

3 Sep 2023

SSS ne seedhe kisan se  $\frac{3}{3}$  lagao

lone ki policy banayi.

iyah agreement seedhe kisan se hona  
tha

isliye ise ryotwadi system ka hajjha

Note: ryot means kisan.

Saraay + sadak + aazam a road

Chitragupta / Pe. 64  
Hansanama =

perasian farans/940  
by Raghunatha Mahadev

English kya gya head tha toh tha  
iskle farne me transfor. department

pane woh shayar aur  
par edon field me mar kaam  
Akhlaq → Khud hizraat nahi tha

4 Sept 2025

the book me kai  
oldie (2025)  
Chitragupta

- dasvant Akbar ka famous painter tha
- Akbar ki biography abul fazal ke dwara likhi gayi : ein-e-akbari jisme America ki kholi ke bare me info di gayi
- 1556 se 1560 tak akbar ka initial tenure peticant role kehlata h

- reason akbar param<sup>hi</sup> angam ka influence
- 1560 me akbar khud ko harem se mulakat kar leta <sup>8</sup> khud apne dedeis <sup>5</sup> hions kene jata h.
- 1563 me teerath yatra takri ending
- 1564 jaziyah hata deta hai
- 1576 battle of haldighati Mahasana pratap vs Maan Singh

1582 decre-e - elahi religion  
ka founder jo fail ho jata  
iskt head preached abul fazl  
Banta h followed birbal

war & sandhi ke madhyam se  
akbar ek bda kingdom  
banata h

raajpooton ke liye usne  
Sulahko/ neeti' peace for all  
policy apnayi

• aur matrimonial relation bhi  
sthatpit kise

• first matrimonial relation

kachvaha vanch se hua tha

• flondwana ki veer rani durgavati

Akbar ke saamne surrander hahi

kotih & was koti h.

• iske alawa malwa chittod

Expeditions famous she h.

gujrat expedition akbar

me pehli baar samudra  
dekhा

wahi portugese mile usko

gujrat jeetne ke baad  
usne gujrat vijay ke  
upakshya me latkpur  
sikri me buland darwaz  
ganwara.

- Akbar ne kabul kashmir aur kandhaas jeet liya.
- Akbar ka last sainik expedition 1601 me khandesh ke against hua.

6 September 2025

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Akbar <sup>kisenā</sup> <sub>se</sub> Var krne wali jondwana  
ki veer rani durgawati ki 24 June (1569)  
ko hui , is bareek ko balidan diwas  
ke roop me manaya jata h.

Pendra ke industrial development centre  
ka naam rani durgavati ke nam peh.

Akbar ki sena ko Asaf Khan lead kroha tha

Akbar ke court me 9 satna the  
jo alag<sup>2</sup> field the famous log the  
jaise mansir akbar ka commander in chief  
tha jise mughal period me mir bakshi  
kaha jata tha.

Birbal: Buddhi kaushal uski speciality thi  
uske bacchpan ka naam tha Mahesh das.

Birbal ka murder yusufjai tribe <sup>expedi,</sup> ke  
daursa kar di jati h.

• Deen e elahi started by  
Akbar in 1582 ka head  
purohit <sup>deev</sup> Itha Abulfazal jahki  
ekmats follower biyal bana.

faizi -

• abulfazal - ein e akbari ka writer

• ise akbarnama bhi bolte h.

• abul fazal akbar ka friend tha

Baghikaar tha aur narad natha

• unsme ein e akbari me amreeca

ki khoj ke baare me likha h-

• abul fazal ki hatya <sup>salim</sup> jahangir ke  
kehne par mis Singh Bundela ne  
ki thi

• Lansen → <sup>name tha,</sup> ram tanu pandey

- musician tha akbar ke court ka jinka tomb gwaliar ke pass.
- <sup>raja</sup> Todemal / → Sher Shah suni ke land revenue system ko akbar ke samay lane wale main person the.
- yah system akbar ke samay eindehsala aur todemal system kehlati thi.

