

Name : Deepankar Sharma  
Course: BCA  
University Roll No: 2092014  
Student Id : 20041299  
Semester: 3  
Date: December 12, 2021

### **Practical 09: Guass Seidel's Iteration Method**

**Objective:** To find root of the system equation using Guass Seidel's Iteration method.

#### **2. Algorithm:**

1. Start
2. Input the matrix of equations in  $arr[n][n+1]$  where  $n$  is number of unknown variables
3. Check the validity of the equations, if valid we can apply iterative methods !!!
4. Matrix  $X[n]$  , for unknown variables.
5. Take  $x_0=y_0=z_0=0$
6. Convert the variables as a function of other variables.
7. Apply iteration method in loop with immediate updation:  
     $x=f(y_0,z_0)$   
     $y=f(z_0,x)$   
     $z=f(x,y)$   
     $x=x_0$   
     $y=y_0$   
     $z=z_0$   
if  $((z-z_0)>\text{allowed Error AND } (y-y_0)>\text{allowed Error AND } (x-x_0)>\text{allowed Error})$   
    Terminate Loop
8. Solution:  
    for( $i= n-1$ ;  $i \geq 0$ ;  $i--$ ){  
         $X[i]= (arr[i][n])/arr[i][i]$ ;  
    }  
9. Print X
10. Stop

#### **Code:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

float arr[3][4],x[3];
int n=3;
/*
```

CBNST Page No.454

$$8x-3y+2z=20$$

$$4x+11y-z=33$$

$$6x+3y+12z=35$$

\*/

```
#define x(y0, z0) (arr[0][3] - (arr[0][2]*z0 + arr[0][1]*y0)) / arr[0][0]
```

```
#define y(x0, z0) (arr[1][3] - (arr[1][2]*z0 + arr[1][0]*x0)) / arr[1][1]
```

```
#define z(y0, x0) (arr[2][3] - (arr[2][0]*x0 + arr[2][1]*y0)) / arr[2][2]
```

```
void checkValidity(){
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        float sum=0;
        for(int j=0; j<n; j++){
            if(i!=j){
                sum+=fabs(arr[i][j]);
            }
        }
        if((fabs(arr[i][i])-sum)<0){
            printf("Can't apply iteration method !!!!\n\n");
            exit(1);
        }
    }
    printf("Can apply iteration method !!!!\n\n");
}
```

```
int main()
{

    printf("Enter coefficients of Augmented Matrix:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < n + 1; j++)
        {
            printf("a[%d][%d] = ", i, j);
            scanf("%f", &arr[i][j]);
        }
    }
    checkValidity();

    int iter = 1;
    float allErr, fabx, faby, fabz, deltaX, deltaY, deltaZ;
    float x0 = 0.0, y0 = 0.0, z0 = 0.0;
    printf("Enter the allowed error: ");
```

```

scanf(" %f", &allErr);

printf("\n\nIteration\t\ttx0\t\tty0\t\ttz0\t\ttx1\t\tty1\t\ttz1\n\n");
do
{
    /* code */
    float xTemp=x0;
    float yTemp=y0;
    float zTemp=z0;
    fabx = fabs(x(y0, z0));
    deltaX = fabs(x0 - fabx);
    x0 = fabx; // Immediate Updation
    faby = fabs(y(x0, z0));
    deltaY = fabs(y0 - faby);
    y0 = faby; // Immediate Updation
    fabz = fabs(z(y0, x0));
    deltaZ = fabs(z0 - fabz);
    z0 = fabz; // Immediate Updation
    printf("%d\t\t%f\t%f\t%f\t\t%f\t%f\t\t%f\n", iter, xTemp, yTemp, zTemp, fabx, faby,
fabz);
    iter++;

    // } while (iter<15);
} while ((deltaX > allErr) || (deltaY > allErr) || (deltaZ > allErr));

printf("\n\nThe roots are: \n");
printf("x= %f\n", fabx);
printf("y= %f\n", faby);
printf("z= %f\n", fabz);

return 0;
}

```

### **Output:**

```

PS D:\01_Java\Deepankar\CCpp\CBNST\Practical-09-GuassSeidel> cd
"d:\01_Java\Deepankar\CCpp\CBNST\Practical-09-GuassSeidel\" ; if ($?) { g++ _10_guassSeidel.cpp -o
_10_guassSeidel } ; if
($?) { ._10_guassSeidel }
Enter coefficients of Augmented Matrix:
a[0][0] = 8
a[0][1] = -3
a[0][2] = 2
a[0][3] = 20
a[1][0] = 4

```

a[1][1] = 11  
a[1][2] = -1  
a[1][3] = 33  
a[2][0] = 6  
a[2][1] = 3  
a[2][2] = 12  
a[2][3] = 35  
Can apply iteration method !!!!

Enter the allowed error: 0.0001

Iteration	x0	y0	z0	x1	y1	z1
1	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	2.500000	2.090909	1.143939
2	2.500000	2.090909	1.143939	2.998106	2.013774	0.914170
3	2.998106	2.013774	0.914170	3.026623	1.982516	0.907726
4	3.026623	1.982516	0.907726	3.016512	1.985607	0.912009
5	3.016512	1.985607	0.912009	3.016600	1.985964	0.911875
6	3.016600	1.985964	0.911875	3.016768	1.985891	0.911810
7	3.016768	1.985891	0.911810	3.016757	1.985889	0.911816

The roots are:

x= 3.016757

y= 1.985889

z= 0.911816