

Sr. No.

TITLE

Page No.

Panchayati raj - Voters rights.

kisi voter ko apni gram panchayat.

ke liye panchayat ke kisi ward ke lie
sarpanch chose karne ka rth

isi voter ko agar ye panchayat
aur sarpanch pasand na aage
toh is case me us voter ke
paas right to recall R2R ka
provision hota h.

R2R - yah aisa process h

jisme public directly
elected members ke wapas

lula skte h.

Inme se kiske liye R2R hq

poorsn h.

① panch ② sarpanch ③ dehsarpanch

④ 182 ⑤ 183 ⑥ 10th ⑦ 10th ^{only} ^{sarpanch}

Ans → ⑦

upsarpanch banne se pehle kisi candidate ka panch bana hota h

isit kyonki yahi panch ek indir-election method se upsarpanch

banta h isiliye kabhi bhi

R2R panch ke liye laya jata h

yadi koi person panch hi

nahi rahega toh logically

use upsarpanch se bhi batna hoga

isiliye R2R directly upsarpanch ke

liye na lakkha bolki panch

ke liye laya jata h.

R2R kab laya ja skta h

Generally kisi panchayat ka
tenure 5 years ka hota h
yadi elected panch ya sepanch
ko R2R ke through' hatanah
toh use at least 50% of tenure

complete kara hona chahiye

$$50\% \text{ of } 5 \text{ years} = 2.5 \text{ years.}$$

19 Aug 25

Natural divisions of Ch

Ch ko geographically samajhne k lie
4 alag geographic zones me naturally
divide kiya gaya h. Isse hi Ch ka
natural division kaha jata h. Iske

according ① eastern bagh hekkhand plateau EBP

② Tashpo sam paat JSP

③ Ch plain CP

④ Dandkaranyo plateau shamikh DP

is me paat ok special features h

jo ki plateau aur plains ka combination
mang jata hai.

Ch me sabse dada area
jahaan Ch plain ka h wahi
Smallest TSP ka h.

Ye nat areas alap² rock structures
Se mikas banza hua h jisme
Gondwana Deccan Kodappah &
Dharwad included hai.

In me a^{lag}² geographical area ka slope
a^{lag}² directions me h jiske karan
in areas me behne wali choti

badi nadigan a^{lag}² drainage system
ka part mani jati h. (6) me
majorly 5 drainage systems h

① Mahanadi CG plains me flow
kre wali (especially

Dog + Rapt Bsp drsg.)

② Mahanadi ko join karti h jo
BOD ko join karti h

Mahanadi ka origin cg se hua h
lekin iska main flow orissa me h.

Mahanadi naturally cg & orissa ke
beech divider line ka bhi kaam krobh.

Dandkaranya ke plateau ka slope
south dir me hone ke kaaran

yahaan lehne wali zyadaat rivers
jakaar godawri rivers ko join
khti jo Brambhawas se
originate hoti

isliye ishe godawari drainage

ka part mana jata h.

Narmada ka origin MP k pas
amarkantak se mana jata h

Chhatisgarh western parts me maikal
subdivsnh inme flow kore inli rivers
narmada rivers ko join karte h
isliye ise narmada long system ka
part mana jaya h.

EBP ka slope North dir me
eastern baphe land /
hone ke kaaran is area ke mai
rivers north me flow korne wale
son river ko join karte h.

(Son is a subsidiary of ganga jiska
origin bhi amarkantak se hi
mang jata h.) isiliye EBP son ganga
drainage system ka part mang jata h.

JSP me behne wali rivers 3 aya

drainage sys ka part h

- ① Mahanadi
- ② Sonpur
- ③ Basamani

TSP ka slope SE direction ki.
taraf h.

Detailing

① EBP

- Naming / Origin : Baghelkhand plateau ka expansion India ke 3 states me h MP UP Ch.
- Kyon B6 Plateau ka eastern part me located h. isliye ise EBP naam diya gaya.
- Expansion : North Ch ke lag bha gabbhi district me

iska expansion h.

(Including western part of
Barguda) aur iske alwa
northern part of Korba.

Inme se mai billion me gondwana
rocks ka expansion hone h
karan coal mines h jahan se
bkt milta h.

Note: Korba me in coal mines ki
wajah se central aur state govt

ne alag² powerplant setup
kiye h jiski wajah se ise
the powercapital of jg shi
kaha jata hai.

