

Referencing with APA 7th Style – Brief Guide

For more information refer to the AUT Library referencing guide <http://aut.ac.nz.libguides.com/APA7th> and the APA 7th Manual.

Reference Types	In-text	Reference List
Book & ebook with DOI	(Ewert et al., 2014) or according to Ewert et al. (2014)	Ewert, E. W., Mitten, D. S., & Overholt, J. R. (2014). <i>Natural environments and human health</i> . CAB International. https://doi.org/10.1079/9781845939199.0000 Include the DOI using the format https://doi.org/10.xxxx/xxxx
Book & ebook without DOI, ebook without DOI from research databases	(Foxall, 2018) or According to Foxall (2018)	Foxall, G. R. (2018). <i>Context and cognition in consumer psychology: How perception and emotion guide action</i> . Routledge. Use the copyright date. For more than one publisher, list all publishers in the order that they appear, separated by a semicolon. Do not include the database name or URL.
Article with DOI from research databases	(Washington, 2014) or Washington (2014) stated that	Washington, E. T. (2014). An overview of cyberbully in higher education. <i>Adult Learning</i> , 26(1), 21–27. https://doi.org/10.1177/1045159514558412 For DOI, use the format https://doi.org/xxxxxx
Article without DOI: From research databases, or From a Print journal	(Moody, 2019) or Moody (2019)	Moody, M. S. (2019). If instructional coaching really works, why isn't it working? <i>Educational Leadership</i> , 77(3), 30–35. Do not include the database name or URL for articles from most academic research databases.
Open access journal article without DOI	(Dayton, 2019) or Dayton (2019)	Dayton, K. J. (2019). Tangled arms: Modernizing and unifying the arm-of-the-state doctrine. <i>The University of Chicago Law Review</i> , 86(6), 1497–1737. https://bit.ly/2SkWwcy Include the URL for articles without a DOI and with a nondatabase URL, e.g. free online journal articles.
Webpage, no date,	(Athletics New Zealand, n.d.) or Athletics New Zealand (n.d.)	Athletics New Zealand. (n.d.). <i>Form a new club</i> . http://www.athletics.org.nz/Clubs/Starting-a-New-Club When the author and site name are the same, omit the site name.
Webpage, with a date	(Monaghan, 2019) or Monaghan (2019)	Monaghan, E. (2019, December 10). <i>5 reasons modern slavery at sea is still possible in 2019</i> . Greenpeace. https://bit.ly/2PIXjgc If the page you are citing includes a last updated date, use that date. Include the name of the website in the reference.
YouTube video or other streaming video	(MSNBC, 2020) or MSNBC (2020)	MSNBC. (2020, January 7). <i>Julián Castro endorses Elizabeth Warren</i> [Video]. YouTube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uk2Tzc8H5po
Conference paper	... act of curation works with unique set of factors (Mason & Missingham, 2019) or ... according to Mason and Missingham (2019)	Mason, I., & Missingham, R. (2019, October 21–25). <i>Research libraries, data curation, and workflows</i> [Paper presentation]. eResearch Australasia Conference, Brisbane, QLD, Australia. https://bit.ly/2RGcFdn After the title, include a label in square brackets that matches the description of the presentation e.g. [paper presentation]. Create a short URL using https://bitly.com

