Unity3d-EasyAssetsLocalize documentation

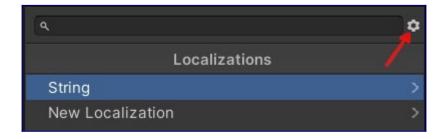


Hi, welcome to **Easy Assets Localize**. Using this tool is very simple.

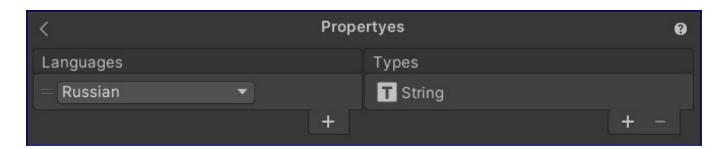
1. Setup

<u>Attention!</u> Do not change the package folder structure, otherwise you risk losing all localization data.

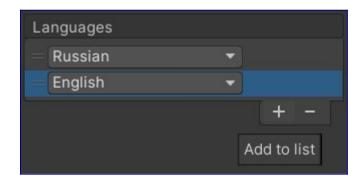
Localization data is stored in LocalizationStorage.asset. To open it in a window, select from the top menu: Window -> Localization Storage.



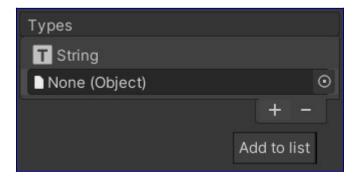
In the Localization Storage window, click on the 💆 button near the search field.



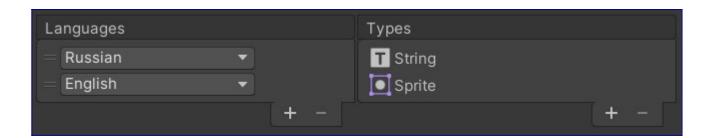
In the tab, you can add the languages and resource types needed for localization.



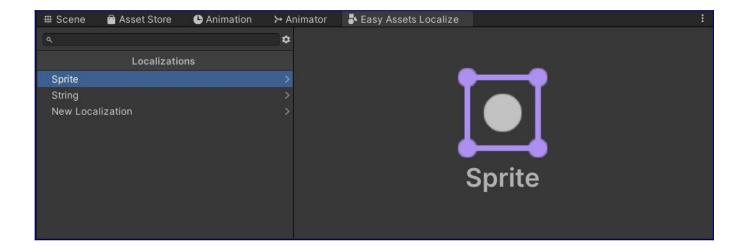
Click on the + at the bottom of the list and select it from the list of Unity's base system languages to add a language.



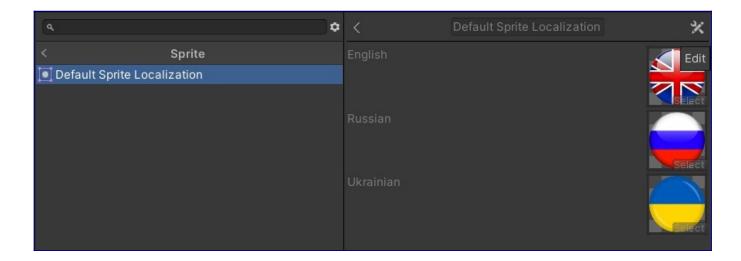
Click the + at the end of the list with types, to add a new type of assets for localization.



Drag the default asset sample into the field that appears. Wait for the code generation to finish.

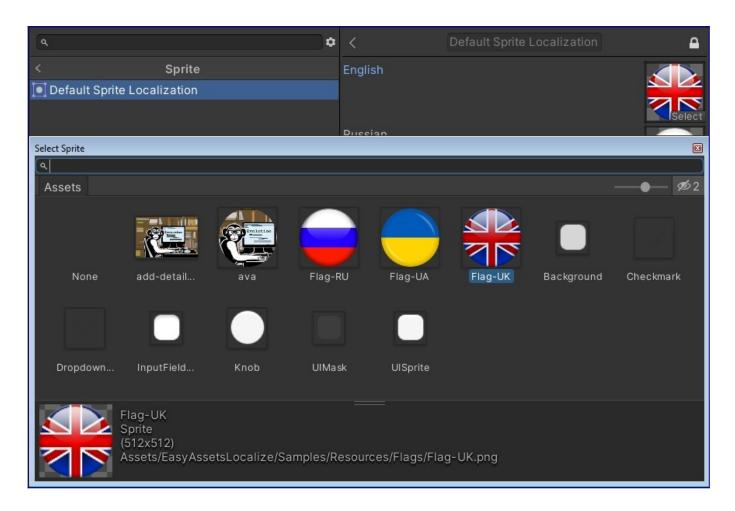


A new item of the corresponding type will appear in the list of localizations. When you click on it, a list of localizations of this type will open.



