Project 6

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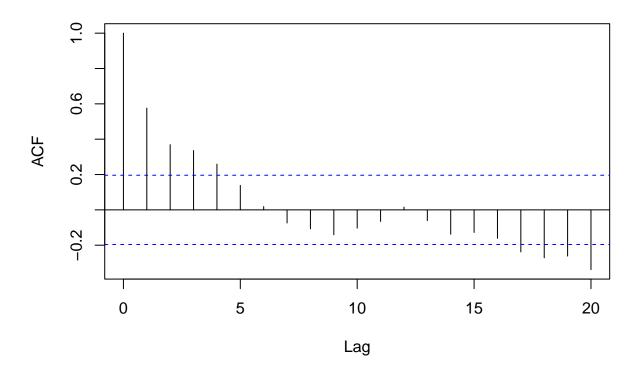
Problem 16

Gibbs sampler (b)

```
# Encoding conditional probabilities
p <- list(C=0.5, S.C1=0.1, S.C0=0.5, R.C1=0.8, R.C0=0.2,
          W.S1_R1=0.99, W.S1_R0=0.9, W.S0_R1=0.9, W.S0_R0=0.01)
p\$C.R1\_S1\_V1 <- p\$R.C1*p\$S.C1*p\$C/(p\$R.C1*p\$S.C1*p\$C+p\$R.C0*p\$S.C0*(1-p\$C))
p$C.R0_S1_W1 < (1-p$R.C1)*p$S.C1*p$C/((1-p$R.C1)*p$S.C1*p$C+(1-p$R.C0)*p$S.C0*(1-p$C))
p$R.C1_S1_W1 \leftarrow p$W.S1_R1*p$R.C1/(p$W.S1_R1*p$R.C1+p$W.S1_R0*(1-p$R.C1))
p$R.CO_S1_W1 <- p$W.S1_R1*p$R.CO/(p$W.S1_R1*p$R.CO+p$W.S1_R0*(1-p$R.CO))
Gibbs_sampler <- function(N=100) {</pre>
    samples <- matrix(NA, ncol=2, nrow=N, dimnames=list(NULL, c("R", "C")))</pre>
    # Initialisation (beginning state)
    samples[1,] <- c(TRUE, TRUE)</pre>
    for(n in 2:N) {
        # Random sampling to choose which variable (R or C) is updated
        indicator \leftarrow sample(c("R", "C"), size=1, prob=c(0.5, 0.5))
        if(indicator == "R") {
            \# Sampling from P(R_{n+1}/C_n), S=T, W=T)
            if(samples[(n-1), "C"]) sampling_prob <- p$R.C1_S1_W1 else sampling_prob <- p$R.C0_S1_W1
            sampled_R <- sample(c(TRUE, FALSE), size=1, prob=c(sampling_prob, (1-sampling_prob)))</pre>
            samples[n,] <- c(sampled_R, samples[(n-1), "C"])</pre>
        } else {
            # Sampling from P(C_{n+1}/R_{n}, S=T, W=T)
            if(samples[(n-1), "R"]) sampling_prob <- p$C.R1_S1_W1 else sampling_prob <- p$C.R0_S1_W1
            sampled_C <- sample(c(TRUE, FALSE), size=1, prob=c(sampling_prob, (1-sampling_prob)))</pre>
            samples[n,] <- c(samples[(n-1), "R"], sampled_C)</pre>
```

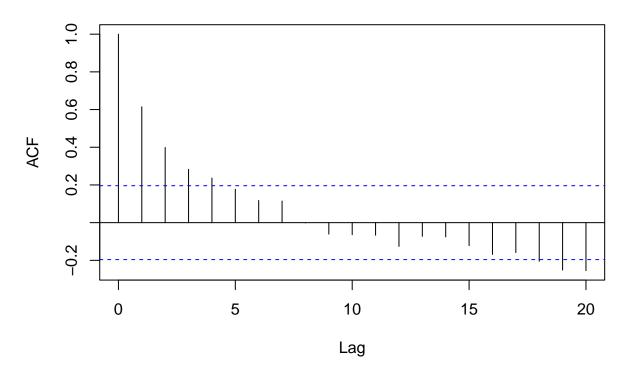
```
}
    return(samples)
set.seed(42)
N <- 100
samples <- Gibbs_sampler(N)</pre>
result <- table(samples[, "R"], samples[, "C"])/N</pre>
rownames(result) <- c("R0", "R1")</pre>
colnames(result) <- c("CO", "C1")</pre>
result
##
##
          CO
               C1
     RO 0.59 0.05
##
     R1 0.18 0.18
##
Marginal probability (c)
Computing marginal probability P(R=T|S=T,W=T).
marginal.R.S1_W1 <- sum(result[2,])</pre>
marginal.R.S1_W1
## [1] 0.36
Auto-correlation and effective sample size (ESS) (d)
ro_R <- acf(as.numeric(samples[, "R"]), main="Rain")</pre>
```

Rain



ro_C <- acf(as.numeric(samples[, "C"]), main="Cloudy")</pre>

Cloudy



```
ESS_R <- ro_R$n.used/(1+2*sum(ro_R$acf))
ESS_C <- ro_C$n.used/(1+2*sum(ro_C$acf))
print(paste("Effective sample size for chain 'rain':", ESS_R))
## [1] "Effective sample size for chain 'rain': 44.4718962322423"
print(paste("Effective sample size for chain 'cloudy':", ESS_C))</pre>
```

[1] "Effective sample size for chain 'cloudy': 27.5547672392332"