Author	In-text	Reference List
One author	... (Pilger, 2006) or Pilger (2006) stated that ...	Pilger, J. (2006). <i>Freedom next time</i> . Bantam.
Two authors	(Shaw & Eichbaum, 2008) or Shaw and Eichbaum (2008) ... <i>List both authors.</i>	Shaw, R., & Eichbaum, C. (2008). <i>Public policy in New Zealand: Institutions, processes and outcomes</i> . Pearson Education.
3 or more authors, up to 20 authors	(Watson et al., 2019) or Watson et al. (2019) stated that ... <i>List the first author followed by et al.</i>	Watson, S., Gunasekaran, G., Gedye, M., van Roy, Y., Ross, M., Longdin, L., & Brown, L. (2003). <i>Law of business organisations</i> (4th ed.). Palatine Press. <i>List all authors up to and including 20. The last author's surname is preceded by an ampersand (&).</i>
21 or more authors	(Loannidis et al., 2016) or Loannidis et al. (2016) stated <i>List the first author followed by et al.</i>	Loannidis, N. M., Rothstein, J. H., Pejaver, V., Middha, S., McDonnell, S., Baheti, S. Musolf, A., Li, Q., Holzinger, E., Karyadi, D., Cannon-Albright, L., Teerlink, C. C., Stanford, J. L., Isaacs, W. B., Xu, J., Cooney, K., Lange, E., Schleutker, J., Carpten, J. D., ... Weiver, S. (2016). Revel: An ensemble method for predicting the pathogenicity of rare missense variants. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 99(4), 877–885. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajhg.2016.08.016 <i>List the first 19 authors, then insert three dots (ellipsis ...) and add the last author's name.</i>
Group (corporate) author with abbreviation	First citation: (New Zealand Health Information Service [NZHIS], 2003). Subsequent: (NZHIS, 2003) ... <i>Use the full name throughout in your in-text references if there is no formal abbreviation of the group author.</i>	New Zealand Health Information Service. (2003). <i>Report on maternity: Maternal and new-born inequalities in Aotearoa New Zealand</i> . Otago University Press. <i>Do not include an abbreviation for a group author in a reference list entry.</i>
Author in secondary citations	... showed in the study (Seidenberg & McClelland, 1990, as cited in Coltheart et al., 1993) or Seidenberg and McClelland (1990, as cited in Coltheart et al., 1993) showed ... <i>Include the original work and the date, and the citation for the source where you found the information.</i>	Coltheart, M., Curtis, B. Atkins, P., & Haller, M. (1993). Models of reading aloud: Dual-route and parallel-distributed-processing approaches. <i>Psychological Review</i> , 100, 589–608. <i>Enter the reference list for the source you have read (secondary source).</i>
Author of a chapter in an edited book	... (Easton, 2008) or according to Easton (2008)	Easton, B. (2008). Does poverty affect health? In K. Dew & A. Matheson (Eds.), <i>Understanding health inequalities in Aotearoa New Zealand</i> (pp. 97–106). Otago University Press. <i>Include a DOI after the publisher, if available.</i>

APA 7th Brief Guide: Tables & Figures from Databases

Database	Reproducing a table or a figure in your text	Referring to a table or a figure in your text																
Passport Table	<p>Table 3</p> <p><i>Sales of Apparel by Category, % Volume Growth 2006-2011</i></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>% volume growth</th> <th>2010/11</th> <th>2006-11 CAGR</th> <th>2006/11 Total</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Clothing</td> <td>9.4</td> <td>11.3</td> <td>70.8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Footwear</td> <td>6.6</td> <td>8.5</td> <td>50.6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Apparel</td> <td>9.2</td> <td>11.1</td> <td>69.0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>Note.</i> Apparel in China industry overview. CAGR = compound annual growth rate. Passport. Copyright 2012 by Euromonitor International.</p> <p>In-text citation: as seen in table 3, the volume ...</p>	% volume growth	2010/11	2006-11 CAGR	2006/11 Total	Clothing	9.4	11.3	70.8	Footwear	6.6	8.5	50.6	Apparel	9.2	11.1	69.0	<p>In-text citation: sales of apparel in China (Euromonitor International, 2012).</p> <p>Include a reference entry for the reproducing or referring table: Euromonitor International. (2012). <i>Sales of apparel by category, % volume growth 2006-2011</i> [Table]. Passport.</p>
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Passport Figure	<p>Figure 3</p> <p><i>Sales of RTD Coffee in New Zealand</i></p> <p><i>Note.</i> Off-trade volume- 000 litres-2005 to 2009, projected up to 2024. RTD= Ready to drink. Passport. Copyright 2020 by Euromonitor International.</p> <p>In-text citation: the sale of RTD coffee as seen is figure 3, ...</p>	<p>In-text citation: increase in the sale of RTD coffee (Euromonitor International, 2020)</p> <p>Include a reference entry for the reproducing or referring figure: Euromonitor International. (2020). <i>Sales of RTD Coffee in New Zealand</i> [Graph]. Passport.</p>																