Akbar ne agra ke par fatchpur  
sikri me naya capital complex banaya  
yahan kai famous mehel the jaise

panchmehel jodha mehel / Sheikh salim  
christian ~~christian~~

deewan e khas deewan e aam

marnam mehel bisbal mehel etc

Note : Akbar mehel ya akbar mehel  
fatchpur sikri me nahin jiki  
jahangiri mehel akbar dwara i campur

me banwaye.

\* priyahacharya  
Jain monk Hanvijay suri se  
Akbar influenced tha unke Akbar  
ne Jagatguru Badshah ki upadhi  
di

\* Ramayana: Akbar <sup>makkar</sup> <sup>nangada</sup> bajaratha

\* Ramayana ka translation <sup>to persian</sup> abdul  
kadir badayuni ne kiya tha  
Akbar ke request par.

• akbar ke samay sainik & admin system ke liye ek setup banaya gaya jise mansabdari system kaha gaya.

• Note : akbar ke samay mughal empire ke map me / adheen koi 15 province the .

• taxation : upaj ka  $\frac{1}{3}$  tha .

Note: Shahjahan <sup>B</sup> arranged  
ke samay aam logo pr  
tar badhta chala gaya  
Shahjahan ke samaye <sup>geksoy</sup>  
jabki arranged he samay ke  
<sup>2/3 yrs</sup> 66y. hogaya.

Note max provinces arranged  
ke time thi mughals ke total  
23 provinces the.

arranged ke samay mughal  
empire ki southern boundary  
kareni river thi

kandhaar <sup>kabul</sup> ko sbse pehle akbar  
ne jeeta. empire me shamil kya  
jahangir ke samay yah hath se  
nikal gaya. shahjahan ne ise  
firse mydahempire one shamil kya.

Note : iran ke shah 8

Shahjahan ke beech vivad  
ki jad handhaar hi thi

EIC<sup>of Britain</sup> ke foundn se pehle  
British traders soft fitch  
akbar ke court me aya thi

British EIC ka foundation  
31 dec 1599 ko hui

is samay britain ki Queen  
elizabeth I thi. (Akbar ke contemp)

• jisne is company ko india ja kar  
trade ka monopoly aur charter  
diya.

• charter ka meaning tha dani  
ka permission letter

• is samay mugal king akbar the.

is prakar akbar & (puchay)  
elizabeth I contemporaneously

- akbar british EEC ko trading  
rights nahi deeta ye right  
jahangir ke samay captain  
hawkins ko miltah.

## Jahangir

- Akbar ne sheikh salim chisti ke naam par apne puts ka naam salim zakha aur pyar se use sheikh u baba bolata tha
- Akbar ki omrtyu ke baad 1605 me jahangir naam se woh throne par bartha.
- wah ek justice loving king the usne logo ko justice dilane ke liye 12 adesh jare khye

jise dastoor v/ amal ka haq,

usne apne mehfil me golden  
chain of justice shapit ki  
thi

jise koi bhi aadmi nay ke  
liye seedhe jahaanis se  
baat ko stathा / mil stathा

use putr khwsoo ke daras

rebel kijga gaja iskidooh  
ko suppress hones ke dawzan  
jahangirne 5th sikh guru  
Ajinder ki murder kamaya.

- maharana pratap ke putr amar singh ke saath long struggle ke baad peace treaty koke us me waad kaareq return kodi
- 1622<sup>(notimp)</sup> me kandhaas jahangir ke hath se nikal 899 ya.

• jahangir ka 3<sup>rd</sup> marriage  
mehrunissa  
Noor jahan se hua tha

• mehrunissa ko unne title

diya noor jahan.

• noor jahan ke father miss

gyas baig the jo itan se

akbar ke samay hahore  
aye the.

Humayun tomb banane me

unka bada role tha

sath hi Lahore ka administration  
chalane me thi

Moor Jahan se marriage ke

baad Jahangir ne unke idma

ut darakh ka title diya.

Jahangir ne Agra ke pas

Sikandra me Akbar ka tomb binaya

• Saath hi saath nooz jahaz  
ne mizaj zyaf beg ka tumb  
wahan banwaye isme pehli  
baar pietra dura ast  
ka use kiyा gaya.

• pietra dura large scale par  
tajmahal me use kiyा.

