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## Parallel Distributed computing Assignment #1

### Dispatcher code Explanation

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```
final static int max-threads-At-A-time = 10;
static int currentlyRunningThreadCount = 0;
static Object dispatcherLock = new Object();
public static void main(String args[]) {
    for (int i = 0, i < 100; i++) {
        synchronized (dispatcherLock) {
            currentlyRunningThreadCount++;
        }
        final int this.ThreadCount += 1;
        new Thread(new Runnable() {
            @Override
            public void run() {
                System.out.println("Thread " + this.ThreadCount
                                   + " starting");
                try { Thread.sleep(5000); }
                catch (InterruptedException e) {}
                synchronized (dispatcherLock) {
                    currentlyRunningThreadCount--;
                    dispatcherLock.notify();
                }
            }
        }) {
    }
```

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}

3) .start();

if (currentlyRunning Thread count  $\geq$  max. Threads At A Time){

synchronized (dispatcher.lock) {

try { dispatcher.wait(); }

catch (InterruptedException e) { }

}

}

}

}

100 threads are spawning 100 threads but limits it to run 10 threads only. The loop uses a counter currentlyRunning Thread count to check the number of threads running. It waits by calling wait() on lock object and as each thread finishes its working, the counter is decremented and calls notify on the lock object which enables dispatcher to make more threads.