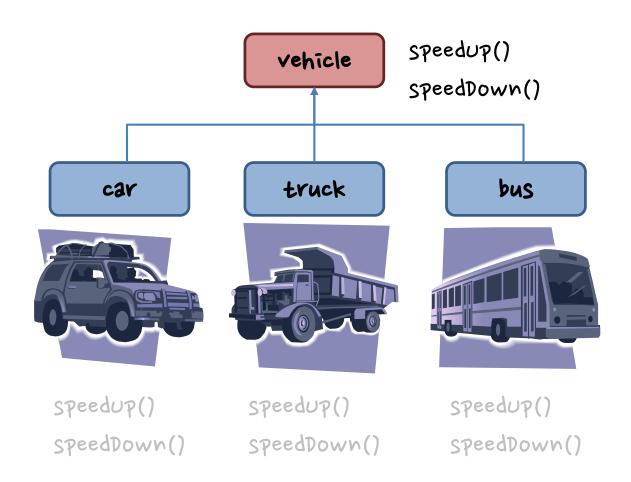
招帮时 至五别则

Inheritance

Generalization



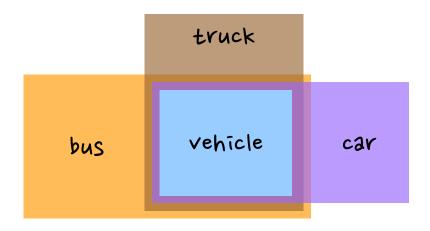
Inheritance

- 기준에 정의된 클래스에 멤버 (선수/四)소드를 추가하며 새로운 클래스를 정의
 - Super class (parent class, base class): 상속되는 클래스
 - Subclass (child class, derived class): な気性も 型出へ

Syntax

— class Subclass extends Superclass {
 ・・・・ // キャトも (地午/四)全を
す

- class car extends vehicle
- class Truck extends vehicle
- class Bus extends vehicle



Example

```
class vehicle {
   private float speed;
   public void showSpeed() {
      System.out.println("한경제 독도: "+speed);
3
class Truck extends vehicle {
   private float capacity;
   public void showinfo() {
      showSpeed();
      System.out.println("7774"=: "+capacity+"t");
   3
```

Inheritance

- 信有可介
 - 一型의 智慧 爱好
 - 一型의 机建筑
- 付给 is-a 관771
 - Sportscar is a car
 - Dictionary is a Book
- 도감 판기기(has-a)인 기상우 클래스의 껨너로 클래스를 가지도록 설기기
 - Library has a Book
 - Rectangle has two Points

Instantiation

• Subclass의 생성자는 super class의 생성자를 바다시 호출

```
class vehicle f
   private float speed;
   public vehicle (float speed) {
      this.speed = speed;
   7
   public void show Speed () f
      System.out.println("記刊 红江:"+speed);
3
                                    class Truck extends vehicle {
                                       private float capacity;
                                       public Truck(float speed, float capacity) {
                                          super(speed);
                                          this.capacity = capacity;
                                       public void showinfo() f
                                          showSpeed();
                                          System.out.println("マイマヤリム๒: "+capacity+"t");
```

给

- Vehicle class를 상속받는 Bus class를 만들고 인스턴스를 생성
 - vehicle
 - speedup(), speedDown() 메모드 생성 - 0.5km/h 식 조결
 - Bus
 - · 멤버 吃午: int capacity
 - 멤버 四丘: void showInfo()
 - 一 "今れる記:"+capacity+"咕"
- Vehicle class 및 Bus class의 (संस्त्रामणा (संस्त्राम) चेट्टेय्यूई ध्राट ट्रेय्टिट प्रमा (संस्त्राम) मण्डिमा चेट्टेयट्रा येथ
- Bus class에서 vehicle class의 멤버地 speed에 祖语 수 있는가?