Highest peak EBP me fairoor range
me located devgash hills par
leelavani hai jiski ht 1033 m.h.

Ch ke total area me EBP ka
area 21863 km^2 jo ^{third} largest h.
jo ki total area ka almost
16.16 % h. 3rd largest area
covered Shastri h

after Ch maidaan S Dand P.

Yashpur Saamri paat

• Naminj : Yashpur & saamri Ch ke
do major paat areas h.
inme se yashpur (alj to area)
Sabse bada pat pradash h.
isi area me g ki highest peak.

gauslafta ht = 1225 m located on
inhi geographical features L;
wajah se isse duore paat area ho

jashpur samripal bota gayah.
Iska expansion jashpur ke
purba me + babampur ke ek
bade hisse me + sarvija ka ek
patch tak expanded h.

Ch ke total area me TSP ka
area minimum h. whis 62 08
 km^2 jo ki 4.5% area hold
karta hai Ch ka sabse chota
natural pradesh bhi hai.

JSP deccan trap se banak
jisme bauxite milta h.

Note: Manpaat tourist ke
liye hi famous nahin h balki
ya ek ka ek aisa paat area h
Jalnaan se Balco abm korbako
bauxite ki supply kijati hai:

Laterite soil payi jatt hisliye
gahan pe horticulture crops ka
scope zyada h.

20 Aug 25

(6) ke plains CGP

CGP → BSP RPR & DRB division the

expanded h

Note mohla dand karanya plateau
ka part manjata h jibhi manpur
& ambayash chowki CGP ka hi hissah.

CGP ka total area $68,064 \text{ km}^2$

jo geographically 50.34%
area hold kota h.

Ch ka ye poora maidan

Kudappa rock sto se bans
hva h

jo ki appre laa / peeli
(matasi) mitti ke liye jang
jata h. ca ke plain areas
me dhaan ki kheti ki jgti

h jiska shape dekhne pr
basthi aur na (katore jaise)
Ka dikhayi padta h. isliye
is the bowl of indigo kahajith.

Ur plains ka slope east direction
me hai isliye yahan behne wali

Zyadatwar rivers jaise kharon
Shivnath, maniyari, Laaf,
etc pramukh nadiyan hai.

Yah poora area inhi nadiyon ke
kaaran sabse irrigated land
bhi mana jata h.

Maikal range isi g ke plains ka
ek subdivision h. Isi me g ke
plains ki highest peak jise peaked
badnegarh ke naam se jana jata h
situated h jiski ht 1176 mth

Ch ke plain area me kudapee
rock str ke andar limestone aur
dolomite jaise minerals milte h.

Dandkaanya plateau.

Ramayana ge ne g ko
sooth kosal kaha jata hai'

Vanvaas kaal ke samay
Lord Ram ko max samay
bastar (dandkaanya) me beets
jiski mayah se hi iska naam

dandkaranya ka plateau pada.

Dandkaranya ke plateau me bastar
division ke sahibzille + mohla
tehsil shamil hai.

Geographically dandkaranya plateau
ka area 39060 km^2 hjo

overall area ka jagbhag 28.51%
area hold karta hai.

Dandkaranya plateau me max
hissa dragonwood rock str se
pana hua h in general q me jahan²

dharwaad mitta h wahaan²

or ironore deposit mitta h

but dandkaranya plateau hise me
dharwaad me iron ore h

saath² tin mitta h. jo ise

bakigon se alap kaeta h.

is poore belt me behne wali
nadiyan south direction me
mote khti hui godawri drainage
system ka part ban jati h
Jidsarai naam ki shahi of kothi.

kuch important areas h.

Isi dandkaranya ke plateau me
Kirandul Bacheli & Bailadila
famous ironore mines hai (operated
by NMDC). Yahan Bailadila me
Nandiraj ki choti hai jise
dandkaranya plateau hi highest
choti bhi mana gaya h ht = $12\frac{1}{2}$ m.

Note: recently OSU ke ek
professor one challenge kiyah
ki peak of Nandiraj or ki

Sabse highest peak h.