• is lihaaj se idmauddaulah ke

ko taj mahal ka precursor  
kaha ja ta h

- noor jahan ka impact/influence  
mughal administration pe bohot tha  
is darz me darbaaz me rani  
impact badhi gaya
- noor jahan ki ma asmat begum  
hi jise perfume banane ka  
method India kya
- Jahangir ka tenure golden period

Indian art has the Persian

Iranian influence also.

Thus my art covers me

art & art's ke evolution

ke karan India ke other

areas me art ki <sup>2</sup> style

developed how jaise

"Kangra" style

"Bundi" "

"Pahadi" "

"Kishengarh" "

8 Sep 2025

- Jahangir ne deccan conquest ka start kiya po woh failhua
- age chalkar ahmednagar ko jeetne ke liye usne khurram ko deccan expedition ke liye bheja khurram, difficulty he ahmednagar jeet liya
- iss vijay pr jahangir ne khurram ko title diya shahjahan.

- Jahangir ne apni biography persian me likhi
- Jahangir ki death 1627 me hui uska tomb noor jahan ke Lahore me banwaya
- Third english addhi kesi yapsa Thomas rowe jahangir ko khotte hue mands takkartha jahan usko jahangir mila

• Jahangir ne tobacco pe ban  
laga diya.

• Akbar ke samay administrative  
kaha jata tha

• Mansab ka meaning rank hota h

• Jahangir ke samay ye system bada  
gaya do asp & sinh asp namak system

chalv kiya jayga

(1627 - 1658) Shahjahan <sup>khusraam</sup>

- Architect of India.
- Shahjahan ne apni patni Mumtaz mehul ki yaad me Agra me Taj mehul banwaya
- Jahangir kesamay ka andhaar

mughals ke haath se nikal  
gaya tha jise regain kota h  
Shahjahan.

• Shahjahan ki 3 bacche simp h

- Dara Shikoh

- Aurangzeb

- beti Jahan Ara

• Dara Shikoh autism me manta tha  
aur vidwaan tha

- Hindu & muslim dham  
ke antaraat kai grantho  
ka adhyaya, ko churha thi,
- usne ypnishado ka sanskritse  
persian me translation kiya. Sare  
Akbar ke naam se
- Jabki uski khud ki rachna thi  
magma evl bahaain.

jisme woh hindu muslim  
dharma ko do nadiya marta h  
jo age ja ke ek hi ho jah h.

Arranged ka janm dhol me  
huatha bachpan noor jahan  
ke pas Lahore me guzaa

extreme sunni tha

shahjahan ne use deccan ka

governoor bang ke deccan bhej  
diya

Tahaan agra

ka prabhaav moghal administration  
& architecture dono me manayayi

Shahjahan ke tenure me bani  
delhi ki jama masjid ka  
blueprint jahan agra banayi

Mughal period me most important  
fort tha jiska revenue jahan  
aga ho milta tha

ausangzeb ke badshah banne  
ke baad bhi ye jari saha

iss samay fort 2 baar  
Shivaji ne loota tha

1658<sup>71</sup> me shahjaan ki mortyv  
ki khabar fail jone ke baad

governs lang ke deccan bhej  
diya

Tahaan agra

• kq prabhaav moghal administration  
& architecture dono me manayay h

• Shahjahan ke tenure me bani  
delhi ki jama masjid kq  
blueprint jaha agra banayi

• Battle of succession bolte h  
in 3 yuddh ho

• Battle Dharmarth  
Samugash  
Devrai

• end me A3 jeet jata h aur  
islam ki arhelna ke accusn pr  
woh Darashikoh ka mrode hawa  
detat h.

• 1658 me shahjahan ke  
jeerit dehte hue us  
taid koke mugal badshah  
ban jata h Az.

• Aurangzeb (1658 - 1702)

• Deccan me ahmednagar ki don  
famous queen hoi Chand Bibi

- ek famous commander hue  
malik ambar
- Age chq/kae shahji bhoste 64;  
ahmednagar se jude
- Malik ambar ki guerrilla warfare  
(jungle warfare tactics) / chagpramor  
yuddh pranaali ka founder  
manq jata hai
- Malik ambar ka administration  
bhi accha tha.

