# The Art of Iterating: Update-Strategies in ABS

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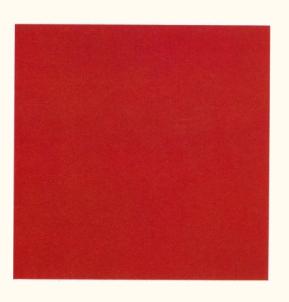
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## Motivation

#### Prisoner-Dilemma on 2D-Grid<sup>1</sup>

- Cooperate or Defect
- 1 Defector @ center
- Neighbourhood plays
- Highest payoff wins





synchronous<sup>2</sup>

asynchronous<sup>2</sup>

<sup>[1]</sup> Nowak, M. A., and May, R. M. Evolutionary games and spatial chaos. Nature 359, 6398 (Oct. 1992), 826–829. [2] Huberman, B. A., and Glance, N. S. Evolutionary games and computer simulations. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences 90, 16 (Aug. 1993), 7716–7718.

## Message & Aim

## Select the update-strategy which reflects the semantics of the model.

• Present new terminology

• Compare three very different languages

# New Terminology

## Properties of ABS

- 1. Iteration-Order Sequential or Parallel?
- 2. Global Synchronization
  Yes or No?
- 3. Thread of Execution Separate or Shared?

- 4. Message-Handling Immediately or Queued?
- 5. Visibility of Changes
  In-Iteration or Post-Iteration?
- 6. Repeatability
  Deterministic or Non-Deterministic?

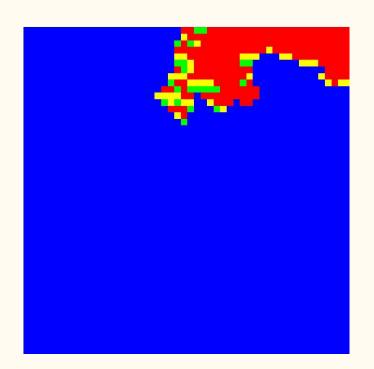
## I Sequential Strategy

• Global synchronization

• Update Agents sequentially

• Changes visible immediately

• Shared global thread



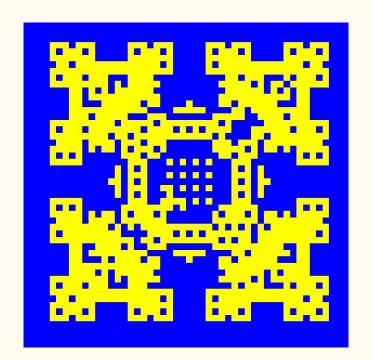
### II Parallel Strategy

• Global synchronization

• Update Agents parallel

• Changes visible NEXT iteration

• Shared global / separate thread

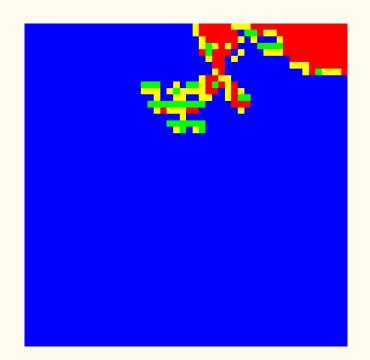


### III Concurrent Strategy

• Global synchronization

• Update Agents parallel

- Changes visible immediately
- Separate thread

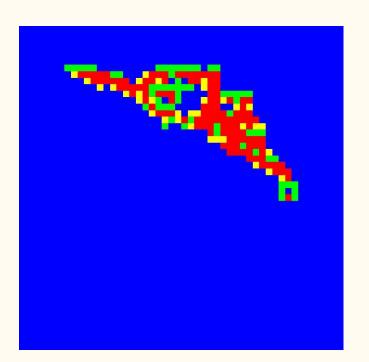


#### IV Actors Strategy

• No global synchronization

• Update Agents parallel

- Changes visible immediately
- Separate thread



# Language Comparison

#### Java

• Ease-Of-Use: all Strategies faithfully



• Benefits: widespread, high-performance

• **Deficits:** parallelism and concurrency guidance

• Natural: Sequential Strategy

#### Haskell

• Ease-Of-Use: all Strategies faithfully



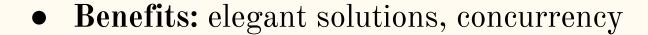
• Benefits: static type-system, parallelism and concurrency

• **Deficits:** immediate message-handling, performance

• Natural: Parallel & Concurrency Strategy

#### Scala with Actors

• Ease-Of-Use: only implemented Actor Strategy





• Natural: Actor Strategy



## Conclusion

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• Properties of ABS & Update-Strategies

• Haskell surprised!

• Actor-Model promising in ABS

• Update-Strategy must match Model

# Q & A