

PHYS 3700 Worksheet 5

1) DTFT of $x[n] = 2\delta[n] - \delta[n-1] + 3\delta[n-2] + \delta[n-4]$

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n]e^{-jn\omega} \quad n=0,1,2,4 \text{ for non-zero values}$$

$$= 2 - e^{-j\omega} + 3e^{-j2\omega} + e^{-j4\omega}$$

2) Freq. response = $H(\omega)$

$$y[n] = -0.85y[n-1] + 0.5x[n]$$

Z-trans: $Y(z) = -0.85Y(z)z^{-1} + 0.5X(z)$

$$Y(z)(1 + 0.85z^{-1}) = 0.5X(z)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{0.5}{1 + 0.85z^{-1}} \Rightarrow H(\omega) = \frac{0.5}{1 + 0.85e^{-j\omega}}$$

3) $H(z) = \frac{1 - 0.2z^{-2}}{1 + 0.5z^{-1} + 0.4z^{-2}}$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{1 - 0.2e^{-j2\omega}}{1 + 0.5e^{-j\omega} + 0.4e^{-j2\omega}}$$

$$x[n] = 20 \cos(1.5n + 12^\circ)$$

$$|X(\omega)| = 20 \quad \theta_x(\omega) = 12^\circ$$

$$|H(\omega)| = 10^{-\frac{21}{20}} \quad \theta(\omega) = 86^\circ$$

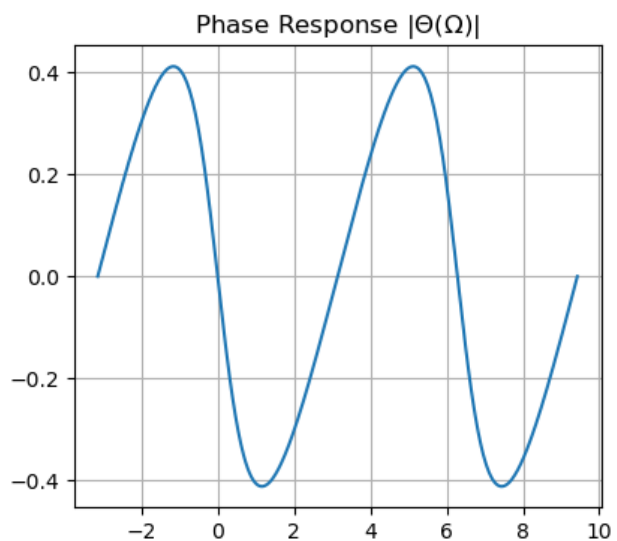
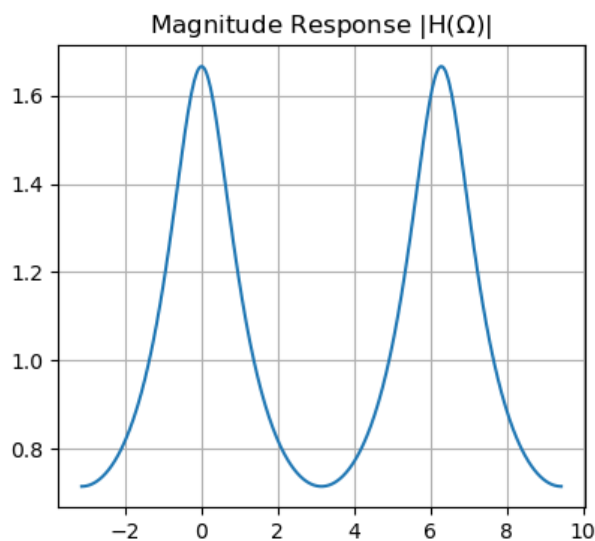
$$\frac{|Y(\omega)|}{|X(\omega)|} = |H(\omega)| \rightarrow |Y(\omega)| = |H|X = 20 \cdot 10^{-\frac{21}{20}}$$

