



Highlights

During the reporting period, six new cholera cases were detected among recent arrivals in Tormorok and successfully treated at the IRC-run Cholera Treatment Centre. No suspected or confirmed cases of Marburg Virus Disease (MVD) were reported in Gambella Region, including refugee settings, and preparedness activities remain ongoing. CUAMM continued operating mobile clinics in Muon and Tormorok, providing primary healthcare and oral rehydration points for mild cholera cases, while GOAL delivered emergency health services in Tormorok. Both partners maintained essential health services and consultations for the affected population.

Response & Challenges

At Luakdong, DPO continued delivering 1,507 primary healthcare consultations and referred 42 emergency cases to secondary facilities. Community-based interventions also expanded, with 50 community health workers reaching 1,916 individuals with cholera and malaria prevention messaging, slightly fewer than the previous week. DPO received emergency medicines and supplies from UNHCR, with additional stock expected from Addis Ababa. Vaccination and supplementation for new arrivals continued in collaboration with woreda health authorities and UNICEF. Coverage for polio and measles vaccinations exceeded targets at 120% and 118%, respectively, while cholera vaccination reached 101% of the targets population. Despite these achievements, challenges persist, including a shortage of ambulances, limited antimalarial drugs and malaria RDTs in Tormorok, lack of capacity to manage patients at Nyinenyang Primary Hospital, and stagnant water that heightens the risk of malaria outbreak. Continued resource mobilization and coordination remain critical to sustaining health interventions.

Achievements



27,932 Children 0-15 Years Vaccinated with OPV

24,756 Children 6 Months to 15 Years Vaccinated with Measles

48,242 People More Than 1 Year of Age Vaccinated with OCV

20,242 Children 6-59 Months Supplemented with Vitamin A

12,098 Children 24-59 Months Dewormed with Albendazole



571 Cholera Cases Identified and Received Appropriate Treatment

34.96% Proportional Morbidity Attributed to Malaria



514 Emergency Medical Cases Referred to Secondary Health Facilities



31 of 39 (79%) Proportion of Deliveries Attended by Skilled Health Worker



14 People Receiving Clinical Mentalhealth Treatment (New + Repeat)

27 People Receiving Individual Level Focused Psychosocial Support (New + Repeat)

Key Figures



50K*

Population Planning Figure



430K

Refugees from South Sudan in Ethiopia (prior Feb 2025)



18

Response Partners Under Emergency Response Plan



49,751

Total Individuals Registered Refugees Level 1 (Since 22 July 2025)

Demographic (Registered Refugees Level 1)

	Female (57%)	Male (43%)
Adults	23%	9%
Children	34%	34%

21,333 Refugees Medically Screened Before Departure/Relocation

28,751 Health Consultations (started 22 July 2025)

Crude Mortality Rate* **0.00** Within Sphere Standards

Under 5 Crude Mortality Rate* **0.00** Within Sphere Standards

* Last 7 days



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