Helianthemum dataset

```
library(ppjsdm)
#> Registered S3 method overwritten by 'spatstat':
    method
               from
   print.boxx cli
library(ecespa)
#> Loading required package: spatstat
#> Loading required package: spatstat.data
#> Loading required package: nlme
#> Loading required package: rpart
#> spatstat 1.64-0
                        (nickname: 'Susana Distancia')
#> For an introduction to spatstat, type 'beginner'
library(plot.matrix)
remove(list = ls())
set.seed(1)
```

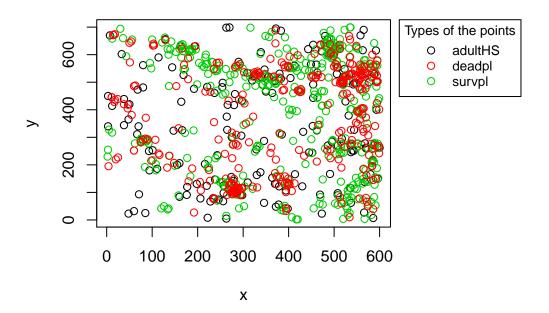
This vignette explains how to use the ppjsdm package with the Helianthemum dataset from ecespa. Locations of H. squamatum adult plants and seedlings in a 6 m x 7 m plot over gypsum soil in Chinchón (near Madrid, Spain). These are part of the data collected by Romao (2003) that have been analyzed several times (Escudero et al.2005, De la Cruz 2006, De la Cruz et al. in press.). The coordinates of the plans are given in cm.

```
configuration <- Configuration(Helianthemum)
#> Warning in Configuration(Helianthemum): There are duplicate points in the
#> configuration.
window <- Rectangle_window(c(2, 600), c(2, 699))</pre>
```

The point configuration is plotted below.

```
print(configuration)
#> An S3 object representing a configuration.
#>
#> Number of points: 866.
par(mar = c(5, 4, 4, 13) + 0.1)
plot(configuration, window = window)
```

Points in the configuration



We provide a series of ranges for the interaction radii, and let the fitting function calibrate the model.

```
short_range <- c(0, 50)
medium_range <- c(0, 50)
long_range <- c(0, 50)
model <- "Geyer"
medium_range_model <- "Geyer"
saturation <- 2
max_points <- 1000
steps <- 100000</pre>
```

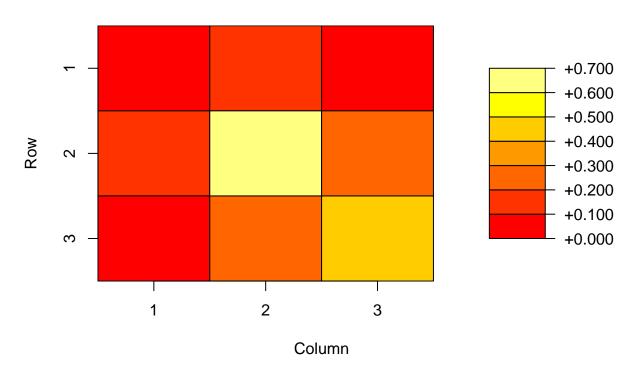
We can now call the fitting function.

```
fit <- ppjsdm::gibbsm(configuration,</pre>
                      window = window,
                      model = model,
                      medium_range_model = medium_range_model,
                      short_range = short_range,
                      medium_range = medium_range,
                      long_range = long_range,
                      use_glmnet = FALSE,
                      use_aic = TRUE,
                      saturation = saturation)
#> $beta0
#> [1] -7.443806 -8.516448 -7.595674
#>
#> $alpha
              [,1]
                         [,2]
                                    [,3]
#> [1,] 0.02447864 0.1018940 0.08972518
#> [2,] 0.10189400 0.6367581 0.20110183
```

```
#> [3,] 0.08972518 0.2011018 0.47966462
#> $gamma
#>
              [,1]
                          [,2]
                                      [,3]
#> [2,] 0.003245451 0.198861945 -0.1037667147
#> [3,] -0.119674070 -0.103766715 0.0004785686
#> $beta
#>
#> [1,]
#> [2,]
#> [3,]
print(summary(fit))
              coefficients
                                       CI95\_lo
                                                  CI95 hi Ztest
                                se
#> log_lambda1 -7.4438056891 0.27261504 -7.97812135 -6.90949002
#> log_lambda2 -8.5164482843 0.21635828 -8.94050272 -8.09239385
                                                           ***
#> log_lambda3 -7.5956739920 0.15279054 -7.89513794 -7.29621004
0.1018940013 0.03638897 0.03057292 0.17321508
#> alpha_1_2
#> alpha_1_3
            0.0897251787 0.03449798 0.02211038 0.15733998
#> alpha_2_3
            0.2011018345 0.02964252 0.14300356 0.25920011
            0.4796646223 0.05040945 0.38086392 0.57846533
#> alpha_3_3
                                                           ***
            -0.1736290698 0.09584359 -0.36147905 0.01422091
#> gamma 1 1
#> gamma 1 2
            0.0032454506 0.05719100 -0.10884684 0.11533774
#> gamma 1 3
            -0.1196740701 0.03785823 -0.19387483 -0.04547331
#> gamma_2_2
            0.1988619449 0.08980920 0.02283914 0.37488475
#> gamma_2_3
             -0.1037667147 0.03354951 -0.16952254 -0.03801088
                                                            **
              0.0004785686 0.05506162 -0.10744023 0.10839737
#> gamma_3_3
#>
                     Pval
                                 Zval
#> log_lambda1 3.680444e-164 -27.305190603
#> log_lambda2  0.000000e+00 -39.362710019
#> log_lambda3  0.000000e+00 -49.712986560
#> alpha_1_1 7.888863e-01 0.267757038
#> alpha_1_2
             5.108139e-03
                          2.800134024
#> alpha_1_3
            9.298444e-03 2.600881967
#> alpha_2_2
            2.296978e-25 10.407277038
#> alpha_2_3
            1.167035e-11 6.784234678
#> alpha_3_3
             1.810652e-21
                          9.515371278
            7.004992e-02 -1.811587776
#> gamma_1_1
#> gamma_1_2
            9.547463e-01 0.056747581
            1.571685e-03 -3.161111261
#> gamma 1 3
#> gamma_2_2
              2.681012e-02 2.214271343
             1.981823e-03 -3.092942833
#> gamma_2_3
#> gamma_3_3
              9.930653e-01
                          0.008691509
print(fit$coefficients)
#> $beta0
#> [1] -7.443806 -8.516448 -7.595674
#>
#> $alpha
#>
                     [,2]
            [,1]
                               [,3]
#> [1,] 0.02447864 0.1018940 0.08972518
```

