

a02

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[107]: # A02 Assignment
# Author : Muhammad iftikhar
# Batch  : 18 Batch
# Course : Information Retrieval
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import re

# nltk
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
porter_stemmer = PorterStemmer()

# ML libs
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def ReadingDataset(path:str):

    df = pd.read_csv(path)
    print(df.head())
    pass

def ConvertingTSV_To_CSV(tsvfilePath:str ,csvfilePath:str):

    moviesDic = {
        'title': [],
        'story': []
    }
    with open(tsvfilePath) as tsvfile:

        # iterate over the tsv file for substitute the tab to comma
        for line in tsvfile:
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        # split at tab
        contentfile = line.split('\t')

        # append to dictionary
        moviesDic['title'].append(contentfile[0])
        moviesDic['story'].append(contentfile[1])

    # print("Converted Successfully")
    return pd.DataFrame.from_dict(moviesDic).to_csv(csvfilePath,index=False)

def PreProcessing(Text:str):
    # remove links
    Text = re.sub(r'http\S+', '', Text)

    # remove alphanumeric character
    Text=re.sub(r'[\W_]+', ' ', Text)

    # Removing Stopwords from the TEXT
    stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))

    word_tokens = word_tokenize(Text)

    filtered_sentence = [w for w in word_tokens if not w.lower() in stop_words]

    filtered_sentence = []

    for w in word_tokens:
        if w not in stop_words:

            # apply Stemming at the same time for saving the time of further
            ↪ loop
            # print(w , porter_stemmer.stem(w))
            filtered_sentence.append(porter_stemmer.stem(w))
    st = ' '
    # print('filtered sentence \n',filtered_sentence)
    return st.join(filtered_sentence)

def VectorizationData(DfPath:str):

    df = pd.read_csv(DfPath)
    for index, count in enumerate(range(0,len(df['story']))):
        df['story'][index] = PreProcessing( df['story'][index])
    print("Successfully PreProcessing.")

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#     multi_class = {
#         'Drama' : 1,
#         'Comedy':2,
#         'Documentary':3,
#         'Western':4,
#         'Horror':5
#     }
#     for index, value in enumerate(df['title']):

#         if value=='Drama':
#             df['title'][index]=multi_class['Drama']
#             # print(df['title'][index])

#         elif value == 'Comedy':
#             df['title'][index]=multi_class['Comedy']

#         elif value == 'Documentary':
#             df['title'][index]=multi_class['Documentary']

#         elif value == 'Western':
#             df['title'][index]=multi_class['Western']

#         elif value == 'Horror':
#             df['title'][index]=multi_class['Horror']


X = df['story']
y = df['title']

return X,y
def model(X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test):

    gnb = GaussianNB()
    from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
    from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfTransformer,CountVectorizer

    lr = Pipeline([('vect', CountVectorizer()),
                    ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                    ('gnb', MultinomialNB()),
                    ])

    lr.fit(X_train,y_train)
    y_pred = lr.predict(X_test)

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# print(f"Accuracy is : {accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test)}")
# print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
plot_confusion_matrix(lr, X_test, y_test)
plt.show()

if __name__=="__main__":
    # PreProcessing
    # for training Datasets
    tsvpathtraining = "Datasets/film-genres-train.tsv"
    csvpathtraining = "Datasets/film-genres-train.csv"

    # for testing Dataset
    tsvpathtesting = "Datasets/film-genres-test.tsv"
    csvpathtesting = "Datasets/film-genres-test.csv"

    # converting the dataset to csv
    # ConvertingTSV_To_CSV(tsvpathtesting ,csvpathtesting )

    # PreProcessing

    # Vectorization for training data

    X_train,y_train = VectorizationData(csvpathtraining)

