## CS218 - Data Structures FAST NUCES Peshawar Campus Dr. Nauman (recluze.net)

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## 1 Queue using "Array"

Raster images of the notebook 07-queue

```
Queue
                Queue code is exactly the same as we did with C++.
H In [ ]: class Queue:
    def __init__(self):
        self.size = 5
        --1f a = list(re
                          self.q = list(range(self.size)) # some dummy values self.i = \theta
                          self.o = 0
                         self.is_empty = True
self.is_full = False
  In [ ]: q = Queue()
  In [ ]: def _inc(self, idx):
    if idx + 1 == self.size:
    return 0
                          return idx + 1
               Queue._inc = _inc
   In [ ]: def enqueue(self, val):
                    if self.is_full:
    raise IndexError("Queue full. Cannot enqueue.")
                     self.q[self.i] = val
                     self.i = self._inc(self.i)
                    if self.i == self.o:
    self.is_full = True
                     self.is_empty = False
               Queue.enqueue = enqueue
   In [ ]: def dequeue(self):
                    if self.is_empty:
    raise IndexError("Queue empty. Cannot dequeue.")
                    ret = self.q[self.o]
self.o = self._inc(self.o)
                    if self.i == self.o:
    self.is_empty = True
                     self.is_full = False
               Queue.dequeue = dequeue
  In [ ]: def __str__(self):
    return str(self.q) + " , in: " + str(self.i) + ", out: " + str(self.o)
Queue.__str__ = __str__
```

```
In []: q = Queue()
    q.enqueue(10)
    q.enqueue(20)
    q.enqueue(30)
    q.enqueue(40)
    q.enqueue(50)
# q.enqueue(35)

print(q)

print(q.dequeue())
    q.enqueue(110)
    print(q.dequeue())
    print(q.dequeue())
```