PROJECT INTRODUCTION

The major goal of this analysis and dashboard is to build a story for the Customer Success team on the main reasons why some Airbnb hosts are renting more than others.

 $\label{problem} \mbox{Hypothesis: There is an inverse relationship between price and occupancy rate}$

Global KPIs & Segment Analysis

KPI Focus: Price Evolution, Availability Over TimeKPI Focus: Average Price, Average Response Time, Occupancy Rate

Purpose: To compare average occupancy rates across different segments.

nb_of_listing 72,101

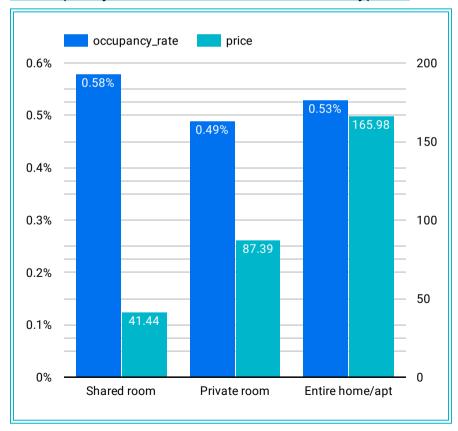
booked_days 54,565

available_days 17,536

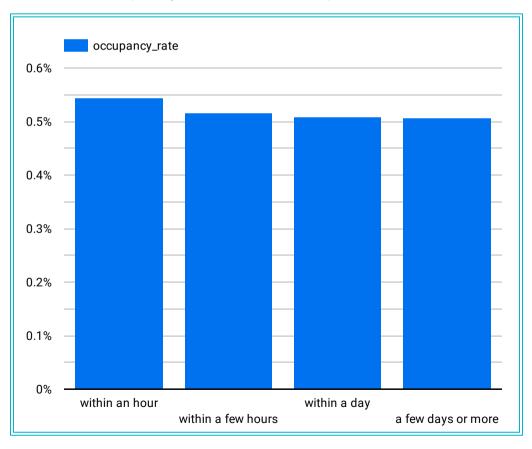
avg_price 158.02

Avg_response_time
4

Occupancy Rate and Price basd on Room Types



Occupancy Rate based on Response Time



Time Series Plot for analyzing trends in price and availability over time.

KPI Focus: Price Evolution, Availability Over Time



Purpose: To analyze price changes over time and their impact on occupancy



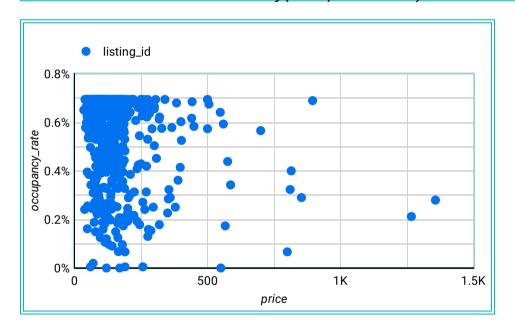


Exploring Relationships between Variables

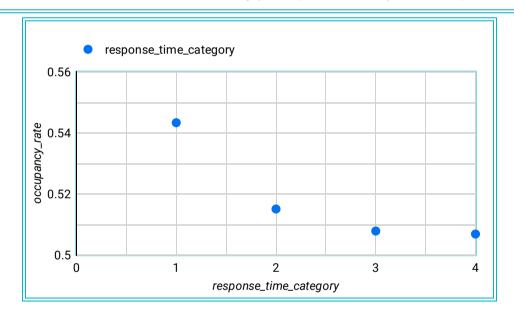
KPI Focus: Occupancy Rate, Average Price, Average Review Score, Response Time Categorization Purpose: To explore the relationship between availability (or occupancy rate) and other metrics.

room_type

Correlation between Availability(occupation_rate) and Price



Correlation between Availability(occupation_rate) and Response Time



Correlation between Availability(occupation_rate) and Revie



Based on the charts and data provided in the image, here are some business insights and conclusions you can draw:

1. Price vs. Occupancy Rate Over Time

Observation: There is an inverse relationship between price and occupancy rate over time. As the price increases, the occupancy rate tends to decrease.

Business Advice:

Price Optimization: Consider implementing a dynamic pricing strategy to optimize for higher occupancy. During periods of low occupancy, reducing prices slightly might increase bookings.

Seasonal Pricing: If this trend corresponds to specific seasons, adjust pricing accordingly to balance revenue and occupancy.

2. Occupancy Rate and Price Based on Room Types

Observation: Different room types exhibit varying occupancy rates and average prices. For example, the room type with a lower price (e.g., \$87.39) has a slightly lower occupancy rate compared to more expensive ones.

Business Advice:

Room Type Segmentation: Identify which room types are most sensitive to price changes. For more expensive room types, even small adjustments in price could maintain a higher occupancy.

Targeted Marketing: Market higher occupancy rate room types more aggressively to maintain their occupancy while exploring potential price increases.

3. Occupancy Rate Based on Response Time

Observation: Response time does not seem to significantly affect occupancy rates as the rates are relatively similar across different response times.

Business Advice:

Focus on Other Factors: Since response time doesn't have a strong impact on occupancy, resources might be better spent optimizing other areas, such as enhancing the listing descriptions, photos, or improving the overall customer experience.

Maintain Quick Response: While the occupancy rate may not vary significantly, maintaining a quick response time could still be important for guest satisfaction and reviews.

4. General Trend Analysis

Observation: There is a notable decrease in occupancy rate over the analyzed period while prices have remained relatively stable.

Business Advice:

Demand Analysis: Investigate if the decreasing occupancy rate is due to a drop in demand, seasonality, or increased competition. If it's a seasonal effect, plan marketing campaigns or promotions during low-demand periods.

Enhanced Value Proposition: If the occupancy drop isn't seasonally driven, consider enhancing the value proposition of your listings—this could include added amenities, better communication, or loyalty discounts.

5. Data-Driven Decision Making

Use these insights to make informed decisions about pricing, marketing, and operational efficiency. Consider A/B testing different pricing models or marketing strategies to validate the best approach.

These insights should help guide business strategies to improve both occupancy rates and revenue across different periods and room types.