EntityEngine Answering Entity-Relationship Queries using Shallow Semantics

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http://idir.uta.edu/er

HP ___ founded by?

Companies in

Silicon Valley?

Google -

Yahoo!

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YAHOO!

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1. Motivation 3. Entity-Relationship Query A business analyst is investigating the An entity-centric, declarative, structured, keyworddevelopment of Silicon Valley. based query mechanism.

The University of Texas ARLINGTON™



Persons Graduated

David Packard

David Filo

Typed entity Variable SELECT x, y FROM PERSON AS x, COMPANY AS y WHERE x:["Stanford" "graduate"] p1 AND y:["Silicon Valley"] p2 **Relation Predicate Selection Predicate**

6. Demonstration on Wikipedia

- 2 million Wikipedia articles
- 0.75 million entities
- 10 predefined

•COMPANY, NOVEL, PERSON ...

- 100 million annotations
- . INEX17

•Queries adapted from INEX topics

- OWN28
- Our own crafted queries

more reliable evidence.

Pride and Prejudice is a novel by Jane Austen It was begun in 1796; it was her

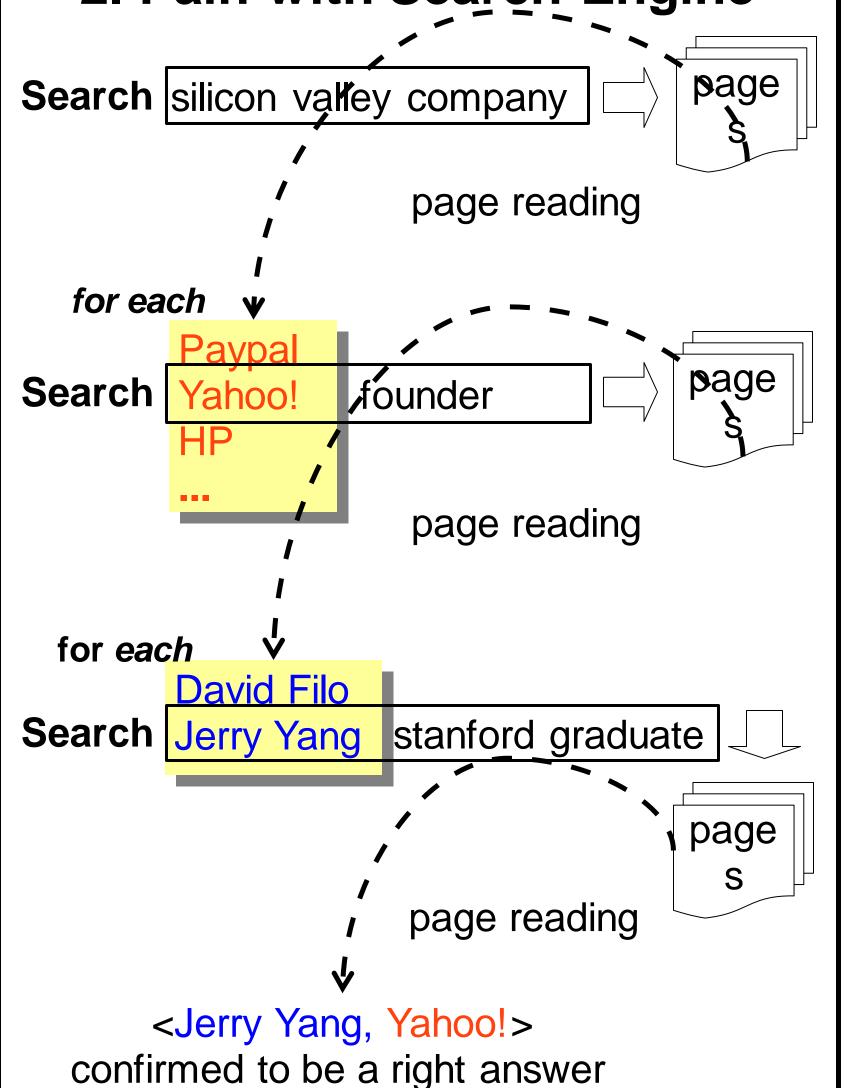
Pride and Prejudice

Categories: British povels

second attempt ...

Pride and Prejudice is an entity of type NOVEL. It is also an article, in which the PERSON Jane Austen occurs.

2. Pain with Search Engine



4. Query Answer

Co-occurrence contexts as evidence

For p1: Stanford graduates William Hewlett and David Packard ...

For p2: Hewlett-Packard, in Silicon Valley, -. -

For p3: William Hewlett and David Packard founded Hewlett-Packard.

<David Packard, HP> is an answer 5. System Offline Components Online Components **Query Interface** Preprocessor cleaning, stemming, sentence segmentation Ranker Entity-Centric Indexer Index **Entity Classifier** Retriever Assign entities to types retrieve entities and based on categories evidence

7. Ranking Ranking score answer 0.8 0.448 Yahoo! 8.0 Jerry Yang Google 0.6 0.5 0.6 0.180 t2 Larry Page Cisco **Scott McNealy** 0.9 8.0 0.144 Bill Gates 0.1 t4 0.006 0.8 * 0.7 * 0.8 = 0.448**Bounded Cumulative Model** $F_p(t) = \sum_{o \in O_p} f(o) \left[1 - \prod_{s \in \Phi_p(t,o)} \left(1 - prox(t,s) credit(o,s)\right)\right]$ **Ordering Pattern** Frequent patterns indicate **Mutual Exclusion** more reliable evidence. In a context with colliding patterns, the pattern followed by **Proximity** more prominent entities is more High proximity indicates

[1] EntityEngine: Answering Entity-Relationship Queries using Shallow Semantics. In CIKM (demo), 2010.

likely to be effective.

[2] Entity-Relationship Query over Wikipedia. In SMUC Workshop (in conjunction with CIKM), 2010.