

**1.) FAT Main Memory Requirements**

- a)  $1024 * 1024 * 250 = 262\,144\,000$  blocks
- b) 262 144 000 entries
- c)  $\log_2(262\,144\,000) = 28$   
→ 1 Eintrag braucht 2 Adressen → 7 Bytes
- d)  $262\,144\,000 * 7 = 1\,835\,008\,000$  Bytes

**2.) Random Access of Files**

- a)  $107834590 - 10 - 256 * 2 - 256 * 3 = 107\,833\,300$
- b)  $107834590 / 1024 = 10\,530,85$

**3.) UFS (i-node) File Size**

32 Bit → 4 Bytes  
4 KB → 1024 Adressen  
1KB → 256 Adressen

B)  
 $4 * 1024 * 1024 = 4$  Gigabytes  
 $1 * 256 * 256 = 64$  Megabytes

**4.) UFS File Size**

- a) 512 Bytes / 4 → 128 Adressen  
1024 Bytes / 4 → 256 Adressen

512:  $512 * 128 * 128 * 128 = 1\,073\,741\,824$  Bytes = 1 048 576 Kilobytes = 1024 Megabytes = 1 Gigabyte

1024:  $1024 * 256 * 256 * 256 = 1\,717\,986\,918$  Bytes = 16 777 216 Kilobytes = 16384 Megabytes = 16 Gigabytes

- b) Es würde sich nichts ändern.