Access control

314124	클래스 내부	इंट्रे च्यानारा	상속내는 클래스	이외의 ଟ
private	0	×	×	×
default	0	0	×	×
protected	0	0	0	×
Public	0	0	0	0

- Private 껨버도 상속은 되나 집군은 불가

Method overriding

- Super classon 정의된 메소트를 subclasson에 재정의
- · Super classel 四个巨岩 가게

```
class vehicle f
                                                class Truck extends vehicle {
   private float speed;
                                                   private float capacity;
   private float weight;
                                                   public Truck(float speed, float weight,
   public vehicle (float speed, float weight) {
                                                                float capacity) {
      this.speed = speed;
                                                      super(speed, weight);
      this.weight = weight;
                                                      this.capacity = capacity;
                                                   Public void showinfo() {
   public void show Speed () f
      System.out.println("記刊 红:"+speed);
                                                      super.showSpeed();
                                                      System.out.println("?q?\"\"; "+capacity+"t");
   public float getweight() {
      return weight;
                                                   public float getweight() {
                                                      return super.getWeight() + capacity;
```

Assign Subclass Instance to Super class variable

- 単智を対けらした
 - Truck is a vehicle

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    vehicle vehicle = new Truck();
    //vehicle.showInfo(); // compile error
    vehicle.showSpeed();
}
```

Method overriding & overloading

```
class AAA {
   public void rideMethod() {System.out.println("AAA's Method");}
   public void loadMethod() {System.out.println("void Method");}
7
class BBB extends AAA f
   public void rideMethod() {System.out.println("BBB's Method");}
   public void loadMethod(int num) {System.out.println("int Method");}
class ccc extends BBB f
   public void rideMethod() {System.out.println("ccc's Method");}
   public void loadMethod(double num) {System.out.println("double Method");}
public static void main(String[] args) {
   AAA refi = new ccc();
   BBB refz = new ccc();
   ccc ref3 = new ccc();
                                                 Result?
   refl.rideMethod();
   refz.rideMethod();
   ref3.rideMethod();
   ref3.loadMethod();
   ref3.loadMethod(1);
   ref3.loadMethod(1,2);
```

overriding of variables?

- · 멤버 地华 overriding は記計する
- 社会地学的对象的明 取出 程表 对于 对于 对于

```
class AAA f
   Public int num = 2;
class BBB extends AAA f
   Public int num = 5;
class ccc extends BBB f
   Public int num = 7;
                                                                Result?
public static void main(String[] args) {
   ccc refi = new ccc();
   BBB ref2 = ref1;
   AAA ref3 = ref2
   System.out.println("ccc's ref: "+refl.num);
   System.out.println("BBB's ref: "+ref2.num);
   System.out.println("AAA's ref: "+ref3.num);
```

instanceof

- · 公车型771量 1/1号2 超 烟轮 1 7+号松7 号台 吸收入
- 耐烟社에 가능하면 true, 아니면 false 바北

```
overriding으로 처리하는다고??
class Box f
   public void simplewrap() f ... }
class PaperBox extends Box f
   public void paperwrap() f ... }
class GoldPaperBox extends PaperBox (
   public void goldwrap() { ··· }
public static void wrapBox(Box box) {
   if (box instanceof GoldPaperBox)
      ((GoldPaperBox)box).goldwrap();
   else if (box instanceof PaperBox)
      ((PaperBox)box).paperwrap();
   else
      box.simplewrap();
3
```

Merit of Inheritance and overriding

• 상속 관7기인 일랜의 클래스에 대한 공통적인 규수 정의 — e.g. Truck, Bus 클래스에 대해 동일한 방식(Vehicle 클래스)으로 방면에 저장 및 메소드 호출

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    vehicle[] vehicles = new Vehicle[2];
    vehicles[o] = new Truck(o, 10);
    vehicles[i] = new Bus(o, 10);
    for (int i=o; i<vehicles.length; i++)
        vehicles[i].showSpeed();
}</pre>
```

final class / method

- · 클버스에 final 기위트를 붙이던, 클버스의 상속 허용하지 않는다
- प्राप्त प्रार्थण final नाभिष्ट्र 붙이 प्रिक्त प्रार्थण overriding을 하는 अत्य 않는다

```
final class NotInheritable {
...
}

class Inheritable {
  final void Notoverridable(...) { ... }
...
}
```

