

Software / Hardware Manual for building Digital Interface of Vortex

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1 Introduction

This manual is intended for users who want to build a digital interface compatible with the Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) system, which includes the Saturn 1B Galvanometer (by ScannerMAX) controlled by the MachDSP Servo Driver (by ScannerMAX). Opensource software Vortex [1] will be used for scan pattern generation and imaging process.

2 Materials

- C232HM-DDHSL-0 : \$38.88 Digikey
- Nucleo-64 L476RG : \$14.85 Digikey
- Wire kit : \$ 9.52 Digikey
- Jumper wires(Female to Female) : \$4.40 Digikey
- Breadboard: \$4.25 Digikey

3 Software Setup

After connecting the **C232HM-DDHSL-0** cable to a USB port on the desktop, install the **D2XX Driver** from FTDI (Download Link). Next, download the following files from the GitHub Repository of our Digital Interface and extract them:

- Desktop_Vortex_Digital_ver1.zip
- stm32_Vortex_Digital_ver1.zip
- Python_Files.zip

For detailed installation instructions, refer to the content of each zip file as described below.

- Desktop_Vortex_Digital_ver1.zip: We recommend that the user use **Visual Studio** as the development environment. The zip file contains **stm32.cpp**, which serves as the main file for establishing the **SPI (Serial Peripheral Interface)** link between the desktop and the STM32 board via the FTDI cable.

The remaining files in the zip package include:

- **Header Files:** STM32.h, WinTypes.h, ftd2xx.h, libmpsse_spi.h
- **Library File:** libmpsse.lib

To properly configure the project:

1. Add STM32.h, WinTypes.h, ftd2xx.h, and libmpsse_spi.h to the **"Header Files"** section in the Visual Studio solution.
2. Add libmpsse.lib to the **"Resource Files"** section.

For a detailed explanation of the functions used in `stm32.cpp`, refer to the examples and source code. The **Visual Studio Solution Explorer** should appear as shown in Figure 1.

Before running the code, the user must customize the following lines:

1. **Specify the correct COM port:** Modify the following line in `stm32.cpp` to match the COM port assigned to the STM32 board in the **Device Manager**:

```
hComm = CreateFile(L"\\\\.\\COM6", GENERIC_READ | GENERIC_WRITE, 0, NULL,  
OPEN_EXISTING, FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL, NULL);
```

2. **Set the input file for STM32:** Modify the file path in the following line to match the desired `.txt` file for transmission to the STM32 board:

```
fopen_s(&fr, "EnginePattern_raster_amp1_res512_hexadecimal_downsample.txt", "r");
```

3. **Adjust scanning parameters:**

- Multiply the number of **B-Scans** by **32** and update the variable `COUNT`.
- Customize the variables `CHUNK_NUM` and `NUM_OF_POSITIONS_PER_CHUNK`, ensuring they meet the following conditions:
 - (a) $CHUNK_NUM \times NUM_OF_POSITIONS_PER_CHUNK = \text{Total number of positions in the .txt file.}$
 - (b) `NUM_OF_POSITIONS_PER_CHUNK` must be greater than **2000**.
 - (c) `CHUNK_NUM` must be an **even number**.

