

Outline of tb.c Programming

Required Utility Functions: <https://aiichironakano.github.io/phys516/src/TB/>

1. `tb_util_angstrom.c` or `tb_util_au.c`: Copy contents of either one into your header and program files (name them `tb.h` and `tb.c`, respectively)
2. `eigen.c`: To be compiled together with your `tb.c`

Additional Utility Function: <https://aiichironakano.github.io/phys516/src/MD/>

1. `SignR()` function in `md.h` to implement periodic boundary condition (PBC)

Algorithm

Read `InnitUcell[3]` // How many times to repeat the diamond unit cell (in `tb_util.c`)

`InitConf()` → $nAtom \leftarrow 8 \prod_{a=0}^2 IntiUcell[a]$
 $r[0:nAtom-1][0:2]$ // $r[i][0:1:2] = r_{i,x|y|z}$, where $\vec{r}_i = (r_{i,x}, r_{i,y}, r_{i,z})$

`int n4 = 4 × nAtom` // Vector length

`double** h = dmatrix(1,n4,1,n4)` // Allocate memory and allow the use of `h[1:n4][1:n4]`

`double* d = dvector(1,n4)` // Allocate `d[1:n4]`

`double* e = dvector(1,n4)` // Allocate `e[1:n4]`; `dmatrix()` and `dvector()` defined in `eigen.c`*

// Set up `h[1:n4][1:n4]`

for $1 \leq i \leq n4$

for $1 \leq j \leq n4$

$h[i][j] \leftarrow 0$

for $0 \leq i < nAtom$

 // Fill diagonal (intra-atom) block

 { $h[4i+1][4i+1] \leftarrow E_s$

$h[4i+k][4i+k] \leftarrow E_p (k = 2,3,4)$

for $i+1 \leq j < nAtom$

$\vec{r}_{ij} \leftarrow \vec{r}_i - \vec{r}_j = (r_{ij,x}, r_{ij,y}, r_{ij,z})$

 // Pick the minimum image (cf. `ComputeAccel()` in `md.c`)

$r_{ij,a} = r_{ij,a} - \text{SignR}\left(\frac{L_a}{2}, r_{ij,a} - \frac{L_a}{2}\right) - \text{SignR}\left(\frac{L_a}{2}, r_{ij,a} + \frac{L_a}{2}\right) (a = 0,1,2)$

 Here, $\frac{L_a}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times \underbrace{LCNS}_{\text{lattice constant}} \times \text{InitUcell}[a] \rightarrow \text{RegionH}[3]$

$\hat{d} \leftarrow \vec{r}_{ij} / \underbrace{|\vec{r}_{ij}|}_r = (d_x, d_y, d_z)$ // Unit-length bond-direction vector

 Fill off-diagonal block, $h[4i+k][4j+l] (k, l = 1,2,3,4)$

 Symmetric copy: $h[4j+l][4i+k] = h[4i+k][4j+l] (k, l = 1,2,3,4)$

* Don't forget to prototype `dmatrix()` and `dvector()`, which are defined in `eigen.c`, in your header file, `tb.h`.

double **dmatrix(int, int, int, int);

double *dvector(int, int);

```

// Diagonalize the Hamiltonian matrix†
tred2(h,n4,d,e)
tqli(d,e,n4,h) // Now d[1:n4] hold the eigenvalues (not sorted)

// Sort the eigenvalues in ascending order‡
for 1 ≤ i < n4
    for i + 1 ≤ j ≤ n4
        if d[i] > d[j]
            // Swap the elements
            dummy ← d[i]
            d[i] ← d[j]
            d[j] ← dummy

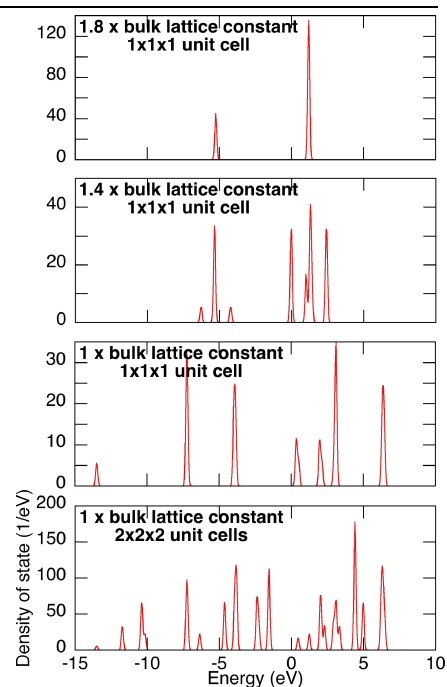
// Plot the electronic density of states (DOS)
εmin = -15.0 [eV] // Minimum and maximum energies to plot DOS
εmax = 10.0 [eV]
σ = 0.1 [eV] // Smear each eigenvalue as a Gaussian function
for 0 ≤ i < Nbin // Use the number of energy bins Nbin = 500
    εi ← εmin + i  $\frac{\epsilon_{\max} - \epsilon_{\min}}{Nbin}$ 
    D(εi) ←  $\sum_{v=1}^{n4} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{(\epsilon_i - \epsilon_v)^2}{\sigma^2}\right]$ 
    Plot εi vs. D(εi)

```

Compile and Run

Compile: cc -o tb.tb.c eigen.c -lm

Run: LCNS = 5.43 Å (or 10.2622 a.u.) × 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.8;
 InitUcell[3] = (1, 1, 1), 8 atoms
 LCNS = 5.43 Å (or 10.2622 a.u.);
 InitUcell[3] = (2, 2, 2), 64 atoms



[†] Don't forget to prototype *tred2()* and *tqli()*, which are defined in *eigen.c*, in your header file, *tb.h*.

```
void tred2(double **, int, double *, double *);
```

```
void tqli(double *, double *, int, double **);
```

[‡] Upon return from *tqli()*, *h*[1:n4][*i*] and *h*[1:n4][*j*] store *i*-th and *j*-th eivenvectors; these columns need be swapped as well, if we need to use them (not necessary for the homework).