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MarketLine	<p>Table 6</p> <p><i>Australia Wine Market Value: \$million, 2013-2017</i></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th><th>\$ million</th><th>A\$ million</th><th>€ million</th><th>% Growth</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2013</td><td>7,084.2</td><td>9,234.9</td><td>6,264.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>2014</td><td>7,294.5</td><td>9,509.0</td><td>6,450.0</td><td>3.0%</td></tr> <tr> <td>2015</td><td>7,527.6</td><td>9,812.9</td><td>6,656.1</td><td>3.2%</td></tr> <tr> <td>2016</td><td>7,727.8</td><td>10,073.9</td><td>6,833.2</td><td>2.7%</td></tr> <tr> <td>2017</td><td>7,992.5</td><td>10,418.9</td><td>7,067.2</td><td>3.4%</td></tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">CAGR: 2013–17</td><td>3.1%</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>Note.</i> CAGR= Compound annual growth rate. MarketLine. Copyright 2012 by MarketLine.</p> <p>In-text citation: as seen in table 6, the value of ...</p>	Year	\$ million	A\$ million	€ million	% Growth	2013	7,084.2	9,234.9	6,264.1		2014	7,294.5	9,509.0	6,450.0	3.0%	2015	7,527.6	9,812.9	6,656.1	3.2%	2016	7,727.8	10,073.9	6,833.2	2.7%	2017	7,992.5	10,418.9	7,067.2	3.4%	CAGR: 2013–17				3.1%	<p>In-text citation: Australian wine market in 2014 (MarketLine, 2020).</p> <p>Include a reference entry for the reproducing or referring table: MarketLine Advantage. (2020). <i>Australian wine market value: \$million, 2013- 2018</i> [Table]. MarketLine.</p>
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MarketLine	<p>Figure 6</p> <p><i>Australia Wine Market Value: \$million, 2013-2017</i></p> <p><i>Note.</i> Wine market value for Australia in millions from 2013- 2017. MarketLine. Copyright 2020 by MarketLine.</p> <p>In-text citation: as figure 6 shows, the value of</p>	<p>In-text citation: ...the market value for wine in 2015 (MarketLine, 2020).</p> <p>Include a reference entry for the reproducing or referring figure: MarketLine. (2020). <i>Australia wine market value: \$million, 2013- 2017</i> [Graph]. MarketLine.</p>																																			

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Roy Morgan (Asteroid)	<p>Table 2</p> <p><i>Percentage of Men and Women who Bought Total Clothing in the Last 4 weeks</i></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>TOTAL</th> <th>SEX</th> <th></th> </tr> <tr> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Men</th> <th>Women</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>(unweighted) uc</td> <td>6385</td> <td>3055</td> <td>3330</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(POPN '000) wc</td> <td>3937</td> <td>1926</td> <td>2011</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">PRODUCTS BOUGHT IN LAST 4 WEEKS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TOTAL Clothing</td> <td>wc</td> <td>2175</td> <td>854</td> <td>1320</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>v%</td> <td>55.2%</td> <td>44.4%</td> <td>55.7%</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>ix</td> <td>100</td> <td>80</td> <td>119</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>Note.</i> Survey period 2018. Weights to projected population of New Zealand, 14+ in thousands. (000). wc= weighted count; v%= vertical percentage; ix= Index, Roy Morgan Single Source New Zealand. Copyright 2018 by Roy Morgan Single Source New Zealand.</p> <p>In-text citation: as seen in table 2, more women ...</p>		TOTAL	SEX				Men	Women	(unweighted) uc	6385	3055	3330	(POPN '000) wc	3937	1926	2011	PRODUCTS BOUGHT IN LAST 4 WEEKS				TOTAL Clothing	wc	2175	854	1320		v%	55.2%	44.4%	55.7%		ix	100	80	119	<p>In-text citation: fewer men than women bought clothing (Roy Morgan Single Source New Zealand, 2018).</p> <p>Include a reference entry for the reproducing or referring table: Roy Morgan Single Source New Zealand. (2018). <i>Percentage of men and women who bought total clothing in the last four weeks</i> [Table]. Roy Morgan Single Source New Zealand.</p>
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