (1 mol/L TGA, 4 g/mol) pH 7.5

阿拉伯糖加量 (1 mM 浓度: 每平板 100 μl 酶液含阿拉伯糖 1M 0.1 ml)

Manabinose = 342.3 g/mol [N (0.1% 1+1+48+P_c) pH 7.5] ←

共 5 个板 100 μl 溶液 500 μl 5 × 10⁻⁴ mol arabinose

20.0 ml 质量 5 × 10⁻⁴ × 342.3 = 0.17 g (1) 质量：质固：蛋白

BP 0.17 g + 500 μl 纯水 (m01 + 蒸馏 P_c 基质蛋白液)

TT 85.8

荧光显微镜观察 8.26 培养的菌 (放冰箱), 现象不明显。

菌落成大片 可能是接种时未涂匀, 今天将荧光观察稍有亮

点菌落挑取 → 200 ml LB + Amp 液体培养基稀释 →

涂至 LB 平板 (未放培养箱因关门了) 未见是 sonidare

水母 (m01 + sonidare) pH 7.0

为下次实验, 找绿色菌落, 荧光观察时每观察一个在平板

底部标记, 将有标记的菌落挑至液体培养基,

培养后可提质粒

TT 85.8

未标记菌：生长状态正常

标记菌：生长状态正常

未标记菌：生长状态正常

标记菌：生长状态正常

8.31

Memo No.

Date / /

tetR 781 bp 收回

下午 11.9

1. 样品稀释 $\times 24 \rightarrow 1.76 \rightarrow \frac{2.24}{1.08} = 1.08$
2. 读浓标量: 0.05% ($0.1\mu\text{g} \rightarrow 100\mu\text{l}$) \rightarrow 加入 $50\mu\text{l}$ PN
清角蛋白酶, 再加 $50\mu\text{l}$ PN (标量管) 混匀后加
 \rightarrow 等效体积 $160\mu\text{l}$
3. 加入 CA2, 密封 2min. 夜 10.7.
4. 加 $600\mu\text{l}$ PW. 低速离心 10min. 取上层液弃去 (弃用此液)
5. 加 $600\mu\text{l}$ EB 洗涤液约 $35\mu\text{l}$. 低速离心弃去
(收集到较重黄色沉淀, 2次洗涤, 去除蛋白酶)
 \rightarrow 换 1.5ml 高心管收集 (洗液待测 RNA) 11.1.9 \rightarrow G1

