



# Introduction to Backend Development and Deployment

Via NodeJS and Azure

Session 2 on 11/04/20

Microsoft [Student Partners](#)

# About this Session



# Topic to be covered

- Routes in ExpressJS
  - Routings
  - Route Path
  - Route Methods
- Middleware in ExpressJS
- Routers in ExpressJS
- Returning HTML as Response in ExpressJS

# Route

	1	1	0	0	0	1		0	1	1	0	1		1	1		1	1	0	0	1	0		0	1		0	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	0	0		0	0	0	1		0	1	0		1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0		0	1
0	0	0		0		1	0	1	1	0	0	0		1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1		0	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	1		1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0		1	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1		0	0	0	1	1	0	1		0		1	1	1	0	1
0		1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1		1	1	1	0	1

# *Routing*

- An application's endpoints (URLs) respond to client requests.
- Define routing using methods of the Express app object that correspond to HTTP methods;
- for example:
  - `app.get()` to handle GET requests
  - `app.post` to handle POST requests.
  - use `app.all()` to handle all HTTP methods
  - `app.use()` to specify middleware as the callback function

# Route Path

- Route paths can be strings, string patterns, or regular expressions.
- The characters `?`, `+`, `*`, and `()` are subsets of their regular expression counterparts.
- The hyphen (`-`) and the dot (`.`) are interpreted literally by string-based paths.
- If you need to use the dollar character (`$`) in a path string, enclose it escaped within (`[` and `]`).
- For example, the path string for requests at `"/data/$book"`, would be `"/data/([\$])book"`.
- See the [path-to-regexp](#) documentation for all the possibilities in defining route paths

# Demo

	1	1	0	0	0	1		0	1	1	0	1		1	1		1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1		0	0	1	
0	1	0	0	1	0	0		0	0	0	1		0	1	0		1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	
0	0	0		0		1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	1		1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0		1	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1		0	0	0	1	1	0	1		0		1	1	1	0	1
0		1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1		1	1	1	0	1

# Routes Basic

```
const express = require('express');  
const app = express();
```

```
app.route('/msg/hello')  
  .get((req, res) => {  
    res.send('Hello World! Get');  
  })  
  .post((req, res) => {  
    res.send('Hello World! Post');  
  });
```

```
app.listen(8080)
```



# Middlewares

	1	1	0	0	0	1		0	1	1	0	1		1	1		1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1		0	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	0	0		0	0	0	1		0	1	0		1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
0	0	0		0		1	0	1	1	0	0	0		1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	1		1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0		1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1		0	0	0	1	1	0	1		0		1	1	1	0
0		1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1		1	1	1	0

# What is a Middleware?

- *Middleware* functions are functions that have access to following object in the application's request-response cycle:
  - the [request object](#) (req),
  - the [response object](#) (res)
  - the next function .
- The next function is a function in the Express router which, when invoked, executes the middleware succeeding the current middleware.
- If the current middleware function does not end the request-response cycle, it must call next() to pass control to the next middleware function. Otherwise, the request will be left hanging.

# Demo

	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1		1	1		1	1	0	0	1	0		0	1		0	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0		1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	
0	0	0		0		1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	1		1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0		1	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1		0	0	0	1	1	0	1		0		1	1	1	0	1
0		1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1		0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1		1	1	0	1

# Middleware Basic

```
const express = require('express');  
const app = express();
```

```
app.use((req, res, next) => {  
  console.log('LOGGED');  
  next();  
});
```

```
app.get('/', function (req, res) {  
  res.send('Hello World!');  
});
```

```
app.listen(8080)
```

# Middleware Path Specific

```
const express = require('express');  
const app = express();
```

```
app.use('/msg',(req, res, next) => {  
  console.log('LOGGED');  
  next();  
});
```

```
app.get('/msg/hello', function (req, res) {  
  res.send('Hello World!');  
});
```

```
app.get('/msg/bye', function (req, res) {  
  res.send('Bye World!');  
});
```

```
app.listen(8080)
```

# Middleware Module Import

## File One

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();

const apiCheck = require('./utils/apicheck');

app.use(apiCheck);

app.get('/msg/hello', function (req, res) {
  res.send('Hello World!');
});

app.get('/msg/bye', function (req, res) {
  res.send('Bye World!');
});

app.listen(8080)
```

## File Two

```
const apiKey = 'abcd1234';

function apiCheck(req,res,next) {
  if (req.headers['x-api-key'] !== apiKey) {
    return res.send('Invalid APIKey');
  }
  next();
}

module.exports = apiCheck;
```

# Routers

	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
0	0	0		0		1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	1		1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1		0	0	0	1	1	0	1		1	1	1	0
0		1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0

- Router class to create modular, mountable route handlers.
- A Router instance is a complete middleware and routing system
- It is often referred to as a “mini-app”.



# Demo

	1	1	0	0	0	1		0	1	1	0	1		1	1		1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1		0	0	1	
0	1	0	0	1	0	0		0	0	0	1		0	1	0		1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	
0	0	0		0		1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
0	1	1	0	0	1		1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0		1	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1		0	0	0	1	1	0	1		0		1	1	1	0	1
0		1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1		1	1	1	0	1

# Router Basic

## File One

```
const express = require('express');  
const app = express();
```

```
const msg = require('./controller/message');
```

```
app.use('/msg', msg);
```

```
app.get("", (req, res) => {  
  res.send('Let\'s Go');  
});
```

## File Two

```
const express = require('express');  
const router = express.Router()
```

```
router.get("", (req, res) => {  
  res.send('Hey it\'s message route');  
});
```

```
router.get('/hello', (req, res) => {  
  res.send('Hello World');  
});
```

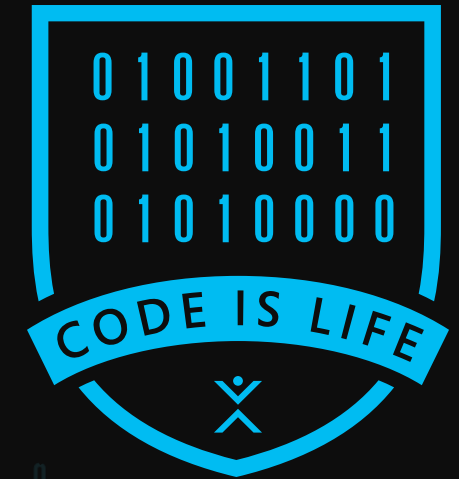
```
module.exports = router;
```

# Demo: HTML File as Response

Check the repo for the code: [https://github.com/ieeeditu/Backend-Dev-and-Deploy/tree/master/Session-2/HTML\\_Example](https://github.com/ieeeditu/Backend-Dev-and-Deploy/tree/master/Session-2/HTML_Example) .



# Thank You



## About The Speaker

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