Random Testing: Not Just for Unit Tests

Random Testing: How Good is It?

- Random testing is clearly sometimes both easy and effective
 - For what are essentially unit tests of a small piece of code
 - Can it work on larger pieces of software?



Random Testing in the Real World

- Random testing (usually called "fuzzing" in this context) is highly effective
 - Mozilla and Google use random testing to detect critical security flaws in JavaScript engines and browsers
 - Search for Google's "ClusterFuzz"
 - Extremely effective for finding bugs in C compilers, including over 400 in GCC and LLVM
 - Search for the Csmith compiler testing project
 - Used to find bugs in Apache commons, Java core libraries, other widely used code
 - At NASA, random testing is used to test file systems for missions with costs well over \$100M

Industrial Strength Random Testing

- No longer a quick afternoon's effort
 - Engineering random testers for compilers, interpreters, large libraries is a major undertaking
 - Requires testing expertise and domain expertise
 - Have to consider new issues such as:
 - How long should tests be?
 - How much to test each API call or function?
 - How to identify different bugs when an overnight testing run produces 5,000+ failing tests?
 - . But there are only 20 different bugs
 - Can developers debug test cases consisting of thousands of random operations, mostly irrelevant?

A Very Bad Test Case

```
/cygdrive/c/Documents and Settings/Alex/Desktop/cs362class/dominion
  tryItOut("with({constructor: (__iterator__ = eval(\"let prototype = <><x><y/></x></>;\", this))})let (__it
erator__ = this.__defineGetter__(\"__iterator__\", function () {  yield; } )) {  var __parent__ = *, __count
  __; }");
tryItOut("windowlet (constructor) { ; }");
 tryItOut("windowlet (constructor) { ; }");
tryItOut("let(_noSuchMethod_ = <>x>x<y/></x></>) { 0");
tryItOut("_proto_.__noSuchMethod_ = __parent__;");
tryItOut("if(()) yield __count__; else if (__parent__ = null) [1,2,3,4].map else {yield; }");
tryItOut("/*for..in*/M:for(var __parent__ in ((({{__count__: [] }})).unwatch(\"constructor\"))(({prop gette r: (new Function(\"yield __count__.throw(*::*);\") })))){with({prop: {}}.__defineSetter__(\"__parent__\", function prototype (prop, prototype) { } )}) }");
tryItOut("do return eval(\"(-1)\", window); while(((({__iterator__ getter: (new Function(\"continue M;\")) })) && 0);");
tryItOut("return :");
  tryItOut("réturn ;");
tryItOut("/*for..in*/L:for(let [__iterator__, prop] = (__noSuchMethod__.__parent__ = __iterator__) in fals
tryItOut("/*for..in*/L:for(let [__iterator__, prop] = (__noSuchMethod__.__parent__ = __iterator__) in fals
e < window) {L: {<>x><y/></>>; } }");
tryItOut("/*for..in*/M:for(const [prototype, prototype] = 1e-81 in __count__.throw(<>x><y/></>>>/></>); ");
tryItOut("M:do return 4.;var __parent__;constructor = undefined; while((++break ;) && 0);");
tryItOut("M:with(for..in*/for(var [<>x<x><y/></x></>, __noSuchMethod_] = * in this) let __parent__\n3/0");
tryItOut("M:with(for..in*/for(var [<<xx><y/></x></>, __noSuchMethod_] = * in this) let __parent__\n3/0");
tryItOut("L:do yield 1.2e3; while((__count__.prototype|=033 <= \fprop) && 0);");
tryItOut("##\n");
tryItOut("##\n");
tryItOut("##\n");
tryItOut("for..in*//* nogeckoex bug 349964 */L: for each(const __noSuchMethod__ in [1]) ");
tryItOut("const __parent__;");
tryItOut("let (__proto__, prop = 3.141592653589793) { return; }");
tryItOut("with(f)) return false == prop;");
tryItOut("with(f)) return false == prop;");
tryItOut("yield \n');
tryItOut("yield,");
tryItOut("yield;");
tryItOut("let(__count__ = 033) { with(f)} for(let y in [5,6,7,8]) return;const __proto__;");
tryItOut("let(_count__ = 033) { with(f)} for(let y in [5,6,7,8]) return;const __proto__;");
tryItOut("/*for..in*/for(var __proto__ in (((function(id) { return id }).call)(le4))){<>xx><y/></x></y></r>
   tryItOut("/*for..in*/for(const ((function ()*).call).call in ((*::*)(false)))var __noSuchMethod__ = *::*\n
  tryItOut("with({}) for(let y in []);");
tryItOut("for(let y in []);");
tryItOut("for(let y in []);");
tryItOut("/*for..in*/for(const __noSuchMethod__ in (((null).watch)(<><x><y/></x></>)))<><x><y/></x></>;");
tryItOut("/*for..in*/L:for(var [__noSuchMethod__, __iterator__] = [11,12,13,14].map in 1.2e3) for(let y in
  [];");

tryItOut("do while((Object(window)) && 0)null; while((__proto__|=) && 0);");

tryItOut("let (__noSuchMethod__ = __count__+=new prop = 4.(), __count__ = prop-={}.valueOf(\"number\")) {
 tryItout( let (__nosuchMethod__ = __count__+=new prop = 4.(), __count__ = prop-={}.valueor(\
with({__parent__: *::*})let constructor = window; }");
tryItout("let(prop = __iterator__, __iterator__ = undefined) { return window.prop\n@foo;");
tryItout("with({});");
tryItout("if(*::*) {yield false; } else if (1.2e3) yield; else {return; }");
tryItout("throw StopIteration;");
tryItout("let (_parent__) { [1,2,3,4].map }yield;");
   tc84953.full lines 1-37/1000 2%
```

tryl t0ut("do; whi l e(__parent__)__proto__=_parent__")
tryl t0ut("whi l e(Error(thi s)){}")

Test Case Minimization

- Solution: automatic minimization of test cases as they are generated
- Minimized test case: subset of original sequence of operations such that
 - Test case still fails
 - Removing any one operation makes the test case successful
- Typical improvement: order of magnitude or greater reduction in length of a test case
 - Highly effective technique, essential for quick debugging

Test Case Minimization

- Based on Zeller's delta-debugging tools
 - Automated debugging state-of-the-art
 - Set of Python scripts easily modified to automatically minimize tests in different settings
 - Requires that you be able to
 - Play back test cases and determine success or failure automatically
 - Define the subsets of a test case provide a test case decomposition

REMEMBER DELTA DEBUGGING: IT CAN SAVE YOU ENDLESS HOURS OF EFFORT

Test Case Minimization

 Based on a clever modification of a "binary search" strategy