$$\theta = \theta_y - \theta_x \Rightarrow \theta_y = \theta + \theta_x = 98^\circ$$

$$y[n] = 20 \cdot 10^{-\frac{21}{20}} \cos(1.5n + 98^\circ)$$

$$5) \quad H(\omega) = \frac{1}{1 - 0.4e^{-j\omega}}$$

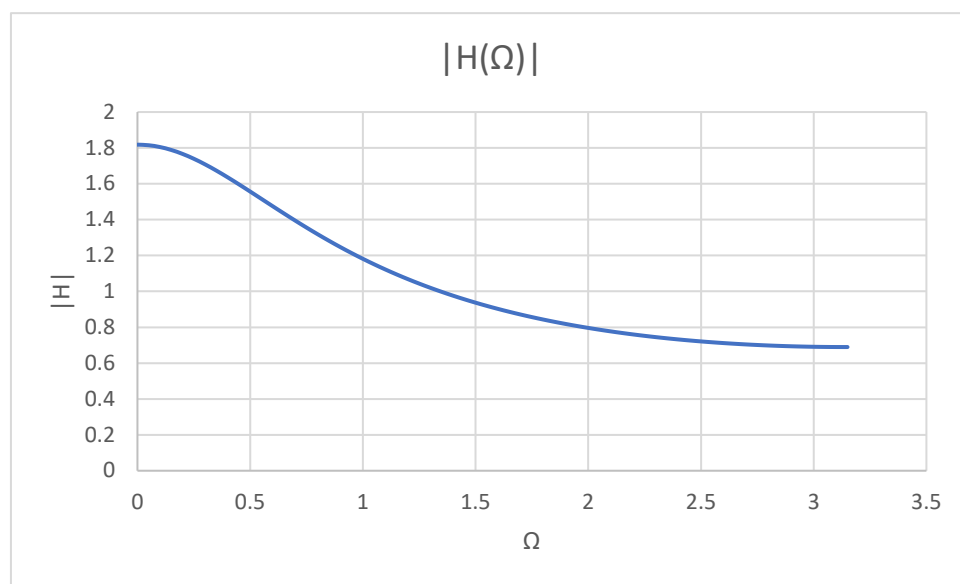
$$H(3\pi/4) = 0.743 + 0.164j$$



$$6) \quad H(z) = \frac{1}{z-0.45} \Rightarrow H(\Omega) = \frac{1}{e^{j\Omega} - 0.45}$$

$$H\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \Rightarrow \Omega_{deg} = 135^\circ \quad \nabla$$

unit circle Cartesian coordinates: $(\cos 135^\circ, \sin 135^\circ)$
 $= \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \rightarrow |H(\Omega)| = \frac{1}{\text{distance}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - 0.45\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2}} = 0.7374$



$$7) \quad c_k = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{-j2\pi \frac{k}{N} n}$$

$N=8$ $k=1, 5$ $x[n] = \delta[n] + \delta[n-1] + \delta[n-2] + \delta[n-3]$
 $+ \delta[n-8] + \delta[n-9] + \delta[n-10] + \delta[n-11]$
 $+ \delta[n-16] + \delta[n-17] + \delta[n-18] + \delta[n-19]$

$$c_1 = \sum_{n=0}^7 x[n] e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{8} n}$$

$$= 1 e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{8} \cdot 0} + e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{8} \cdot 1} + e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{8} \cdot 2} + e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{8} \cdot 3} = 1 - 2.4142j$$

$$c_5 = \sum_{n=0}^7 x[n] e^{-j2\pi \frac{5}{8} n} = 1 + e^{-j2\pi \frac{5}{8} \cdot 1} + e^{-j2\pi \frac{5}{8} \cdot 2} + e^{-j2\pi \frac{5}{8} \cdot 3} = 1 + 0.4142j$$

$$C_1 = 1 - 2.4142j \quad \frac{|C_1|}{8} = 0.3266$$

$$C_5 = 1 + 0.4142j \quad \frac{|C_5|}{8} = 0.1353$$

$$8) \mathcal{D}[n] = \sin(n\pi/5) = \sin(2\pi f n)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2\pi} = \frac{1}{10} = \text{freq} \rightarrow \text{repeats after } 10 n$$

$$N = 10$$

$$c_k = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{-j2\pi \frac{k}{N} n}$$