Subdivisions of Jashpur Samnepet

Mainpaat Sarjuja jilla me h-

(As we kno Sarjuja ka ek hissa)
paftwala hissas aur ok EBPKA

weather condn ki wajah se isse

Shimla se compare karte hue isse

eg ka Shimla chi kaha jatis

1962 me during Indo-China war

kuch tuteen refugees ko

india ke alay² focus me

Bethle kya gaya Jimne se

Mainpaat bhi ek tha isilie

is c mini Tibet of cg bhi

Kaha jata h.

Open weather condn ki wajah

se yahan all season tourist afe
late jate jante dehte h.

kai famous viewpoints h.

Jimne mehta point fish point

S tigerpoint famous h.

Mainpaat ki ht 1152 metreh.

Mainpaat se maand river ka origin hai. Maand river ke flow area me major coal deposit hone ke kaaran ise damodar river se compare karte hue ise damodar g g bhi kaha jata h.

Halanki mainpaat me coal deposit nahi h balki yahan par barite ka badi deposit h jiska use presently

balco me kiya jata h.
Yahan po kai choti badi
valleys h jinme kuch caves h.

Homewk main paat me fisties
ki colony ko lis naam
se jaan jata h \rightarrow Phendeling

Tashpur paat Area 43.04 km² Rm SR

① JSP^{amri} ka ek subdivision h jo

cg ka biggest pat area thi mang
jata hai.

Ise lower part ke naam
se jana jata hai.

Iski average ht in between
275 - 500 m. Isi ht par
population ka settlment h &
ise to ek city ke doop
me develop kiya gaya hai.

Weather condition ke according
maximum average rainfall Gajra
jashpur me hota hai.

Loro-valley yahan Jashpur paat
me hai. Jo us ke aur jharkhand
me connect kota h ise valley
of flowers ya foolon ki graati ke
naam se bhi jana jata h.

Total paat area ka almost

2nd Jashpur paat ka h.
3

Jashpur paat me deccan traps
rocks me garnite milta h
Jahaan pr ish aur maini nadi
ka flow hai.

Chamini is a subsidiary
river of Jhelum.

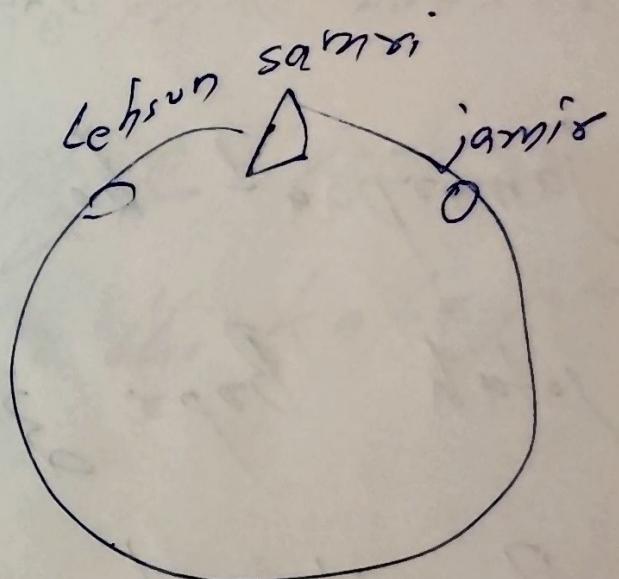
Taampiast

- is upper pool kaha jata h.
Sometimes ise hi kusmpaat naam
se jانا jata h.
- Yahan kahin pr cq ki highest ph.
gaurata ki choti h.
- Damopal ka expansion balsampal

✓ jashpur zille me h but max.
hissa balsampr me h.

Jiski max ht 600-750 mtr hai.

21 Aug 25
(Gangli) lehsun
Gangli paat



Ganglipaat ka west expansion

Balsampr zille me Lehsunpaat
ke naam se jana jaata h.

Jamirpaa

Jahaan gramori ka west

expansion Lekhvan past kehla ta

h makin iska east expansion

jamirpaa ke naam se jana

jatah Bopar zille me

Bauxite ka major deposit hene

ke karay ise bauxite ka naideray
bhi kaha jata hai.

Taxarpaat

Mahipaat se laga hua ek
hissa h jiska expansion sugya
se jiske balsampr zille th h.

Officially g me mxt backit
deposit gahi h isilige ise
"barwate ka phar" bhi kaha jata
h.

Pandoa paat

Yashpr Brpo S Sgrya ke
center me located h.

