# Sherlock and the Valid String

For example, if  s=abc, it is a valid string because frequencies are (a:1,b:1,c:1). So is s=abcc  because we can remove one C and have 1  of each character in the remaining string. If  however s=abccc, the string is not valid as we can only remove  occurrence of . That would leave character frequencies of .

**Function Description**

Complete the isValid function in the editor below. It should return either the string YES or the string NO.

isValid has the following parameter(s):

* s: a string

**Input Format**

A single string .

**Constraints**

* Each character

**Output Format**

Print YES if string  is valid, otherwise, print NO.

**Sample Input 0**

aabbcd

**Sample Output 0**

NO

**Explanation 0**

Given , we would need to remove two characters, both c and d  aabb or a and b  abcd, to make it valid. We are limited to removing only one character, so  is invalid.

**Sample Input 1**

aabbccddeefghi

**Sample Output 1**

NO

**Explanation 1**

Frequency counts for the letters are as follows:

{'a': 2, 'b': 2, 'c': 2, 'd': 2, 'e': 2, 'f': 1, 'g': 1, 'h': 1, 'i': 1}

There are two ways to make the valid string:

* Remove  characters with a frequency of : .
* Remove  characters of frequency : .

Neither of these is an option.

**Sample Input 2**

abcdefghhgfedecba

**Sample Output 2**

YES

**Explanation 2**

All characters occur twice except for  which occurs  times. We can delete one instance of  to have a valid string.