

Kimbotto dataset

```
library(ppjsdm)
#> Registered S3 method overwritten by 'spatstat':
#>   method      from
#> print.boxx cli
library(spatstat)
#> Loading required package: spatstat.data
#> Loading required package: nlme
#> Loading required package: rpart
#>
#> spatstat 1.63-0      (nickname: 'Space camouflage')
#> For an introduction to spatstat, type 'beginner'
remove(list = ls())

set.seed(1)
```

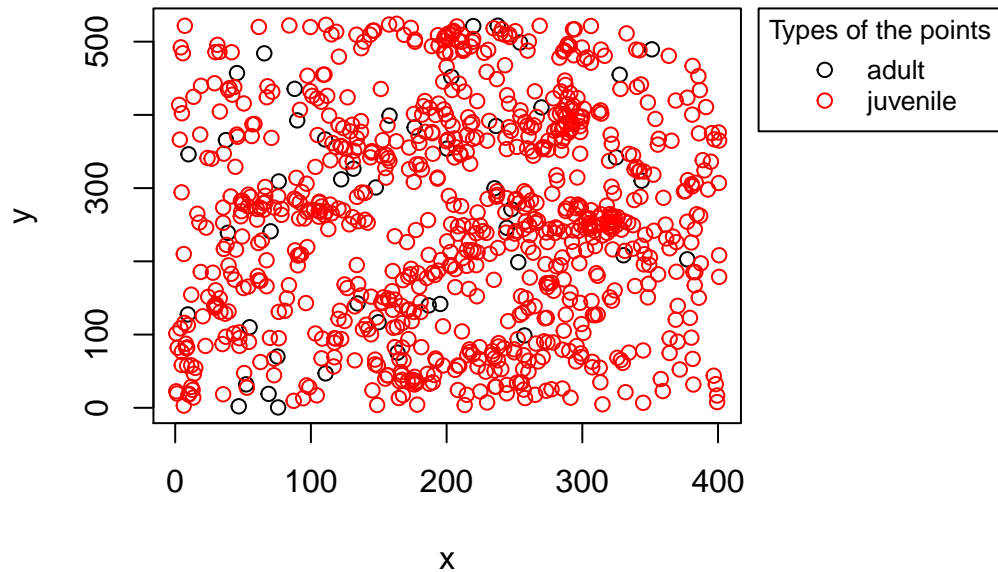
This vignette explains how to use the `ppjsdm` package with the kimbotto dataset from `spatstat`. We begin by loading the data with all species.

```
configuration <- Configuration(paracou)
#> Warning in Configuration(paracou): There are duplicate points in the
#> configuration.
window <- Rectangle_window(c(0, 400.8568), c(0, 524.4037))
```

The point configuration is plotted below.

```
par(mar = c(5, 4, 4, 13) + 0.1)
plot(configuration, window = window)
```

Points in the configuration



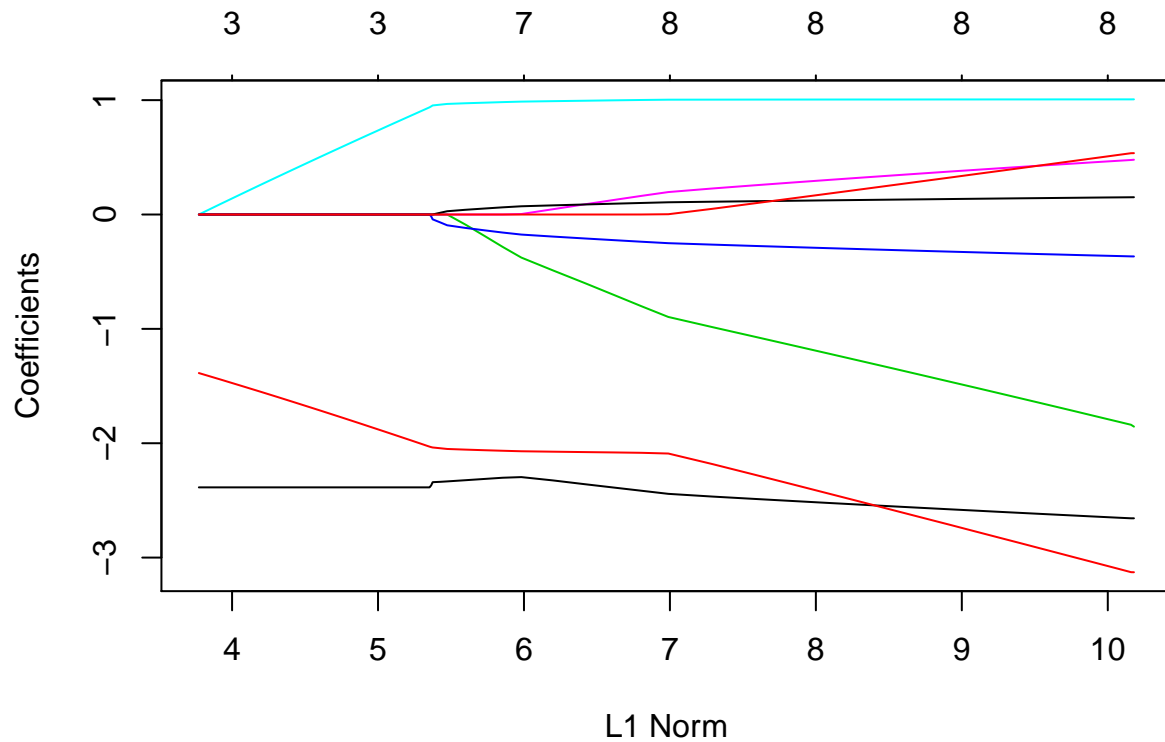
We provide a series of ranges for the interaction radii, and let the fitting function calibrate the model.

```
short_range <- c(0, 20)
medium_range <- c(0, 20)
long_range <- c(0, 20)
model <- "square_exponential"
medium_range_model <- "square_exponential"
```