Vhaan se kuch zires ka

origin h.

Ch plains (imp)

Ch plains me sabse acc hit hei
hoti h jiska major reason
yahan ke maidan me behawali
mahanadi & guski doosri subsidiary
niveas h jisme shivnath mainh.

Mahanadi ka origin ch plains me
Dhamtari district k pas nagni
bchsil k pas sihawa parvat
ke sareeb ek gson se hua h

jiska naam Farisia h.

Zilla : Dham

shehri : Nag

gao? far (through) (Dhafal)
Mahanadi ki length 858 km h. iske max flow
Orissa state me h.

CG me ye only 2fCh 286
km lehti hai.

is river par 98 poissi h
beech conflict hai. (reason for
conflict Mahanadi pe banaya hua
barrage jisme 200 TC 8

skti district me bane hue
villages included 5).

Isce lifeline of CG ke naam
se thi jana jaata h.

Presently CG ke 11 zillion me
is River ka flow hai.
(Starting from dhamtasi ends into
Sarangpur bilajpur)

Shirnath river (H) (In G)

Shirnath ki origin MH
se manojat h.

Ob me iski entaq MMA
se hoti h. jo Ob ke plains me.
mahanadi ke parallel lehti hui
finally Shirnagar me ja ke
mahanadi se mil jati h.
iska flow of ke 8 districts
me h.

Ob me Shirnath ki total
length ka flow (Anubis) 290 kms
ka h.

jiske ac gah g me
behne wali longest dirash.

Mahanadi shivnath doab

Doab word ka matlab
do rivers & beech ka ch
aisa area hota h. jahan he
fertile land ki wajah se
wahaan par aas ka major
srope hota h.

Mahanadi shivnath doab aea
opp & dog dvsh me expndd
h, is area me mahanadi
& shivnath ek dusre ke II
beht h.

Shivnath paas maidaan

Ch ke maidaan ka west
part jo ki shivnath river ka bhi
west part h ise shivnath paas
ka maidaan kaha jata h.

In maidaan me shivnath dwara
baha kar layi gayi kachaa ni mitti

ka deposit h jahan pr

shivnath pas zaid ke coops
ugaye jate h.

Is midaan me shivnath ke
dawa alawa shivnath ki
doosri subsidiaries ka shiflow
h.

Maikal range

Salpura mountain range ke
ek part ko o mer maikal range

ke naam se jana jata h.

Ch me iska expansion ~~say~~
yon district se le kare pendra
the h

In zillon me onaikal ke
rainshadow effect ki wajah se
baish kam hoti h.

Yahan par eg ke mardagan ki
highest peak h badargash ki
choti.

Maikal ko Bajga tribal community
ka ghar bhi kaha jata h.

kyonki maikai/8 uske
aaspas ke area me
baiga community ka settlement
hai.

Is poore belt me dense forest
area h jiske kaaran yaan do
wildlife sanctuaries thi declare
ki gayi h 1 Achanakmar WLS
2 Bhoramdeo WLS

LIP Kokuno

59 772 km² forest area /
44%

CGEG

Maika/ me hi chilfi range h
jahaan par dhaewaad soch
str. me ironore deposit
mita h.

Mahanadi paas ka sakra maidaan
Mahanadi ko cross kote hi
Ch ke maidaan ka central
eastern part Mahanadi
paas ka sakra maidaan ke
naam se jana jata h
Is maidaan me Mahanadi's
uski 'soos' Subsidized rivers ka

flow h. Iski width
Saghaq 12-15 kms h
apar Jh.

Durg Durg highland Pochchhoomi

Durg division me plains ke
baad durg drsn ke balod
district area Kharaf sadhne po
Dalli (tarmi) & Londi

lohar me h islands stast
hota h. Isk h officially durr

highland & naam se diana
jata h.

Rajhaat
Dalli (भूमि) hills

- ^{isme} Dharward rocks ka expansion h jahaan po major ironore deposit h.
- BSP me inti ironores ka use sawarat. ke form me kya jata h.
- future expansion ko dekhte hue ab dependency Dalli ^{Rise} se Raighat mines pe shift kigay h.

Dhamtari Msrd highlands

Mahanadi par ka narrow
plain and hote high
plains ke east sideisme

Dhamtari & MSRD zille ke
highlands h. jise eastern
highlands k naam se bhi
jana jata h.