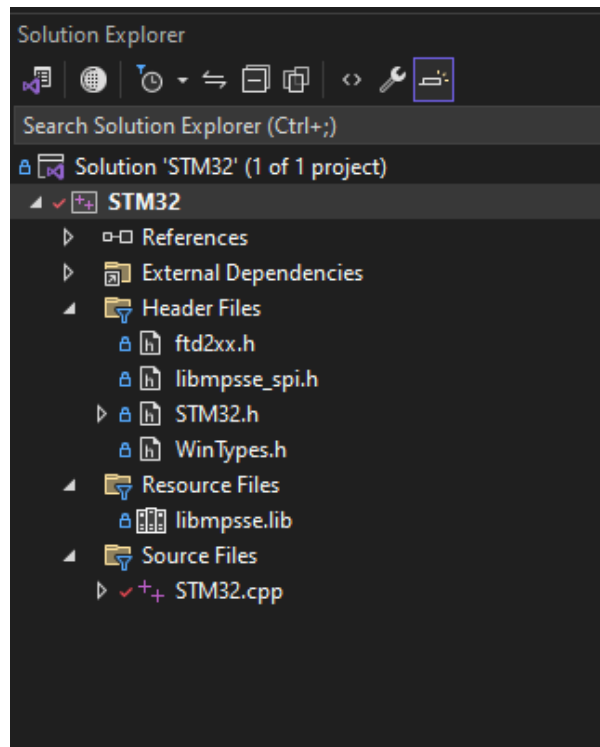


Figure 1: Visual Studio Solution Explorer after adding the required files.

- **stm32.Vortex.Digital.ver1.zip:** We recommend that the user use **STM32CubeIDE** as the development environment. Move the extracted `stm32.Vortex.Digital.ver1` folder into the workspace directory of STM32CubeIDE, then open the project using the **"Import Projects from File System"** function. Once the project is opened, the **Solution Explorer** in STM32CubeIDE should appear as shown in Figure 2.

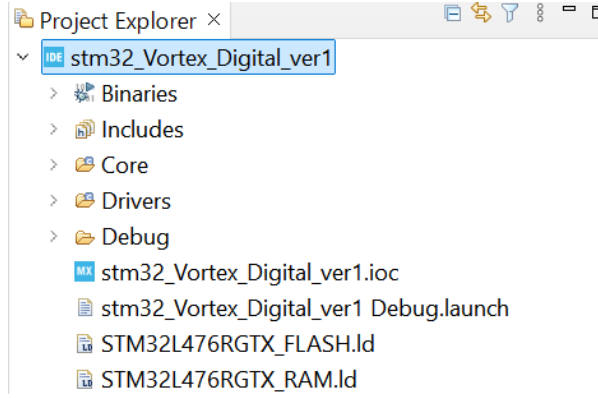


Figure 2: Screenshot of STM32CubeIDE after the user opens the project.

- **Python Files.zip:** We recommend that the user use **Visual Studio Code** as the development environment. The **Python Files.zip** archive contains the following files:
 1. **oct.py:** The user can customize the variables `ascans_per_bscan` and `bscans_per_volume`, which determine the resolution of the B-Scan. Additionally, the variable `scan_dimension` can be modified to match the physical size of the image.
 2. **pattern_generation.py:** The variables `ascans_per_bscan`, `bscans_per_volume`, and `scan_dimension` must be identical to those in `oct.py`. The user can also customize the names of the output `.txt` and `.npy` files in the script so they can be imported into `STM32.cpp`.

4 Hardware Setup

The user requires jumper wires to connect the three devices: the **Desktop**, **STM32 board**, and **Servo Driver**. In **STM32CubeIDE**, the user interface displays the `.ioc` file, which specifies the communication standard supported by each pin, as shown in Figure 3.

Figure 4 illustrates the pin configurations of the **FTDI SPI Cable** and the **digital port of the Servo Driver**. The image of the FTDI SPI cable was sourced from the *FTDI C232HM USB 2.0 Hi-Speed to MPSSE Cable Datasheet*. The image of the Servo Driver was obtained from the *Mach-DSP Servo Driver and Associated Software User Manual* by ScannerMAX.

According to the manual, when the **Digital Scanner Interface (FB4 protocol)** is selected as the input source, each pin serves a specific function as follows.

- Pin 1: Ground
- Pin 2: Not used
- Pin 3: Position Feedback output for FB4
- Pin 4: XY-axis data input for FB4
- Pin 5: Serial Port Frame Sync Input
- Pin 6: Serial Port Clock input
- Pin 7: Not used
- Pin 8: Not used

Table 1 lists all the necessary connections required before operation. Since the STM32 board has both male and female ports, both **Male-to-Male** and **Female-to-Female** jumper wires are needed to complete all the connections.