• Shiraji ne admin &  
warfare ke kya element  
malik ambar se kya \*<sup>पूछा</sup> पूछा  
हो

• Shiraji ke father shahji bhole  
pehle ahmadnagar ke ruler  
the bad me bijapur chale gaye

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- Humayun ki biography uski behen Gulbadan begum ke dvara likhi gayi thi;
- Humayunnam was written by Gulbadan begum -
- mugal period me scholars ko mulf-eenam me di jane wale Zamoor ko madad-e-maash kaha jata tha.

Babur  
• Humayun ki autobiography  
baburnama ya buzuk e babar  
jo originally turkish language me  
thi, ka persian me translation  
kiya gaya akbar ke court me  
by abdul Raheem Khan e khana.

• abdul raheem sanskrit ke  
famous scholar the & puchash

- kalighat art of painting
- calcutta ke kaghazmandir ke aaspas generally devi dujga ke samarpit moortikala aur chitrakala.
- mogal period ka famous painter tha abdulssamad jiske dwara banaye gaye paintings hamzanaama ga daastan e ameer hamzanaama me milte h

tabia vddunani magbas = bibikimazid  
aqzaybad.

Az ke time mughals ki

boundary kabul se le veni aise  
thi thi

ye poore medieval age ka  
largest empire tha isne neef

provinces 23 thi jiki

akbar ke tenroe me provinces  
15 the.

- Aurangzeb ne badshah banne ke baad south ke 2 states bijapur aur golconda ko jocta tha.
- ~~1665~~ <sup>आस्ते</sup> me Afmer ke raja jaisinh ke mediatorsip ke through shivaji aur aurangzeb one treaty of Purandar hoti hai.

• Avrangzeb Az

• 1658 me Az battle of

succession jete ne ke baad

shahjahan ko Qaid koke myal

badchah banta hai.

• Az ko alamgir bhi kaha  
jata tha.

• usne 'fatwa-e- alamgiri'  
naamak ek kitaab likhi.

• jise uske samay book of law  
manaya.

• awrangzeb ka area magsome  
poore medieval india me  
north me  
kabul se looth me havan  
river tk uska Kingdom tha

23 provinces the.

- \* au sang et extreme sunni the  
are religious conversions  
perior de la the
- \* par max hindu seppati  
are adhikari az ke tenue  
me li hue
- \* az deccan ke bijapur aur  
kolonad ko jeet liya

par deccan me shahji gholse ke  
putr shivaji ke dvara maratha  
samrajya kistha pna higayi  
ane leayi mugal foot ho jeetggys

is prakaar shivaji Avanzaed  
ke liye deccan me ik resistance  
factor bane jahe

1665 me Aner ke sajai

jaisinh ki mediatorship me/

initiative par Shiraj's aur

Az ke beech treaty of  
Dusandar hoti hai.

• Dusandar ke ye famars

kila maharashtra me hain

• Par yah sandhi lam'e samay  
tak tih nahi pogi.

- Arranged Aus sikhs ke  $17^{\text{th}}$   
bhi theek nahi the.
- Arranged 6 dwar sikhs ke  $9^{\text{th}}$   
govt Faz Bahadur ki musder  
kar di gayi.
- Az re hinduo par kai type ke  
pratibandh lagaye jaziga  
reapply [reimpose].

- Jholos sapeet kalmor  
likhe jame tazimya nikalna  
in sab pas zoh laya di
- Uska personal life basat hone  
ke karan use Zinda peer kaha  
gaya
- Uske tenuse me do hi sturcture  
dikhayi detekh

1) Moti masjid in Lal kila Lahore

(moti majid after by shahjahan)

2) Yabia ud durrani or bibi/bibi

ka magbaq aurangabad sham  
bhajinagar

• Surat is samay prassidh post

tha jiska denvenore jahan

ara ho jata tha

• maa tha ke dwais yahan do bazar

Attack kiya gaya

- Deccan problem aanganzeb ke tenure me hamesha Bani sahi use deccan shift honga pera aur 1707 me aanganbadh Shambhajirao me hi uski martyr hui
- aanganzeb ke laad mughal ka political downfall hua.

jiske liye reason the ek  
main reason arranged ki  
extremist religious policy ko  
mang jata hai.

