CS 570 - Assignment 1

Concepts: interprocess communication through shared memory,
Synchronization using semaphores
System calls: shmget, shmctl, shmat, shmdt, semget, semctl, semop, etc.

Maximum points 150

In this assignment, you will write several separate programs for creating and maintaining a Student database. For simplicity, you can assume that records of at most 50 students will be in the database at any given time. The users of this database are the student advisors and students. The advisors have the right to change the entries in the database as well as add/delete entries. Students only have the right to read the database. Any number of students and advisors can be accessing the database concurrently. Record of each student in the database has the following fields: Name, Student ID, Address, and Telephone Number.

Your program should support the following operations (To support each operation, you must write a separate program):

Load: Loads the database. It should create the necessary shared memory segments (you may need two segments, one to store the data and the other to store the value of the shared variable `read_count`) as well as the needed number semaphores to synchronize concurrent access to shared memory (in fact two semaphores will be sufficient as we saw in class). Then, it should read the initial content of the database from a file and load it into the shared memory created for storing data.

Print: Prints the contents of the shared memory to the screen with proper formatting. This helps in debugging your programs.

Change: Lets a student advisor change the data related to any student with the given Student ID. It also allows an advisor to add a new record to the database, delete an existing record with a given student id from the database. A student advisor is required to use a password to change the database. You can assume the password is "ABCD", for simplicity.

Query: Lets anyone query the database. Anyone should be able to retrieve the record of any student by typing in the student's ID.

Clean: Lets a student advisor save the data stored in the shared memory to a file, in a format that is suitable for loading into memory later and also deletes the shared memory segments and the semaphores created for synchronization. The "Clean" program should prompt the user (an advisor) to type in the password; the password is "ABCD".

Hints and requirements: Write five separate programs, to support these five functions. A program "Load.c" to load the database. i.e., it should create the shared memory segments required for loading the database and load the database into shared memory; it should also create the appropriate number of semaphores needed to synchronize concurrent access to the database. Note that, it should initialize the shared variable `read_count` to 0. A program Print.c to print the contents of the shared memory to the screen, a program "Query.c" to query the database, a program "Change.c" to allow an advisor to change the records in the database as well as add/delete records and a program "Clean.c" to allow an advisor save the database to a file (in a format suitable for loading later) and delete the shared memory segments and the semaphores. Your program should provide a user-friendly user interface and give appropriate error messages on wrong input (i.e., robust). Note that once the database is loaded into memory several students and advisors will be accessing the database for modifying (using the Change program) and reading (using Print and Query). So, to maintain consistency of the database, you need to synchronize concurrent access. Use

semaphores to synchronize concurrent access to the database. i.e., You should allow multiple readers (Print, Query) and writers (Change, Clean) to access the database concurrently. Readers and writers should be mutually exclusive. (i.e., two or more readers should be allowed to concurrently access the database when there is no writer writing; a reader and a writer cannot concurrently access the database; two or more writers cannot concurrently access the database.) Your program should not deadlock and should satisfy the progress property. You **must** use shared memory and semaphores in your program to get credit. **You can assume that a user will not run Print, Query or Change before the Load program is executed.** You can also assume that the data file used by the Load program has no errors. **Make sure you have the line of code "sleep(2)" inside the critical section of each program so the grader as well as you can test if the synchronization is done correctly.**

Before you logout from any machine, make sure you have deleted all the shared memory segments and semaphores created. You can look at ids of the shared memory segments and semaphores created (that have not been deleted) using the command `ipcs`. You can delete the shared memory segments and semaphores using the command `ipcrm`. See the *man* pages of these commands for more information.

What to submit? You should submit the tar or zip file containing the following files:

1. The program files (written in C or C++), fully documented internally.

2. The datafile, I gave.

3. A makefile for compiling the program files; note that your make file should produce five executables Load, Print, Query, Change and Clean.

4. A "README" file containing instructions on how to compile and run your program.

You can write your program on your Laptop/PC. But make sure your program runs on the multilab machines before you submit.
Grading will be as follows:
Makefile : 10 points
Program compiles and all functions have been implemented (but may not work correctly) : 30 points
Load and Print work correctly: 10 points
Query works correctly: 10 points
Change works correctly: 20 points
Query and Change together work correctly: 30 points
Clean works correctly: 10 points
Documentation and modularity: 10 points
Robustness of your program: 20 points