Isme sonbhera ka plateau h
, shishwana paewat, shishupaa'
paewat

chaat pahaad etc famous.

Pendra form plateau

Is plateau ka expansion pendra se
ekas mungeli zille ke ~~form~~ formi
lk h.

Isse maikal ka hi expansion bafaya
jata h jiski wajh de yahan
par bhi sarish kam hoti h.

Iska such expansion Korba district
me bhi h. Isi me dorba zille
me chaitragash & lafayat ki
hills h.

apni natural beauty
ki wajah se chaitanya
c. la Lashmi Bhikahs
jata h

pendasformi platform se
maniyari sivre ka origin
jo is area me behne wali
ek important sivre hai.

22 Aug 25

Constitutional provisions for panchayat

- 73rd const'l amendment act 1992
ke saath hi const'l of India me part 9 ke andar 16 new articles add kiye gaye.
- Ye articles 243 se start hokar 243(0) tk h.
- art 243 → defns related to panchayat

- 243(q) → gram sa bhq *
- 243(l) → formⁿ panchayaton ka gathan. (build)
- 243(c) → panchayato kq composy
- 243(d) → Reservn in panchayat
- 243(e) → Extra/tenure panchayat

• 243(f) → panchayat ^{sadayon} ke liye
disqualification / fail

• 243(g) → panchayat ^{functions} ki powers
adhikar / rights & respons
ibilities.

• 243(h) → panchayat ^(household taxes) dwasa
taxes ki powers &
panchayat ki nitya (funds)

• Note : 73rd CAA me ek aur pravesh
diya gaya jiske a/c COI mei

ek naya schedule XII

introduce kiya gaya jisme
panchayat ko kam kرنے ke
liye total 29 subjects diye
gaye h.

o

- 243(i) → financial condn ke review ke liye finance commen. ka form.
State finance commn.

• finance commission of India

• as per article 280 finance
commission of India ka form
kiya jata by president of India

• ek multimember body h
ise ek chairperson lead kteh.

• isse coordinate karne ke liye almost

has ek state me state
finance commission ka form
kiya jata h jo us state
ke panchayat & urban bodies
k liye finance commission of
india se fund lene ka kaam
karta h.

state me SFC ka formation

governor of state karta h.

° jo apni report ko bhi
governor ko hi submit karte h.

° 243(j) = jaanch / audit for panchayat

° 243(k) = (kingmaker)
panchayet mein nivaran

° 243(l): is state me hone aise
panchayat is urban body elections ko

conduct EFC naikarsh
ye elections state election
commissions conduct karata h.

- 243(L) \Rightarrow panchayati raj pravans ka
union territories area me implement
hoga.
- 243(m) \Rightarrow Panchayat ke pravans ka kisi
particular area me implement
na hona.

• 243 (n) \Rightarrow note India ke

kuch part me panchayati

raj se ~~decentral~~ pravasi implemt
nahi hote basically ye woh

sensitive areas hi jahaan par
rule kرنے ke liye kuch

special pravasi banaye gaye
some time aise hi special

pravasi ko follow kرنے ke liye

PESA act follow kiya jata h.

• In the un areas one tribal populated areas one pesa act implemented has

• 19243 (A) panchayat on Nirantar bana rehra.

• 2430 → elect selhd mifos me
Court he ^{interference} harkshep kg
Vajrapan/manahi:

Note : panchayaton ki sanrachna me
gpan+panch + US+Spanch se milkar bantah

wahi janpan + jipan gadayat
 upadhyaksh
 +
 adhyaksh se milkar
 bantah

adhyaksh & upadhyaksh dono
hi members ke dwaara indir.
election method ke throughne

jate h (janpan + jipam dono
 liyao
 (P)).

^{art 243 e}
• Note: In general apan se
theek raha to panchayat
tenure 5 yrs ka rehtya
lekin yadi kisi karan se
kisi panchayat me by-election
conduct karagya toh elected
body ka tenure 5 sal ka
nahi hoga balki unko ham
kone ke liye remaining
tenure milega. It means
panchayati election large scale posse very (Art 243)
Kaziranga/

• art 243(j) social audit vs financial audit.

financial audit.

social audit gram sabha ke members hote h jisme woh ye check kerte h ki jiske schemes ka fayada sahi logo ke pahuch raha hai ki nahi:

• jabki financial audit

Kisi government auditor
Se karayi jati hai.

