



List of threats to David's Lemur Network:

Threat: User inputting false lemur sighting

Mitigation: Admin user is able to verify data by viewing (public) conversations and sightings, removing any data that may seem problematic.

STRIDE label: (T)ampering with data

Threat: SQL injection attacks into database

Mitigation: Only registered users are able to add data to the databases, allowing for admins to see if a user adds harmful data, along with measures to prevent users from adding data directly into database (aside from account creation which would have separate measures for SQL injection)

STRIDE label: (T)ampering with data, (R)epudiation

Threat: User being vulnerable to a lemur attack because they do not have access to the data

Mitigation: Login is only required to add entries, allowing anyone to view the lemur information without barrier.

STRIDE label: (D)enial of service

Threat: Gaining access to user account information

Mitigation: Encryption of data so that confidential information is not stored in plain text. Storing user information in a separate database that no one has read privileges to access.

STRIDE label: (I)nfornation disclosure

Threat: ARP attack to control user's account so that one can enter false information. (The lemurs might try to thwart the integrity of the system!)

Mitigation: Requiring two-factor authentication when accessing account from a new device.

STRIDE label: (S)poofing

Threat: User may find and attempt to use a backdoor to create an entry without a registered account.

Mitigation: Require all entries to be linked to an account such that an entry without a connection to an account would be rejected by the system.

STRIDE label: (E)levation of privilege, (R)epudiation

Threat: User may be unable to add an entry due to being locked out of their account.

Mitigation: Upon creation of account, require users to submit security questions that may be used in the case they forget their password.

STRIDE label: (D)enial of service