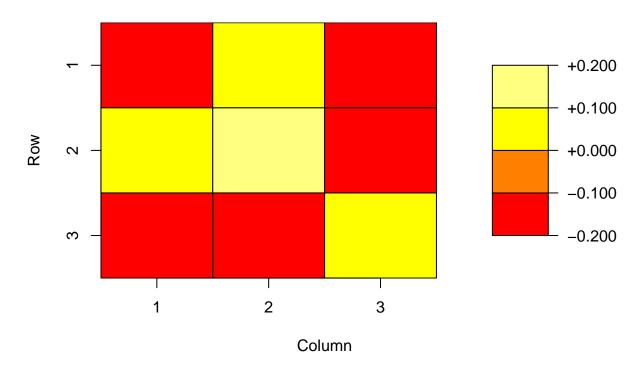
```
#> [2,] 0.10189400 0.6367581 0.20110183
#> [3,] 0.08972518 0.2011018 0.47966462
#>
#> $gamma
#>
             [,1]
                        [,2]
#> [2,] 0.003245451 0.198861945 -0.1037667147
#>
#> $beta
#>
#> [1,]
#> [2,]
#> [3,]
#>
#> $short_range
#> [,1]
                [,2]
#> [1,] 20.56593 20.30669 20.30669
#> [2,] 20.30669 13.19339 20.30669
#> [3,] 20.30669 20.30669 21.55467
#>
#> $medium_range
#> [,1]
                [,2]
#> [1,] 41.40553 43.36162 43.36162
#> [2,] 43.36162 29.47655 43.36162
#> [3,] 43.36162 43.36162 54.57887
#>
#> $long_range
#>
                [,2]
                         [,3]
          [,1]
#> [1,] 63.89003 64.26253 64.26253
#> [2,] 64.26253 54.87211 64.26253
#> [3,] 64.26253 64.26253 74.92618
par(mar=c(5.1, 5.1, 4.1, 4.1))
plot(fit$coefficients$alpha)
```

fit\$coefficients\$alpha



plot(fit\$coefficients\$gamma)

fit\$coefficients\$gamma



```
print(fit$aic)
#> [1] 3916.226
print(fit$bic)
#> [1] 4011.826
```

We may then plot the corresponding Papangelou conditional intensity.

```
parameters <- fit$coefficients</pre>
# plot_papangelou(window = window,
                   configuration = configuration,
#
#
                   type = 1,
                   mark = mean(get_marks(configuration)),
#
#
                   model = model,
#
                   medium_range_model = medium_range_model,
#
                   alpha = parameters$alpha,
#
                   beta0 = parameters$beta0,
#
                   beta = matrix(0, 1, 0),
#
                   gamma = parameters$gamma,
#
                   covariates = list(),
#
                   short_range = parameters$short_range,
#
                   medium_range = parameters$medium_range,
#
                   long_range = parameters$long_range,
#
                   saturation = saturation,
#
                   max\_points = max\_points)
```

It is also possible to draw from the model.

```
draw <- ppjsdm::rgibbs(window = window,</pre>
                       alpha = parameters$alpha,
                       beta0 = parameters$beta0,
                       gamma = parameters$gamma,
                       model = model,
                       medium_range_model = medium_range_model,
                       short_range = parameters$short_range,
                       medium_range = parameters$medium_range,
                       long_range = parameters$long_range,
                       types = levels(types(configuration)),
                       mark_range = c(min(get_marks(configuration)), max(get_marks(configuration))),
                       steps = steps)
print(draw)
#> An S3 object representing a configuration.
#> Number of points: 1228.
par(mar = c(5, 4, 4, 13) + 0.1)
plot(draw, window = window)
```

Points in the configuration

