Fithian et al. (2014) NSW

```
library(maptools)
#> Loading required package: sp
#> Checking rgeos availability: FALSE
        Note: when rgeos is not available, polygon geometry
                                                                 computations in maptools depend on gpcl
#>
        which has a restricted licence. It is disabled by default;
        to enable gpclib, type gpclibPermit()
library(ppjsdm)
library(raster)
library(sf)
#> Linking to GEOS 3.6.2, GDAL 2.2.3, PROJ 4.9.3
library(spatstat)
#> Loading required package: spatstat.data
#> Loading required package: nlme
#>
#> Attaching package: 'nlme'
#> The following object is masked from 'package:raster':
#>
       getData
#> Loading required package: rpart
#> spatstat 1.62-2
                         (nickname: 'Shape-shifting lizard')
#> For an introduction to spatstat, type 'beginner'
#> Attaching package: 'spatstat'
#> The following objects are masked from 'package:raster':
#>
       area, rotate, shift
remove(list = ls())
source("../R/get_nsw.R")
set.seed(1)
```

This vignette explains how to use the ppjsdm package with the NSW dataset from Fithian et al. (2014). We begin by loading the data with only the most prevalent species.

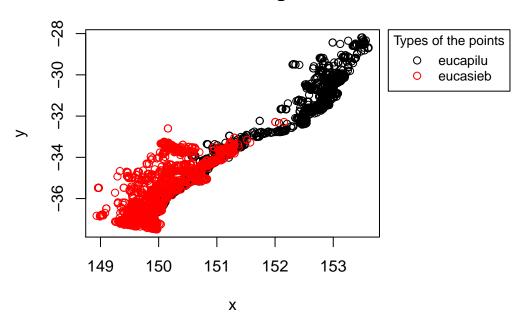
```
number_of_species <- 2 # Includes the most prevalent species from the plot

nsw <- get_nsw(prevalent = number_of_species)
configuration <- nsw$configuration
window <- nsw$window
covariates <- nsw$covariates</pre>
```

The point configuration is plotted below.

```
par(mar = c(5, 4, 4, 13) + 0.1)
plot(configuration, window = window)
```

Points in the configuration



The matrix radii defined below models interaction radii within a species (on the diagonal), and between species (outside the diagonal).

```
radii <- matrix(0.1, number_of_species, number_of_species)</pre>
```