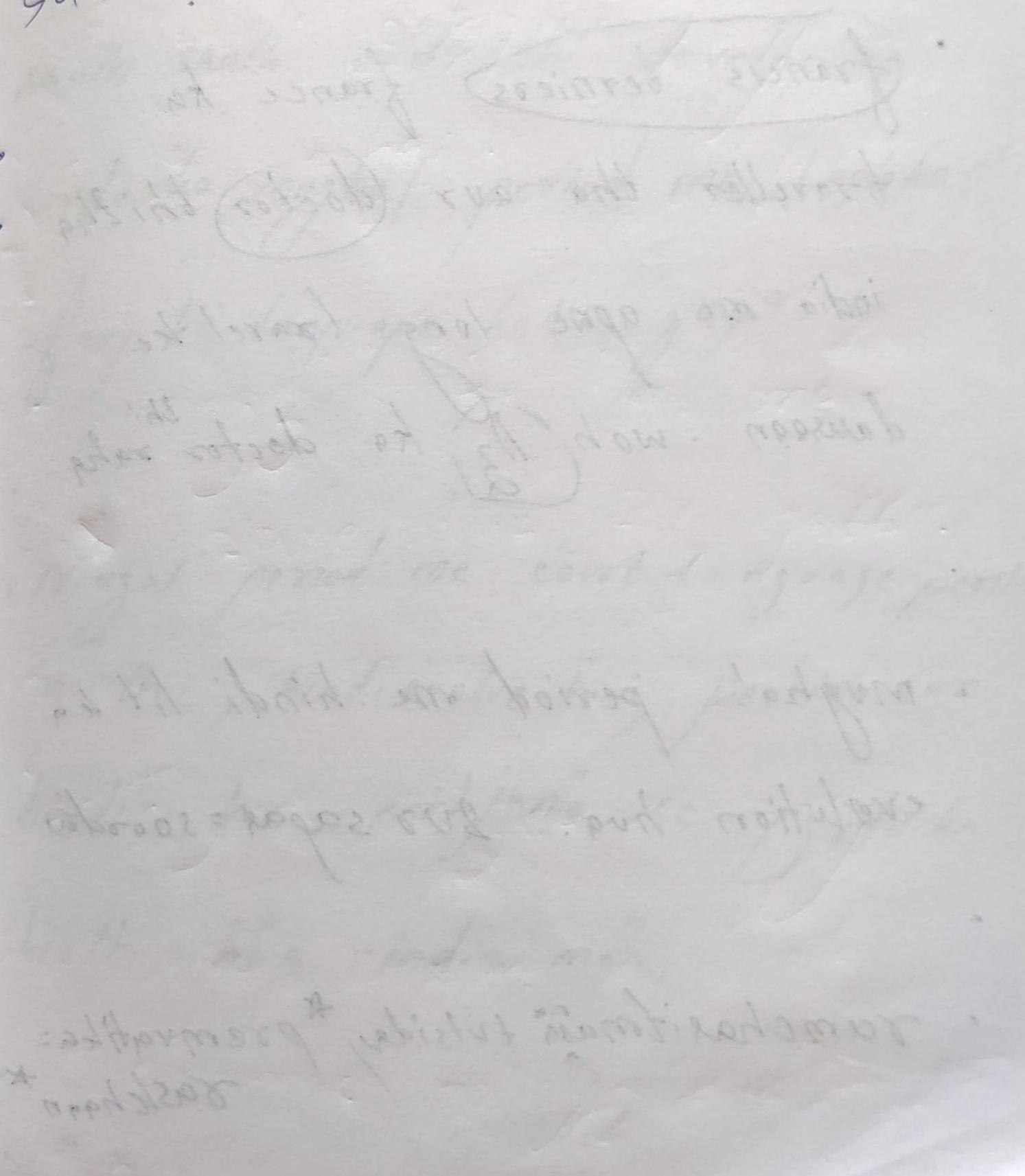
arranged ke time max  
tax rate tha  $\frac{2}{3}$  jaggy.

rate jo arranged ke samay  
mugal empire ki weak  
economic policy ko dilchata  
h

- 1707 Aurangzeb ki death ke saath medieval period ka history end mang jaata h & yahan se modern India ka start maha jah.
- mansabdari system me jaaf & Sawaar subsystem the
- personal status ke liye jaat

aur uske undar kitne  
hosemen sainik h uske liye

Sagar:



10 Sep 2025

francis bernier  
france ka  
traveller tha aur (doctor) bhi tha  
india me apne long travel ke  
darsan woh ( $\frac{A_2}{2}$ ) ka doctor sahi

mughal period me hindi lit ka  
evolution hua. sur sagar = soorday

yamcharitmañi tulsidas, \* prem rati ka:  
dashkhan \*

Hindi Lit ke development k  
saath saath urdu bhi develop hii  
urdu ko mughal period me Lashkar/  
fauj ki language hahi gya.

Mugal period me court language persia  
n thi, hindie evolve hui, persian aur  
hindii he mil jane se urdu ka  
birth hua india me.

Cg psc pufha hz  
Nuska e dikhusha: Aurangzeb

k samay ki jankari ise many  
historians mughal kaq/ kag gazetteer  
kehte h. (gazette: official history)

Delhi ke deewaan e khas me shahjahan  
ke dwara peacock throne or major  
Sihasan banwaya gaya.

rispar baithne walas last badshah hogq moh

shah rangoon

Note 1739 me Nadir Shah ka india attack hoga (iran ka napoleon) woh apne sare peacock throne iran le jayega.

Mugal paintings me 3 element milte h

Indian      Irani & European  
[Persian]

Babur ne Bhira ke battle me sabse pehle barood ka use kiya tha.

Dyodhy ka babri masjid babur ka commander mir banki ne banwaa.

history of modern india

1707 Aurangzeb ki martyrse

lekar 1947 tk ka history

modern indian history kehlatah.

Az ka death 1707 me hui uski

tomb aurangabad ke par

khuldabaad me h.

Sikh rajya me 10 guru the

Az ke death ke baad guru gobind Singh ne BS 1 ko support kiya  
toh BS 2 ne GGS ko soojat  
aur 500 sawar ka mansab diya.

• Bandabahadur 1708 - 1716

• Uska original naam laxman Singh the

• alt name : madhar das vaidogi

• maharashtra ke nanded me GGS  
ko mile, inkor gurur ka banda  
bola gaya - banda bahadur.

- Sikhs ka political leadership  
in ko diya aur jub Punjab  
ko lead kr the the  
toh inko Gurubaksh Singh bhole
- 1716 me Gurdaspur ke  
was me ye Mughals re  
haas gaye in ko delhi le  
gaye Farukh Siyar ke samne  
re Farukh Siyar in ko death  
penalty de diya.

- 1748 me Kapoor Singh unorganised farmers ko ekjut kiya aur inko ek dal khalsa form kiya.
- & khalsa dal ka leader Kapoor Singh ke baad Jassa Singh Ahluwalia ne hia.
- Jassa Singh Ahluwalia he hi time Sikh samj 12 small areas me divide ho gaya 12 misal.
- Sukarchakiya inme se ek misal tha aur inke ek

leader the maha singh  
gujrawala gaon me  
inke ek bete hve fishe  
ranjeet singh ke naam se  
jante h.

Actual founder Ranjeet Singh (Abhdichot)  
• mata rajkaur <sup>ssas</sup> sada kare  
re milkar ek parishad banayi  
iska leader the decwan khopatrai

1792 & 1797 tak sikh samaj ko

leader the maha singh  
gujrawala gaon me  
inke ek bete hve fishe  
ranjeet singh ke naam se  
jante h.

Actual founder Ranjeet Singh (1803-1839)  
• mata rajkaur (sada kare)  
ye milkar ek parishad banayi  
iska leader the decwan hukum patni

1792 & 1797 tak sikh samaj ko

leader the maha singh  
gujrawala gaon me  
inke ek bete hve fishe  
ranjeet singh ke naam se  
jante h.

Actual founder Ranjeet Singh (Abhichhot)  
• mata rajkaur <sup>ssas</sup> suda kaer  
ne milkas ek parishad banayi  
iska leader the decwan khopatrai

1792 & 1797 tak sikh samaj ko

is parishad ne represent liga  
aur administration ke saare kaam kiye.

