

# Confidential Transactions

## Theory Justification

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### Abstract

[Iftach's Note: **TODO**]

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# 1 Introduction

[Iftach's Note: TODO]

## 2 Preliminaries

### 2.1 Notation

We use calligraphic letters to denote sets, uppercase for random variables, and lowercase for integers and functions. Let  $\mathbb{N}$  denote the set of natural numbers. For  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , let  $[n] := \{1, \dots, n\}$  and  $(n) := \{0, \dots, n\}$ . For a relation  $\mathcal{R}$ , let  $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{R})$  denote its underlying language, i.e.,  $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{R}) := \{x : \exists w : (x, w) \in \mathcal{R}\}$ .

### 2.2 Homomorphic Encryption

An homomorphic encryption is a triplet  $(\text{KeyGen}, \text{Enc}, \text{Dec})$  of efficient algorithms, with the standard correctness and semantic security properties. In addition, there is addition operation denote  $+$  over any two (valid) ciphertexts such that for any validly generated public key  $pk$  and valid ciphertexts  $x_0, x_1$ , it holds that  $\text{Enc}_{sk}(x_0) + \text{Enc}_{pk}(x_1) \in \text{Supp}(\text{Enc}_{sk}(x_0 + x_1 \bmod q))$ , where  $q \in \mathbb{N}$  is efficiently determined by  $pk$ .

[Iftach's Note: Do we really need the homomorphic properties or only for the proofs?]

## 3 The Confidential Transaction Protocols

### 3.1 The Ideal Functionality

[Iftach's Note:

1. Rollover
  2. Pending and available balances
  3. Destroy
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**Functionality 3.1** ( $\mathcal{F}_{\text{ConfTrans}}$ : Confidential transactions).

Parties: Issuer  $I$ , Chain  $C$  and users  $U_1, \dots, U_n$ .

**Init.** Upon receiving `init` from all parties:

1. For each  $i \in [n]$ :  $\text{ActBalance}_i, \text{PndBalance}_i \leftarrow 0$  and  $\log_i \leftarrow \emptyset$ .
2.  $\log \leftarrow \emptyset$ .

**Issue.** Upon receiving  $(\text{sid}, \text{issue}, x, d)$  from  $C$  and  $I$ :

1.  $\text{Assert}(x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } d \in [n])$ .

2.  $\text{PndBalance}_d += x$ .
3. Set  $\log \cup = (\text{sid}, \text{issue}, x, d)$ .

**Transfer.** Upon receiving  $(\text{sid}, \text{transfer}, d)$  from C and  $U_s$ , with  $U_s$  using private input  $x$ .

1. Assert( $x \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $\text{ActBalance}_s \geq x$  and  $s, d \in [n]$ ).
2.  $\text{ActBalance}_s -= x$ .
3.  $\text{PndBalance}_d \cup = x$ .
4. Set  $\log_d \cup = (\text{sid}, \text{transfer}, s, x)$
5. Set  $\log \cup = (\text{sid}, \text{transfer}, s, d)$

**Rollover.** Upon receiving  $(\text{sid}, \text{rollover})$  from party  $U_i$  and C, party C

1. Set  $\text{ActBalance}_i += \text{PndBalance}_i$ .
2. Set  $\text{PndBalance}_i \leftarrow 0$ .
3. Set  $\log \cup = (\text{sid}, \text{rollover}, i)$

**Destroy.** Upon receiving  $(\text{sid}, \text{destroy}, x)$  from party  $U_i$  and C, party C

1. Assert( $x \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $\text{ActBalance}_i \geq x$  and  $i \in [n]$ ).
2.  $\text{ActBalance}_i -= x$ .
3. Set  $\log \cup = (\text{sid}, \text{destroy}, i, x)$

**History.** Upon receiving  $(\text{sid}, \text{history})$  from party  $P_i$  and C:

Send  $(\log, \log_i)$  to  $P_i$ .

[Iftach's Note: TODO

1. Should the receiver be part of the call in which it gets money.

2. Auditor?

]

### 3.2 The Protocol

**Protocol 3.2** ( $\Pi_{\text{ConfTrans}}$ : Confidential transactions).

Parties: Issuer I, chain-holder C and users  $U_1, \dots, U_n$ .

Parameters:  $1^{\kappa_c}$ .

Subprotocols: See below.

**Protocol 3.3** ( $\Pi_{\text{ConfTrans.Init}}$ ).

Participating parties. All parties.

Operation:

1.  $P_i$ , for all  $i \in [n]$ ,
  - (a) Set  $(pk_i, sk_i) \xleftarrow{R} \text{KeyGen}(1^{\kappa_c})$ .
  - (b) Store  $sk_i$ .
  - (c) Send  $pk_i$  to all parties.
2. All parties store  $\{pk_i\}_{i \in [n]}$ .
3. C:
  - (a) For all  $i \in [n]$ : Set  $B_i \xleftarrow{R} \text{Enc}_{pk_i}(0)$  and  $H_i \leftarrow \emptyset$ .
  - (b) Set  $\log \leftarrow \emptyset$ .

**Protocol 3.4** ( $\Pi_{\text{ConfTrans.Issue}}$ ).

Participating parties. I and C.

C's input.  $\text{sid}, x \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $i \in [n]$ .

Operation:

1. I: Send  $(x, i)$  to C.
2. C: Set  $H_i \cup = \{\text{sid}, \text{issue}, (\text{Enc}_{pk_i}(x))\}$ .
3. C: Set  $\log \cup = (\text{sid}, \text{issue}, x, i)$ .

**Protocol 3.5** ( $\Pi_{\text{ConfTrans.Transfer}}$ ).

Participating parties.  $P_s$  and C.

Proof's systems:  $\Pi^{\text{pos}}, \Pi^{\text{lrg}}$

Common input.  $d \in [n]$ .

$P_s$ 's private input.  $x \in \mathbb{N}$ .

Operation:

1.  $P_s$ :
  - (a)  $X \xleftarrow{R} \text{Enc}_{pk_d}(x; r)$  for  $r \xleftarrow{R} \{0, 1\}^{\kappa_c}$ .
  - (b)  $\pi^{\text{pos}} \xleftarrow{R} \text{Plrg}((pk_d, X), (x, r))$ .
  - (c)  $\pi^{\text{lrg}} \xleftarrow{R} \text{Plrg}((pk_s, pk_d, B_i, X), (sk_s, x, r))$ .
  - (d) Send  $(X, \pi^{\text{pos}}, \pi^{\text{lrg}})$  to C.
2. C:

- (a)  $V^{\text{pos}}(pk_d, X)$ .
- (b)  $V^{\text{lrg}}(pk_s, pk_d, B_i, X)$ .
- (c) Set  $H_d \cup = (\text{sid}, s, X)$ .
- (d) Set  $\log \cup = (\text{sid}, \text{transfer}, s, d)$ .

**Protocol 3.6** ( $\Pi_{\text{ConfTrans}}.\text{Update}$ ).

Participating parties.  $P_i$  and  $C$ .

Operation:  $C$

1.  $B_i += \sum_{(\cdot, X) \in H_i} X$ .
2.  $H_i \leftarrow \emptyset$ .
3.  $\log += (\text{sid}, \text{rollover}, i)$

**Protocol 3.7** ( $\Pi_{\text{ConfTrans}}.\text{History}$ ).

Participating parties.  $P_i$  and  $C$ .

Operation:  $C$  sends  $(\log, H_i)$  to  $P_i$ .