Creating your own ArrayList

Reinventing the wheel helps you appreciate the wheel.

ArrayList under the hood

- The real ArrayList has a data field that is just a regular array, and an int to keep track of the # of elements added into the list (logical size).
- The actual size of the array will hold some buffer space. If the buffer space runs out, the array size is increased to double its previous size.
- If items are removed and the logical size is less than 1/3 the actual size, the buffer space is cut in half.

numElements

List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();

0

Α

numElements

List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();

1

words.add("A");

```
List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>(); 2
words.add("A");
```



words.add("B");

```
List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();
words.add("A");
words.add("B");
words.add("C");
```

```
A B C D E F G H I J

List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();

words.add("A");

words.add("B");

words.add("C");

//code to add D,E,F,G,H,I,J
```



```
List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();
words.add("A");
words.add("B");
words.add("C");
//code to add D,E,F,G,H,I,J
words.add("K"); //buffer size increased to 20
```



```
List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();

words.add("A");

words.add("B");

words.add("C");

//code to add D,E,F,G,H,I,J

words.add("K");

//buffer size increased to 20

words.add(3,"X");
```



```
List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();
                                                          11
words.add("A");
words.add("B");
words.add("C");
//code to add D,E,F,G,H,I,J
words.add("K");
                      //buffer size increased to 20
words.add(3,"X");
                     //elements from index 3 to the end of logical
                      //size are shifted one space to the right
```

```
K
                                    G
List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();
                                                           12
words.add("A");
words.add("B");
words.add("C");
//code to add D,E,F,G,H,I,J
words.add("K");
                      //buffer size increased to 20
words.add(3,"X");
                     //elements from index 3 to the end of logical
                      //size are shifted one space to the right,
                      //then new element is copied in and size is
                      //increased by one.
```

```
K
List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();
                                                          12
words.add("A");
words.add("B");
words.add("C");
//code to add D,E,F,G,H,I,J
words.add("K");
                      //buffer size increased to 20
words.add(3,"X");
                     //elements from index 3 to the end of logical
                      //size are shifted one space to the right,
                      //then new element is copied in and size is
                      //increased by one.
words.remove(1);
```



```
K
List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();
                                                           12
words.add("A");
words.add("B");
words.add("C");
//code to add D,E,F,G,H,I,J
words.add("K");
                      //buffer size increased to 20
words.add(3,"X");
                      //elements from index 3 to the end of logical
                      //size are shifted one space to the right,
                      //then new element is copied in and size is
                      //increased by one.
words.remove(1);
                      //elements from index 2 to the end of logical
                      //size are shifted one space to the left,
```



```
Н
                                                         К
List<String>words = new ArrayList<String>();
                                                           11
words.add("A");
words.add("B");
words.add("C");
//code to add D,E,F,G,H,I,J
words.add("K");
                      //buffer size increased to 20
words.add(3,"X");
                      //elements from index 3 to the end of logical
                      //size are shifted one space to the right,
                      //then new element is copied in and size is
                      //increased by one.
words.remove(1);
                      //elements from index 2 to the end of logical
                      //size are shifted one space to the left,
                      //then logical size is decreased by one.
```

The Interface

 Your MyArrayList must implement the following shorter version of the List interface:

```
public interface ListInterface<anyType>
{
   public boolean add(anyType x);
   public boolean add(int index, anyType x);
   public int size();
   public anyType set(int index, anyType x);
   public anyType get(int index);
   public anyType remove(int index);
}
```

 anyType means that you can send it an Object of... any type.

```
public class MyArrayList<anyType> implements ListInterface<anyType>
   private Object[] list;
                                        //the actual container
   private int numElements;
                                        //keep track of logical size
   public MyArrayList()
    list = new Object[10];
                                        //start with buffer size of 10
                                        //and zero logical elements
    numElements = 0;
  //more methods here
```

- Implementing ListInterface means you must define all interface methods concretely.
- Complete helper methods doubleCapacity() and cutCapacity() to adjust the buffer size when necessary.