11.1.9 P.1.2

主试酶切 6.9ng

11.1.9 P.1.2

tetR 18ul

DNA 1kg DN 13ML

Buffer 2ul

PstI 1uL SphI 1uL

BIP1 1ul

Buffer 2ul

37°C 1h

tetR 基因无条带

~700bp 片段有带

无法回收

无条带

1NS 1S 1NS 1S 1S 1NS 1S 1S

1NS 1S 1NS 1S 1S 1NS 1S 1S

下午: 胶回收长 tetR 片段. 测定浓度 8.6 ng/uL

= 100% = 100% - 100% + 100%

100% 100% 100% 100%

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Memo No. 15.8
Date / /

9.11 上午

酶切 arac, tetr. 体系同前, 只 (arac 及 tetr) 加
电泳 右 → 左 溴化丙酮 = P.I. 溴丙酮
Marker arac tetr

9.11 下午

质粒用完了, 从菌液提质粒, 但保藏时间过长, 菌沉淀, 不是
新鲜菌液的悬浊状, 可能影响结果

质粒测浓度: a₁ a₂ 是一个东西 t₁ t₂ 是一个东西

a₁ 493.8 ng/μl (UV 吸光度) 蛋白质对照 1.21 mg/ml

a₂ 521.9 ng/μl

t₁ 149.7 ng/μl

t₂ 119.8 ng/μl

9.12 上午 1918

酶切 a₁, t₁

a. 底物 2.02 μl

buffer 2 μl

KpnI 2 μl

PSO SP1 KpnI SDS 2 μl

-ddH₂O 1.16 μl

2.5%

b. 底物 6.68 μl

buffer 2 μl

KpnI 2 μl

PSO SP1 KpnI SDS 2 μl

-ddH₂O 9.32 μl

电泳 右 → 左 溴丙酮 = P.I. 溴丙酮
Marker arac tetr

5.68 x 18-x

$8.8 \times 10^{-5} x \div \frac{1}{100}$ Memo No. _____
Date / /

9.12 下午

切胶回12号 AraC 0.16g TE 0.2g

160μL 200μL

Tris 8.888 8.8ng/μL 144ng/μL 300μL

8.8ng/μL 0.5μg Igeat IgM IgG IgA

34P-DNA-E2 5.68μL 6μL 1000ng

μL Buffer 3μL 2μL

2μL BIP 1μL net

(dH₂O)ase 1μL

37°C 1.5h H₂O

电泳 (30mL) 30min

NIP 可见弱条带但量较少 PDI4%保存 1000ng

9.12 晚 1.21

PDI 0 : net

PDI 0 : 2000

AraC 单酶切胶 在4°C. 电泳后. 印迹在下
胶回12号. 测量浓度. 5.8ng/μL

X-IV X 88.2

Memo No.
Date

9.14 虫.

PT 51.9

Pptra 99a 53.13 mg/ml. 50% 8.8

day 00 day 01

arae. kpnI. SalI 8.8 493.8 ng/ml

Tetr. PstI SpeI. ♂ 149.7 / NC 8.8

Ptroc 99a. kpnI. SalI. 53.3 mg/ml 18.8 μ

Marker Tetr L. I Brac 19 Ptro

(1) (2) 2nd (3) 0.000 (4)

12.1 0.52

虫: 1.0g

↓ nmoE (JmoE) 1.0g

Ptroc 99a 0.16g 50% 8.8 41u

tetr: 0.10g

arae: 0.09g 15.1 12μl

虫: 1.0g 50% 8.8 41u

Memo No.

Date

9.9.17

周日

枪头 PCR 管 培养基灭菌 制平板

· ANC 加 ~~枪头 PCR 管~~

· ANC per 50 \leftarrow 1ml 1ml per 5.0ml

选择 β -半乳糖苷酶表达载体 pBAD : 酚红
arac $0.2 \mu\text{L} \leftarrow$ 水平表达 (L)

ptrc99a $3 \mu\text{L}$

Buffer $2 \mu\text{L}$: T2 表达

Ligase $1 \mu\text{L}$: 酶切后连接 + T4 DNA

H₂O $2 \mu\text{L}$: 体积 1 : 固定

16:00~18:00 25°C 2h 4°C 保存剩余的酶

明天:

开制冰机. 准备液体培养基. 卡那霉素 阿拉伯糖

水 1ml \leftarrow PBS : 自然室温 Mem 1

冰上融化感受态. 1ml per 5.0ml 25°C Mem 1

1ml $\frac{M_1 = 1.1 \mu\text{L} + 0.8 \mu\text{L}}{M_{\text{总}} = 1.9 \mu\text{L}}$

△ 涂布前先加诱导物

PBS(0.0)

1.0 \leftarrow PBS : 自然室温 M 1.0

连接体子在 307 远红外冰箱 4°C : 25°C M 1.0

Memo No.

Date

9.20 晚

K12
50 ml → 25 ng DNA.

906.4 ng/ml 100 ml → 50 ng DNA.

稀释: 0.5 ml 直接产物 加到 4 ml 4.5 M ddH₂O 中 饱和

1 ml 连接产物 → 100 ml K12

涂板 5 个:

IPTG + α-阿拉伯糖: 1 板

IPTG: 1 板

阿拉伯糖: 1 板

无: 1 板

每板 150 μl, 150 μl, 150 μl, 150 μl, 150 μl

1 mM 阿拉伯糖: 3.4 g → 10 ml 水

1 mM IPTG: 0.002383 mol/g/mol × 10⁻² × 10⁻³ mol

2383 g/L = 1M

0.2383 g/L = 1mM 10ml

0.2383 g

0.1 M 阿拉伯糖: 0.159 g → 10 ml 水

0.1 M IPTG: 0.2383 g → 10 ml 水