The ports in the same row should be connected and must share the same voltage. If a port appears in multiple rows, such as PB13, it should be connected to all corresponding elements in both rows using a breadboard.

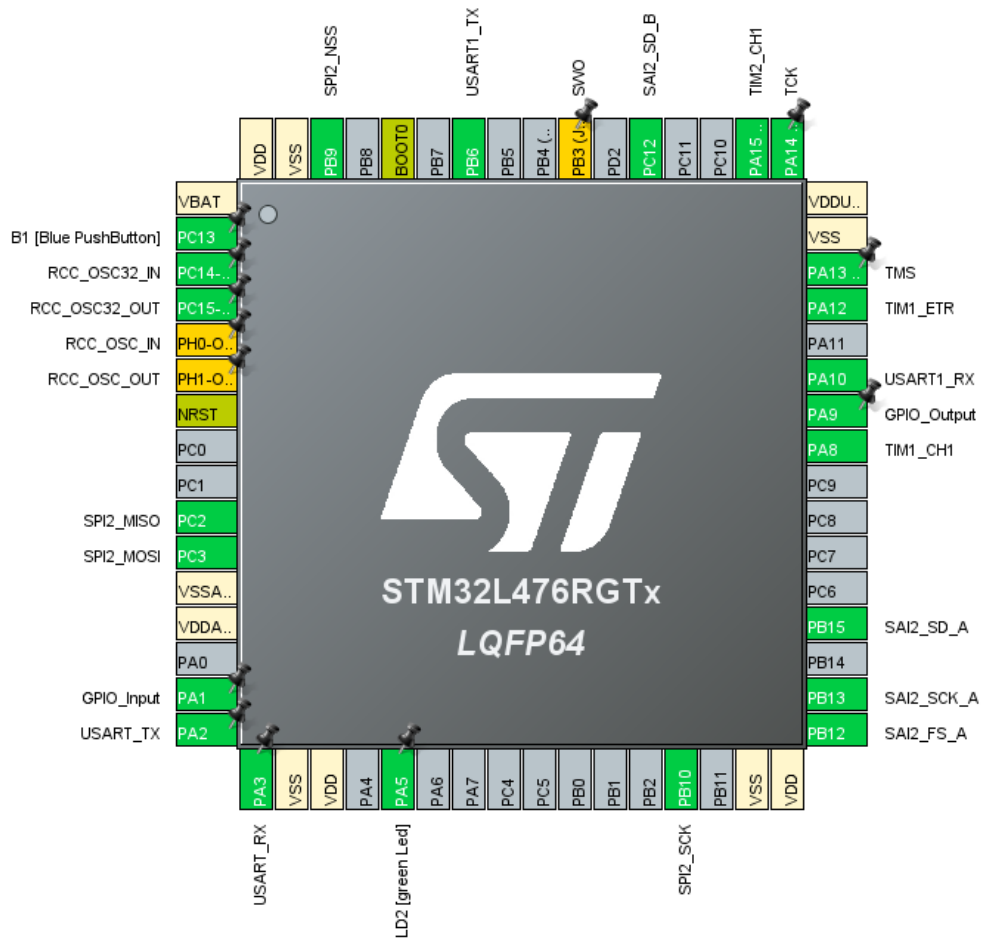


Figure 3: STM32 pinout configuration.

5 Scan

Following is the detailed procedure for scan.