Gibbs sampling of 50000 samples (e)

```
set.seed(42)
N <- 50000
samples1 <- Gibbs_sampler(N)

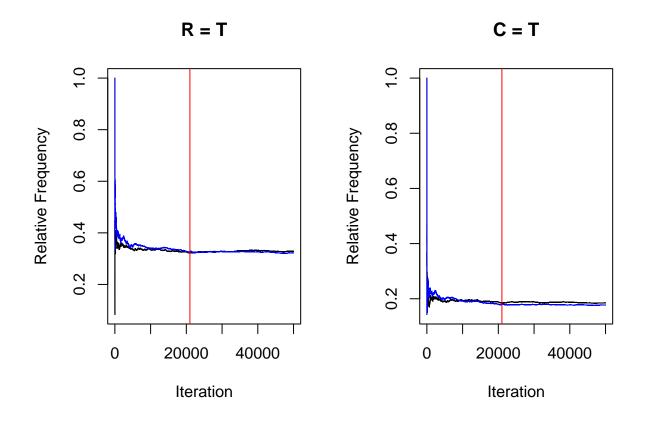
result1 <- table(samples1[, "R"], samples1[, "C"])/N
rownames(result1) <- c("R0", "R1")
colnames(result1) <- c("C0", "C1")

samples2 <- Gibbs_sampler(N)

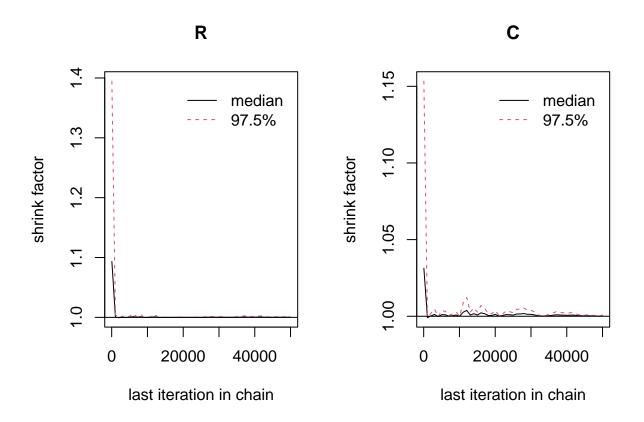
result2 <- table(samples2[, "R"], samples2[, "C"])/N
rownames(result2) <- c("R0", "R1")
colnames(result2) <- c("C0", "C1")</pre>
```

```
result1
##
##
              CO
                      C1
     RO 0.63588 0.03570
##
##
     R1 0.17904 0.14938
result2
##
##
              CO
                      C1
     RO 0.64450 0.03334
##
     R1 0.17826 0.14390
##
```

Relative frequencies to detect burn-in phase (f)



Potential scale reduction factor (g)



```
gelman.diag(mcmcs)
```

```
## Potential scale reduction factors:
##
## Point est. Upper C.I.
## R 1 1
## C 1 1
##
## Multivariate psrf
##
## 1
```

After around 20000 iterations, the fluctuations around the potential scale reduction factor are negligible, therefore a suggested burn-in time is 20000.

Re-estimation of marginal probability (h)

Computing marginal probability P(R=T|S=T,W=T) excluding the samples from the burn-in phase.

```
burn_in_phase <- 10000
result1 <- table(samples1[(burn_in_phase+1):N, "R"],</pre>
```

```
samples1[(burn_in_phase+1):N, "C"])/(N-burn_in_phase)
rownames(result1) <- c("RO", "R1")</pre>
colnames(result1) <- c("CO", "C1")</pre>
##
##
              CO
                        C1
##
     RO 0.637625 0.035600
    R1 0.179275 0.147500
##
result2 <- table(samples2[(burn_in_phase+1):N, "R"],
    samples2[(burn in phase+1):N, "C"])/(N-burn in phase)
rownames(result2) <- c("R0", "R1")</pre>
colnames(result2) <- c("CO", "C1")</pre>
result2
##
##
              CO
##
     RO 0.649850 0.032700
     R1 0.176575 0.140875
marginal1.R.S1_W1 <- sum(result1[2,])</pre>
marginal2.R.S1_W1 <- sum(result2[2,])</pre>
print("Marginal probability using the first run of 50000 iterations and excluded burn-in phase:")
## [1] "Marginal probability using the first run of 50000 iterations and excluded burn-in phase:"
print(marginal1.R.S1 W1)
## [1] 0.326775
print("Marginal probability using the second run of 50000 iterations and excluded burn-in phase:")
## [1] "Marginal probability using the second run of 50000 iterations and excluded burn-in phase:"
print(marginal2.R.S1_W1)
## [1] 0.31745
Analytical solution of marginal probability (i)
S1_W1 \leftarrow p$W.S1_R0*p$S.C0*(1-p$R.C0)*(1-p$C) +
         p$W.S1_R0*p$S.C1*(1-p$R.C1)*p$C +
         p$W.S1_R1*p$S.C0*p$R.C0*(1-p$C) +
         p$W.S1_R1*p$S.C1*p$R.C1*p$C
R1_S1_W1 \leftarrow p$W.S1_R1*p$S.C0*p$R.C0*(1-p$C) +
            p$W.S1_R1*p$S.C1*p$R.C1*p$C
analytical_marginal.R.S1_W1 <- R1_S1_W1 / S1_W1
print("Analytical solution for the marginal probability:")
## [1] "Analytical solution for the marginal probability:"
print(analytical_marginal.R.S1_W1)
```

[1] 0.3203883

The marginal probabilities of the (h) part are closer to the analytical solution, meanwhile probability of (c) part deviates more. It is intuitive, since the sample size in (c) was small (100).

library(rmarkdown)
render("Gibbs.Rmd", pdf_document(TRUE), "Indilewitsch_Toidze_Houhamdi_Pudziuvelyte_Project6.pdf")