Programming Monte Carlo Simulation of Stock Prices

Use diffuse.c in the class home page as a template, and rename it to stock.c.

Governing Equation: Geometric Diffusion Equation

$$dS = \mu S dt + \sigma S \varepsilon \sqrt{dt} = S \left(\underbrace{\mu dt}_{0.14 \text{ [yr}^{-1]} \times \frac{1}{365} \text{ [yr]}} + \underbrace{\sigma \sqrt{dt}}_{0.2 \text{ [yr}^{-1/2]} \times \sqrt{\frac{1}{365} \text{ [yr]}}} \varepsilon \right), \tag{1}$$

where S is the stock price in \$ with dS being the change of S during dt = 1 [day] = 1/365 = 0.00274 [yr], $\mu = 0.14$ [yr⁻¹] is the growth rate, $\sigma = 0.2$ [yr^{-1/2}] is the volatility, and ε is a random number following the Gaussian (normal) distribution with unit variance,

$$P(\varepsilon) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon^2}{2}\right). \tag{2}$$

Let's precompute and save μdt and $\sigma \sqrt{dt}$ as constants.

Main Function

```
Reset histogram, hist[N_{hist} = 50] // hist[i] counts the count of ending stock prices s such that i \le s < i + 1 for walker = 1, N_{walker} (= 1,000) S \leftarrow S_{init} = \$20 for day = 1, N_{max} (= 365 days) S += S[\mu dt + \sigma \sqrt{dt} \times rand\_normal()] if (S < 0) break S \leftarrow S > 0 ? S : 0 // C notation for max(S, 0.0) ++hist[(int)S]
```

Box-Muller algorithm

```
double rand\_normal()

r_1 \leftarrow rand()/(double)RAND\_MAX

r_2 \leftarrow rand()/(double)RAND\_MAX

return \sqrt{-2\ln{(r_1)}}\cos(2\pi r_2) // Note the natural log function with base e is log() in C math library
```