- 1787 me ranjeet Singh adult  
ho gaye aur Swatantra hokar  
rajya paroam b kiyा.
- ranjeet Singh punjab jecte  
kashmir " "  
multan "
- 1798. jamaat ~~khanda~~<sup>xha/shah</sup> (ahmed  
Shah abdali ka pata) Punjab  
vijay ke liye nikla aur  
lahore jeet liya usi time pr

kabul me rebellion hogaya

aur ye lahore se aye nai

ya jaya aur chenab

river ke par ek swamp  
me ikhi 12 top phas gayi

toh idhar se ranjit singh  
bola tumhari top the; De ne  
aur usko de diya. in 1799.

isi baat se lehush holcar

zamaan shah ne ranjeet  
singh ko lahore de diya.

1806 itime ranjit sijjrajabang

aur Lahore jeet siyaek  
faareehse.

amritsar ko bhangi misal  
se prapt hua 1805 me.

(1805 - 1808)

1807 me bhot expandkins  
british chate the inkosuttej  
kayye expand na karne de  
ye ye bhi chate the nepoelonic  
war me prajab ko  
hukde kade, isilye 1000  
minto he dwaraa charles metcalfe  
kade

Kiske rajdoot bheja ranjeet  
Singh ke pas treaty of  
amritsar hone bheja. 1809 me

• Shastre →

① Sutlej : south boundary  
} punjab/sikh state

② Sutlej ke BE ke states

British ke organiser ke sath  
ao. / British + sikh administration

③ Sutlej ke north me sikh  
ke upar British ka koi intervention  
nai

① bottle ke east na borth.

state h jism sikh interference  
raihoss

② Ludhiana me english lens  
okhaye.

1818 me Dewan Chand + Khadg  
inki help se MRS ne multan  
jeet liya.

1819 me kashmir jeet liya.

1824 me peshawar wio Rab sultej  
ke west moh.

1836 - laddikh jeete

1831 ke aspas Balochistan

ke kuch area jeet liye.

(Shikarpur pe kabja)

→ Sindh ka trade gattha

Sindh ko jeet leta par

British baat kohe war okhwa

lise

1831 → Sindh + Punjab ke bee

Lord William Bentick ne Enwayi

ise sindwala expansion sole diye

1838 me britness ne sindh

me resident okh diya.

1839 Ranjeet Singh hi marty ho  
jay'

British Sikhs was 1

1845-46 maharaja dilip singh  
(1843-49)

11 Dec 1845 ho Sikh Benaras Hej

par kro shi thi (jo forbidden the  
treaty he thor) Sikh yugus ne  
do din bad attack kro diya & lord  
haeding bga tha.

Senapati Lall Singh / Tej Singh betay kia  
Amritsar Lahore jeet line.

treaty of Lahore hui 9 M/1846

bole ① buttle he soot me  
satc raja british he  
honge

② 1.5 crore hasjana.

ryar se sindh the area  
ise becha gaya aur 1 crore  
mile (Gulab Singh)

③ sikh sena chot h' li'ya re.

④ dilip singh hi raksha heta  
with 1 sal rakesh;

Henry Lawrence ko resident  
banaya

henry lawrence ne 1st sikh mohle  
aur jehangir rajmata pe  
kashmir rebellion ka aasao p  
lafaya aur dono ko hata diya  
like like treaty of bhairowal/1846.

22 Dec.

① punjab shashan hi 8  
sikh parivad ka head honny  
lawrence hi hogya

② permanent ch british sans  
lahore ne saheji

③ 1.5 yearly pension instead  
of money

Second Anglo Sikh war

1848 - 49

Reason

① Sikhs reformed } khalsa

② Dal Khalsa → more power needed

③ Jeet Singh pension reduced

④ Henry Lawrence → <sup>Sikhs</sup> army reduce

⑤ Sikh sardars hate ke Gora rakh diw

⑥ Multan ke gor ko resign home bala

Lord ~~gott~~<sup>gott</sup> mentioned me  
Sahavins ke fine pe

or ~~edness~~ ke pas

Tamman man was his

~~22nd 1848~~

pas gott has sahatha fo  
charles napier ha Yth was  
me angriji e etc . bijrath ka  
was

29 March 1849 to British army  
Jude.