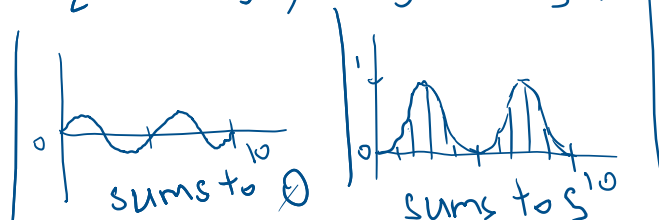
$$k = 1, 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_1 = & \sin\left(\frac{0\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} \cdot 0} + \sin\left(\frac{1\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} \cdot 1} + \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} \cdot 2} + \\ & \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} \cdot 3} + \sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} \cdot 4} + \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} \cdot 5} + \\ & \sin\left(\frac{6\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} \cdot 6} + \sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} \cdot 7} + \sin\left(\frac{8\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} \cdot 8} + \\ & \sin\left(\frac{9\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} \cdot 9} = 0 - 5j \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{or: } \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{5}\right) e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{10} n} = \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{5}\right) \left(\cos\left(2\pi \frac{1}{10} n\right) - j \sin\left(2\pi \frac{1}{10} n\right) \right)$$

$$= \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{5}\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{5}\right) - j \sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{5}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi}{5}\right) - j \sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{5}\right)$$



$C_5 = \text{same as above, but } k = 5$

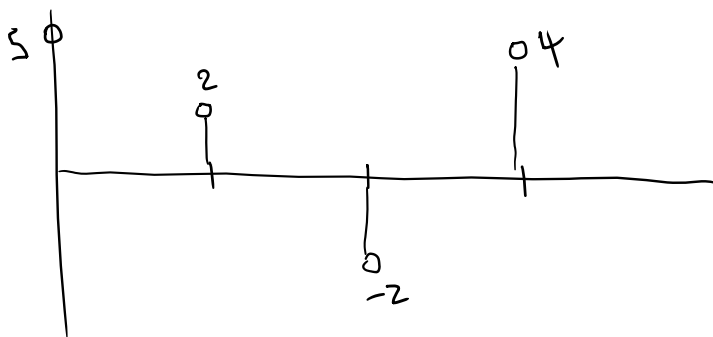
sums to $0 + j0$

Magnitudes: $\frac{|C_1|}{10} = 0.5$ $\frac{|C_5|}{10} = 0$

Phase: $\tan^{-1} \frac{\Re C_1}{\Im C_1} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{0}{5} \right) = 0$ for C_1

$\tan^{-1} \frac{\Re C_5}{\Im C_5} = \text{undefined}$ for C_5

9) $x[n]$



$$X[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{-j2\pi \frac{k}{N} n} \quad N=4$$

$$X[0] = 5e^{-j2\pi \frac{0}{4} \cdot 0} + 2e^{-j2\pi \frac{0}{4} \cdot 1} - 2e^{-j2\pi \frac{0}{4} \cdot 2} + 4e^{-j2\pi \frac{0}{4} \cdot 3} = 9$$

$$X[1] = 5e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{4} \cdot 0} + 2e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{4} \cdot 1} - 2e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2} + 4e^{-j2\pi \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3} = 7 + 2j$$

$$X[2] = 5e^{-j2\pi \frac{2}{4} \cdot 0} + 2e^{-j2\pi \frac{2}{4} \cdot 1} - 2e^{-j2\pi \frac{2}{4} \cdot 2} + 4e^{-j2\pi \frac{2}{4} \cdot 3} = -3$$

$$X[3] = 5e^{-j2\pi \frac{3}{4} \cdot 0} + 2e^{-j2\pi \frac{3}{4} \cdot 1} - 2e^{-j2\pi \frac{3}{4} \cdot 2} + 4e^{-j2\pi \frac{3}{4} \cdot 3} = 7 - 2j$$