abstract class

• 객체의 생성을 허용하지 않는 클래스 (추상화 클래스)

```
abstract class vehicle {
                                                class Truck extends vehicle f
   private float speed;
                                                   private float capacity;
                                                   public Truck(float speed, float weight,
   private float weight;
   public vehicle (float speed, float weight) {
                                                                float capacity) {
      this.speed = speed;
                                                      super(speed, weight);
      this.weight = weight;
                                                      this.capacity = capacity;
                                                   7
                                                   public void showInfo() {
   public void show Speed () f
      System.out.println("記刊 红:"+speed);
                                                      super.showSpeed();
                                                      System.out.println("7774"; ?=: "+capacity+"t");
   public float getweight() {
      return weight;
                                                   public float getweight() {
                                                      return super.getWeight() + capacity;
   public abstract void showinfo();
```

abstract class

- · Vehicle 型出公告 则公配公针键 의丘가 饭다
 - Vehicle 클래스가 인스턴스학 된다면 실수이며, 이것을 막고 싶다
- showinfo method?
 - overriding 관계를 위한 method
 - abstractを 行って から
- abstract method를 豆蔻汁는 클래스는 abstract3 他呢
- 인스턴스 생성은 불가능, 참조 연수 선적은 가능
 - vehicle v = new vehicle(...); // \frac{1}{2}+
 - Vehicle v = new Truck(···); // 1+
- abstract 型料公童 はな計と subclass는 は巨川 abstract method皇 overriding されのド むしト
 - Truck / Bus 型出企의 showInfo methodig は巨化 子記

Interface

- ����� abstract class
 - 一 空 methodat abstractol class는 interfaceえ 行의 オヤ
 - interface 내 他でも 他午上 中立地 public static final
 - interface 내 선전된 메소트는 무조건 public abstract
 - interfaces 社会 他个他也以 method overriding 7th

```
public interface MyInterface {
    public void supmethod();
    }

public void supmethod();

}

public interface YourInterface {
    public interface SubInterf extends SuperInterf {
    public void yourMethod();
    }

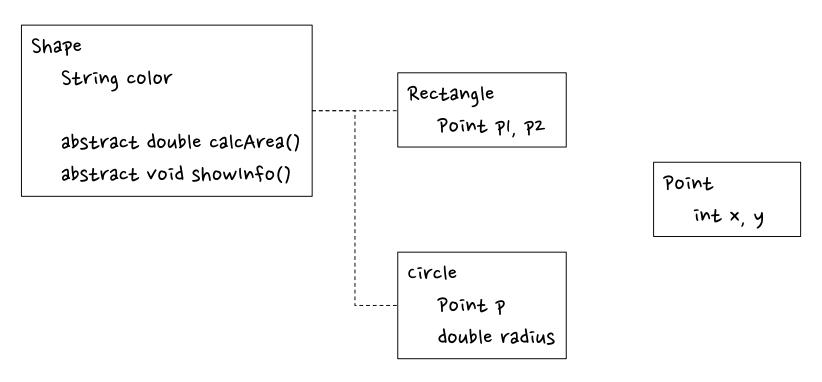
class Ourclass implements MyInterface, YourInterface {
    public void myMethod() { ··· };
    public void yourMethod() { ··· };
}
```

Summary

- Inheritance (45年)
 - 기준에 정의된 클래스에 띠러 변수/메소트를 추가하며 새로운 클래스를 정의
 - is-a 관계의 칼바스 간에 활동
- Method overriding
 - Subclass에서 super class에서 경의한 method를 제정의
- Inheritance & overriding
 - 상속 관기에인 일랜의 클래스에 대한 공토적인 구야 정의
- abstract class
 - 一 かける かえい abstract class 言い 是 なな 互動
 - abstract class 社会性的 心性之外

智

- 互对 胜引 至五程 子冠
 - abstract classol Shape class을 상숙 반는 Rectangle라 circle class 구현



calcArea(): 도행의 넓이 7계(산

ShowInfo(): 도해의 정보 출력 (e.g. red 사자해, black 원)

んだけ

- 도행 관리 도로그램 구현
 - abstract classol Shape class을 상숙 반는 Rectangle라 circle class 구현

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Shape[] S = new Shape[3];
    S[0] = new Rectangle(…);
    S[1] = new Rectangle(…);
    S[2] = new circle(…);

for (int i=0; i(s.length; i++) {
        System.out.println(s[i].showInfo());
        System.out.println("如心:" + s[i].calcArea());
    }
```

red イナ가당 돼이: 10.0 blue イナナショ 돼이: 30.0 black 원 돼이: 314.1592