



Notification Number: 1994/186/UK

## **The bovine offal (prohibition) (scotland) amendment regulations 1994**

Date received : 19/07/1994

End of Standstill : Closed

Invocation of the Emergency Procedure : Yes

### **Message**

MINISTERE DE L'INDUSTRIE ET DE LA RECHERCHE  
ATT. M. MORTUREUX

INSTITUT BELGE DE NORMALISATION,  
ATT. M. CROON

INSPECTION DU TRAVAIL ET DES MINES  
VIA MINISTERE DES AFFAIRES ETRANGERES  
ATT. M. A. SCHUSTER

MINISTERE DE L'INDUSTRIE  
ATT. M. CAVANNA

DEPT. OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY, QUALITY AND EDUCATION DIVISION,  
ATT. MR. K. LAWLESS

GOVERNMENT SERVICE OF INDUSTRY AND COMMERCE, NSAI  
ATT. MR. J. NULTY

MINISTERIE VAN ECONOMISCHE ZAKEN, (DG BEB),  
ATT. MR. B. SIEBRING

ERHVERVSFREMME STYRELSEN  
INDUSTRIMINISTERIET  
ATT. MR. KELD DYBKJAER AND KLAUS SPOEHR

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY, ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY  
ATT. MR. Z.P. MAVROUKAS

HELLINIKOS ORG. TYPOPOSEOS  
ATT. MR. MELAGRAKIS

MIN WIRTSCHAFT  
ATT. DR. WINKEL



MIN PARA RELACIONES CON LA COMUNIDA  
ATT MR. D. ALFREDO RAMBLA JOVANI

MIN INDUSTRIA  
ATT MR. ADALBERTO PEREA MARTIN, ESPAGNE

DIRECCIO GERAL QUALIDAD  
ATT MR. CANDIDO DOS SANTOS, PORTUGAL

DGS INTERNATIONAL BELGIUM

REP PERMANENTE ROYAUME UNI

REP PERMANENTE IRLANDE

REP PERMANENTE GRECE

EUROPEAN FREE TRADE ASSOCIATION SURVEILLANCE AUTHORITY  
ATT. M. BOHR

EUROPEAN FREE TRADE ASSOCIATION  
ATT. MS. MEADEN

TELEX 001

COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION - SG (94) D/51061  
DIRECTIVES 83/189/EEC AND 88/182/EEC

NOTIFIKATION - NOTIFIZIERUNG - NOTIFICATION - NOTIFICACION  
NOTIFICATION - NOTIFICA - KENNISGEVING - NOTIFICACAO 94/0186/UK

FRISTERNE INDLEDES IKKE -KEIN FRISTBEGINN - DOES NOT OPEN THE  
DELAYS - NO ABRE EL PLAZO - N'OUVRE PAS DE DELAIS - NON FA  
DECORRERE LA MORA - GEEN TERMIJNBEGIN - NAO INICIA O PRAZO

- 3B1 : 9401061.EN

**1. Structured Information Line**

TLX 001 AGRI 94 0186 UK- EN ----- 940719 --- ---

**2. Member State**

United Kingdom

**3. Department Responsible**

Department of trade and industry: standards policy unit

**3. Originating Department**

Scottish office agriculture and fisheries department

**4. Notification Number**

94/0186/UK



## 5. Title

The bovine offal (prohibition) (scotland) amendment regulations 1994

## 6. Products Concerned

The intestines and thymus of bovine calves under the age of six months.

## 7. Notification Under Another Act

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## 8. Main Content

a) The amendment in article 3 of the bovine offal (prohibition) (scotland) amendment regulations 1994 by re-defining 'specified bovine offal' (sbo), extends the scope of the existing ban on the use of sbo with respect to material for human consumption to the intestines and thymus of calves under the age of six months.

Recognition of equivalent standards and testing in notified draft is not provided as it is not applicable in this case.

b) The United Kingdom would like to be informed by other member states of their own standards or regulations offering an equivalent level of safety and security.

## 9. Brief Statement of Grounds

Late in June a pathogenesis experiment produced evidence for the first time of BSE infectivity outside the brain and spinal cord, namely in the small intestine (distal ileum) of calves. These results have been assessed by the independent advisory committee chaired by Dr Tyrrell and by the government's chief medical officer, Dr Calman. As a precautionary measure the UK is to extend the present ban on the use of sbo to include the intestines and thymus of calves under the age of six months.

## 10. Reference Documents - Basic Texts

Draft text:

the bovine offal (prohibition) (scotland) amendment regulations 1994.

basic text:

the bovine offal (prohibition) (scotland) regulations 1990  
SI 1990 No 112 (S.10)

## 11. Invocation of the Emergency Procedure

yes.



## 12. Grounds for the Emergency

Ministers, having considered the advice of the independent advisory committee and the chief medical officer, are to take immediate action. although the theoretical risk of infection of man from food from infected calves is minuscule the uk policy of extreme caution requires action to ensure that the tissues in which significant infectivity might be present are removed from the human and animal food chain. Continuing results of the experiment will be carefully monitored.

D. WILLIAMSON  
COMEUR  
NNNN