Inverse DFT check

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] e^{j2\pi \frac{k}{N} n}$$

$$x[0] = \frac{1}{4} [X[0] e^{j2\pi \cdot 0} + X[1] e^{j2\pi \cdot 0} + X[2] + X[3]] = \frac{1}{4} (9 + 7 - 3 + 7 + 2j - 2j) = \frac{20}{4} = 5$$

$$x[2] = \frac{1}{4} [9 e^{j2\pi \cdot 0} + 7 e^{j2\pi \cdot \frac{2}{4}} - 3 e^{j2\pi \cdot \frac{2}{4}} + 4 e^{j2\pi \cdot \frac{2}{4}}] = \frac{1}{4} (-8) = -2$$

$$10) x[n] = 2\delta[n] - \delta[n-1] + 3\delta[n-2] + 3\delta[n-3]$$

$$\text{DTFT: } X[\omega] = 2 - e^{-j\omega} + 3e^{-j2\omega} + 3e^{-j3\omega}$$

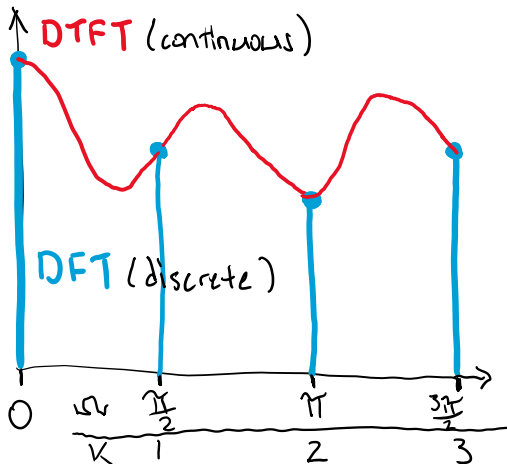
$$X[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{-j2\pi \frac{k}{N} n}, N=4$$

$$\text{DFT: } X[0] = -1 + 3 \times 3 = 7$$

$$X[1] = 2e^{-j2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot 0} - e^{-j2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{4}} + 3e^{-j2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2} + 3e^{-j2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3} = -1 + 4j$$

$$X[2] = 2 - e^{-j2\pi \cdot \frac{2}{4}} + 3e^{-j2\pi \cdot \frac{2}{4} \cdot 2} + 3e^{-j2\pi \cdot \frac{2}{4} \cdot 3} = 3$$

$$X[3] = 2 - e^{-j2\pi \cdot \frac{3}{4}} + 3e^{-j2\pi \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot 2} + 3e^{-j2\pi \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot 3} = -1 - 4j$$



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[19]: fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_axes([0,0,1,1])

omega = np.linspace(0, 3*np.pi/2, 150)
DFT = [0]*len(omega)
for i in range(len(omega)):
    DFT[i] = np.abs(2 - cmath.exp(complex(0, omega[i])) + 3*cmath.exp(complex(0, 2*omega[i])) + 3*cmath.exp(complex(0, 3*omega[i])))

ax.plot(omega, DFT, label = 'Discrete Time Fourier Transform')

DFT = [7, np.abs(complex(-1,4)), 3, np.abs(complex(-1, -4))]
k = np.linspace(0, 3*np.pi/2, 4)

ax.stem(k, DFT, label = 'Discrete Fourier Transform',
        linefmt = 'C1-',
        markerfmt = 'C1o')

ax.set_title('Magnitude Spectrum of x[n]')
ax.set_ylabel('Magnitude')
ax.set_xlabel('Frequency')
ax.legend()
```

[19]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x19bee373468>