• korba basin

Leave

leave

26 Aug 25

Changbhokas Dergash hills

EBP me Manendragarh - Chirmisi -

Bharatpur & korea zile me iska

expansion h.

North ch me located EBP me

yahin par iski highest peak Lilavani
h jiski ht 1033 m h.

Hasder river yahin se nikalkar

south direction me behri hui

Mahanadi drainage system ko join
kerti h.

Sarguja basin

Rihand basin ka hi ek expansion h
rihand aur uski subsidiary rivers
ke dwaraa banayagaya basin h.

• 9

Iska expansion sarguja & suajpur Zille
mech.

isi sarguja basin me world famous
Rangpur hills h.

jahan pr famous sitabengoa & jogniars

baves h.

Drainage system.

Geographically Ch me EBP me behne
wali zyadatay rivers q k north dir
me songaya drainage system ko join
koti h.

Ye jbls B.63 TM. ch m Aeca ko
Lower koti h.

- ② JSP ki rivers 3 aag²
drainage systems ko follow
krati h jisme se brahmanick
major Ds h joki tapthay 1% area
ko cover krati h.

- ③ Ch plains me jo geographically
sabse bada area cover karta h
jisme behne wali rivers directly y9

indirectly mahanadi ko join koti h
isiliye isce mahanadi DS ka part
mano gaya h. Yah jaybag 56.15%
area cover koti h.

④ Ch ke plains ko mahanadi basin
ke naam se bhi jano jata hai. Inke
western side me Maikal range h
Yahan se nikalne wali do nadiyan
Tada + banjar. Narmada river ko
join koti h. Narmada Dang sys lagbag area 5%
cover kota h.

⑤ Dandakaranya plateau jisme
poorog bsto drsn count kiya
jata h incl Mohla.

Is area me behne wali areas
directly ya indirectly Godavari areas
ko join kati h isiliye ise godavari
DS ka part mana gaya h jo
lapbhag 28.64% area cover krta h.

- Godavari river \rightarrow originated from MH (Trimbakeshwar hills Nasik)
- Ye g te lagbhag 28.64% area ko cover kerti h.
- Indravati iski biggest subsidiary river mani jati h jise lifeline of bastar bhi kaha jata h.
- Godavari river Us AP Tel ke beach boundary create kerti h.

• Godavari river par Andhra Pradesh me
Polavaram dam banaya ja raha h
Officially known as Indira Sagar proj.

• jiski ht zyada hone ke karan sokma
& bijapur district ke kuch gaon
flood ho jayenge isi baat ko lekar
g govt is proj ka oppose kar shi h.

• Q) Indravati river

• Is nadi ka purana naam mandakini
ya indra h.

• Iska origin g se bahar orissa
state me kalahandi zille me munger
hills se h.

• U me iski entry east dir se ho ch

• Godavari river par Andhra Pradesh me

Polaranam dam banaya ja raha h

Officially known as Indira Sagar proj.

• jiski ht zyada hone ke karan se
karan se

& Bijapur district ke kuch gaon

flood ho jayenge isi baat ko lekar

cg govt is proj baat ko oppose kr rhi h

② Indravati river

Is nadi ka purana naam mandakini
ya indra h.

Iska origin CG se bhar Orissa
state me kalahandi zille me munger
hills se h.

Ch me iski entry east dir se hoti h

east to west lehti hui ye
bijapur k pas south direction me
move kar jati hai.

Jahan par bhadra kaoli me jaakar
yah godavri river se mil jati h.

Iska major flow poore bastar
division isiliye ise lifeline of bastar
bhi kaha jata h.

Subsidiary rivers of Indoavahi

① dantkhini & shankhini (dantewada Zilla)

⑦ hoodaa

② ~~darrikib~~

③ Chintawago

④ and so on.

⑤ Varangi

⑥ Kotri

⑦ Nibra

• Indravati + Narangi

• Narangi river k kinare kondagaon
named city h.

• Yah river kondagaon district me

makdi gaon se nikali h & south
direction me behti h jahan pr

chitrkot waterfall k pas jab yah

indravti ko join krhi h toh isi

water overflow ki wajah se (G.S. India)