We can now call the fitting function.

```
fit <- ppjsdm::gibbsm(configuration,
  window = window,
  model = model,
  medium_range_model = medium_range_model,
  short_range = short_range,
  medium_range = medium_range,
  long_range = long_range,
  use_glmnet = TRUE)

#> (Intercept) log_lambda1 log_lambda2 alpha_1_1 alpha_1_2 alpha_2_2
#> 0.0000000 -8.4272247 -6.1685268 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.9372613
#> gamma_1_1 gamma_1_2 gamma_2_2
#> 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000
plot(fit$complete)
```



```
print(fit$coefficients)
#> (Intercept) log_lambda1 log_lambda2 alpha_1_1 alpha_1_2 alpha_2_2
#> 0.0000000 -8.4272247 -6.1685268 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.9372613
#> gamma_1_1 gamma_1_2 gamma_2_2
#> 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000
print(fit$best_short)
#>      [,1]      [,2]
#> [1,] 10.39046 12.319791
#> [2,] 12.31979  6.518094
print(fit$best_medium)
#>      [,1]      [,2]
#> [1,] 23.6036 26.38340
#> [2,] 26.3834 14.41084
print(fit$best_long)
#>      [,1]      [,2]
#> [1,] 39.68328 30.76445
#> [2,] 30.76445 26.85217
print(fit$aic)
#> [1] -2267.387
print(fit$bic)
#> [1] -2248.003
```

We may then plot the corresponding Papangelou conditional intensity.

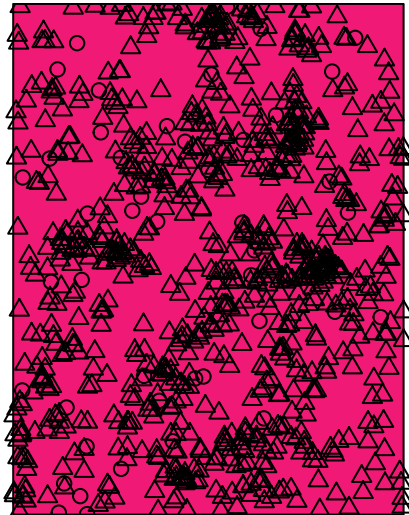
```
parameters <- get_parameters_from_fit(fit)
lambda <- parameters$lambda
alpha <- parameters$alpha
```

```

gamma <- parameters$gamma
plot_papangelou(window = window,
  configuration = configuration,
  type = 1,
  model = model,
  medium_range_model = medium_range_model,
  alpha = alpha,
  lambda = lambda,
  beta = matrix(0, 6, 0),
  gamma = gamma,
  covariates = list(),
  short_range = fit$best_short,
  medium_range = fit$best_medium,
  long_range = fit$best_long,
  saturation = 2)
#> Warning: data contain duplicated points

```

as.im(t(z), W = window)



```

plot_papangelou(window = window,
  configuration = configuration,
  type = 2,
  model = model,
  medium_range_model = medium_range_model,
  alpha = alpha,
  lambda = lambda,
  beta = matrix(0, 6, 0),

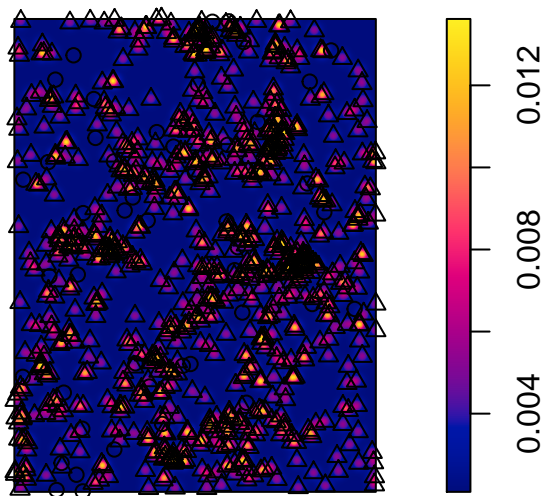
```

```

gamma = gamma,
covariates = list(),
short_range = fit$best_short,
medium_range = fit$best_medium,
long_range = fit$best_long,
saturation = 2)
#> Warning: data contain duplicated points

```

as.im(t(z), W = window)



It is also possible to draw from the model.

```

parameters <- get_parameters_from_fit(fit)
lambda <- parameters$lambda
alpha <- parameters$alpha
gamma <- parameters$gamma
draw <- ppjsdm::rgibbs(window = window,
                        alpha = alpha,
                        lambda = lambda,
                        gamma = gamma,
                        model = model,
                        medium_range_model = medium_range_model,
                        short_range = fit$best_short,
                        medium_range = fit$best_medium,
                        long_range = fit$best_long,
                        types = levels(types(configuration)))
print(draw)
#> An S3 object representing a configuration.
#>

```

```
#> Number of points: 653.
```

```
par(mar = c(5, 4, 4, 13) + 0.1)  
plot(draw, window = window)
```