1. Turn on the Laser.
2. Turn on the **MachDSP Software** and set the **Input Source** to Digital Serial Interface (FB4-Compatible). The user can verify whether the signal is being delivered correctly by using the **Scope** function and checking XTP91 (Raw Command) and YTP91 (Raw Command).
3. Run main.c from the stm32_Vortex_Digital_ver1 project in **STM32CubeIDE**.
4. In **Visual Studio**, run the main source file, STM32.cpp. If selecting "Run" does not work, try ***Run Without Debugging***.
5. When the program starts, select the correct channel corresponding to the connected FTDI SPI Cable:
 - If no other FTDI cables are connected, press "0" and then **ENTER**.
6. Use the keyboard to control the galvanometer. A typical scan involves pressing "1" and "2". The program will continue running until the count reaches the value of the COUNT variable specified by the user.

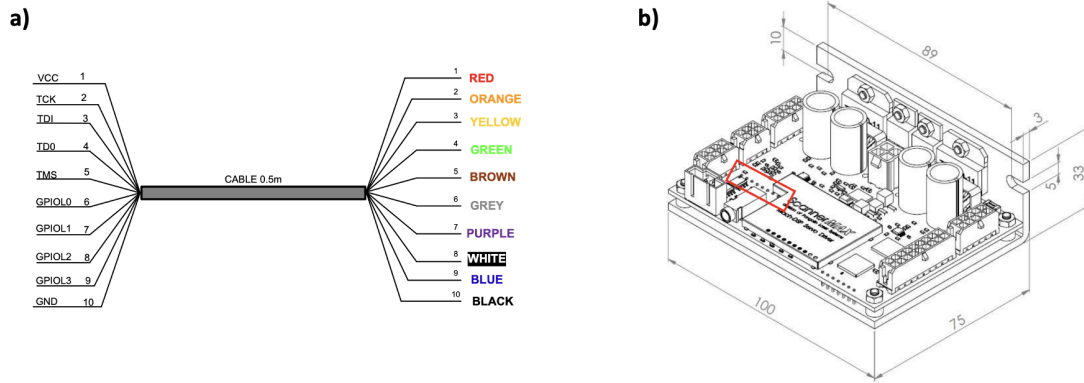


Figure 4: a) Configuration of FTDI SPI cable [2], b) MachDSP Servo Driver. The portion inside the red box is the port used for digital interface [3]

Function	FTDI Cable	STM32	Servo Driver
Ground(SAI Link)	-	GND (CN6)	Pin 1
Position Feedback output	-	PC12	Pin 3
XY-axis data input	-	PB15	Pin 4
Frame Sync	-	PB12	Pin 5
Clock(SAI Link)	-	PB13	Pin 6
Ground(SPI Link)	Black	GND (CN6)	-
VCC(SPI Link)	Red	5V (CN6)	-
Clock (SPI Link)	Orange	PB10	-
Data Output	Yellow	PC3	-
Data Input	Green	PC2	-
Chip Select	Brown	PB9	-
Laser Trigger	-	PA1, PA12	-
Timer Interface 1	-	PA8, PB12	-
Timer Interface 2	-	PA15, PB13	-

Table 1: Connection required between FTDI Cable, STM32, Servo Driver, and Laser Trigger

7. Run the "oct.py" file and press "Start" once the user interface appears.

- Button 1: Preload the buffer
- Button 2: Stream
- Button 3: Stop
- Button 4: Ping
- Button 7: Stream with Feedforward Control

References

- [1] M. Draelos, "Vortex – An open-source library for building real-time OCT engines in C++ or Python," 2022. [Online]. Available: <https://www.vortex-oct.dev/>
- [2] FTDI, *AN_178 User Guide for LibMPSSE-SPI*, 2020, accessed: January 28, 2025. [Online]. Available: https://ftdichip.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/08/AN_178_User-Guide-for-LibMPSSE-SPI.pdf
- [3] ScannerMAX. (2025) Scannermax software downloads and information. Accessed: January 28, 2025. [Online]. Available: <https://scannermax.com/pages/software?srsId=AfmBOop4pK1auB09N9fPVouDXyOJJ64bFQdkP6SalPbLLaqEDNzurnbn>