    # vectorization for testing datasets
    X_test,y_test = VectorizationData(csvpathtesting)

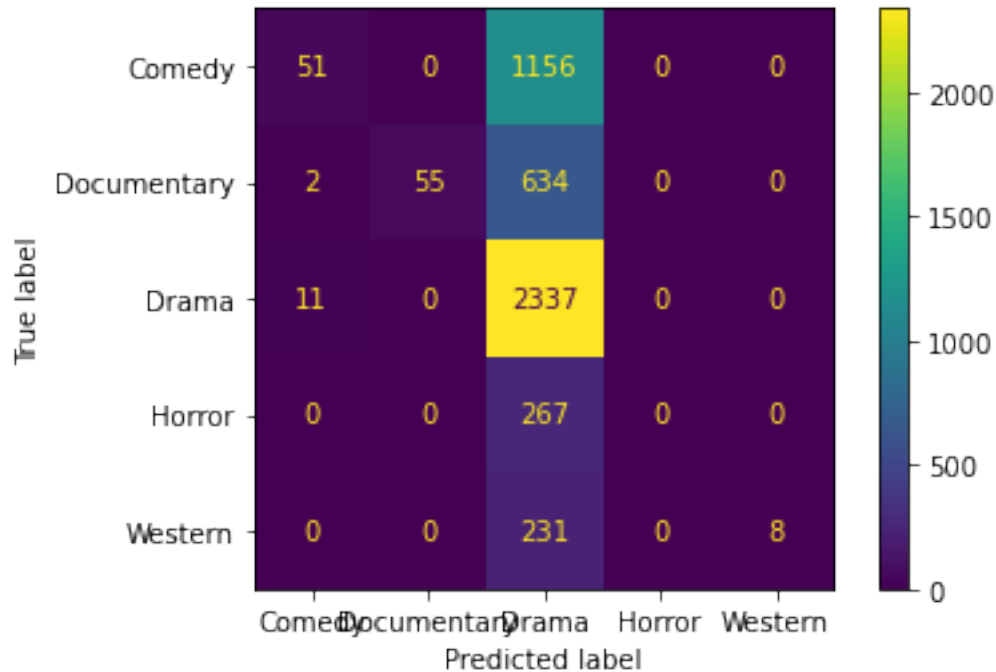
    # Gussain Machine learning model
    model(X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test)

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Successfully PreProcessing.

Successfully PreProcessing.

/home/ifti/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/sklearn/utils/deprecation.py:87: FutureWarning: Function plot\_confusion\_matrix is deprecated; Function `plot\_confusion\_matrix` is deprecated in 1.0 and will be removed in 1.2. Use one of the class methods: ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from\_predictions or ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from\_estimator.  
 warnings.warn(msg, category=FutureWarning)



## 1 Calculation for Accuracy

TP -- = Is the diagonal valus with respect to the valaue

FN -- = Sum of Row except TP

FP -- = Sum of column except TP

TN -- = Sum of all column and rows except column ,rows of respective values

\* Comedy :

formula , Accuracy =  $tp + tn / tp + tn + fn + fp$

Precision =  $51 + 3,532 / (51 + 3,532 + 13 + 1156) = 0.75$

\* Documentary :

formula , Accuracy =  $tp + tn / tp + tn + fn + fp$

Precision =  $55 + 4061 / (55 + 4061 + 0 + 636) = 0.86$

\* Drama :

formula , Accuracy =  $tp + tn / tp + tn + fn + fp$

Precision =  $2337 + 750 / (2337 + 750 + 2288 + 11) = 0.57$

\* Horror :

formula , Accuracy =  $tp + tn / tp + tn + fn + fp$

Precision =  $0 + 4485 / 0 + 4485 + 0 + 267 = 0.94$

\* Western :

formula , Accuracy =  $\frac{tp + tn}{tp + tn + fn + fp}$   
Precision =  $\frac{8 + 4513}{8 + 4513 + 0 + 231} = 0.95$

## 2 Calculation for Precision

TP -- = Is the diagonal valus with respect to the valaue  
FN -- = Sum of Row except TP  
FP -- = Sum of column except TP  
TN -- = Sum of all column and rows except column ,rows of respective values

\* Comedy :

formula , precision =  $\frac{TP}{TP + FP}$   
Precision =  $\frac{51}{51 + 13} = 0.79$

\* Documentary :

formula , precision =  $\frac{TP}{TP + FP}$   
Precision =  $\frac{55}{55 + 0} = 1$

\* Drama :

formula , precision =  $\frac{TP}{TP + FP}$   
Precision =  $\frac{2337}{2337 + 2288} = \frac{2337}{4625} = 0.50$

\* Horror :

formula , precision =  $\frac{TP}{TP + FP}$   
Precision =  $\frac{0}{0 + 0} = 0$

\* Western :

formula , precision =  $\frac{TP}{TP + FP}$   
Precision =  $\frac{8}{8 + 0} = 1$

## 3 Calculation for Recall

TP -- = the diagonal valus correspodng to the value  
FN -- = Sum of Row except TP  
FP -- = Sum of column except TP  
TN -- = Sum of all column and rows except column ,rows of respective values

\* Comedy :

formula , Recall =  $\frac{TP}{TP + FN}$   
Recall =  $\frac{51}{51 + 1156} = 0.004$

\* Documentary :

formula , Recall =  $\frac{TP}{TP + FN}$   
Recall =  $\frac{55}{55 + 636} = 0.079$

\* Drama :

formula , Recall =  $\frac{TP}{TP + FN}$

$$\text{Recall} = 2337 / 2337 + 11 = 2337/2348 = 0.99$$

\* Horror :

$$\text{formula , Recall} = \text{TP} / \text{TP} + \text{FN}$$

$$\text{Recall} = 0 / 0 + 267 = 0$$

\* Western :

$$\text{formula , Recall} = \text{TP} / \text{TP} + \text{FN}$$

$$\text{Recall} = 8 / 8 + 231 = 0.033$$

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