The list of localizations of this type will contain the default localization.

You can edit the default localization by selecting it and clicking on the tools icon in the upper right corner of the localization window.

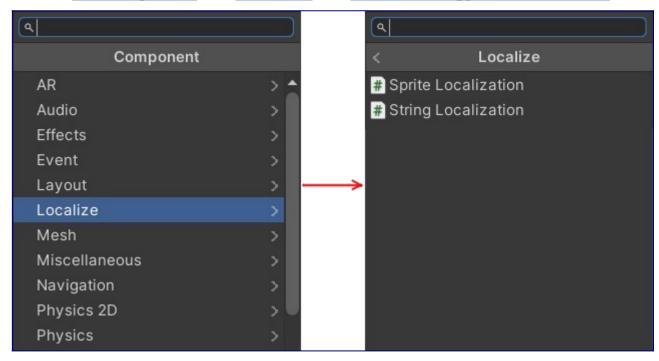


This unlocks the resources of the languages used to change.

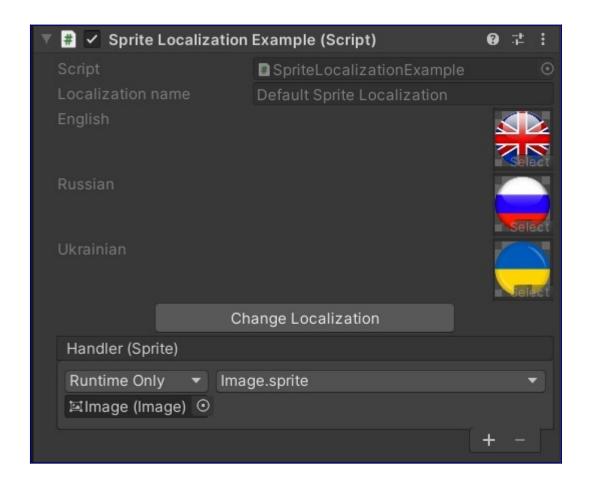
2. Applying localization to an object

Select the object that needs localization. Add a resource localization component to

it: Add component -> Localize -> [Resource type]Localization.



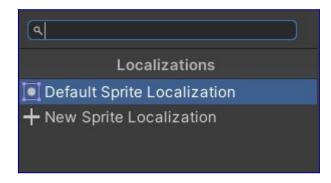
Add the object to the list of handlers and select the property corresponding to the resource type (usually they are at the top of the drop-down list)



The new localization will link to the same resources as the standard one.

4. Change localization

You can change the localization directly on the object. To do this, click the Change Localization button in the inspector window of the localization component.



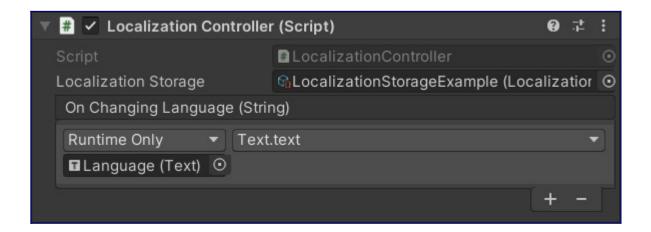
In the list that appears, you can select an existing localization or add a new one.

The new localization will link to the same resources as the standard one. They can be changed directly on the component.

<u>Attention!</u> When editing a localization used by several objects, the changes will affect all objects using an instance of this localization.

5. Managing localizations in Runtime

To control localization in Runtime, you need to add the LocalizationController component to the stage.



Scriptable Object of type LocalizationStorage must be added to the Localization Storage field. In the On Chage Language event field you can add a handler that receives a string with the name of the language.

To interact with an object of type LocalizationController in code, you can use the following methods:

Method	Description
	The static method that creates or returns a ready-made instance from the scene. Accepts a dontDestroy argument which allows
	you to save the object instance when changing scenes. Returns
	an instance of LocalizationController.
Subscribe	Allows an instance of a LocalizationComponent derived type,
	passed as an argument, to subscribe to localization changes.
Unsubscribe	Allows an instance of a LocalizationComponent derived type,
	passed as an argument, to subscribe to localization changes.
SetNextLanguage	Changes the language to the next one in the localization list.
SetPrevLanguage	Changes the language to the previous one in the localization list.
SetLanguage	Sets the current language and loads localized resources. Takes an object of type Language as an argument

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