Fitting the model to the dataset is then quite easy.

```
fit <- ppjsdm::gibbsm(configuration, window = window, covariates = covariates, model = "Geyer", radius
    log lambda 1
                   log_lambda_2 covariates1_1 covariates1_2 covariates2_1
#>
                                                1.310175e-01 -1.625017e+00
    5.529328e+00 1.589754e+01 -3.955523e-01
   covariates2_2 covariates3_1 covariates3_2 covariates4_1
                                                             covariates4 2
   -9.397341e-01 -5.710862e-02 -1.855167e-01
                                               4.580865e-03 -1.371843e-03
#>
#>
    covariates5_1 covariates5_2 covariates6_1 covariates6_2 covariates7_1
#>
    1.251534e-01 -1.679067e-01
                                1.825983e-01 -2.903524e-01
                                                              1.418842e+00
  covariates7_2 covariates8_1 covariates8_2 covariates9_1
                                                             covariates9_2
#>
    5.766286e-01
                  1.403485e-01
                                1.033571e+01
                                              -3.045413e-02
                                                             -8.838308e-02
#> covariates10_1 covariates10_2 covariates11_1 covariates11_2 covariates12_1
#> -2.718107e-02 -8.712071e-03 -1.228389e+00 -5.198815e+00
                                                             -1.988137e-02
#> covariates12_2 covariates13_1 covariates13_2 covariates14_1 covariates14_2
  -3.962883e-03 -4.126264e-02 1.656442e-02 -2.139818e-04 -2.395632e-04
#> covariates15_1 covariates15_2
                                    alpha_1_1
                                                   alpha_1_2
                                                                  alpha_2_2
#> -2.233812e-05 -7.133730e-05 2.434970e+00
                                                1.647519e-01
                                                               2.980384e+00
summary(fit)
#>
#> Call:
#> glm(formula = as.formula(gibbsm_data$formula), family = binomial(),
      data = as.data.frame(gibbsm_data$data))
#>
#> Deviance Residuals:
   Min
           1Q
                    Median
```

```
#> -2.2923 -0.0911 -0.0411 -0.0148 4.0261
#>
#> Coefficients:
#>
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
#> log_lambda_1 5.529e+00 3.557e+00 1.554 0.12010
#> covariates1_1 -3.956e-01 9.335e-02 -4.237 2.26e-05 ***
#> covariates1_2 1.310e-01 9.011e-02 1.454 0.14597
#> covariates2_1 -1.625e+00 7.440e-01 -2.184 0.02895 *
#> covariates2_2 -9.397e-01 6.076e-01 -1.547 0.12194
#> covariates3_1 -5.711e-02 4.238e-02 -1.348 0.17781
#> covariates3_2 -1.855e-01 4.728e-02 -3.924 8.72e-05 ***
#> covariates4_1   4.581e-03   7.435e-04   6.161   7.21e-10 ***
#> covariates4_2 -1.372e-03 1.115e-03 -1.231 0.21848
#> covariates5_1 1.252e-01 4.073e-02 3.073 0.00212 **
#> covariates5_2 -1.679e-01 3.243e-02 -5.178 2.24e-07 ***
#> covariates6_1
               1.826e-01 1.420e-01
                                    1.286 0.19853
#> covariates6_2 -2.904e-01 1.443e-01 -2.012 0.04417 *
#> covariates7_1 1.419e+00 9.811e-01 1.446 0.14814
#> covariates7_2 5.766e-01 8.644e-01 0.667 0.50474
#> covariates8 1 1.403e-01 7.340e-01 0.191 0.84836
#> covariates8_2 1.034e+01 1.250e+00 8.271 < 2e-16 ***
#> covariates9_1 -3.045e-02 1.717e-02 -1.774 0.07605 .
#> covariates9_2 -8.838e-02 2.857e-02 -3.093 0.00198 **
#> covariates10_1 -2.718e-02 3.979e-03 -6.831 8.41e-12 ***
#> covariates10_2 -8.712e-03 4.095e-03 -2.128 0.03336 *
#> covariates11_1 -1.228e+00 5.740e-01 -2.140 0.03234 *
#> covariates11_2 -5.199e+00 7.214e-01 -7.207 5.73e-13 ***
#> covariates12_1 -1.988e-02 2.136e-03 -9.309 < 2e-16 ***</pre>
#> covariates12_2 -3.963e-03 1.441e-03 -2.751 0.00594 **
#> covariates13_1 -4.126e-02 1.327e-02 -3.109 0.00188 **
#> covariates13_2 1.656e-02 1.453e-02 1.140 0.25433
#> covariates14_1 -2.140e-04 3.649e-05 -5.864 4.51e-09 ***
#> covariates14_2 -2.396e-04 4.048e-05 -5.918 3.25e-09 ***
#> covariates15_1 -2.234e-05 1.369e-05 -1.632 0.10270
2.435e+00 1.250e-01 19.482 < 2e-16 ***
#> alpha_1_1
               1.648e-01 4.224e-02 3.900 9.62e-05 ***
#> alpha 1 2
#> alpha_2_2
               2.980e+00 1.297e-01 22.987 < 2e-16 ***
#> ---
#> Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#> (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
#>
      Null deviance: 61921 on 24550 degrees of freedom
#> Residual deviance: 11014 on 24515 degrees of freedom
#> (50 observations deleted due to missingness)
#> AIC: 11084
#>
#> Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 8
```